ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND,

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902,

BEING

THE THIRTIETH REPORT UNDER "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD IRELAND ACT, 1872," 35 & 36 VIC., c. 69.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of His Majesty.

DUBLIN:
PRINTED FOR HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE,
BY ALEXANDER THOM & CO. (LIMITED), ABBEY-STREET.

And to be purchased, either directly or through any Bookseller, from
E. PONSONBY, 116, GRAFTON-STREET, DUBLIN; or
EYRE & SPOTTISWOODE, EAST HARDING-STREET, FLEET-STREET, E.C., and
32, ABINGDON-STREET, WESTMINSTER, S.W.; or
OLIVER & BOYD, EDINBURGH.

[Cd. 1606.] *Price* 2*s.* 2*d.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Page

Report, ... i.

I.—County and Rural District Councils.

1 Discharge of Duties by County and Rural District Councils, ii.
2. Financial Administration, ... ii.
3. Amendment of Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899, ... ii.
4 Adjustment of financial relations between Urban County Districts and Counties, ... iii.
5. Manner of keeping County and Rural District Accounts, iv.

II.—Poor Relief.

1. Comparative Table giving the main aggregate figures of interest in reference to Poor Law administration during the year under review, and the previous year, . . iv.
2. Nursing of the sick in workhouse infirmaries and hospitals, v.
3. Lunatics and idiots in workhouses, ... vii.
4. Amalgamation of Unions, ... viii.
5. Seed Supply, ... ix.
6. Invalid Foundlings, ... ix.
7. Emigration, ... ix.

III.—Contributions in Aid. ix.

IV.—Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts.

1. Vaccination, ... xi.
2. Vaccine Department of the Local Government Board, . xii.
3. Medicines, ... xiii.
4. Dispensary Midwives, ... xiv.

V.—Public Health, &c., Acts.

1. Plague, ... xv.
2. Small-pox, ... xvi.
3. Number of cases of fever treated in Dispensary Districts for each year since 1865, ... xviii.
4. Scarlet fever, ... xviii.
5. Table relating to outbreaks of infectious disease in different parts of the country during the year 1901-1902, xix.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Page

6. Tuberculosis, ... xxv.
7. Alleged default of Sanitary Authorities, ... xxvi.
8. Investment of Rural Sanitary Authorities with powers of Urban Authorities under the Public Health Acts, . xxvii.
9. Port Sanitary Authorities, ... xxvii.
10. Rural Sanitary Expenses, ... xxvii.
11. Bye-laws, ... xxvii.
12. Closing of Burial Grounds, ... xxviii.
13. Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, . . . xxviii.
14. Post Office Act, 1891, ... xxviii.

VI.—Provisional Orders. xxix.

VII.—Loans.

Summary of loans sanctioned under various Acts, xxix.

VIII.—Towns Improvement (Ireland) Act, 1854. xxx.

IX.—Alteration of Days for holding Fairs. xxx.

X.—Labourers Acts. xxx.

XI.—Housing of the Working Classes (Ireland) Acts, 1890 to 1896. xxxi.

XII.—The Small Dwellings Acquisition Act, 1899. xxxi.

XIII.—Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, and Pembroke (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1901. xxxi.

XIV.—Audit of Accounts. xxxiii.

XV.—Departmental Arrangements. xxxiv.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

CONTENTS.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A.—ORDERS and CIRCULARS under, and connected with, the Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1901.

I. ORDERS.

(i.) GENERAL ORDERS (arranged according to date).

Subject of Order.	Date.	Page
The Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899, as amended by the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1901, confirmed by 1 Edw. VII., ch. cxli., . .	May 8, 1901, .	2
Amending the First Schedule of the Urban District Councillors and Town Commissioners (Ireland) Election Order, 1898, . .	November 29, „ .	15
Prescribing the time within which petitions may be lodged in certain cases against Provisional Orders authorising County or Urban District Councils to take or use land, &c., . .	December 4, „ .	15
Amending the First Schedule of the Aldermen and Councillors of County Boroughs (Ireland) Election Order, 1898, . . .	December 7, „ .	16
Making further provisions for elections under the Local Government (Ireland) Act 1898, of County and Rural District Councillors, .	January 18, 1902, .	17

(ii.) LOCAL and SPECIAL ORDERS (arranged according to date).

Subject of Order.	Date.	Page
Adjusting the chargeability in connection with the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Guarantee (Co. Dublin) between the South Dublin Rural District, and the Celbridge No. 2 Rural District; the appointment of a joint committee; and the appointment of an auditor by the Council of the County of Dublin, .	April 4, 1901, .	18

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Subject of Order.	Date.	Page
Adjusting the chargeability in connection with the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Guarantee (Co. Wicklow) between the Naas No. 2 Rural District and the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District; the appointment of a joint committee; and the appointment of an auditor by the Council of Wicklow County, . .	April 4, 1901, .	20
Altering the Newcastle District Electoral Division of Newcastle Union, . .	April 24, „ .	22
Adjusting, as between the Corporation of Belfast City, and the Councils of the Counties Antrim and Down, the liability for the maintenance and repair of certain public roads, bridges, &c.,	May 15, „ .	22
Dividing the Urban District of Strabane into wards, ...	May 22, „ .	24
Adjusting the chargeability in connection with the Cork, Coachford, and Blarney Railway Guarantee between the Cork Rural District and the Macroom Rural District; the election of district directors; and the appointment of an auditor by the Council of Cork County, .	June 14, „ .	27
Fixing the number of members of the Joint Committee of the Kildare County Infirmary, .	June 20, „ .	29
Consenting to approval of road expenditure in the Castlereagh Rural District, in the County of Down, ...	July 12, „ .	30
Consenting to approval of road expenditure in the Hillsborough Rural District, in the County of Down, ...	July 12, „ .	31
Adjusting the property, income, liabilities, &c., of the Roscrea No. 1, Roscrea No. 2, and Roscrea No. 3 Rural Districts in respect of the maintenance and repair of the cemetery at Dungar, ...	August 14, „ .	31
Apportioning the liability in connection with the West Donegal Light Railway Guarantee between the Donegal Rural District and the Glenties Rural District; the election of district directors; and the appointment of an auditor by the Council of Donegal County, .	September 25, „ .	34
Apportioning the liability in connection with the West Donegal Light Railway (Killybegs) Guarantee, Co. Donegal, between the Donegal Rural District and the Glenties Rural District; the election of a district director; and the appointment of an auditor by the Council of Donegal County, ...	September 25, „ .	37
Consenting to approval of road expenditure in the Kilkeel Rural District, in the County of Down, ...	October 4, „ .	39
Adjusting the cost of maintenance and repair of the Loughlinstown Bridge, between the Councils of the County of Dublin and the Urban District of Killiney and Ballybrack, .	October 18, „ .	40
Increasing the number of Guardians assigned to the District Electoral Divisions of the Limerick Union which are situate in the County Borough of Limerick, ...	October 19, „ .	41

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Subject of Order.	Date.	Page
Altering the boundaries of certain County Electoral Divisions, the number of County Councillors, and the number of County Electoral Divisions in the County of Dublin, . .	October 30, 1901, .	42
Adjusting the liabilities, &c., of the Corporation of the City of Belfast and the Council of the County of Antrim in respect of the County Antrim Courthouse, and Section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, .	October 30, „ .	45
Adjusting the liabilities, &c., of the Corporation of the City of Belfast and the Council of the County of Down in respect of Section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, .	October 30, „ .	47
Altering the financial relations between the Council of Londonderry County and the Council of Limavady Urban District, . .	November 7, „ .	49
Fixing the number of Guardians to represent the five wards comprising the "added area" under the Dublin Corporation Act, 1900, . .	November 27, „ .	51
Consenting to approval of road expenditure in the Ardee No. 2 Rural District, in the County of Meath, ...	January 30, 1902, .	52
Altering the number of County Councillors for Portadown County Electoral Division (County Armagh), ...	February 11, „ .	53
Altering the number of Guardians for the Portadown Urban District Electoral Division of the Lurgan Union, ...	February 25, „ .	54

(iii.) ORDERS connected with the Office of Collector-General of Rates in Dublin.

Subject.	Date.	Page
Certifying, in pursuance of Sect. 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the sum to be paid to the Board by the Council of the City of Dublin and the Council of the County of Dublin in respect of the second half of the financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902, and further certifying the proportion of the Collector-General's annuity chargeable against each of the above-mentioned payments in respect of the said half year, . .	September 10, 1901, .	55
Certifying, in pursuance of Sect. 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the proportion of the Collector-General's annuity chargeable against the demands made by the Commissioner of Police on the Councils of the City of Dublin and the County of Dublin for the second half of the financial year ending 31st March, 1902, and further certifying the proportion of the said annuity chargeable against the Dublin Port and Docks Board, .	September 10, „ .	55

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Subject.	Date.	Page.
Certifying, in pursuance of Sect. 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the sum to be paid to the Board by the Councils of the City of Dublin and the County of Dublin for the first half of the financial year ending 31st March, 1903, and further certifying the proportion of the Collector-General's annuity chargeable against each of the above-mentioned payments,	February 25, 1902,	56
Certifying, in pursuance of Sect. 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the proportion of the Collector-General's Annuity chargeable against the demands made by the Commissioner of Police against the Councils of the City of Dublin and County of Dublin for the first half of the financial year ending 31st of March, 1903; and further certifying the proportion of the said Annuity chargeable against the demand made by the Dublin Port and Docks Board,	February 25, ,,	56

(iv.) LIST of ORDERS relating to Main Roads in certain Counties (page 57.)

v.) LIST of ORDERS applying the Provisions of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, with respect to the duration of office of County Councillors to certain Urban Districts (page 57).

(vi.) ORDERS constituting Urban Districts (page 57).

II.—CIRCULARS.

Subject.	Date.	Page
Relating to the keeping of accounts of County Councils,	May 2, 1901,	60
Relating to the transmission of abstracts of unaudited county accounts,	November 30, ,,	61
Forwarding copy of Order of 4th December, prescribing the time within which petitions against certain Provisional Orders may be lodged,	December 6, ,,	61
Relating to procedure regulating Local Government elections, 1902,	January 28, 1902,	61
Relating to the manner in which the sums received by County Councils in respect of the Capitation Grant should be dealt with in their accounts,	January 28, ,,	65

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDIX B.—Orders, Circulars, &c., under the Poor Relief Acts.

I.—Orders.

No.		Page
1.	General Order amending Regulations as to Nursing of the Sick, &c., &c. (4th Feb., 1901).	66
2.	General Order amending Regulations as to Nursing of the Sick, &c., &c. (5th July, 1901),	68
3.	Separating certain townlands from the North Dublin Union,	72
4.	Adding certain townlands to the South Dublin Union,	73
5.	Order directing the Guardians of the Poor of Armagh Union to appoint one "qualified" Nurse and two "Wardsmaids," as defined in the General Order of 5th July, 1901,	78

II.—Circulars.

1.	Relating to the desirability of providing a Central Institution for the treatment of the sane epileptics at present inmates of Workhouses,	74
2.	Explaining the provisions of the General Order of 5th July, 1901, dealing with the appointment of Union Officers and the Nursing of the Sick in Workhouse Infirmaries and Hospitals,	75
3.	Forwarding a copy of the Public Libraries Act, 1901,	79
4.	Relating to the transmission of Abstracts of unaudited Union Accounts,	79
5.	Forwarding actuarial report relating to the Poor Law Superannuation Bill,	80
6.	Assenting to certain departures from the Asylum Accounts Order, 1899,	88

APPENDIX C.—Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts.

I.—Orders.

1.	Changing the name of the Blessington No. 2 Dispensary District of the Naas Union,	89
2.	Formation of a new Dispensary District in the Monaghan Union by the amalgamation of two Dispensary Districts,	89

II.—Circulars.

	Relating to samples of medicines for analysis,	90
2.	Relating to Certificates of Medicine Analysts,	91
3.	Forwarding revised Form of Tender and Prescribed List of Medicines,	92

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. Page

APPENDIX D.—Orders, &c., under the Public Health, &c., Acts.

I. (i.)—General Orders.

1. Prescribing temporary regulations under Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, with a view to preventing the introduction of Plague, 108

2. Making Plague a notifiable disease in all sanitary districts in which the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, has been adopted, . . 118

(ii.) Orders affecting particular localities:—

1. Directing the Scariff Rural District Council to provide their District with a sufficient supply of water, ... 119

2. Directing the Castlerea Rural District Council to provide their District with a sufficient supply of water, ... 119

3. Apportioning amongst the Contributory Authorities the Expenditure incurred by the Guardians of the South Dublin Union in connection with a Ship Hospital for the reception of the sick and convalescent, . . . 120

4. Directing the Kilkeel Rural District Council to provide the town of Newcastle with sufficient sewers, ... 122

5. Giving approbation to the Youghal Urban District Council purchasing certain lands under the provisions of Sec. 8 of the Municipal Corporations (Ireland) Act, 1843, ... 122

6. Directing the Ballina Rural District Council to pay compensation to a certain person for loss of emoluments of office, ... 123

7. Apportioning amongst the Contributory Authorities the expenditure incurred by the Londonderry No. 1 Rural District Council in carrying out the provisions of the General Order making regulations for preventing the spread of Plague, ... 124

8. Directing the Castleblayney Urban District Council to provide their District with sufficient sewers, ... 126

(iii.) Orders consenting, or revoking consent, to the creation and issue of Stock by local Authorities, ... 126

(iv.)—Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, and Pembroke Equalisation of Rates Inquiry; Report and Orders, . . Pages 134 to 149

II.—Circulars.

1. Calling attention to the existence of cases of Small Pox, &c., . . 149

2. Enclosure to foregoing, ... 150

3. Forwarding copies of former circular letters, dealing with the notification and treatment of cases of Small-Pox, ... 150

4. Enclosures 1 and 2 to foregoing, ... 151

5. Suggesting prompt and effective local administration in the event of the introduction of Plague, ... 152

6. Requesting the views of County Councils in regard to the manner of fixing Areas of Charge for sanitary expenses in Rural Districts, . . . 154

7. Forwarding copy of foregoing to each Rural District Council, . . 155

8. Forwarding Posters and Leaflets on the subject of the Prevention of Tuberculosis to Local Authorities, ... 156

9. Enclosures to foregoing, ... 157

10. Forwarding to Local Authorities copies of International Memoranda, &c., in regard to precautions in view of the existence of cases of Plague in the United Kingdom, ... 159

11. Enclosure to foregoing, ... 159

12. Forwarding to Port Sanitary Authorities, &c., copy of General Order of 1st November, prescribing temporary Regulations under Sec. 149 of the P. H. (I.) Act, 1878, with a view to preventing the introduction of Plague, . 161

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. Page

III.—Reports.

No. 1. Report of Dr. Montgomery of the Vaccine Department of the Local Government Board, ... 161

" 2. Report of the Bacteriologist, Dr. E. J. MacWeeney, upon the bacteriological examination of the glycerinated vaccine lymph used by the Vaccine Department, ... 162

" 3. Report of Dr. J. Knox Denham on the preparation and storage of the Glycerinated Calf Vaccine Lymph used by the Vaccine Department, . 163

" 4. Report of the Board's Pharmacist, Mr. Brunker, with enclosed tables dealing with the supply and analysis of drugs, ... 164

Enclosure (1) to foregoing, ... 168

Enclosure (2) " 175

Enclosure (3) " 175

IV.—Provisional Orders, Bye-Laws, and Loans.

(iii.) Provisional Orders made under the:—

(a.) Public Health (Ireland) Acts 1878 to 1900, ... 176

(b.) Housing of the Working Classes (Ireland) Acts, 1890 to 1896, . 177

(c.) Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1901, . . . 177

(d.) Under the Irish Education Acts, 1892 and 1893, . . . 178

(v.) List showing Bye-Laws confirmed, ... 178

(vi.) Loans sanctioned:—

(a.) Under the Public Health Acts, the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, the Small Dwellings Acquisition Act, the Public Libraries (Ireland) Act, and Local Acts, ... 180

(b.) Workhouse Loans, ... 183

(c.) Under the Labourers Acts, ... 184

(d.) To County Councils and Joint Committees of Lunatic Asylums, . 186

V.—Tabular Statements.

1. Table showing for the year ended the 25th of March, 1902, an account of the Fee Fund constituted in connection with the audit of County Treasurers', &c., Accounts, ... 187

2. Probate Duties (Scotland and Ireland) Act, 1888:—

(a.) Schedule of sums paid on behalf of the Boards of Guardians of Unions in Ireland in respect of the Probate (now Estate) Duty Grant for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, ... 188

(b.) Schedule of sums paid to Road Authorities in Ireland in respect of the Probate (now Estate) Duty Grant for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, ... 190

3. The Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891, and The Land Law (Ireland) Act, 1896:—

Schedule showing the share of each Rural District in the residue of the "Exchequer Contribution" for 1901–1902, ... 194

4. Labourers (Ireland) Acts:—

Table A.—Return showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized, ... 207

Table B.—Return showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes, ... 214

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. Page

VI.—Tabular Statements (*continued*).

No. 1. Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1899:—

Statement showing the Number of cases of Infectious Disease notified during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, in the Rural and Urban Districts in which the above Act has been adopted, ... 220

No. 2. Statement of Orders issued under the 232nd section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the Areas of Charge on which the Special Expenses mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable (in continuation of Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, pages 144 to 150), ... 226

No. 3. Order determining the Area of Charge on which Expenses incurred under the Electric Lighting Act, are chargeable as Special Expenses under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, ... 240

No. 4. Statement of Orders issued under Section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, investing Rural Sanitary Authorities with powers given to Urban Sanitary Authorities by certain Sections of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, ... 241

No. 5. Statement of Orders under Section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1900, altering Areas of Charge heretofore declared on which the Special Expenses mentioned in such Orders respectively are chargeable, 242

APPENDIX E.—Tables connected with Poor Relief and Expenditure.

1. Statement compiled from weekly returns, furnished by Clerks of Unions, showing the number of persons in receipt of relief at the close of each week, from the week ended the 6th April, 1901, to the week ended the 29th March, 1902, both included, ... 244

2. Tables showing the maximum, minimum, and average daily number of persons receiving relief in and out of the workhouses, the average daily numbers maintained in public institutions, and the percentage of these averages on the estimated population of the country in each of the last seven years, ... 246

3. Classified return of the number of inmates in workhouses on the first Saturday in each year from 1872, with the percentage of the several classes on the total number of inmates, ... 247

4. Statement showing the average daily number of the several classes in receipt of indoor relief during each year ended on the Saturday nearest to the 30th September from 1872 to 1898, and on the Saturday nearest to the 31st March thenceforward, average number of deaths per week, and weekly rate of mortality, ... 248

5. Classification of causes of death in workhouses from the week ended the 9th March, 1901, to the week ended the 8th March, 1902, ... 249

6. Return of night lodgers or casuals relieved in the workhouses during each week of the period from the 6th of April, 1901, to the 29th of March, 1902, inclusive. 250

7. Statement of admissions to workhouses for the years ended the 29th September from 1872 to 1898, for the half-year ended the 31st March, 1899, and for the year ended the 31st March thenceforward, . 252

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. Page

8. Number of persons assisted by Boards of Guardians to emigrate under the provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Acts, and the amount authorized to be expended in each of the last fifty-one years, ... 253

9. Return showing the number of persons of unsound mind, and the number of epileptics not mentally affected, in each workhouse on the 31st December, 1901, ... 254

10. Table showing the number of orphans and deserted children at nurse under the provisions of the Act 61 & 62 Vic., chap. 30, on the 29th March, 1902, . 264

11. Return of the receipts in each union together with the expenditure on the relief of the poor for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902; also showing the expenditure under the Medical Charities, Vaccination, and Dispensary Houses Acts, the Lunatic Asylums, Registration, Superannuation, and National School Teachers Acts; the amount of loans repaid, and the total expenditure during the year, ... 270

12. Return showing the receipts and expenditure of the Councils of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, ... 294

13. Return of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, ... 314

14. Classes relieved in workhouses and in public institutions during each of the half-years ended the 30th of September, 1901, and 31st of March, 1902, ... 338

15. Classes afforded relief out of the workhouses during each of the half-years ended the 30th of September, 1901, and 31st of March, 1902, . 339

16. Summary of returns from clerks of unions showing for each province and for all Ireland the number of persons admitted to the workhouses during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, distinguishing the number admitted in sickness; also, the number of births and deaths in the workhouses during the year, ... 340

17. Summary of returns showing for each province and for all Ireland the number of sick persons who received medical treatment in workhouse hospitals and fever hospitals during the year ended 31st March, 1902, . 340

18. (A.) Statement showing the receipts and expenditure of the Boards of Management of Glin and Trim District Schools during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, ... 341

(B.) Statement showing the numbers relieved in the District Schools, together with the average weekly cost per head, during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, ... 341

19. Statement showing the receipts and payments of the Board of Management of the Galway Hospital, and the number of patients treated in the Hospital, during the year ended 31st March, 1902, compared with similar particulars in the preceding year, ... 342

20. Statement showing the balances of loans due by the Boards of Guardians to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the close of the financial year ended the 31st of March, 1902, ... 343

21. Statement showing the balances of loans due by Rural District Councils to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the close of the financial year ended the 31st of March, 1902, ... 347

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. Page

22. Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., c. 104) relative to the audit of union accounts:—(in continuation of a statement in twenty-ninth annual Report, Appendix E, No. 21):—

i.—Date to which accounts of unions have been audited, ... 352

ii.—Sums disallowed or found due at audit of the accounts of unions, for the year ended 31st March, 1902, ... 352

3. Statement with respect to Appeals against Disallowances, Surcharges, and Allowances, upon which the Board have given decisions during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, ... 361

24. Superannuation allowances.—Statement showing the Superannuation allowances of County, Union, and Rural District Officers, sanctioned by the Local Government Board, which were paid during any portion of the year ended 31st March, 1902, and the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year:—

(a.) County Officers, ... 362

(b.) Union Officers, ... 364

(c.) Rural District Officers, ... 396

(d.) Officers of the late Office of the Dublin Collector-General of Rates, ... 398

APPENDIX F.—TABULAR RETURNS IN CONNECTION WITH RELIEF UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT, 14 AND 15 VIC., CAP. 68.

1. Statement of alterations in dispensary districts of unions in Ireland to the 31st March, 1902, according to the Orders issued in pursuance of sec. 6 of 14 and 15 Vic., chap. 68 (from the completion of table No. 1, Appendix F, in the twenty-ninth annual Report), ... 400

Summary of dispensary districts, by provinces, as altered by the foregoing table, up to the 31st March, 1902, ... 401

2. Financial and relief returns:—List of all dispensary districts in the several unions in Ireland (arranged in provinces and counties): showing the number of dispensaries in each, and the expenses of each dispensary district, for the year ended 31st March, 1902, with a return—for the same year—of the number of cases of medical relief afforded to patients at dispensaries and at their own homes, respectively; the number of tickets for medical relief cancelled under section 9 of the Act; number of cases of vaccination; number of dangerous lunatics certified; and number of days of attendance of medical officers in bridewells, &c., ... 402

Summary of foregoing by Provinces, ... 464

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. Page

3. General summary of preceding tables, in provinces:—containing, 1. Statistical statement showing the number of unions, electoral divisions, and dispensary districts formed under section 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 and 15 Vic., c. 68; the total area and population of the provinces according to the Census Returns for 1901; the aggregate valuation of the unions as arranged in provinces; number of dispensaries, officers, &c.:—2. Financial statement showing the expenditure under the Medical Charities Act, &c., for the year, from 31st March, 1901, to 31st March, 1902:—and 3. Relief return showing the number of cases of medical relief afforded at the dispensaries and at the patients' homes, respectively: the number of cases in which tickets for medical relief have been cancelled; the number of cases of vaccination performed; number of cases of dangerous lunatics certified; number of days of attendance at bridewells or houses of correction, &c.; during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, ... 466

4. Expenditure under the Medical Charities, Vaccination, and Dispensary Houses Acts in each province and for all Ireland, from the year 1890 to 1902, 468

Table showing foregoing expenditure under various heads for each of the last two years, ... 468

5. Table showing the number of cases in which Medical Relief was afforded, under the Medical Charities Act from the year 1890 to 1902, . . 469

6. Vaccination:—Summary of the number of persons vaccinated in the workhouses and auxiliary establishments of the several unions, by the medical officers of those institutions; and of the number vaccinated in the several dispensary districts, by the medical officers thereof, in the year ended 31st March, 1902:—abstracted from returns made by the respective medical officers, ... 470

7. Number of cases of scarlet fever, small pox, and fever reported by medical officers of dispensary districts as having been attended in the quarters ended 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December, 1901, and 31st March, 1902, ... 470

8. Table showing the number of cases of vaccination performed by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts since 1863, ... 471

9. Suggested Standards for Parmacopœial preparations, . . . 472

10. Index list of dispensary districts; with names of unions in which they are situate and references to pages in which the districts are to be found in the Appendix, ... 475

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THIRTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY WILLIAM HUMBLE EARL OF DUDLEY;

Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 31*st March,* 1903.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

WE, the Local Government Board for Ireland, submit to your Excellency this, our Thirtieth Annual Report, under the Statute 35 and 36 Vic., Chap. 69, entitled "The Local Government Board (Ireland) Act, 1872."

In our last Report we adverted to the unavoidable delay which attended its preparation, consequent on the compilation of the requisite statistics for the Appendix; and we explained that completion of these statistics must await the audit of the accounts of the various local bodies, which cannot be commenced until after the lapse of several months from the termination of the financial year under review. We, at the same time, indicated that, as the only means of avoiding the obvious disadvantages of submitting the Report in advance of the Appendix and, at the same time, presenting it whilst interest in the various transactions of the year remained comparatively fresh in the public mind, we should endeavour, as far as possible, to expedite the preparation and audit of the accounts referred to. As will be observed from its date, our efforts have resulted in placing us in a position to submit this Report some months earlier in the year than was found possible in the case of our last; and we are led to anticipate that arrangements now in progress will enable us to further reduce, in future, the period intervening between the close of each year and the date of our Report thereon. It should be added that in some instances we have been obliged to utilise for the statistics in the Appendix to this Report figures which, whilst sufficiently accurate for practical purposes, are derived from accounts not yet finally certified.

Having thus explained the difficulties which have prevented us from submitting this Report at as early a date as we could have wished, we proceed to a recital of the transactions of the year, and of our proceedings in the exercise of the powers and duties imposed upon us by the Legislature.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

I.—County and Rural District Councils.

1.—*General.*

The term of office of the first County Councils and Rural District Councils, on whom, with their officers, rests the credit of having successfully assisted in carrying the Local Government Act into operation, expired in June; and the new Councils, with the experience of the past three years, will, no doubt, endeavour to bring the system into a state of even greater efficiency. Attention has been directed to certain political differences which have been introduced by some of the smaller bodies into their ordinary business transactions with reference to the appointment of officers and the giving of contracts; but it is only fair to state that these cases have been quite the exception, and not the rule; they have been promptly dealt with, and we feel confident that the conduct of their affairs by the various local authorities and their officials will continue to justify the delegation to them of the large powers transferred to their control by the Local Government Acts.

2.—*Finance.*

In no other matter have the Councils been more successful than in their financial administration. After the heavy preliminary expenses necessarily attending the introduction of a new system of Local Government had been provided for, and the Councils and their officers had succeeded in obtaining a satisfactory basis on which to make their estimates of future expenditure, they found it possible to effect considerable reductions in their rates, and there seems to be every reason to anticipate that with extended experience there will be a still further general reduction of county rates.

The collection of the rates continues to be very satisfactory. In the majority of counties the poor rate collectors are under an obligation to lodge the entire amount named in their warrants, whether collected or not, irrecoverable items being subsequently refunded to them, and this system is found to work admirably—the Councils, by this means, can rely upon having in the hands of their treasurer at the end of each half year the great bulk of the rate levied, and thus they can meet their legal liabilities at their quarterly meetings. Nearly every county in Ireland has adopted the principle of striking one rate in the year, collectible in two moieties, and a great economy has resulted in the cost of assessment.

3.—*Amendment of the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order,* 1899.

By the Local Government (Ireland) (No. 2) Act, 1900, power was given to us to amend the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899, and on 8th May, 1901, we issued a Provisional Order (subsequently confirmed by Parliament) making

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

certain alterations in the Order of 1899, and enabling the County Councils, if they thought fit, to adopt a system of maintaining public roads by direct labour instead of by contract. A copy of the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899, as amended, will be found in the Appendix.*

It will be observed that Article 25A of the amended Order in Council proceeds on the lines laid down for the making of declarations of main roads by County Councils under Section 8 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, with this difference, that a declaration specifying the roads to be maintained by direct labour remains in force for three years instead of five, and our approval is required before any scheme can come into operation.

Several counties have taken preliminary steps with a view to the making of declarations and the formulation of schemes of direct labour, and we anticipate that in our next report we will be in a position to refer to the details of one or more of the schemes. So far, however, as we can judge, there is at present no general desire on the part of County Councils to embark on large schemes of this kind until experience has shown whether the results obtained from the actual working of the system render it one which, in the general interest, it is desirable to adopt. In one or two counties very extensive schemes have been prepared; but until these have been considered and approved, with or without modification, and have been put in operation, it is not possible to express any opinion as to whether this system will lead to an improved condition of the roads.

Other amendments in the original Procedure of Councils Order were also made with a view to facilitating the transaction of their business by County and Rural District Councils; but we do not think that any of them call for special mention.

4.—*Financial Relations.*

By Section 3 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1901, further powers were conferred upon us with respect to the revision of financial relations between Urban County Districts and the Counties in which they are respectively situated. Owing to the operation of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, these relations had become, in many cases, inequitable, owing principally to the transfer to the Urban District Councils of duties as regards maintenance of roads, &c., from Grand Juries, and as regards rating from Boards of Guardians. The Urban Councils found themselves bound to defray out of rates levied on their own districts expenses in connection with these duties, while they still remained liable for their county-at-large proportion according to valuation, of similar expenditure incurred by the County Councils. Applications have been received from the majority of the Urban District Councils for a revision of these financial relations, and a number of inquiries have been already held. We anticipate that all the applications will have been dealt with within the next year.

* See page 2.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

5.—*County Accounts.*

At the outset of the new system of county government objections were made to the forms of the accounts devised by the Board for the use of County and Rural District Councils. These forms were alleged to be unnecessarily involved and cumbersome, and, it was stated, caused additional work and expense to the Councils. The system of finance established by the Local Government Act of 1898 made it necessary for the Councils to keep such accounts as would show clearly, and without danger of confusion, not only the various receipts of and payments made by County and Rural District Councils, and Boards of Guardians, but the various financial transactions between these bodies—including also Urban District Councils—and experience has shown that, while individual forms prescribed can perhaps be modified with advantage, the general system of accounts devised has withstood every test, and has proved of great value in the conduct of county business. In every case in which a modification of any form has been shown to be desirable or advantageous we have assented to the alteration, and we hope, at no distant date, to make revised accounts orders which will embody the most useful of the amendments which experience has proved to be expedient.

II.—Poor Relief.

1.—*Statistics.*

The usual detailed tabulated statements with reference to the administration of the Poor Laws will be found in the Appendix.

The following comparative table gives the main aggregate figures of interest in reference to Poor Law administration during the year now under review, and also during the previous year:—

—	Year under review.	Previous Year.
Indoor Relief—Number of sick (daily average number).	18,061	17,932
" Number of all other inmates (daily average number).	23,102	22,221
" Total daily average number relieved indoor.	41,163	40,153
" Cost of indoor relief, . .	£437,033	£423,727
District Schools—Number of children, . .	508	530
" Cost of maintenance, . .	£7,766	£8,161
Boarded-out Children—Number of, . .	2,761	2,755
" Cost of maintenance, . .	£16,683	£15,824
Outdoor Relief—Daily average number on outdoor relief. (Not including boarded-out children.)	55,188	55,387
" Cost of outdoor relief, . .	£184,286	£183,496
Salaries and rations of Officers—Amount of, .	£186,687	£182,659
Other Expenses—Amount of, . . .	£156,525	£151,202
Total Poor Relief Expenditure, . . .	£988,980	£965,069
Poundage of Expenditure on Valuation, . .	1s. 8¾d.	1s. 3¼d.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

It will be seen that there is an increase of 1,010 in the daily average number of persons receiving in-door relief in the Infirmaries, and in the other portions of the workhouses. The cost of maintenance has also increased by £13,306.

The number of children boarded-out of workhouses shows a further increase of 6. The number of children in the two district schools of Trim and Glin was less by 22 than in the previous year.

There is a falling-off of 199 in the daily average number of those on out-door relief, with an increase in cost of £790 in the year.

The total poor-relief expenditure for the year under review, apart from expenditure from loans on the improvement of workhouse buildings, amounted to £988,980 as against £965,069 in the previous year—that is, an increase of £23,911 in the total expenditure for the year. This increase affects the poundage-rate of expenditure on the valuation to the extent of one halfpenny in the pound.

In our last report we mentioned that representations had been made by philanthropic associations in favour of enlarging the powers of guardians in respect of boarded-out children, and that a Bill with this object had been introduced into the House of Commons. We also referred in that report to the necessity for a wise and effective inspection of these children, and to our recommendation that a lady should be appointed to inspect them in their homes and report to us on the subject. The Bill referred to became law shortly after the close of the year dealt with by this report, and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury sanctioned the appointment of a lady as an Inspector on 7th March, 1902.

2.—*Nursing of the Sick in Workhouse Infirmaries and Hospitals.*

We are glad to be able to report that the question of the Nursing of the Sick in Workhouse Infirmaries and Hospitals is now in a much more satisfactory condition than it was on the date to which our previous report extended. As stated in that report, we, in February, 1901, issued a General Order, with the object of having the nursing and menial staff of any workhouse increased when necessary. The Boards of Guardians of some Poor Law Unions objected to this Order, and exercised their statutory right to appeal to the Lord Lieutenant in Council. After a protracted sitting of two days, the Legal Committee of the Privy Council, having heard the objections made by various Boards of Guardians, and the evidence put forward by us as to the necessity for such an Order, stated in effect that the necessity for an effective Nursing Order had been proved to their satisfaction, but that the Order of the 4th of February, 1901, went too far, as it directed that the Guardians should, if required by us, appoint not merely qualified assistants to the nurse of the workhouse, but also assistants to any other officer. The Privy

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Council considered that the Order should have been limited to the nursing staff only, as sufficient evidence was not produced, in the opinion of the Council, to show that Guardians had made default, except as regards nurses. We, ourselves, did not consider there was any sufficient necessity for directing the appointment of assistants to any other officers except nurses, but the terms of the Order of the 4th February, 1901, were undoubtedly such as to affect all officers of the Guardians.

On the 5th July, 1901, we accordingly made a new General Order affecting the nursing and menial staff of the workhouse infirmary and fever hospital, as originally intended, but we took the opportunity to revise all previous Nursing Orders, and in the new Order to re-issue them with various amendments, and with some new regulations. Both the Order of the 4th of February (which was disallowed by the Lord Lieutenant in Council), and that of the 5th July, 1901, are printed in the Appendix.* In explanation of the provisions of the new Order, it may here be stated that the Workhouse Matron has been relieved of all responsibility in connection with the care of the sick, and that the Medical Officer, with the nurses under him, has been made responsible to the Guardians and to us for the Workhouse Infirmary and Fever Hospital. The authority of the Workhouse Master with respect to the nursing and menial staff of the sick wards has been, at the same time, limited to matters of general discipline.

In order to carry out the terms of the General Order for the appointment of sufficient nursing staffs, we issued an Order fixing the number of the nurses and menial staff in the Armagh Union† the Guardians of which were not in accord with us as to what the number of the hospital staff should be. After considerable delay the Guardians, after obtaining legal advice, obeyed the Order, and engaged the additional officials required.

We also, in the Order of the 5th July, 1901, prescribed the duties and the qualifications for Poor Law nurses; but in this connection we recognise that the training and certifying of nurses is still in an unsettled though progressive state.

By this General Order we established two classes or grades of nurses, namely "Trained" and "Qualified." The former term was used because, in the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 [section 58 (2) (*a*), (*ii.*)], the Legislature authorised a refund to the Guardians out of the Local Taxation (Ireland) Account of one-half of the salary of one "Trained" nurse in each workhouse, whose qualifications should be prescribed by the Local Government Board. The following are the terms of the rule carrying out the directions of the Act:—

> "The term 'Trained Nurse' shall mean any person who has resided for not less than two years in a general clinical or other hospital recognised by us, and who after examination has obtained from such hospital a certificate of proficiency in nursing."

This definition has been most strenuously objected to by the

* See pages 66 and 68. † See page 73.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

managers of some small non-clinical hospitals, in some of which, no doubt, careful and systematic instruction is given as far as means and opportunities permit; but, on the other hand, many of the hospitals, the managers of which wish to be recognised as training institutions for nurses are, as regards efficiency, equipment, management, or number of patients, no better than an average well-managed cottage hospital. We have definitely refused to vary the terms of this regulation, which were conceived to be in the interest of efficient nursing in Poor Law Infirmaries; but it should be borne in mind that it affects only one nurse in each workhouse, or 159 out of the many hundreds of nurses employed in Poor Law Infirmaries and Fever Hospitals in Ireland.

The definition of "Qualified Nurse" is:—

> "The term 'Qualified Nurse' shall mean any person who after examination, has obtained a certificate of proficiency in nursing from any
>
> "(1.) Public General Hospital, or
> "(2.) Workhouse Infirmary and Fever Hospital, or
> "(3.) Nursing Institution
>
> that may be recognised by us as an efficient school for medical and surgical nurses."

It will be seen that we recognise as a *qualified nurse* practically any nurse who possesses, after examination, a certificate of competency from any well-managed hospital, infirmary, or institution in which, or in connection with which, medical and surgical cases are treated by qualified practitioners; but Guardians do not receive from the Local Taxation (Ireland) Account any contribution towards, or on account of, the salaries of such nurses. As regards this standard of qualifications, we feel confident that as time goes on it will be possible and desirable to fix higher and more definite qualifications. It is hardly necessary to add that a midwife, unless otherwise qualified, is not recognised as a medical or surgical nurse, as she receives only a short course of training in a special branch of nursing.

In our last Report we referred to the difficulty experienced by some Boards of Guardians in procuring qualified nurses. Much has since been done to make the Poor Law Nursing Service more attractive. The subordination of the nurses to the Matron of the Workhouse was, perhaps, the chief objection in the eyes of many nurses. This obstacle has now been removed; and the enforcing of the provisions of our Nursing Order above referred to will, we feel sure, go far to improve the position of workhouse nurses.

3.—*Lunatics and Idiots in Workhouses.*

The number of lunatics and idiots in workhouses is much the same as in the previous year, when the number was about 4,000;

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

and various schemes have been under consideration by local bodies for the accommodation of these inmates as well as others at present in overcrowded district lunatic asylums.

Under Section 9 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the duty of providing and maintaining sufficient accommodation for the lunatic poor is cast on the County Councils. Nevertheless, owing to the want of sufficient accommodation in the asylums, lunatics and idiots continue to be admitted and maintained in the workhouses. We have from time to time impressed on Guardians that the fact of a person being insane does not of itself establish any claim or qualification for admission to a workhouse, when there are no proper provisions for the care and control of such inmates; and we have urged them to make application from time to time to the asylum authorities for the admission to the asylum of the worst cases, with a view to the ultimate removal of all lunatics from workhouses.

By Section 76 (1) of the Act mentioned, County Councils are empowered to take over workhouses or other buildings in the possession of Boards of Guardians for the purpose of providing auxiliary asylums for chronic harmless lunatics; and, during the year under review, the County Council of Cork availed themselves of the powers so given to take over, for the purpose of an auxiliary asylum, a suitable building, with land attached, which had been in the possession of the Guardians of Youghal Union.

Sub-section (2) of the same Section enables us, on the application of a County Council and after communication with the Guardians concerned, by amalgamating Unions, to provide for placing workhouses at the disposal of County Councils to be used as Auxiliary Asylums for the reception of lunatics of the class above-mentioned. Various proposals were made to us in regard to the amalgamation of Unions for the purpose of this Sub-section; and we, of course, welcomed and carefully considered every such suggestion. The result was to convince us that any attempt to give effect separately to proposals of this nature would probably be productive of inconvenience and embarrassment in the future; but the question, as a whole, has since engaged, and continues to engage, our serious consideration.

4. *Amalgamation of Unions.*

We alluded in the last paragraph to the question of amalgamating Unions for the purposes of Section 76 of the Local Government Act. We also received several applications for amalgamation or alteration on other grounds; and with respect to one of these the circumstances were such that we deemed it advisable to institute a local inquiry into the matter during the year under report.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

The case referred to was that of Granard Union, in regard to which two proposals were made—one for the transfer to the Cavan Union of the Electoral Divisions included in Granard No. 2 Rural District, and the other for the dissolution of the Granard Union and the amalgamation of its Electoral Divisions with those of the adjoining Unions of Cavan, Longford, and Mullingar.

The inquiry was held by our Inspector, Major Ruttledge Fair; and, having carefully considered his report and the evidence given at the inquiry, we found, with regard to the first proposal, that the effect of the transfer of Granard No. 2 Rural District would be detrimental both to the ratepayers of the entire Granard Union and to the destitute and sick poor whom it would oblige to travel a much longer distance for relief. With respect to amalgamation, we found that the result would be financially injurious to the ratepayers of the Granard Union without any corresponding advantage to the poor in need of relief. In these circumstances we did not feel justified in giving effect to either proposal. We deem it convenient to here report the conclusion arrived at, although our decision was not communicated until April, 1902.

5. *Seed Supply.*

The loans advanced under the Seed Supply and Potato Spraying (Ireland) Act, 1898, amounted to £75,001. Of this there remained due, by three Unions, on the 31st of March, 1902, sums amounting to £928.

6. *Invalid Foundlings.*

The number of these foundlings at the close of the year under Report was eight, and we received a satisfactory report as to their condition.

7. *Emigration.*

The statistics as to Emigration under the Act 12 & 13 Vic., chap. 104, sec. 26, will be found in the Appendix.*

III.—Contributions in Aid.

The following statements show the amounts paid under Section 58 (2) (*a*) (*b*) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act 1898, to County Councils on behalf of Boards of Guardians and

* See page 253.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Rural District Councils, and to Urban District Councils and the Boards of Management of Glin and Trim District Schools, during the years ended the 31st of March, 1901 and 1902.

Year ended 31st March, 1901.	£ s. d.	Amount Paid. £ s. d.
Medical Purposes, { Salaries,	56,219 8 6	
Medical Purposes, { Medicines,	13,935 1 4	
		70,154 9 10
Educational Purposes,		8,994 16 2
Total of foregoing,		£79,149 6 0
For Salaries under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878—		
	£ s. d.	
Paid on behalf of Rural District Councils,	10,800 5 8	
Paid to Urban District Councils,	7,520 18 3	
		18,327 3 11
Total,		£97,476 9 11

Year ended 31st March, 1902.	£ s. d.	Amount Paid. £ s. d.
Medical Purposes, { Salaries,	57,519 15 9	
Medical Purposes, { Medicines,	17,381 16 3	
		74,901 12 0
Educational Purposes,		8,985 3 3
Total of foregoing,		£83 886 15 3
For Salaries under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878—		
	£ s. d.	
Paid on behalf of Rural District Councils,	10,923 10 1	
Paid to Urban District Councils,	7,742 2 10	
		18,665 12 11
Total,		£102,552 8 2

The amounts paid to County Councils on behalf of Boards of Guardians and to Road Authorities in Ireland under Section 3 of the Probate Duties (Scotland and Ireland) Act, 1888, during the years ended the 31st of March, 1901 and 1902, were, respectively, £258,791 16*s.* 1*d.* and £247,944 18*s.* 1*d.* The distribution of these sums was as follows :—

	1901. £ s. d	1902. £ s. d.
Boards of Guardians,	129,085 4 10	123,348 13 2
Road Authorities,	129,706 11 3	124,596 4 11
Total,	£258,791 16 1	£247,944 18 1

This grant forms part of the Guarantee Fund provided for by the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891, and the inequality

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in the sums paid on behalf of Boards of Guardians and to Road Authorities is accounted for by the fact that deductions were made from the grant for the purposes of the fund mentioned, in pursuance of regulations framed under section 6 of this Statute.

Under the provisions of section 19 of the Finance Act, 1894, (57 and 58 Vic., chap. 30), this grant, which was formerly payable out of Probate Duties, is payable out of the Estate Duty derived from personal property.

Schedules of the sums paid on behalf of Boards of Guardians, and to Road Authorities, during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, are printed in the Appendix.*

Under Section 5 of the Purchase of Land (Ireland), Act, 1891, an annual grant of £40,000 a year, known as the "Exchequer Contribution," was assigned, chiefly in aid of the building of Labourers' Cottages. In round numbers about £3,000 of this sum is distributed each year to the six County Boroughs as Estate Duty grant, and the balance, about £37,000, is available for distribution amongst the several Counties in Ireland, so far as is required, in respect of the cost of providing Labourers' Cottages since the passing of the Act mentioned. There was, on 31st March, 1902, an undistributed balance of this Fund, amounting to £58,942, representing the reserved shares of certain counties in which no cottages have yet been provided or in which the full share of the grant was not required to meet the expenditure incurred in providing cottages. The usual statistics as to the distribution of the Grant for 1901–1902 are given in the Appendix† in connection with proceedings under the Labourers Acts.

IV.—Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts.

In the Appendix to this Report will be found the usual returns for the year ended 31st March 1902, giving the number of cases attended and registered by Dispensary Medical Officers during the year, the number of persons vaccinated by them, the number of cases of infectious diseases treated, the expenditure under the Medical Charities and Vaccination Acts, and the cases in which certificates have been issued under the Dispensary Houses Acts.

1.—*Vaccination.*

It will be seen from the figures given under this head that the number of cases of vaccination and re-vaccination performed by the Dispensary Medical Officers in their capacity as public vaccinators during the year was 103,776; of these 86,647 were primary vaccinations. These figures are of course exclusive of vaccinations performed by private practitioners. It

* See page 188. † See page 194.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

appears from the returns prepared by the Registrar-General that the total number of successful primary vaccinations in Ireland during the year ended 31st March, 1902, was 94,033, and in 3,674 cases during the last quarter of the year the operation was postponed. The total number of births during the same period was 101 011, and the deaths of unvaccinated children under three months of age registered during the year was 5,934.

The Vaccination Acts now in force in this country are:—

21 and 22 Vic., cap. 64.
26 and 27 Vic., cap. 52.
31 and 32 Vic, cap. 87.
42 and 43 Vic., cap. 70.

Section 147 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, also makes provision as to vaccination

We have, as in previous years, been in constant correspondence with Boards of Guardians with a view to the enforcement of these Acts. In a number of Unions there has been a sensible decrease in the number of defaulters, but the number of such defaulters in Ireland is still too large. It is not, as in England, obligatory on the Guardians to appoint and pay a special "vaccination officer" to prosecute persons charged with offences against the Acts, and there is only one such officer in Ireland (at Belfast). The duty is generally performed by the Relieving Officers, who receive small sums for their services in addition to their salaries as Relieving Officers.

2.—*Vaccine Department of the Local Government Board.*

The glycerinated calf lymph issued to public vaccinators was procured, as in previous years, from the National Calf Vaccine Institute, Sandymount Green, Dublin. Every precaution is taken in our Vaccine Department to ensure that pure active lymph is issued to public vaccinators. The lymph is bacteriologically examined by Prof. MacWeeney, and sample tubes from each calf are then sent to our Vaccine Department and tested by actual vaccination of children, which is the only true test of the activity of the lymph. Where any tendency is shown to the formation of weak or slow vesicles, the lymph is not issued to public vaccinators. Even when the lymph is found satisfactory, a few tubes are reserved from each supply, and a week after all the other tubes from that supply have been issued, a few children are vaccinated from the reserved tubes with a view to the Vaccine Department being perfectly satisfied that the lymph has remained active.

We have entered into these details, as complaints have frequently reached us as to the failure of the lymph, and because we observe that a number of cases have been reported from time to time as being "insusceptible to vaccination." The number so

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

reported during the year under review was 230. This number is far too large, and we are directing enquiries to be made into the matter. Since the introduction of glycerinated calf lymph the necessity for careful vaccination is more than ever essential if good results are to be obtained, and we fear that, notwithstanding the very precise directions contained in our Instructional Memorandum, many medical officers have not as yet realised the importance of following out with great care the directions given to them with regard to the storage of the lymph and the method of performing the operation of vaccination.

3.—*Medicines.*

In the beginning of the year we, in accordance with Article 36 of the Dispensary Regulations, issued our annual Prescribed List of Medicines and Prescribed List of Medical and Surgical Appliances. Very few changes in the Lists previously in use were found necessary, and the revision was mainly in the direction of the reduction of prices. The prescribed prices of drugs are so arranged as to allow a fair margin of profit to contractors who offer a reasonable percentage of abatement upon these prices. The average abatement allowed was 17 per cent., although in some Unions the percentage was as low as 2½ per cent., while in others it rose as high as 35 per cent.

The arrangements for the examination of the reports of Union Medicine Analysts were considerably improved during the year. The number of reports investigated was 2,537, and had reference to 7,918 samples of drugs (which had been sent for analysis). The results go to prove that the drugs supplied to Union Workhouses and Dispensaries during the year were of good quality, and showed a marked improvement on those supplied in the previous year. The number of samples unfavourably reported on by the Analysts was 313, or under 4 per cent. of the total number examined. In many of these cases the deficiencies were slight. The greater number of the defective drugs were, at the request of the Guardians, replaced by the Contractors at their own expense. A detailed report from our Pharmacist will be found in the Appendix.*

In the course of our examination of the Medicine Analysts' reports, we found that many of the drugs which are in daily use in the dispensaries have no standards of purity laid down for them in the British Pharmacopœia. The result has been, in the past, that great uncertainty existed in the minds of both Analysts and Contractors as to the results to be expected on analysis of these preparations. With the view of remedying this state of affairs we directed the preparation of a Schedule of Suggested Standards for drugs for which no standards have been prescribed by the British Pharmacopœia. The utmost care was exercised in the preparation of this Schedule, and every available source of information was utilised. We consulted the various

* See page 164.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Analysts employed by Boards of Guardians and also some of the leading manufacturers, and, as a result, we found considerable divergence of opinion with regard to the minimum standard which should be prescribed in the case of several important drugs. The completion of the Schedule, and its circulation amongst the Analysts and Medicine Contractors, properly belong to the year ending March, 1903, in our Report for which the result will be found dealt with. Meanwhile, however, it may perhaps, be advisable to make public the suggestions determined upon; and we, accordingly, have printed, in the Appendix to this Report,* the Schedule of Standards issued last autumn. It sets out the minimum figure below which the analytical results of the various preparations, if normal, ought not to fall, and also gives the range of specific gravity for drugs otherwise satisfactory.

Our regulations as regards Medicines, framed in 1899, have had the result, not alone of ensuring that only drugs of the best quality are supplied, but also of greatly reducing the cost thereof.

We are satisfied that Medicines and Appliances have, in some instances, been requisitioned, in connection with the supply of drugs and appliances to Workhouses and Dispensaries, without due regard to economy; we have, therefore, made arrangements for a close scrutiny of all requisitions and invoices in respect of which recoupment is claimed. This scrutiny was commenced with the Accounts for the half-year ended September, 1901, and resulted in the detection of a good many cases of extravagance, and of some overcharges on the part of the Contractors.

4.—*Dispensary Midwives.*

Our power to insist upon the appointment of trained Midwives for the service of Dispensary Districts in Ireland, where shown to be necessary, was challenged during the year, a Board of Guardians having questioned our right to issue Orders requiring the appointment of such officers, and having taken steps in the Court of King's Bench to set aside an Order addressed to them.

The application of the Guardians referred to was refused, with costs; and we continue to issue such Orders where it has been proved to our satisfaction, after due inquiry, that the appointment of trained Midwives is necessary.

Having regard to the paramount importance of efficient nursing in midwifery cases, we have, apart from the issue of Orders where requisite, lost no opportunity of endeavouring to induce Boards of Guardians to take the necessary steps for the appointment of trained Midwives whose services would be available gratuitously for the sick poor; and we are glad to say that, in the majority of cases, our efforts have been successful.

* See page 472.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

V.—Public Health Acts.

1. *Plague.*

In our last report we referred to the serious outbreak of bubonic plague at Glasgow in the autumn of 1900, and we recorded with satisfaction that although some few suspected cases arrived at Irish ports they were promptly isolated, and such precautionary measures taken as prevented this formidable disease from gaining any foothold in this country. It was considered that the epidemic at Glasgow had been finally extinguished in December, 1900, but towards the end of October, 1901, we were officially notified that the disease had again broken out there, and that some cases had also occurred at Liverpool. We, accordingly, in pursuance of the powers vested in us by Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, made an Order prescribing Regulations* to be observed, for a period of six months, by the various Sanitary Authorities in Ireland, by the Officers of Customs and of Coastguards and by Masters of Ships, &c., having for their object the detention and examination of ships arriving from any port infected with plague; the removal to hospital of any persons on board suffering, or suspected to be suffering, from plague; and the disinfection or destruction of all infected articles, as well as the obtaining of particulars as to the name and residence of all other persons on board before permitting them to land, with a view to such persons being kept under observation after arrival at their respective destinations. A further Order† under the same section was issued by us whereby, for a period of twelve months, plague was made a notifiable disease in all sanitary districts in which the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, had been adopted. Both these Orders were identical in terms with Orders issued during the previous year.

We also, on the 5th November, 1901,‡ re-issued our Circular of the 1st October, 1900, impressing upon the several Sanitary Authorities the necessity for prompt and effective local sanitary administration, in order that, if plague should unfortunately be introduced into this country, the sanitary condition of the district or districts visited might be such as would be likely to prevent the spread of the disease. We pointed out the principal matters to which we considered special attention should be given—such as the abatement of all nuisances, the inspection of lodging and tenement houses, the prevention of overcrowding, the necessity for strict personal and domestic cleanliness, &c.; and we also informed the local bodies that our staff of Medical Inspectors would be prepared to advise sanitary authorities and their officers on all matters connected with sanitary administration on which they might desire to obtain information. With the Circular, we forwarded copies of a Memorandum embodying the views of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland on the subject of plague, and copies of Directions for obtaining and sending material from suspected cases of plague for examination by our Bacteriologist.

* See page 108. † See page 113. ‡ See page 159

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

In view of the occurrence of cases of plague abroad, we had earlier in the year (22nd May), issued a Circular* drawing special attention to the necessity of adopting stringent precautions against the introduction of plague through the medium of infected rats, and recommending Port Sanitary Authorities to arrange for the destruction of rats on board ships, and also in the wharves, warehouses, and docks under their charge. Copies of this Circular were again forwarded to local authorities, as the renewed outbreak at Glasgow was attributed to the dissemination of the disease by infected rats.

We are glad to be able to state that no case of plague was introduced into the country.

2. *Small-Pox.*

The number of deaths in workhouses from small-pox and the number of cases of the disease treated by dispensary medical officers since 1864 are given in the following table:—

DEATHS in WORKHOUSES from SMALL-POX, and NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated by DISPENSARY MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Deaths in Workhouses from Small-pox.		Number of cases of Small-pox treated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	
Year ended	Number of Deaths.	Year ended	Number of cases.
11th February, 1865, . .	145	30th September, 1864, . .	1,965
10th February, 1866, . .	59	" 1865, . .	2,000
9th February, 1867, . .	9	" 1866, . .	579
8th February, 1868, . .	5	" 1867, . .	105
6th February, 1869, . .	3	" 1868, . .	155
5th February, 1870, . .	1	" 1869, . .	27
4th February, 1871, . .	13	" 1870, . .	51
3rd February, 1872, . .	462	" 1871, . .	773
1st February, 1873, . .	677	" 1872, . .	10,317
31st January, 1874, . .	110	" 1873, . .	936
30th January, 1875, . .	142	" 1874, . .	961
30th January, 1876, . .	41	" 1875, . .	681
27th January, 1877, . .	2	" 1876, . .	29
26th January, 1878, . .	12	" 1877, . .	117
25th January, 1879, . .	254	" 1878, . .	1,259
24th January, 1880, . .	112	" 1879, . .	1,344
22nd January, 1881, . .	97	" 1880, .	863
21st January, 1882, . .	64	" 1881, . .	114
20th January, 1883, . .	76	" 1882, . .	479
19th January, 1884, . .	11	" 1883, . .	81
17th January, 1885, . .	1	" 1884, . .	18
16th January, 1886, . .	2	" 1885, . .	17
15th January, 1887, . .	1	" 1886, . .	11

* See page 152.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

DEATHS in WORKHOUSES from SMALL-POX, and NUMBER of CASES of SMALL-POX treated by DISPENSARY MEDICAL OFFICERS—*continued.*

Deaths in Workhouses from Small-pox.		Number of cases of Small-pox treated by Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts.	
Year ended	Number of Deaths.	Year ended	Number of Cases.
14th January, 1888, . .	3	30th September, 1887, . .	18
12th January, 1889, . .	1	" 1888, . .	30
8th February, 1890, . .	–	" 1889, . .	1
7th March, 1891, . .	–	" 1890, . .	5
5th March, 1892, . .	3	" 1891, . .	13
4th March, 1893, . .	–	" 1892, . .	3
3rd March, 1894, . .	–	" 1893, . .	34
2nd March, 1895, . .	10	" 1894, . .	66
28th March, 1896, . .	9	" 1895, . .	692
27th March, 1897, . .	–	" 1896, . .	30
26th March, 1898, . .	–	" 1897, . .	5
25th March, 1899, . .	–	" 1898, . .	2
31st March, 1900, . .	3	*Half-year* ended 31st March, 1899, ...	3
30th March, 1901, . .	1	Year ended 31st March, 1900,	15
29th March, 1902, . .	1	" " " 1901,	16
		" " " 1902,	13

The small-pox cases attended by the medical officers of dispensary districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, as given above, are classified in the following table, which has been prepared from the quarterly returns furnished to us by the medical officers:—

PROVINCES.	Quarter ended 30th June, 1901.	Quarter ended 30th Sept., 1901.	Quarter ended 31st Dec., 1901.	Quarter ended 31st Mar., 1902.	Total.
Ulster, . . .	7	–	–	1	8
Munster, . . .	–	–	–	1	1
Leinster, . . .	–	3	–	1	4
Connaught, . .	–	–	–	–	–
Total Ireland, .	7	3	–	3	13

The largest number of cases occurred in the quarter ended 30th June, 1901, in Belfast and the immediate neighbourhood. The disease seems to have been introduced from Glasgow where it was epidemic, and in view of this fact we re-issued on the 8th May, 1901,* our instructional Circulars of 5th December, 1892, and 3rd July, 1894, as to the measures to be taken by sanitary authorities and Medical Officers of Health for the purpose of preventing the spread of the disease in the event of any case arising in their districts.

* See pages 150 and 151.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

3. *Cases of Fever treated in Dispensary Districts.*

The following table shows the number of cases of fever other than scarlet fever) reported to us by the medical officers of dispensary districts as having been attended by them since the year ended in 1865 :—

Year.	Number of cases.	Decrease, compared with last preceding year.	Increase, compared with last preceding year.
1865,	26,566	-	-
1866,	22,287	4,279	-
1867,	18,975	3,312	-
1868,	17,400	1,575	-
1869,	16,882	518	-
1870,	15,744	1,138	-
1871,	15,574	170	-
1872,	15,604	-	30
1873,	14,454	1,150	-
1874,	14,424	30	-
1875,	13,280	1,144	-
1876,	11,646	1,634	-
1877,	11,396	250	-
1878,	10,945	451	-
1879,	10,999	-	54
1880,	11,211	-	212
1881,	9,713	1,498	-
1882,	8,389	1,324	-
1883,	8,031	358	-
1884,	6,430	1,601	-
1885,	5,780	650	-
1886,	5,045	735	-
1887,	5,092	-	47
1888,	4,357	735	-
1889,	4,441	-	84
1890,	4,285	156	-
1891,	2,916	1,369	-
1892,	3,004	-	88
1893,	3,217	-	213
1894,	3,004	213	-
1895,	2,429	575	-
1896,	2,094	335	-
1897,	2,787	-	693
1898,	4,389	-	1,602
1899, *Half-year.*	1,189	-	-
1900,	2,350	2,039	-
1901,	2,316	34	-
1902,	2,619	-	303

On examination of these figures it will be seen that, although the number of fever cases in Ireland reported by medical officers of dispensary districts during the past year was some three hundred cases higher than that of the preceding year, it was less than one-fourth of the number so reported in 1878, and this gratifying result is, we think, mainly to be attributed to the improvement in local sanitary administration which has been effected since the passing of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

4. *Scarlet Fever.*

The cases of scarlet fever (1,170) treated by medical officers of dispensary districts in the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, likewise show a diminution of nearly one-half, as compared with the number (2,118) treated in 1878.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

5. *Outbreaks of Infectious Disease.*

During the year 1901–1902 several outbreaks of infectious disease occurred in different parts of the country, and we give particulars in relation to the more important of these in the following table:—

District.	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Hillsborough Rural,	March and April, 1901,	Small-pox,	Five cases occurred in different parts of this Rural District. The first patient was an inmate of a house in which two persons from Glasgow (where there was an epidemic of Small-pox) had resided. All the cases recovered. The usual precautions of strict isolation and re-vaccination were taken.
Belfast County Borough.	April, 1901,	Small-pox,	A private soldier of the Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders, stationed in Belfast, went to Glasgow, and remained a day and a night, where he must have come in contact with a Small-pox case, or with some person who had been in contact with a case. About twelve days afterwards he was admitted into the Workhouse Hospital. Two other cases occurred, one of which—a recent arrival from Paisley, in Scotland—terminated fatally.
Do.,	March, 1902,	Small-pox,	In March, 1902, a further case occurred. A man was removed from Govan in custody of the Royal Irish Constabulary, and in about nine days afterwards showed signs of Small-pox. In all the above cases the requisite precautionary measures as to disinfection of premises, destruction of clothing, isolation of contacts, &c., were promptly taken by the Sanitary Authority.
Dublin City,	Feb., 1902.	Small-pox,	I. A man, aged 23, a lodger at 49, Townsend-street. It appears from the report of the Board's Medical Inspector, Dr. Edgar Flinn, that this man arrived in Dublin from Glasgow on Tuesday, February 4th, 1902. He stated that he had stayed the previous night at the Partick Model Lodging House, Glasgow, but inquiries failed to show that any person of his name had done so. The patient stated, however, that he thought he had not given his right name there. The Public Health Department, Glasgow, stated that no case of Small-pox had been recently notified from the house in question, but that a case had occurred there in April, 1901, when the disease was epidemic in that city. The patient informed the Medical Officer of Health that he had recently seen cases of Small-pox in Glasgow, thereby implying that he had been in actual contact with them. It was, however, very difficult to obtain any reliable information from him. He was removed to Cork-street Fever Hospital, and subsequently to the Convalescent Home at Beneavin, the temporary use of which had been obtained by the Sanitary Authority.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Outbreaks of Infectious Disease—continued.

District.	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Dublin City—*con.*	Feb., 1902,	Small-pox,	II. A man, aged 22, inmate of the house 49, Townsend-street. He, along with the other inmates of this house, had been removed to the Corporation Refuge in Nicholas-street, when the first case (I.) was notified. He showed signs of Small-pox on February 11th, while staying at the Refuge, and was promptly removed to the Home at Beneavin. III. A girl, aged 13, residing at No. 12, Hardwicke-street. The patient was removed to the Hardwicke Hospital on the evening of February 12th, the case being notified as one of Measles. There was some doubt as to whether the case was one of Variola or of Measles, but the patient was transferred to the Beneavin Home on the following day (February 13th).
Cork Rural,	Feb. and Mar., 1902.	Small-pox,	The patient, a man, 24 years of age, resided at Old Blackrock-road, Cork. The case was notified by a private practitioner as one of chicken-pox. Dr. Donovan, Medical Superintendent Officer of Health of Cork County Borough, however, subsequently saw the case and pronounced it to be one of Small-pox. The patient was removed to the City Fever Hospital on 2nd March. All articles of bedding and clothing exposed to infection were burned. The source of infection was not definitely traced, but the following facts were ascertained. A cousin of the patient's had arrived in Cork from Glasgow about the middle of February, and subsequent to his arrival the patient was frequently in his company. There was no history, however, of the visitor having been exposed to the infection of Small-pox, except the fact that the disease was at the time prevalent in Glasgow. A singular circumstance in connexion with this case, though probably having no bearing on it, was that the house in which the case occurred had several years previously been used for the reception of a case of Small-pox. This house had, however, been thoroughly disinfected, and had been tenanted without any further development of the disease.
Ballymoney Rural,	Feb., 1902.	Small-pox.	Only one case occurred—a dressmaker, aged 22. The source of infection was not traced. The patient had never been out of the district, and no history of direct contact could be obtained. The patient was removed to hospital, all inmates of the house and all persons who had visited it were revaccinated, the house was thoroughly disinfected, and all infected articles burnt.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Outbreaks of Infectious Disease—continued.

District.	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Nenagh Rural, .	April, 1901, .	Enteric Fever.	This outbreak occurred at Ballinahinch, in the Newport Dispensary District, early in April. The disease was introduced from the neighbouring District of Silvermines, and its spread was said to be due to the use of separated milk from the local creamery at Ballinahinch. The Board's Medical Inspector, Dr. Browne, on making inquiries, found that every patient affected had eaten bread, in the making of which the skimmed or separated milk was used. The number of persons affected was about 40, with a mortality of 5. The creamery was closed temporarily, and pasteurising or sterilising plant introduced, and by the first week in June the outbreak had come to an end. Some few cases also occurred in the Silvermines District simultaneously with the outbreak in this District, which were also directly attributable to the use of milk obtained from this creamery.
Birr Urban, . .	June, 1901, .	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Three cases occurred in one family at Burke's Hill, one ending fatally. The disease was attributed to overcrowding and dirt, and the general insanitary conditions under which the family lived. The patients and the remaining members of the family were removed to hospital, the bedding used by the patients destroyed, and the premises thoroughly disinfected. The disease did not spread.
Granard No. 2 Rural,	July, 1901, .	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	A small outbreak took place in the Finnen Dispensary District early in July, six cases occurring. The patients were removed to the Union Fever Hospital, and all the necessary measures to check the spread of the disease were adopted. No deaths were reported.
Dungarvan Urban, .	July, 1901, .	Enteric Fever.	Thirty-two cases occurred. The disease was of a mild form. The milk supply was stated to be the probable source of infection in all the later seizures; in the earlier attacks the disease possibly arose from defective sewerage. Sufficient hospital accommodation was provided, and two additional nurses were employed. With regard to preventive measures, the milk supply from infected premises was stopped; the sick, with few exceptions (where the patients were isolated at their homes), were removed to hospital; and the infected articles of bedding and clothing disinfected or destroyed.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Outbreaks of Infectious Disease—continued.

District.	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Sligo Urban, . .	August, 1901,	Enteric Fever.	An outbreak of Enteric Fever of virulent type occurred in the laundry of the Convent of Mercy, Sligo. Sixty-five cases occurred, and there were 6 deaths. The outbreak was attributed to the use of polluted water. The schools were closed, and work at the laundry stopped. Trained nurses were procured, and some of the patients were removed to the County Fever Hospital. The Sanitary Engineer condemned the system of sewerage of the institution, and steps were taken for its improvement.
Boyle No. 2 Rural, .	Sept., 1901, .	Enteric Fever.	In the beginning of the month of September Enteric Fever made its appearance at Keash, in the Gurteen Dispensary District, and about 25 cases occurred between that date and the middle of October. As there was no common water supply used by the families affected, and as in all cases milk was sent to, and separated milk received from, the local creamery, suspicion was directed to this establishment as the probable cause of the dissemination of the disease. Upon examination of the establishment by the Board's Medical Inspector, Dr. Brendan MacCarthy, and by their Bacteriologist, its sanitary condition was found to be very defective, and the pasteurising plant in use both unsuitable for its object and kept in a very uncleanly state. This condition of affairs having been brought under the notice of the owners, the creamery was closed pending the necessary action being taken to remedy the defects, and the outbreak ceased.
Longford Rural, .	Sept., 1901, .	Scarlatina,	Early in the month of September intimation was received of an outbreak of Scarlatina at Newtownforbes (Drumlish Dispensary District). Over 20 cases are known to have occurred, the disease spreading amongst the children of the three schools in the village, owing to the proper precautionary measures not having been at first observed. The opening of the schools after the summer vacation having been postponed, and the other necessary steps taken, the outbreak came to an end. There appears to have been only one death, and it is doubtful whether in this case, the actual cause of death was Scarlatina.
Wexford Urban,	October, 1901,	Typhus Fever.	This outbreak was confined to Keyzer's-lane and Abbey-street, and was attributed to overcrowding and the general insanitary conditions of the dwellings affected. Thirteen cases occurred, but no death was reported. The patients were all removed to hospital, the houses disinfected, and the bedding burnt.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Outbreaks of Infectious Disease—continued.

District.	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Wexford Urban—*con.*	October, 1901,	Typhus Fever.	An outbreak of this disease had occurred in Wexford in August and September, 1900, considered to be due also to overcrowding and general insanitary conditions; and, in view of the undoubted overcrowding in the poorer localities of the town, the Sanitary Authority were recommended to provide, without delay, housing accommodation for the working classes, and also to adopt a scheme of domestic scavenging, and to adopt the Infections Disease (Notification) and (Prevention) Acts in the District.
Bangor Urban,	Nov. & Dec., 1901.	Diphtheria	In the months of November and December 24 cases of Diphtheria occurred in Bangor and the neighbourhood. There can be little doubt that the disease was imported from Moira, the first two patients having returned home ill from that place, and the subsequent spread of the outbreak was probably caused by contact, direct or indirect, with the first cases. Four of the five cases which were attended by the Dispensary Medical Officer were removed to hospital. The other cases were found by the Medical Officer of Health to be well isolated, but there is little doubt that persons from the infected houses mixed with the general public, and that the infection was spread in this manner. It appears that in some cases the Medical Officer of Health was not called in, as it was feared that he would have the patients removed to hospital. The disease was not of a malignant type. Disinfection of premises, &c., was duly carried out.
Downpatrick Rural,	Nov. & Dec., 1901.	Enteric Fever.	This outbreak occurred in the town of Killyleagh. Twenty-two cases of the disease came under the observation of the Medical Officer of Health, who attributed the outbreak to a bad water supply. The Board's Medical Inspector, Dr. Clibborn, concurred with this opinion. The water was obtained from four wells all of which were liable to contamination, and one of which had been closed owing to an unfavourable report of the analyst. Very few of the cases were removed to hospital, many being unfit for removal. The necessary precautions as to disinfection were carried out. One death only resulted.
Macroom Rural,	Dec., 1901,	Enteric Fever.	This outbreak occurred in the Clonmoyle Dispensary District. Eighteen cases were reported, two ending fatally. The nature of the disease was not recognised for some time, and the family in which the first case occurred continued to send milk to the local creamery. When it became known that the disease was Enteric Fever, the supply of milk

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Outbreaks of Infectious Disease—continued.

District	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Macroom Rural—*con.*,	Dec., 1901, .	Enteric Fever.	to the creamery was stopped, and samples of the separated milk sent to Professor MacWeeney for bacteriological examination. Some of the patients were removed to hospital, and others isolated as well as possible in their own homes; a plentiful supply of disinfectants obtained, and the Sanitary Sub-Officer directed to devote his whole time to the duty of superintending the work of disinfection. The extent to which this outbreak spread was in a measure due to the neglect to notify the first case, and the Board asked the Sanitary Authority to adopt the Infectious Disease (Notification) and (Prevention) Acts in the District. The prompt steps taken by the Council prevented any further spread of the disease.
Queenstown Urban,	Dec., 1901, .	Measles,	Over 100 cases occurred. The disease was of a very mild type, only one case proving fatal. Almost all the patients resided in tenement buildings; schools were closed temporarily; isolation of the patients was difficult to ensure; and hospital accommodation was insufficient to meet demand. Sanitary Authority were recommended to add Measles to the list of notifiable diseases under the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889.
Callan No. 1 Rural, .	Dec., 1901, and Jan., 1902.	Enteric Fever.	This outbreak occurred at Windgate, in the Kilmaganny Dispensary District, and continued from 1st December, 1901, until early part of January, 1902. Sixteen cases were reported, and three deaths. Nearly all the patients were removed to hospital. Each of the infected houses sent milk to the local creamery, and received back the separated milk. The creamery was closed on the 5th January, and no cases occurred afterwards. The Sanitary Authority were recommended to adopt the Infectious Disease (Notification) and (Prevention) Acts, to cause all nuisances to be abated, and to endeavour to induce managers to have pasteurising plant erected at the creamery in this locality.
Magherafelt Rural, .	Dec., 1901, and Jan., 1902.	Enteric Fever.	Enteric Fever broke out on the premises of a purveyor of milk in Maghera in December, 1901. The house was found to be in a very insanitary condition. The window of the dairy was only 12 feet from a filthy cesspit, which rendered the milk supply liable to pollution. It is probable that the first case was caused by milk infected by the insanitary condition of the premises, and that the spread of the disease was due to the distribution of milk from this dairy. Thirteen cases occurred. Precautions were taken to prevent the spread of the disease by stopping the supply of milk from the dairy

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Outbreaks of Infectious Disease—continued.

District.	Date of Outbreak.	Nature of Disease.	Observations.
Magherafelt Rural—*con.*	Dec., 1901, and Jan., 1902.	Enteric Fever.	and by disinfecting the premises in which cases occurred. The Sanitary Authority were urged to frame regulations relating to Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops, to adopt the Infectious Disease (Notification) and (Prevention) Acts, and to take steps to remedy the sanitary defects above mentioned.
Kanturk Rural, .	Mar. & April, 1902.	Enteric Fever.	At the end of March an outbreak of Enteric Fever occurred in the Newmarket and Kanturk Dispensary Districts, 31 cases arising between the 21st of the month and the 19th of April (4 of these cases appeared in the Kanturk Dispensary District, 2 of which only could be traced to infection from the Newmarket District). The 27 cases in the Newmarket District occurred amongst consumers of milk from the local creamery at Newmarket. The authorities of the creamery, on being approached ceased receiving milk from infected premises, and provided a pasteurising plant capable of heating separated milk to a temperature of 200° F, before distribution. These measures, combined with the prompt removal of patients to hospital and the carrying out of the thorough disinfection of all infected premises and clothing, were attended with satisfactory results.

It will be seen from the foregoing table that outbreaks of Enteric Fever were the most prevalent, and that in almost every case the spread of the disease was due to infected milk. We referred to this matter in our last Annual Report, and published a valuable report which we had received from our Bacteriologist, Professor MacWeeney, on the relation of "Creameries" to the spread of Enteric Fever in Ireland, and on the necessity for the pasteurisation of "Creamery" products. Professor MacWeeney is still pursuing his investigations into the general question of the diffusion of Enteric Fever through the medium of new milk supplied to, and separated milk returned from, "Creameries" with the view of ascertaining what measures are best calculated to secure immunity from outbreaks of this nature in future.

6. *Tuberculosis.*

In view of the exceptionally high death-rate in this country from Pulmonary Tuberculosis (Consumption), we issued a Circular* on the subject to the several Sanitary Authorities, Boards of Guardians, Dispensary Medical Officers, and Medical Officers of Workhouses in Ireland. We drew particular attention

* See page 156.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

to the resolutions adopted by the International Congress on Tuberculosis held in London in reference to the matter, and we forwarded specimens of Posters and Leaflets, which we suggested should be published and distributed extensively, giving in simple language advice of a practical character as to the best means of guarding against the disease.

We also suggested that the local authorities should endeavour to enlist the sympathy and support of the Clergy of all denominations, Managers of schools, Schoolmasters, and other persons whose duties bring them intimately in contact with the general public, and particularly with the poor, and we recommended them to supply copies of the "leaflet" for distribution. Our recommendations in these respects were, as a rule, acted upon by the local bodies, and it is hoped that the information thus conveyed to the poorer classes of the people may have a good effect. The fact that no less than 47 per cent. of all the deaths which took place in Ireland during 1901, of persons between the ages of 15 and 35 years, are due to tuberculosis, is sufficient to indicate the serious importance of the matter; and, during recent years, there are many indications of a general awakening of public interest on the subject. We have reason to hope, therefore, that Sanitary Authorities will, in the future, by the more careful and energetic exercise of their powers under the Public Health Acts, endeavour to remove all cause of complaint in regard to overcrowding, defective ventilation, and the damp and general insanitary conditions in the houses of the poor which conduce to this disease, and that the present high rate of mortality from consumption in Ireland will thus be materially reduced.

7. *Alleged Default of Sanitary Authorities.*

Section 15 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, provides that, where complaint is made to us that a sanitary authority has made default in providing their district with a proper supply of water, or with sufficient sewers, or in enforcing any provisions of the Public Health Acts which it is their duty to enforce, we may, if satisfied, after due inquiry, of the alleged default, make an Order limiting a time for the performance by the sanitary authority of their duty in the matter of such complaint. Such Order may be enforced by writ of *mandamus*, or we may appoint a person to perform such duty at the expense of the defaulting authority. During the year under review, Orders were made by us, in pursuance of this enactment, in respect of the default of four District Councils.*

* See pages 119, 122, and 126.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

8. *Investment of Rural Sanitary Authorities with powers of Urban Authorities under the Public Health Acts.*

Under section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, we are enabled on the application of the sanitary authority of any rural district, or of persons rated to the extent of at least one-tenth of the net rateable value of such district, or of any contributory place therein, to declare any provision of the Public Health (Ireland) Acts in force in urban districts to be in force in such rural district or contributory place, and to invest the Rural Authority concerned with all the powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations of an Urban Authority under those Acts. Particulars of the several Orders made by us during the year in pursuance of this enactment, are given in the Appendix.*

9. *Port Sanitary Authorities.*

Under section 9 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, we are empowered to constitute, by Provisional Order, any sanitary authority whose district, or part of whose district, forms part of or abuts on any port in Ireland, the sanitary authority of the whole of such port or of any part thereof. Such port sanitary authority may also be formed by combining any two or more sanitary authorities having jurisdiction within a port, or by forming a joint board consisting of representative members of the sanitary authorities affected. Where such a port sanitary authority has been established, they have jurisdiction over all waters within the limits of their port, and can appoint officers to inspect all vessels arriving therein, and to see that adequate measures are taken as to sanitation. By Provisional Order dated 8th May, 1901, which was confirmed by Parliament on 26th July, 1901, we constituted the Corporation of Londonderry the Port Sanitary Authority for part of the Customs Port of Londonderry.

10. *Rural Sanitary Expenses.*

A Statement of the Orders issued by us during the year, declaring areas of charge for special expenses under the Public Health Acts in Rural Districts, will be found in the Appendix.†

11. *Bye-Laws.*

A Table of the Bye-laws confirmed during the year will be found in the Appendix.‡

* See page 241. † See page 226. ‡ See page 178.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

12. *Closing of Burial Grounds.*

We are empowered by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, sections 162 to 164, to order that burials in any city, or town, or other limits, or in any burial ground or place of burial, shall be discontinued wholly or subject to any exceptions or qualifications where, on representation made to us or otherwise, it shall appear to us, after due local inquiry, that such an Order is necessary for the protection of the public health, or for the maintenance of public decency, or to prevent a violation of the respect due to the remains of deceased persons.

The Orders made in the year ended 31st March, 1902, under the provisions of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, which relate to the discontinuance of burials in old burial grounds, were as follows:—

Date of Order.	Description of Burial Ground.	Purpose of Order.
7th May, 1901, ...	Burial Ground attached to the Protestant Church at Rathclaren, in the Bandon Rural District.	Postponing the time appointed by the Board's Order of the 7th April, 1900, prohibiting further interments, to the 1st August, 1901.
7th August, 1901, ...	Do., ...	Further postponing the time appointed by the Board's Order of the 7th April, 1900, prohibiting further interments, to the 1st February, 1902.
17th August, 1901, ...	Urban District of Wexford:—St. John's, St. Michael's, St. Patrick's, Franciscan, St. Selskar's.	Prohibiting further interments from 30th September, 1901, subject to any exceptions which the Board shall hereafter see fit to make.
3rd February, 1902, ...	Burial Ground attached to the Protestant Church at Rathclaren, in the Bandon Rural District.	Further postponing the time appointed by the Order of the 7th April, 1900, prohibiting further interments, to the 1st May, 1902.

We also, during the same year, issued 96 licences for interments in closed burial grounds.

13. *Infectious Disease (Notification) Act,* 1889.

On the 31st of March, 1902, the Act had been adopted in 86 Rural and 50 Urban Districts. During the year ended on that date, there were 1,424 and 10,586 cases of infectious disease notified in Rural and Urban Districts, respectively. Tables showing the number of cases notified in each District will be found in the Appendix.*

14. *Post Office Act,* 1891.

This statute enables rural sanitary authorities to assist in the provision of postal or telegraphic facilities for contributory places within their districts by undertaking to pay to the Postmaster-General any loss he may sustain in providing such facilities.

* See page 220.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

The extent to which sanitary authorities have availed themselves of the provisions of the Act during the past year will be seen by the following table which shows the number of Orders under Seal fixing areas of charge for costs of undertakings given by such authorities to the Postmaster-General, made each year since the passing of the Act:—

Year.	Number of Orders fixing areas of charge.
1891-2,	1
1892-3,	7
1893-4,	5
1894-5,	2
1895-6,	6
1896-7,	54
1897-8,	17
1898-9,	12
1899-1900,	5
1900-1901,	12
1901-1902,	8
Total,	129

VI.—Provisional Orders.

During the year 1901–1902 we made twenty-one Provisional Orders (exclusive of those under the Labourers Acts), eight of these being under the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1900, four under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, 1890 to 1896, eight under the Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1901, and one under the Irish Education Acts, 1892 and 1893. A list of these Orders is given in the Appendix.*

VII.—Loans.

In Urban, Rural, and United Districts a considerable part of the expenditure on sewerage, water supply and other local improvements is defrayed by means of loans to the sanitary authorities, or Joint Boards, as the case may be, which expenditure we sanction in pursuance of Sections 237 and 247 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and under certain local and general Acts. For the purpose of the Housing of the Working Classes Acts we also sanction loans to Urban Sanitary Authorities, and to the Commissioners of towns which are not Urban Sanitary Districts, in cases where it is desired to provide accommodation for the working classes. The loans sanctioned as above during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, amounted to £221,218 8*s.*

We also sanctioned during the year loans amounting to £47,033 14*s.* 6*d.* which were applied for by Boards of Guardians for Workhouse buildings and improvements, loans for the purpose of the Labourers Acts amounting to £358,748, and loans to County Councils and the Joint Committees of Lunatic Asylums amounting to £114,514 6*s.*

Detailed lists of these loans will be found in the Appendix.†

* See page 176. † See pages 180 to 186.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

VIII.—Towns Improvement (Ireland) Act, 1854.

Application was made to Us for our approval of the adoption of the Act in Kilkee, and we made the necessary Order on the 24th of July, 1901.

IX.—Alteration of Days for Holding Fairs.

Consent has been given to the proposal made to Us that the fairs held at or near Castlerea (County Roscommon), on the 23rd of May, the 21st of June, the 23rd of August, the 7th of November, and on the third Tuesday in January, February, March, April, July, September, October, and December, should be held, instead, on the third Friday in each month.

X.—Labourers Acts.

In our last Report we referred to the very general revival throughout Ireland of operations under the Labourers Acts. This increased energy on the part of Rural District Councils either in the direction of providing for the erection of additional labourers' dwellings or for enlarged allotments to dwellings already built, continued during the year ended 31st March, 1902. Some idea of the work falling on the Department in this respect may be gathered from the fact that Improvement Schemes were received by us from 58 Rural District Councils proposing to provide 2,666 new cottages, to acquire and repair 34 existing houses, to provide 1,397 additional half-acre plots for cottages already erected, and to acquire tracts of land amounting in the aggregate to 24 acres to be parcelled out in allotments to be let to labourers living in neighbouring villages and towns.

During the year, 59 Local Inquiries were held by our Inspectors, and 74 Provisional Orders were made authorising 2,584 cottages and plots, 1,296 additional half-acres for cottages already provided, and 12 acres of land for allotments. Orders became absolute or were confirmed within the same period in respect of 2,392 cottages and plots, 1,041 additional half-acres for cottages already provided, and 12 acres of land for allotments.

Tables are given in the Appendix* showing what has been done by sanitary authorities under Improvement Schemes authorised, and what is proposed to be done under further improvement Schemes.

Table A shows that 15,090 houses have been provided, of which 14,996 are actually let, and that 1,608 others were in progress or contracted for on the 31st March, 1902. The aggregate monthly rent of the cottages built in each Rural District, and the amount of such rent in arrear are also shown.

* See pages 207 to 219.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Table B shows that further Improvement Schemes have been, or are about to be, submitted to us, proposing to provide 4,630 new cottages, with garden allotments, 3,342 additional half-acre allotments to cottages already sanctioned, and 21½ acres of land to be parcelled out in allotments to be let to labourers living in villages or towns.

From a further Table it will be seen that during the year Loans were sanctioned for 61 Rural Districts amounting as already stated to £358,748, and making the total amount of Loans sanctioned since the inception of the Acts, £2,410,122.

XI.—Housing of the Working Classes (Ireland) Acts, 1890 to 1896.

Part III. *of Act of* 1890.

The Corporations of the Cities of Kilkenny and Limerick have been granted loans of £500 and £3,000, respectively. The following Urban Districts have also been granted loans, viz.:—Carlow, £5,300; Dalkey, £2,000; Ennis, £2,650; Enniscorthy, £2,350; Galway, £160; Letterkenny, £120; Navan, £3,500; Omagh, £4,000; Tralee, £1,700 and £715; Tullamore, £2,250. The Town Commissioners of Newbridge have been granted a loan of £3,000. These sums, added to £438,550 11*s.* mentioned under this head in our last Report, make the total amount of the loans sanctioned in connection with houses for the working classes residing in towns £469,795 11*s.*

XII.—The Small Dwellings Acquisition Act, 1899.

The Corporation of the City of Dublin have been granted a loan of £960; and the Rural District Councils of Antrim and Longford have been granted loans of £160 and £1,222 8*s.*, respectively, with a view to enabling them to make advances to residents in certain houses for the purpose of acquiring the ownership thereof under this Act. These sums, added to £1,262 mentioned in our last Report, make the total amount of the loans sanctioned under this Act £3,604 8*s.*

XIII.—Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar and Pembroke (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1901.

Under the Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar and Pembroke Equalisation of Rates Act, which received Royal Assent on the 9th August, 1901, an important and novel duty was imposed on the Board.

The Corporation of the City of Dublin, had, in the Sessions of 1899 and 1900, promoted Bills seeking from Parliament statutory powers for the extension of the Boundaries of the City, and annexing thereto the surrounding Urban Districts of Rathmines and Rathgar, Pembroke, Clontarf, Drumcondra and Kilmainham, and certain portions of the Rural Districts of North and South Dublin.

* See page 184.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

These annexation Bills were strongly opposed by the Districts affected before Committees of both Houses of Parliament, with the result that the Bill of 1899 was not carried through all its stages, and the Bill of 1900 was modified to the extent of omitting from its provisions the two first-named Urban Districts.

While reporting in favour of the passing of the Bill in this shape, however, the Joint Committee of the Houses of Lords and Commons, to whom it was referred, expressed themselves in their report as follows:—

> "Further the Committee unanimously desire to call attention to the heavy burdens falling upon the City of Dublin ratepayers for objects to which the two townships of Rathmines and Pembroke do not in their opinion adequately contribute:
>
> "They are of opinion that these residential townships should be contributors to these burdens:
>
> "They invite the attention of the Government to this subject and suggest that legislation should be proposed to Parliament following the principle of the law equalising rates in London."

Fortified with such an expression of opinion from a Joint Committee whose members were undoubtedly specially qualified to deal with the important questions at issue, the Corporation of Dublin promoted a Bill in the Session of 1901, which became law under the title already mentioned.

The Act, in its final form, differed materially from the London Act, which, it was suggested, should be taken as a precedent, so much so, that it is an entirely new departure in legislation.

It is generally admitted that areas immediately adjoining, but outside the limits of an important city or town, especially where the city or town is a seaport, derive very considerable advantages from Municipal expenditure by reason of propinquity, while, at the same time, they escape liability to contribute to the money necessary to meet that expenditure. On the other hand, the city or town derives benefit from the adjoining areas outside its limits, and that benefit is enhanced when, as in the case of Dublin, such areas include important Urban Districts.

The Act provided that contributions should be made annually between the three authorities concerned, so as to, in some measure, equalise the burden of the rates levied by those authorities for certain defined purposes affecting the health and convenience of the three communities as if they were one community, but differentiating these contributions in proportion to the relative benefit derived by the inhabitants of one area from the expenditure on these purposes by the other areas or either of them.

It was at an early stage recognised by the three governing bodies that if Parliament sanctioned the proposals of the Bill the proper contributions could only be arrived at as the result of a searching and exhaustive inquiry into the financial operations of the authorities concerned and of the value or benefit obtained by each from its own expenditure, such an inquiry to be preliminary

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

to the making of an award by a competent tribunal whose decision would be final and conclusive.

Accordingly the three authorities agreed that the Local Government Board for Ireland should be named in the Act to make the award as being a tribunal in whose impartiality they could depend. Powers were conferred on us to make the necessary investigations and hold inquiries.

With this view we appointed three members of our permanent staff to hold a public inquiry and investigate all the circumstances necessary to be taken into consideration. The sittings in connection with the inquiry extended over fifteen days during which time the several authorities presented full statements of account together with elaborate and carefully prepared tables of particulars. These figures were minutely discussed and formed the subjects of searching examination and cross-examination at the hands of many of the most eminent members of the Irish Bar who also dealt in detail with the legal aspects of the claims made by each authority seeking contributions from other authorities.

Having carefully considered the report of the gentlemen who conducted the inquiry, together with the minutes of the proceedings thereat, we made Orders determining the several questions at issue and directing an annual payment to the Corporation of Dublin during a period of ten years of a sum of £4,540 by the Urban County District of Rathmines and Rathgar, and of a sum of £2,240 by the Urban County District of Pembroke. The report and Orders referred to will be found in the Appendix.*

XIV.—Audit of Accounts.

The Accounts of the following bodies are audited by our Auditors:—

33 County Councils.
90 Borough and Urban District Councils.
213 Rural District Councils.
28 Governing Bodies of Towns other than Urban Districts.
159 Boards of Guardians.
23 Committees of Management of District Lunatic Asylums.
Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests.
Dublin Port and Docks Board.
Belfast City and District Water Commissioners.
Rathmines and Pembroke Drainage Board.
Blackrock and Kingstown Drainage Board.
Board of Management of the Galway Hospital.
Boards of Management of Glin and Trim District Schools.
Piers Authorities under the Shannon Act, 1885.
Burial Boards, &c.

* See pages 134 to 149.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

In addition to the statement in regard to the audit of Union Accounts, which, by Section 20 of the Act, 12 & 13 Vic., cap. 104, we are required to append to our Report,* a statement with respect to appeals against disallowances, surcharges, and allowances upon which we gave decisions during the year, will be found in the Appendix.†

XV.—Departmental Arrangements.

By the operation of the Age Clause of the Order in Council of the 15th August, 1890, we lost the valuable services of our senior Auditor, Captain Gibson, who was succeeded by Mr. J. More O'Ferrall, previously a temporary Auditor, the temporary position being given to Mr. Cyril E. Browne. As a certificate of qualification from the Civil Service Commissioners was necessary in the case of Mr. Browne, and as it was important that there should be no delay in the work of audit, we, having obtained the requisite Treasury sanction, recalled Colonel O'Hara, one of our retired Auditors, for service in the interval.

Captain C. L. Connellan, whose appointment as temporary Inspector for work under the Labourers Acts we mentioned in our last Report, resigned through ill health, and was succeeded by Mr. John Coffey, J.P.

The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury having authorised the employment of an additional Medical Inspector, temporarily, we selected for the appointment Dr. Joseph Smyth, late Dispensary Medical Officer in the Naas Union.

We have the honour to be

Your Excellency's obedient Servants,

George Wyndham.
H. A. Robinson.
A. P. MacDonnell.
Wm. L. Micks.
T. J. Stafford.
R. Bagwell.

* See page 352. † See page 361.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDICES

TO THE

THIRTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND:

A

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDIX A.

ORDERS AND CIRCULARS UNDER, AND CONNECTED WITH, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (IRELAND) ACTS, 1898 TO 1901.

I.—Orders.

(i.) General Orders (arranged according to date).

STATUTORY RULES AND ORDERS, 1899.
No. 43 *as amended.*

LOCAL GOVERNMENT, IRELAND.

The Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899, (as amended by the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1901, confirmed by 1 Edw. VII., ch. cxli.).

By the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland.

Cadogan.

60 & 61 Vict., c. 37.

Whereas it is enacted by section one hundred and six of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, that the Lord Lieutenant by Order in Council may regulate the procedure of county and district councils in connexion with the business transferred to them by that or any other Act from presentment sessions and grand juries.

Now, therefore, We, the Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, by virtue of the powers vested in us for that purpose as aforesaid, and of all other powers enabling us in that behalf, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Short Title and Interpretation.

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899.

Interpretation.

2.—(1.) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies for the purpose of the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the purpose of the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

60 & 61 Vict., c. 37.

(2.) In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires, the expression "the Act" means the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, and other expressions have the same meaning as in the Act.

Method of exercising Powers of making Presentments.

Proposal of rural district council in place of presentments.

3. A rural district council shall exercise or perform any power or duty transferred to them from baronial presentment sessions of making any presentment by making a proposal under this Order to the county council.

Resolutions of county council in place of presentments.

4.—(1.) A county council shall exercise or perform any power or duty transferred to them from a grand jury of making any presentment by passing a resolution at a quarterly meeting and one resolution may include one or more proposals; provided that resolutions for making payments which do not require proposals of a proposal committee or rural district council may be passed at any special meeting of the county council called for the purpose.

(2.) Where previously to the passing of the Act an application made and approved at baronial or county at large presentment sessions was

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

required before the making of a presentment by the grand jury, a proposal made in accordance with this Order either by a district council or a proposal committee (hereinafter mentioned) of the county council, as the case requires, shall be required before the passing of the resolution of the county council which takes the place of the presentment of the grand jury.

(3.) A single resolution of the county council approving a proposal of a proposal committee shall be a sufficient exercise or performance of the power or duty transferred to the council both from the grand jury and the county at large presentment sessions.

Applications.

Applications necessary.

5. A proposal under this Order shall not be made except upon an application made in accordance with this Order.

Making applications for proposals according to the area off which the cost is intended to be levied.

6. Applications shall be made—

(*a*) if it is intended that the cost of the work, or the payment, specified in the application is to be a county at large charge, to the county council; and

(*b*) if it is intended that the cost of the work, or the payment, specified in the application is to be a district charge, then

(i.) where it is intended that the charge is to be levied off a single district, to the district council of that district and

(ii.) where it is intended that the charge is to be levied off two or more districts, to the district council of the district off which the larger portion of the charge is intended to be levied, or if the charge is to be levied equally off two or more districts, to the district council of any of those districts; and

(*c*) if the application relates to a public work and it is intended that the cost of the work is to be partly a county at large charge and partly a district charge, to the council of the district in which the work or the greater portion thereof is locally situate;

Provided that an application relating to any of the works specified in section 56 of the Grand Juries (Ireland) Act, 1836 (or as respects the county of Dublin section 53 of the County Dublin Grand Jury Act, 1844), shall, notwithstanding that the cost of the work is intended to be a county at large charge, be made to the council of the district in which the work is locally situate. 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 116. 7 & 8 Vict., c. 100.

Mode of making applications.

7.—(1.) Applications to the council may be made by any member of the council by means of notice of motion, and also, in the case of public works, by the county surveyor, by means of the recommendations in the report hereinafter mentioned, and in the case of a payment, by the person claiming the payment by means of a notice in writing.

(2.) The notice of motion by a member of the council must be given as respects any quarter;

(*a*) if the application is to a rural district council, at least twenty days before the day fixed by the county council for the first quarterly meeting in that quarter of any rural district council in the county; and

(*b*) if the application is to a county council at least thirty days before the quarterly meeting of the council in that quarter;

and where the application is to a rural district council, a copy of the notice of motion must be sent to the county surveyor by the clerk of the rural district council as soon as may be after the receipt of the notice, and where it is intended that the charge for the work is to be levied off two or more districts, then to the district council of each of those districts to which the application has not been made.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(3.) A notice of application by a person claiming payment must be sent to the council at least the same period before the quarterly meeting as a notice of motion by a member of the council.

(4.) Every application must be accompanied by the following particulars:—

(*a*) the matter in relation to which the application is made, specifying, if it is a work, or a payment, or any other matter; and

(*b*) the probable expenditure required for the purpose of the application and where the application relates to a work particulars defining the position nature and extent thereof; and

(*c*) where the application relates to a work, whether it is intended that the expenditure is to be raised as a county at large charge, or as a district charge, and in the latter case the district or districts off which it is to be raised.

County Surveyor's report and recommendations.

8.—(1.) The county surveyor shall as soon as may be after the applications to be considered at any quarterly meeting of the rural district council or proposal committee are made examine the applications and before each quarterly meeting of the rural district council or proposal committee make a written report to that council or committee as to the condition of the public works in the district or county the execution of the contracts respecting those works and such further matters as appear to him desirable with a view to maintaining the public works in good condition and repair and shall add to such report recommendations setting forth the proposals which he considers should be made by the district council or proposal committee at the said quarterly meeting either for payments or otherwise in respect of the maintenance of the public works in the district or county and any such recommendation shall be accompanied by the same particulars as an application and shall be deemed for the purpose of this Order to be an application.

(2.) The secretary of the county council shall before each quarterly or other meeting of the proposal committee and county council prepare a list or lists of all payments other than those included in the county surveyor's report referred to in this Article and also proposals (if any) for printing and office requisites and shall lay such list or lists before the proposal committee or the county council as the case may be and the inclusion of any payment or proposal in such lists shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order to be an application.

Publication of applications for new works or involving new contracts.

9. The county council and rural district council respectively shall cause to be published within their county or district a list of all applications made by notice of motion for new public works or involving new contracts as soon as may be after the last day for sending any such notice of motion to the council.

Consideration of Applications.

Proposal committee.

10.—(1.) The proposal committee may be either a committee specially appointed by the county council for the purpose of considering applications and formulating and submitting proposals thereon, or any other committee to whom any application is referred by the council, and may be a committee of the whole council.

(2.) A proposal committee to whom any application is referred shall hold a meeting for the purpose of considering that application on such day as may be fixed by the county council not less than fifteen days before each quarterly meeting of the council, and any such meeting is in this Order included in the expression a quarterly meeting of the proposal committee.

Consideration of applications at quarterly meetings.

11.—(1.) A rural district council and a proposal committee respectively shall at a quarterly meeting take into consideration all such applications as may be made to the rural district council or the county council, as the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

case may be, in accordance with this Order, and shall not formulate a proposal on any such application except at such a meeting.

(2.) The summons to attend a quarterly meeting of a rural district council or of a proposal committee shall comprise a list of all applications to be considered at the meeting, which are for new public works or involve new contracts.

Day for quarterly meetings of district council.

12.—(1.) The rural district council shall hold their quarterly meetings on such days as the county council may determine.

(2.) The county council shall fix such days for the quarterly meetings of the rural district councils, and the rural district councils shall fix such days for any adjournments of those meetings, as will make it possible for the county surveyor or an assistant surveyor to be present at each such meeting or adjourned meeting.

(3.) If a quarterly meeting of a county council proposal committee or rural district council as the case may be is not held owing to the non-attendance of a quorum of members on the day fixed for such meeting the secretary of the county council or the clerk of the rural district council as the case may be may in accordance with any standing orders of his council summon a special meeting for the transaction of the business of the quarterly meeting and the proceedings at such special meeting shall (anything in this Order to the contrary notwithstanding) be deemed as valid and effectual as if the business had been transacted on the day fixed for such quarterly meeting.

Proposals formulated on consideration of applications.

13.—(1.) The district council and the proposal committee on the consideration of applications at each quarterly meeting may reject any application or adopt it, either wholly or in part or subject to any limit of expenditure or other conditions, or modifications as they may think fit, provided that the amount of the expenditure named in the application shall not be exceeded.

(2.) Where at any such meeting the rural district council or proposal committee decide to adopt any application either in whole or in part, they shall cause a proposal to be formulated in accordance with their decision, and if the proposal is for the execution of a public work—

(*a*) shall decide whether the expense of executing the work should be defrayed by means of borrowing, and, if it is so decided, the number of years within which the money borrowed should be paid off, and shall cause their decision to be embodied as part of the formulated proposal; and

(*b*) shall cause a list of the particulars of all proposals as formulated to be forwarded to the county surveyor within seven days after the date of the meeting and shall cause the county surveyor to prepare plans and specifications, expressing the nature and extent of the work, the time within which the work is to be completed, and if the council or committee think fit the quantity and description of materials proper to be employed upon it, and such other particulars as the council or committee direct.

Provisional proposals for new works where expense exceeds fifty pounds.

14.—(1.) Where any application to a rural district council or proposal committee is for the execution of any new public work the probable expense of which in the opinion of the county surveyor will exceed fifty pounds that council or committee may either reject or provisionally approve it; but if the application is provisionally approved the council or committee shall adjourn the final consideration of the proposal to a quarterly meeting held in the next quarter.

(2.) Any proposal, the consideration of which is so adjourned, is in this Order referred to as a provisional proposal.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(3.) The rural district council and the proposal committee, as the case may be, shall, at the meeting to which the consideration of any such provisional proposal has been adjourned, consider the plans and specifications prepared by the county surveyor, and also any other plans and specifications submitted to them for carrying out the work with regard to which the proposal is made, and may adopt any of those plans and specifications with such modifications as they think fit, provided that the amount of the proposal shall not be exceeded.

(4.) When the plans and specifications have been approved by the council or committee, the proposal shall cease to be a provisional proposal, and shall be dealt with as an ordinary proposal.

Provisions as to limit of expenditure on roads.

15.—(1.) The county surveyor shall add to his report made to each district council at a quarterly meeting held not later than the thirty-first day of January in each year or such other date as the Local Government Board may in any case sanction an estimate of the road expenditure for the next financial year that is to say of the amount which will be required during that year for the maintenance of the roads in the district in good condition and repair including any amount to be levied off the district in respect of main roads or in respect of any road the cost of which is levied partly off any other district.

(2.) The rural district council shall at the said quarterly meeting consider such estimate and cause their own estimate of such current road expenditure to be made out and submitted to the county council within seven days after the date of the said meeting.

(3.) The county council, before approving any proposals made in respect of roads by a rural district council, shall compare the cost, as estimated by the county surveyor, of carrying into effect such proposals with the estimate so submitted by the rural district council with the object of ascertaining that the approval of such proposals will not, having regard to the estimate, cause any excess of expenditure on roads above the limit allowed by section 27 of the Act.

(4.) The county council, before approving a proposal by the rural district council for any new road, shall be satisfied by the certificate of the county surveyor that the estimate submitted by the rural district council is reasonably sufficient to maintain the roads in the district in good condition and repair, and that the probable cost of such new road will not, when added to the cost of the said maintenance, cause any excess of expenditure on roads above the limit allowed by section 27 of the Act.

(5.) For the purpose of this article, a new road includes any new bridge, pipe, arch, gullet, fence, railing, or wall forming part of a road.

Tenders.

Preparation of forms of tender.

16.—(1.) Where a proposal (other than a provisional proposal) is formulated by the rural district council or a proposal committee for the execution of any public work, that council or committee shall take steps for obtaining tenders for the work, and shall adjourn their meeting for the purpose to a day fixed by them, not being less than seven days after the day on which the adjournment is made.

(2.) The rural district council, so far as regards proposals formulated by them, and the proposal committee, so far as regards proposals formulated by the proposal committee, shall, as soon as may be, cause notice to be published within their district or county of their readiness to receive tenders, and also of the manner in which tenders must be made, and of the day by which they must be received, that day being some day previous to the day fixed for the adjourned quarterly meeting, provided that where any proposal formulated by a rural district council or proposal committee involves the acquisition of land such council or committee shall not cause

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

tenders to be invited for the execution of the work until the necessary land has been acquired.

(3.) The rural district council or the county council, as the case may be, shall cause forms of tender to be prepared in accordance with the plans and specifications of the county surveyor, and kept at the offices of the council for delivery to any person wishing to send in a tender, and shall also cause the plans, specifications, and particulars prepared by the county surveyor with regard to the work to be open for inspection gratis at all reasonable hours at the office of the council.

(4.) The provisions of this Order with respect to special meetings in the case of non-attendance of a quorum of members on the day fixed for a quarterly meeting shall apply with the necessary modifications to an adjourned meeting held in pursuance of this Article.

Particulars to be contained in tenders.

17.—(1.) Every tender must be signed by the person making the tender, and enclosed in a sealed envelope, and must state—

(*a*) the lowest sum for which the person tendering is willing to contract for the performance of the work; and

(*b*) the description and address of the person tendering; and

(*c*) the name of the guarantor for the performance of the contract.

(2.) The guarantor shall be some sufficient company or society willing to guarantee the performance of the contract, or, if it is a case in which the council or proposal committee have in their notice of tender stated that sureties may be accepted, then either such company or society or two sufficient persons who are willing to be bound as sureties for the performance of the contract, provided that the council or proposal committee may if they think fit accept as sureties persons other than those named in the tender.

Opening of tenders.

18.—(1.) The rural district council or the proposal committee shall at their adjourned quarterly meeting open and consider the tenders received in respect of proposals formulated by them.

(2.) The council or committee shall not accept any tender, unless—

(*a*) the person tendering appears and satisfies the council or committee of the sufficiency of the guarantor and the willingness of the guarantor to give the guarantee; and

(*b*) the person tendering satisfies the council or committee that the tender has not been made for any unfair or fraudulent purpose; and

(*c*) the person tendering and the guarantor enter into security in accordance with this Order for the due performance of the contract.

(3.) The security for the due performance of the contract shall be—

(*a*) where the guarantor is a company or society, an instrument executed by the person tendering and by the company or society, securing in case of non-performance of the contract payment to the county council of such sum as the county council direct, not being less than the total sum payable under the contract; and

(*b*) in a case where sureties are accepted, the joint and several bond of the person tendering and his sureties, conditioned in a penalty of double the sum mentioned in the tender as the sum for which the person tendering is willing to contract, or, if that sum exceeds one thousand pounds, of the sum so mentioned in the tender, with an addition of one thousand pounds.

(4.) Subject to compliance with the provisions of this article, the council or committee may, at their discretion, accept the lowest or any other tender, or reject every tender.

(5.) The acceptance of any tender shall be provisional on the approval by the county council of the tender, as hereinafter mentioned.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Consideration of Proposals.

List and particulars of proposals.

19.—(1.) The rural district council and the proposal committee respectively shall as soon as may be, cause a list of the proposals formulated by them to be made out and submitted to the county council.

(2.) The list of proposals shall give, as regards each proposal, particulars—

(*a*) respecting the matter for which the proposal is made (specifying whether it is for a work or for a payment or for any other matter); and

(*b*) if the proposal involves the expenditure of money respecting the sum authorised to be expended its chargeability and any decision of the council or committee as to borrowing to meet the expenditure; and

(*c*) if the proposal is for the execution of any work—

(i.) full particulars clearly defining the position nature and extent of the work;

(ii.) where a tender has been accepted, respecting the proposed contractor and the terms of the contract, including the name and description of the guarantor; and

(iii.) where a tender has not been accepted, respecting the reason for no tender being accepted.

(3.) Proposals for new works, proposals for the maintenance of works, proposals for payment, and provisional proposals shall be placed in separate parts in the list of proposals; and proposals relating to roads, or payments in respect of roads, shall be distinguished from proposals relating to other works or payments.

Consideration of proposals by county councils

20.—(1.) The county council shall at each quarterly meeting consider all proposals (other than provisional proposals) which have been formulated either by the rural district council or by a proposal committee, but shall not formally consider any provisional proposals.

(2.) Subject to the provisions of this Order the functions of the county council in considering the proposals of a rural district council shall be limited to the approval or rejection of the proposals.

(3.) Where the county council are willing to approve of any proposal of the rural district council if the proposal is modified but not otherwise, they may if they think fit instead of finally approving or rejecting the proposal, refer the proposal back to the rural district council with a statement of the modifications required.

(4.) The county council may approve, reject, or modify as they think fit any proposal of their proposal committee, so that the modification does not cause any increase of expenditure, or may refer the proposal back to the same or any other proposal committee.

(5.) When a proposal is so referred back to a rural district council or proposal committee, they shall reconsider it at a quarterly meeting held in the next quarter, and may make in the proposal such modifications if any as they think fit.

(6.) Proposals so reconsidered shall be included in a separate part in the list of proposals with a statement of the modifications (if any) made in the original proposal.

(7.) Where the county council reject or refer back a proposal of the rural district council, they shall send to that council a statement giving the reasons for that rejection or reference.

(8.) The county council may adjourn the consideration of a proposal for a new work to their next quarterly meeting for the purpose of the preparation of plans or of further enquiry, or other special reason, but an adjournment under this provision shall not be made more than once.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

21. The county council shall as respects each quarter or half-year cause to be made out and as soon as may be published within their county a statement showing separately— Quarterly or half-yearly statement by county council of business transacted

(*a*) the proposals approved by them during the quarter or half-year and the manner in which they have been dealt with; and

(*b*) such resolutions in relation to business transferred to them from the grand jury passed by them during the quarter or half-year as under the laws for the time being in force it is imperative on them to pass and such other resolutions as the county council may direct distinguishing the resolutions it is imperative on them to pass as aforesaid.

Contracts.

22. All public works executed in pursuance of a proposal of the rural district council or proposal committee approved under this Order by the county council shall be executed by contract, except in cases where under the provisions of any Act or this Order works are given into the charge of or can be executed by the county surveyor. Works to be executed by contract.

Provided that it shall be lawful for the county council if they see fit to arrange otherwise than by contract for the repair of courthouses sessions houses piers and quays bridges culverts guard walls sign posts and milestones.

23. Where an application is made for a proposal with regard to the repair of any road, the rural district council, or the proposal committee, as the case may be, shall consider whether it is not expedient to contract for that repair for a term of years, and may, if they think fit, make a proposal for such a contract for a period not exceeding seven years, and if such a proposal is made the form of tender shall be prepared in accordance therewith. Contracts for repair for term of years.

24.—(1.) Where at any adjourned quarterly meeting no tenders are received or accepted in the case of any work, a proposal for which has been formulated by the rural district council or proposal committee, that fact shall be noted in the list of proposals sent by the council or committee to the county council, and the secretary of the county council or such other person as may be authorised by the county council may in accordance with any standing orders of the council issue advertisements inviting tenders for any of such works to be made to the county council, and the county council may, if they approve the proposal, enter into a contract for the execution of the work proposed or, if no sufficient contractor can be found, give the work into the charge of the county surveyor for such period not exceeding twelve months as the county council may determine. Provision for case where no tender is received

(2.) The county council shall not, under this Article, authorise the expenditure of any larger sum on the work than that proposed by the rural district council or proposal committee, as the case may be.

25.—(1.) Where the county council approve any proposal of a rural district council or proposal committee for any work, and the rural district council or committee have accepted a tender for the work, the county council shall subject to the provisions of this Article enter into a contract for the execution of the work, in accordance with the tender accepted, and the county council may if they think fit enter into any such contract by affixing their seal to the tender provisionally accepted by the rural district council or proposal committee as the case may be. Contracts in accordance with tenders.

(2.) Where the county council have referred a proposal for the maintenance of any work back to the rural district council on the ground that they are dissatisfied with the tender accepted by the rural district council (including dissatisfaction with the guarantor), or for modification by such council, they may, if they think fit, proceed with the execution of the work as if the proposal had been approved, and for that purpose may put the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

work into the charge of the county surveyor until the proposal is ultimately approved or is rejected.

(3.) Where the county council have referred any proposal back to the rural district council on the ground that they are dissatisfied with the tender accepted by the rural district council (including dissatisfaction with the guarantor), the rural district council shall on the reconsideration of the proposal take steps for obtaining fresh tenders for the work, and for that purpose proceed in the matter as in the case of an original proposal.

(4.) Where in consequence of the modifications made by the county council in any proposal of a proposal committee, it is found impossible to enter into a contract in accordance with the tender accepted by the committee, or where the county council approve of the proposed work, but not of the tender accepted by the proposal committee, the council shall refer the proposal back to a proposal committee, and that committee on the reconsideration of the proposal, shall take steps for obtaining fresh tenders in manner provided by this Order with respect to an original proposal.

(5.) If the proposal is for a work of maintenance, the county council may, if they think fit, put the work in the charge of the county surveyor until the proposal is ultimately approved.

(6.) The county council shall not, under this Article, authorise the expenditure by the county surveyor of any larger sum on any work than that proposed by the rural district council or proposal committee, as the case may be.

(7.) Where any proposal for a work approved by the county council involves the borrowing of money, the county council shall not enter into any contract for, or otherwise proceed with the execution of the work, until the Local Government Board have sanctioned the borrowing of that money.

(8.) Where any proposal approved by the county council relates to any work to which section 57 of the Grand Juries (Ireland) Act, 1836 (or as respects the County of Dublin section 54 of the County Dublin Grand Jury Act, 1844), which relates to works on the boundary of two counties, applies, the county council shall not enter into any contract for, or otherwise proceed with the execution of the work, until they are satisfied that the provisions of the said section with regard to raising one-half the expense of the work off the adjoining county or some district thereof have been complied with.

Execution of Public Works otherwise than by Contract.

Execution of works otherwise than by contract.

25A.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in this Order relating to the execution of public works by contract the council of any county may if they think fit after consideration of a report to be made by the county surveyor with reference to each rural district in the county in the prescribed form and containing the particulars set out in the schedule to this Order make a general declaration specifying the roads in any one or more of such districts which have been selected by them as suitable to be maintained by direct labour under the charge of the county surveyor and upon making such declaration the council shall formulate a scheme for carrying the same into effect.

(2) At any time after the end of three years the council may if they think fit reconsider the declaration and may with the approval of the Local Government Board make a new declaration and so on at intervals of not less than three years.

(3) Such declaration shall at first be a provisional declaration and shall be communicated in the prescribed manner by the county council to the Local Government Board and the council of each district in reference to which such declaration has been made.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(4) After the prescribed time and after considering any representations which may meantime have been submitted either by any district council or by any person claiming to be interested the county council shall take the said provisional declaration into consideration and may adopt the same either in its original form or after modifying it either by way of exclusion or inclusion of roads provided that it shall be obligatory on the county council to include in such declaration as finally adopted all roads other than main roads in any district which the council of the district recommend for inclusion.

(5) The county council shall forthwith communicate the declaration as finally adopted to the Local Government Board and to every district council in the county and any such district council if aggrieved by the declaration or by the inclusion therein or omission therefrom of any road may within the prescribed time appeal to the Local Government Board and that Board after communication with the county council shall consider any such appeals and may in any case approve or disapprove of the declaration of the county council or make any declaration which the county council could have made and that declaration shall operate as a declaration by the council.

(6) No declaration shall come into operation until it has been approved by the Local Government Board together with the scheme for carrying it into effect and that Board when approving a declaration or scheme may make such modifications therein as they consider necessary.

(7) A declaration when approved by the Local Government Board shall remain in force for a period of three years from the date of such approval and may be brought into operation by the council from time to time during the said period of three years in respect of any road not being the subject of an existing contract.

(8) When a declaration in pursuance of this Article has been adopted by a county council and approved by the Local Government Board a district council may when a proposal for the maintenance or repair of any road included in the declaration comes before them for consideration approve of such proposal with a recommendation to the county council that the work be given into the charge of the county surveyor or the district council may if they think it desirable proceed in the manner provided by this Order to invite tenders for the work and may provisionally accept a tender for its execution.

(9) When a proposal of a district council affecting a road included in a declaration under this Article comes before the county council for consideration if the county council are of opinion that for special reasons it is inexpedient that the work should be executed in the manner proposed by the district council and the Local Government Board certify that they are of the same opinion the county council may direct the work to be executed in such manner in accordance with the provisions of this Order as they think fit. Provided that nothing in this Order shall authorise a county council to expend on the maintenance and repair of any road any greater sum than that proposed by the rural district council or to exceed the limit mentioned in section 27 of the Act.

Payment on Contracts

26.—A payment shall not be made to a contractor in respect of any public works unless the county surveyor certifies—

(*a*) if the payment is to be made before the completion of the contract, that the payment may be so made under the terms of the contract; and

(*b*) in any case that the work in respect of which the payment is to be made, has been executed in accordance with the contract;

and an application on the part of the contractor for such a payment shall not be considered unless the certificate of the county surveyor to that effect is produced to the rural district council or proposal committee, as the case may be.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Time for payments on contracts.

27.—(1.) Contracts may provide for payments to a contractor—

(*a.*) where the contract is for work of maintenance and for a term of years, at any period not exceeding six months, for work executed during that period; and

(*b.*) in the case of any other contract, for the payment to the contractor before the completion of the work of such proportion, not being more than eighty-five per cent. of the sums expended by him on the contract, as may be specified in the contract.

(2.) Where no special provision is made by the contract in accordance with this Article, a payment shall not be made to a contractor until the completion of the contract.

Application of Order to County Boroughs and Urban Districts.

Application to county boroughs.

28. This Order (with the exception of the provisions thereof relating to the execution of public works by contract and the making of contracts and obtaining tenders therefor) shall apply within a county borough so far as respects any powers or duties in relation to any business transferred from a grand jury or presentment sessions to the council of the borough, either by the Act or by any previous Act, for which the fiat or sanction of any court, judge, or recorder was required, and shall so apply as if the cost of the execution or performance of those powers and duties were a county at large charge.

Application to urban districts.

29. This Order shall apply within an urban county district so far as respects any works, the maintenance of which is partly leviable off the county at large and partly off the urban district (with the exception of roads, the entire maintenance of which is undertaken by the urban district council under sub-section six of section twenty-seven of the Act), and shall so apply as if the urban district council were a rural district council.

Procedure under section 82 (2) of the Act.

Postopping up or abandoning an old road or public work.

30.—(1.) The provisions of this Order with respect to a new work shall, so far as circumstances admit, apply to the stopping up or abandonment of an old road or public work.

(2.) The manner in which an objection by a ratepayer to a resolution of the county council to stop up or abandon an old road or public work is to be lodged shall be the sending of a written notice of objection to the county council and to the Local Government Board.

(3.) The time within which any such objection by a ratepaysr is to be lodged shall be any time not later than the end of six months after notice of the said resolution of the county council has been published within the county.

General.

Meetings.

31.—(1.) Every meeting of the county council during the consideration of proposals under this Order, and of the rural district council or proposal committee, during the consideration of applications under this Order shall be open to the public.

(2.) A reference to any quarterly or other meeting includes a reference to an adjournment of any such meeting.

(3.) Any power given by this Order to a county council to fix any meeting either of the district council or of a proposal committee, or to refer an application to a proposal committee, may be exercised by either a general or a special direction of the council.

Duties of county surveyor

32.—(1.) The county surveyor in the exercise of any powers or duties given by this Order shall conform with any directions that may be given him by the county council for carrying the Order into effect.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(2.) When the office of county surveyor is vacant, anything authorised or required by this Order to be done by, to, or before the county surveyor may be done by, to, or before any assistant surveyor of the county council, or, if there is no such assistant surveyor, any person appointed by the county council for the purpose.

Printing.

33.—(1.) The rural district council may make such arrangements as they think fit with respect to such printing as is required in connection with the business transferred to them from presentment sessions.

(2.) All printing required in connection with the business transferred to the county council from the grand jury or county at large presentment sessions shall be executed by contract, and tenders shall be obtained for such contract in like manner, so nearly as circumstances admit, as in the case of a public work;

Provided that if such printing is required in any exceptional case which is not comprised in any contract the printing may be done without such contract, but the total cost of the printing so done in any one year shall not exceed fifty pounds unless the Local Government Board in any particular case authorise the expenditure of a larger sum.

Publication of notices and documents.

34.—(1.) Where any notice or document is to be published under this Order by any council—

(a.) that notice or document should be published by fixing copies of it in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of the office of that council and also at such other places as the council direct. If the council think fit they may also publish the notice or document by advertising it in any newspaper circulating within the area within which it is to be published or by sending a copy thereof to each district council within such area and by inserting in a newspaper circulating within the said area a notice to the effect that such notice or document is in the possession of the clerks of the said district councils and is open for inspection gratis at the offices of those councils; and

(b.) the notice or document shall be open for inspection gratis at all reasonable hours at the offices of the said councils.

Application of 61 & 62 Vict., c. 37, s. 115 (18).

35A.—For the purposes of sub-section (18) of section 115 of the Act this Order shall be deemed to be a thing done in pursuance of the Act.

Savings.

35.—(1). This Order shall not apply to any business of the county council other than the business transferred from the grand jury or county at large presentment sessions, as the case may be, except so far as any provisions thereof may be applied to such business by the standing orders of the county council.

(2.) Where the payment of a sum by any county council, or by the treasurer of such council or other officer of the council on behalf of the council is ordered by a judge of assize, or is required either to comply with any enactment, or to meet either a judgment or decree of any competent court, to an order for the payment or collection of any money made by the Lord Lieutenant in pursuance of any Act, nothing in this Order shall prevent the county council, if they think fit, from passing a resolution and ordering the payment of the sum of money at any meeting not a quarterly meeting, and without any proposal of a district council or proposal committee.

Given at the Council Chamber, Dublin Castle, this 30th day of January, 1899.

Ashbourne, C.
William O'Brien.
Richard Martin.
Morris.
John Atkinson.
W. J. Pirrie.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

The SCHEDULE referred to in Article 25A.

Particulars to be included in the County Surveyor's Report.

I. A map showing all the roads included in the report and in a distinctive colour any main roads so included.

II.—(*a.*) A schedule defining the class position and length of each road included in the report and showing the average yearly cost of its maintenance during the last three years the amount of any existing contract for its maintenance and when such contract will expire and the annual amount which the county surveyor estimates should be expended for materials and labour respectively on its maintenance in good condition and repair.

(*b.*) A statement of the average annual amount estimated by the county surveyor as necessary for the repair and maintenance of walls bridges footpaths and drains on roads included in the report.

III. A statement of the sub-division or groups of the roads included in the report which might with advantage be provided for by a single proposal or item in the estimate for administrative work, such sub-divisions or groups to be called sections.

IV. Particulars regarding each section in relation to:—

(1.) Quarries available for the supply of materials. The method in which such quarries are proposed to be worked and the material prepared and delivered on the roads.

(2.) The machinery and plant to be employed including steam rollers, steam stone breakers, and horse brushes.

(3.) The number of horses and carts to be employed and how they are to be provided.

(4.) The number of overseers stating in full their duties as regards supervision and time keeping and their rate of wages.

(5.) The number of men to be employed in winter and in summer their average rate of pay and by whom they are to be employed and dismissed with a statement as to whether the number of men can be obtained in the district at wages similar to the wages now paid for ordinary labour or whether a higher rate of wages must be paid to bring men from a distance.

(6.) The manner in which the amount of material used is to be accurately checked.

(7.) The periods at which payments are to be made and the arrangements for payments.

(8.) The proposed duties of the assistant surveyor in relation to the report and the number of miles in his district included in the report and not so included respectively and the mileage of roads in his district which have been in charge of the county surveyor on the average of the preceding three years.

V. In cases where owing to the existence of unexpired contracts for the maintenance of roads included in the report a general declaration cannot be brought into full operation at once the county surveyor shall after consideration of all such existing contracts furnish particulars of the arrangements proposed for the working of the incomplete scheme in each of the three years during which the declaration is effective.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

ORDER AMENDING the First Schedule of the URBAN DISTRICT COUNCILLORS and TOWN COMMISSIONERS (IRELAND) ELECTION ORDER, 1898.

To the County Council of every Administrative County of Ireland:
To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Councillors of every Borough in Ireland not being a County Borough:
To the Urban District Council of every Urban District in Ireland not being a Borough:
To the Clerk of every such Urban District Council:
To the Town Commissioners of every Town having Commissioners under any Act but which is not an Urban District:
To the Clerk of the Town Commissioners of every such Town:
And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by an Order under Our Seal entitled the "Urban District Councillors and Town Commissioners (Ireland) Election Order, 1898," We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did order amongst other matters that, subject to any directions which might be given by Us and until we should otherwise order, the Times to be observed in connection with proceedings at the elections of Urban District Councillors (including Aldermen and Councillors in Boroughs other than County Boroughs) and Commissioners in towns not being Urban Districts in Ireland (which elections are hereinafter collectively referred to as the elections) should be such as are set forth in the First Schedule to Our said Order:

And Whereas, it is expedient that further directions as to the Times to be observed in connection with the said proceedings at the elections should be given:

Now therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, subject to any directions which may be given by Us and until We otherwise order, do hereby order as follows, that is to say:—If and when any one of the dates fixed in the First Schedule to the "Urban District Councillors and Town Commissioners (Ireland) Election Order, 1898," for the Times to be observed at the elections in connection with the proceedings numbered in the said Schedule 2, 3, 4, and 5 in any year falls on a Sunday and reference to it is in consequence construed as a reference to the following day, references in the said Schedule to subsequent dates, other than the date for the day of election, shall be construed in like manner.

Sealed with Our Seal the Twenty-ninth day of November, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.] (Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

REGULATION for the purposes of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, prescribing the time within which Petitions may be lodged in certain cases against Provisional Orders authorising County or Urban District Councils to take or use any land, or any easements or rights over or in land.

WHEREAS by Sub-section (2) of Section 10 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted in effect that where, under Section 203 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878 (hereinafter referred to as the Public Health Act), modified in accordance with the provisions of Sub-sections (1) and (2) of Section 10 of the Act, a Provisional Order is made by the Local Government Board for Ireland authorising a County Council to purchase any land or any easements or rights over or in land otherwise than by agreement, and such Order does not affect demesne land, it may be confirmed without the autho-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

rity of Parliament in manner provided by Section 12 of the Labourers (Ireland) Act, 1885 (hereinafter referred to as the Labourers Act), and that Section and any enactment amending the same shall apply with the necessary modifications;

And whereas by Sub-section (4) of Section 27 of the Act it is enacted in effect that the council of every Urban County District shall, for the purpose of any business transferred to them from a grand jury either by the Act or any other Act or by any Order under the Public Health Act, have the same powers as respects lands or easements or rights over land as a County Council; and that the provisions of Section 10 of the Act shall apply with the necessary modifications;

And whereas, by Sub-section (2) of Section 12 of the Labourers Act, it is among other things enacted that petitions under that Section may be lodged within such time, not less than one month after the making and publication of the Provisional Order, as the said Local Government Board may from time to time by regulation prescribe:

Now therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland in pursuance of Section 12 of the Labourers Act, as applied by Sub-section (2) of Section 10, and Sub-section (4) of Section 27 of the Act, do hereby order, regulate, and prescribe for the purposes of the Act as follows:—

The time within which petitions may be lodged against any Provisional Order, to which the said Section 12 of the Labourers Act is applied as aforesaid, shall be one calendar month after the making and publication of such Order, and the date of the publication thereof shall for the purposes of this regulation be deemed to be the day, or the last of the days, on which such Order shall have been published by means of advertisement in three different newspapers, circulating within the county or district of the Council which shall have obtained such Order.

Sealed with Our Seal of Office, this Fourth day of December, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

ORDER AMENDING the First Schedule of the Aldermen and Councillors of County Boroughs (Ireland) Election Order, 1898.

To the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Dublin:
To the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Belfast:
To the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Cork:
To the Mayors, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Limerick, Londonderry, and Waterford:
To the Town Clerks of Dublin, Belfast, Cork, Limerick, Londonderry, and Waterford:
And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by an Order under Our Seal entitled the "Aldermen and Councillors of County Boroughs (Ireland) Election Order, 1898," We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did order amongst other matters that, subject to any directions which might be given by Us and until we should otherwise order, the Times to be observed in connection with proceedings at the elections of Aldermen and Councillors of County Boroughs in Ireland (which elections are hereinafter collectively referred to as the elections) should be such as are set forth in the First Schedule to Our said Order:

And whereas, it is expedient that further directions as to the Times to be observed in connection with the said proceedings at the elections should be given:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, subject to any directions which may be given by Us and until We otherwise order, do hereby order as follows, that is to say:—If and when any one of the dates fixed in the First Schedule to the "Aldermen and Councillors of County Boroughs (Ireland) Election Order, 1898" for the Times to be observed at the elections in connection with the proceedings numbered in the said Schedule 2, 3, 4, and 5 in any year falls on a Sunday and reference to it is in consequence construed as a reference to the following day, references in the said Schedule to subsequent dates, other than the date for the day of election, shall be construed in like manner.

Sealed with Our Seal this Seventh day of December, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.

GENERAL ORDER.

FURTHER PROVISIONS for ELECTIONS, under the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, of COUNTY AND RURAL DISTRICT COUNCILLORS.

WHEREAS by Article 5 of the Schedule to an Order made the Twenty-second day of December, 1898, by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant in Council, under Section 104 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is ordered that the Election of County and Rural District Councillors shall be conducted in accordance with Rules framed under the said Order by the Local Government Board for Ireland:

And whereas We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, acting in pursuance of the powers given to us by the said Order in Council, did make and issue a General Order entitled the "County and Rural District Councillors (Ireland), No. 2 Election Order, 1899," for the regulation of the proceedings to be followed at Ordinary Elections of such County and Rural District Councillors:

And whereas We did by Our said General Order, direct that the same should remain in force until We should otherwise order:

And whereas We now deem it expedient to make certain further provisions:

Now therefore, We do further order with respect to the Elections of County and Rural District Councillors as is hereinafter set forth:—

1. In every County Electoral Division comprised by or containing an Urban District, the Returning Officer shall appoint as his Deputy for all purposes relating to the Election of a County Councillor or Councillors for such County Electoral Division if such Urban District is a Borough, the Town Clerk, and if such Urban District is not a Borough, the Clerk of the Urban District Council.

2. If the office of Town Clerk or Clerk of the Urban District Council is vacant, or if the Town Clerk or Clerk of the Urban District Council is, in the opinion of the Local Government Board for Ireland, unable to perform the duties of Deputy Returning Officer for all the purposes referred to in Article 1 of this Order, or if such Town Clerk or Clerk becomes unable to complete the performance of such duties, the Returning Officer shall appoint some other fit and competent person to perform the said duties, or to complete the performance of the said duties, as the case may be.

Given under Our Seal of Office, this Eighteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(ii.) Local and Special Orders (arranged according to date).

Adjustment Order.

Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Guarantee (Co. Dublin.)

Whereas it is directed by Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Order in Council), that where a barony or any other area liable under any guarantee is divided between two or more counties or county districts the Local Government Board for Ireland shall, by an Order or Orders apportion and adjust such guarantee between the divided parts of the barony or area affected as the case may be and such adjustment may be made to vary in any manner in which the amount of the guarantee or liability may vary:

And Whereas it is further directed by the same article of the Order in Council that such Order or Orders of the said Local Government Board shall contain such consequential provisions as that Board may deem necessary with respect to the transfer or retention of any property, duties, and liabilities, with or without any conditions:

And Whereas by the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Order, 1887, (hereinafter referred to as the Tramway Order), certain portions of the baronies of Rathdown, Uppercross, and Newcastle. in the County of Dublin, were made liable to a guarantee in respect of a paid-up capital not exceeding £20,000 (hereinafter referred to as the guarantee) in favour of the undertaking referred to therein (and hereinafter called the undertaking):

And Whereas, by the operation of the Local Government (Ireland) Ast, 1898, the said portions of the said baronies so made liable to the guarantee are divided between the Rural District of South Dublin and the Rural District of Celbridge No. 2; and the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies has been transferred to the councils of the said Rural Districts so far as respects their several districts:

And Whereas by clause 32 of the Tramway Order, it is directed in effect that the said baronies shall be represented in the direction and supervisiou of the affairs and financo of the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Company (hereinafter referred to as the Company), so far as relates to the undertaking by an auditor who may from time to time be appointed by the said baronies to inspect the books and accounts of the Company, or by a director on the Board of the Company to be selected by the presentment sessions for the said baronies:

And Whereas We, the said Local Government Board, deem it necessary that certain provisions should be made with respect to the appointment of an auditor or the selection of a director of the Company and other matters consequential upon the division of the said portions of the said baronies between the aforesaid Rural Districts and the transfer to the councils of the said districts of the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies so far as respects the said districts:

And Whereas by clause 34 of the Light Railway Order it is directed that it shall be the duty of the grand jury of the County of Dublin to appoint at each Easter Sittings an auditor for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the undertaking; and the business of the said grand jury has been transferred by section 4 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, to the council of the administrative County of Dublin (hereinafter referred to as the county council):

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the Order in Council, do hereby order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

1. The guarantee shall be apportioned between the portion of the chargeable area situate in the Rural District of South Dublin and the portion of such area situate in the Rural District of Celbridge No. 2, in the manner set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

2. A joint committee of the councils of the Rural Districts aforesaid shall be appointed annually to exercise the powers given to the presentment sessions of the aforesaid baronies by clause 32 of the Tramway Order. The joint committee shall consist of—

Seven members of the council of the Rural District of South Dublin;

Two members of the council of the Rural District of Celbridge No. 2.

3. The several members of the joint committee shall be appointed in the proportion above set forth by each council respectively at its first quarterly meeting in every year.

4. It shall be the duty of the county council to appoint an auditor under clause 34 of the Tramway Order at their first quarterly meeting in each year.

5. A vacancy in the representation of a district council on the joint committee may be filled by such council at a meeting of which due notice shall be given.

6. The meetings of the joint committee shall be summoned by the clerk of the council of the Rural District of South Dublin, who shall give at least three clear days' notice of the time and place of meeting to each member of such committee.

7. The joint committee shall elect a chairman, and in case of an equal number of votes being given for two or more persons at the election of chairman, the committee shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be chairman; in any other case of equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

8. If from any cause the appointment of a member or members of the joint committee is not made at the first quarterly meeting of a district council, the Local Government Board for Ireland may make such Order or Orders as may be necessary to enable such appointment to be made at any other meeting.

9. The expression "first quarterly meeting" shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of January in any year: provided that as regards the year 1901, that expression shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of April.

Sealed with our Seal this Fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and one.

[L.S.]

(Signed), Wm. L. Micks.

Schedule.

County Districts in which the area chargeable is situate.	Portion of Guarantee in respect of which the area of charge in each County District is liable.
	£
Rural District of South Dublin, .	15,770
Rural District of Celbridge No. 2,	4,230

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ADJUSTMENT ORDER.

Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Guarantee (Co. Wicklow.)

WHEREAS it is directed by Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Order in Council), that where a barony or any other area liable under any guarantee is divided between two or more counties or county districts the Local Government Board for Ireland shall, by an Order or Orders apportion and adjust such guarantee between the divided parts of the barony or area affected as the case may be and such adjustment may be made to vary in any manner in which the amount of the guarantee or liability may vary:

And Whereas it is further directed by the same article of the Order in Council that such Order or Orders of the said Local Government Board shall contain such consequential provisions as that Board may deem necessary with respect to the transfer or retention of any property, duties, and liabilities, with or without any conditions:

And Whereas by the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Order, 1887 (hereinafter referred to as the Tramway Order)—a portion of the barony of Lower Talbotstown was made liable to a guarantee in respect of a paid-up capital not exceeding £20,000 (hereinafter referred to as the guarantee) in favour of the undertaking referred to therein (and hereinafter called the undertaking):

And Whereas, by the operation of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the said portion of the barony of Lower Talbotstown so made liable to the guarantee is divided between the Rural District of Naas No. 2, and the Rural District of Baltinglass No. 1; and the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies has been transferred to the councils of the said Rural Districts so far as respects their several districts:

And Whereas by clause 32 of the Tramway Order, it is directed in effect that the said barony of Lower Talbotstown shall be represented in the direction and supervision of the affairs and finance of the Dublin and Blessington Steam Tramway Company (hereinafter referred to as the Company) so far as relates to the undertaking by an auditor or auditors who may from time to time be appointed by the presentment sessions for the said barony to inspect the books of the Company or by a director on the Board of the Company to be selected by the said presentment sessions:

And Whereas We, the said Local Government Board, deem it necessary that certain provisions should be made with respect to the appointment of an auditor or auditors or the selection of a director of the Company and other matters consequential upon the division of the portion of the said barony between the aforesaid Rural Districts, and the transfer to the councils of the said districts of the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies so far as respects the said districts:

And Whereas by clause 34 of the Tramway Order it is directed that it shall be the duty of the grand jury of the County of Wicklow to appoint at each Spring Assizes an auditor for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the undertaking; and the business of the said grand jury has been transferred by section 4 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, to the council of the administrative County of Wicklow (hereinafter referred to as the county council):

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the Order in Council, do hereby order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

1. The guarantee shall be apportioned between the portion of the chargeable area situate in the Rural District of Naas No. 2, and the portion of such area situate in the Rural District of Baltinglass No. 1. in the manner set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

2. A joint committee of the councils of the Rural Districts aforesaid shall be appointed annually to exercise the powers given to the presentment sessions of the aforesaid barony by clause 32 of the Tramway Order. The joint committee shall consist of—

Eight members of the council of the Rural District of Naas No. 2;

One member of the council of the Rural District of Baltinglass No. 1.

3. The several members of the joint committee shall be appointed in the proportion above set forth by each council respectively at its first quarterly meeting in every year.

4. It shall be the duty of the county council to appoint an auditor under clause 34 of the Tramway Order at their first quarterly meeting in each year.

5. A vacancy in the representation of a district council on the joint committee may be filled by such council at a meeting of which due notice shall be given.

6. The meetings of the joint committee shall be summoned by the clerk of the council of the Rural District of Naas No. 2, who shall give at least three clear days' notice of the time and place of meeting to each member of such committee.

7. The joint committee shall elect a chairman, and in case of an equal number of votes being given for two or more persons at the election of chairman, the committee shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be chairman; in any other case of equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

8. If from any cause the appointment of a member or members of the joint commtitee is not made at the first quarterly meeting of a district council, the Local Government Board for Ireland may make such Order or Orders as may be necessary to enable such appointment to be made at any other meeting.

9. The expression "first quarterly meeting" shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of January in any year: provided that as regards the year 1901, that expression shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of April.

Sealed with our Seal this Fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and one.

[L.S.] (Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

SCHEDULE.

County Districts in which the area chargeable is situate.	Portion of Guarantee for which the area of charge in each County District is liable.
	£
Rural District of Naas No. 2, .	18,848
Rural District of Baltinglass No. 1,	1,152

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 21,819. 1901.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the NEWCASTLE UNION; To the Council of the Rural District of Newcastle; To the Town Commissioners of the Town of Newcastle; and to all Persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS the poor law Union of Newcastle is divided into district electoral divisions, and the Newcastle district electoral division consists of townlands the boundaries of which are shown on the maps of the Ordnance Survey of Ireland:

And Whereas it is expedient that the Newcastle district electoral division of Newcastle union be altered:

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, and every other Statute enabling Us in this behalf, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order and Direct that the said Newcastle district electoral division (hereinafter referred to as the original electoral division) shall be altsred as follows for the purpose of the Registration (Ireland) Act, 1898, and any Rules made thereunder, from the date of this Order, and for all other purposes at such time as may be necessary for the purpose of the triennial election of County and Rural District Councillors to be held in the year 1902.

1. Any townland, or townlands, intersected by the municipal boundary of the town of Newcastle shall be divided by the said municipal boundary.
2. The original electoral division shall be divided into two district electoral divisions which shall be named, respectively, ths Newcastle Urban district electoral division and the Newcastle Rural district electoral division.
3. The Newcastle Urban district electoral division shall consist of that portion of the original electoral division included within the municipal boundary of the town of Newcastle; and the Newcastle Rural district electoral division shall consist of that portion of the original electoral division not included within the said boundary.

Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-fourth day of April, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and one.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of the City of Belfast.
To the Council of the Administrative County of Antrim.
To the Council of the Administrative County of Down; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by Section 23 of the Belfast Corporation Act, 1896, hersinafter referred to as the Act, it is enacted in effect that the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of the City of Belfast (hereinafter called the Corporation) on the one hand and the Grand Jury of the County of Antrim or the Grand Jury of the County of Down on the other hand may agree generally for the adjustment of all financial relations and questions affecting the Corporation and the Grand Juries respectively arising out of or consequent on the extension of the then existing City of Belfast, including whether any and if so what contribution should be

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

made by the City as defined by Section 4 of the Act by reason of its extension under the Act to the maintenance and repair of (*a*) public roads, bridges, and footpaths in the portions of the Baronies of Upper Belfast and Upper and Lower Castlereagh not included in the City defined as aforesaid, (*b*) public roads and bridges in the counties of Antrim and Down over which the mails of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria were at the time of the commencement of the Act carried in mail carriages (including the footpaths thereof) so far as the maintenance and repair of such last-mentioned roads, bridges, and footpaths were county at large charges; and that in default of agreement on or before the first day of January, 1898, the matter or matters not so agreed shall on the application of any of the bodies in difference be determined by the Local Government Board for Ireland.

Provided that the said Local Government Board in determining as to the contribution to be made by the city defined as aforesaid to the County of Down shall take into account the charges or liabilities of the baronies of the county already existing in respect of the Ardglass railway or piers and harbours:

And Whereas an agreement in respect of the various matters referred to in the above-recited Section 23 of the Act had not been made between the Corporation and the Grand Jury of the County of Antrim, nor between the Corporation and the Grand Jury of the County of Down before the first day of January, 1898, and application was made by the Grand Jury of the County of Antrim and by the Grand Jury of the County of Down to Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, to determine the said matters:

And Whereas under the provisions of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, and Orders in Council made under part six thereof, the business, powers, duties, property, and liabilities of the Grand Jury of the County of Antrim in relation to the said matters have been transferred to the Council of the Administrative County of Antrim established by the said Act (which Council is hereinafter referred to as the County Council of Antrim), and the business, powers, duties, property, and liabilities of the Grand Jury of the County of Down in relation to the said matters have in like manner been transferred to the Council of the Administrative County of Down established by the said Act (which Council is referred to as the County Council of Down):

And Whereas, We, the said Local Government Board have caused a local inquiry to be made at which all parties interested in the said matters were or could be heard:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

1. The Corporation shall pay annually to the County Council of Antrim a sum of Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds in respect of the maintenance and repair of public roads, bridges, and footpaths in the portion of the barony of Upper Belfast not included in the City.

2. The Corporation shall pay annually to the County Council of Antrim a sum of Two Hundred Pounds in respect of the maintenance and repair of public roads and bridges in the County of Antrim over which the mails of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria were at the time of the commencement of the Act carried in mail carriages (including the footpaths thereof), so far as the maintenance and repair of such roads, bridges, and footpaths were county at large charges.

3. The Corporation shall pay annually to the County Council of Down a sum of Nine Hundred Pounds in respect of the maintenance and repair of public roads, bridges, and footpaths in the portions of the baronies of Upper and Lower Castlereagh not included in the city.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

4. The Corporation shall pay annually to the County Council of Down such sum as the Secretary of the said Council shall certify to be equivalent to one-twentieth part of the annual charges incurred by the said Council in respect of the Ardglass railway and piers and harbours.

5. This Order shall have effect as from the commencement of the Act, as that expression is therein defined.

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this Fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L. S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Tyrone:
To the Council of the Urban District of Strabane:
And to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by Article 26 of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, it is directed as follows, that is to say:

26.—(1.) Whenever a county council is satisfied that a *prima facie* case is made out as respects any urban county district not a borough, for a proposal for all or any of the following things; that is to say—

(*a*) The alteration or definition of the boundary thereof;

(*b*) the division of an urban county district into wards; and

(*c*) the alteration of the number of wards, or of the boundaries of any ward, or of the number of members of any urban district council, or of the apportionment of such members among the wards;

the county council may cause such inquiry to be made in the locality, and such notice to be given, both in the locality, and to the Local Government Board, or other Government department as may be prescribed, and such other inquiry and notices (if any) as they think fit, and if satisfied that such proposal is desirable, may make an order for the same accordingly.

(2.) Notice of the provisions of the order shall be given, and copies thereof shall be supplied in the prescribed manner, and otherwise as the county council think fit.

(3.) The order shall be submitted to the Local Government Board; and if within three months after such notice of the provisions of the order as the Local Government Board determine to be the first notice, the council of any district affected by the order, or any number of local government electors registered in that district or in any ward of that district, not being less than one-sixth of the total number of such electors in that district or ward, petition the Local Government Board to disallow the order, the Local Government Board shall cause to be made a local inquiry, and determine whether the order is to be confirmed or not.

(4.) If any such petition is not presented, or being presented is withdrawn, the Local Government Board shall confirm the order.

(5.) The Local Government Board, on confirming an order, may make such modifications therein as they consider necessary for carrying into effect the objects of the order.

(6.) An order under this Article when confirmed by the Local Government Board, shall be forthwith laid upon the table of both Houses of Parliament, if Parliament be then sitting, and, if not, forthwith after the then next meeting of Parliament.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas by an Order under our Seal bearing date the 25th day of July, 1899, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of the above-cited Article, did prescribe regulations with respect to the inquiries to be made and the notices to be given, for the purposes of the said Article, and the manner of giving such notices, and did determine which of such notices is to be deemed the first notice:

And whereas the Council of the Administrative County of Tyrone (hereinafter referred to as the County Council) has been satisfied that a *prima facie* case has been made out by the Council of the Urban County District of Strabane (hereinafter referred to as the Urban District Council) for the division of the said Urban County District into wards, and the alteration of the number of members of the Urban District Council:

And whereas the County Council after complying in all respects with the regulations prescribed by our said Order of the 25th day of July, 1899, did at a meeting held on the 10th day of May, 1900, make the Order set forth in the First Schedule hereunto annexed; and did submit the said Order to Us the said Local Government Board:

And whereas no petition to disallow the said Order of the County Council from the council of any district affected by the Order or from any sufficient number of local government electors, has been presented to Us the said Local Government Board, within three months of the first notice as determined by our said Order of the 25th day of July, 1899:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby confirm the said Order of the County Council, modified as hereinafter set forth, and do declare that such modification is necessary for carrying into effect the objects of the said Order of the County Council:

For the purpose of the Registration (Ireland) Act, 1898, and any Rules made thereunder from the date of this Order, and for all other purposes, from the first day of January, 1902, the Urban County District of Strabane shall be divided into four wards, named respectively the North Ward, the East Ward, the West Ward, and the South Ward, and the boundaries of the said wards shall be those set forth in the Second Schedule hereunto annexed.

All members of the Urban District Council of Strabane in office on the fifteenth day of January, 1902, shall retire on the sixteenth day of January, 1902.

On the fifteenth day of January, 1902, there shall be elected three Urban District Councillors for each of the four wards into which the Urban County District of Strabane is hereby divided.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Order of the Council of the Administrative County of Tyrone passed at a meeting held on the 10th day of May, 1900.

That the Committee in reference to the Strabane Urban District having reported in favour of dividing the town into Wards as per plans lodged, We order the same to be divided into Wards accordingly.

Passed.

H. de F. Montgomery,
Chairman.

[*Seal of the County Council of Tyrone.*]

Claude C. Hamilton,
Secretary to the County Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SECOND SCHEDULE.

URBAN DISTRICT OF STRABANE.

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

NORTH WARD.

Bounded on the North by Townlands of Blackfence and Roundhill.

Bounded on the East by Townlands of Roundhill and Castletown.

Bounded on the South by Town Parks of Strabane a line from Casting No. 1 on Newtown Road to Casting No. 2 at East Corner of Bowling Green, from Casting No. 2 along rear of houses on East Side of Bowling Green to Casting No. 3 on South Side of Bowling Green. From Casting No. 3 along rear of houses on South Side of Bowling Green to Casting No. 4 on West Side of Bowling Green. From Casting No. 4 along rear of Houses North Side of Butcher Street to Casting No. 5 at Junction of Butcher Street and Church Brae. From Casting No. 5 to Casting No. 6. From Casting No. 6 along rear of Houses on South Side of Abercorn Square to Casting No. 7 on Boundary between Town Parks and Town Parks of Strabane. From Casting No. 7 along Townland Boundary of Townparks to Casting No. 15. From Casting No. 15 to Casting No. 8. From Casting No. 8 to Casting No. 16, from Casting No. 16 along Townland Boundary of Town Parks on the South to County Donegal.

Bounded on the West by County Donegal.

EAST WARD.

Bounded on the North by Townland of Townparks.

Bounded on the East by Townlands of Callhame and Liskinbwee.

Bounded on the South by Townland of Cavanalee.

Bounded on the West by Townland of Ballycolman a line from Casting No. 1 on Newtown Road to Casting No. 2. From Casting No. 2 along rear of houses on East Side of Bowling Green to Casting No. 3. From Casting No. 3 along rear of houses on South Side of Bowling Green to Casting No. 4 on West Corner of Bowling Green. From Casting No. 4 along rear of houses on East Side of Market House Lane to Casting No. 12 at Market House. From Casting No. 12 along rear of houses on North Side of Main Street to Casting No. 13 at Junction of Main Street and Meeting House Street on North Side of Main Street. From Casting No. 13 to Casting No. 14 on South Side of Main Street and this line produced to Parish Boundary in River Mourne.

WEST WARD.

Bounded on the North by North Ward.

Bounded on the East from Casting No. 4 along rear of houses to Casting No. 17.

Bounded on the South by a line from Casting No. 17 along rear of houses on North Side of Main Street to Casting No. 9. From Casting No. 9 to Casting No. 10. From Casting No. 10 to Casting No. 11 and this line produced to Parish boundary in River Mourne and by Townland of Magirr.

Bounded on the West by County Donegal.

SOUTH WARD.

Bounded on the North by West Ward and East Ward.

Bounded on the East by East Ward, Townlands of Cavanalee, Drumnaboy, and Stragullion.

Bounded on the South by Townland of Ballyfatton.

Bounded on the West by Townlands of Blacktown, Castletown, and County Donegal.

Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-second day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ADJUSTMENT ORDER.

Cork, Coachford, and Blarney Railway Guarantee.

WHEREAS it is directed by Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Order in Council), that where a barony or any other area liable under any guarantee is divided between two or more counties or county districts, the Local Government Board for Ireland shall, by an Order or Orders, apportion and adjust such guarantee between the divided parts of the barony or area affected as the case may be, and such adjustment may be made to vary in any manner in which the amount of the guarantee or liability may vary:

And whereas it is further directed by the same article of the Order in Council that such Order or Orders of the said Local Government Board shall contain such consequential provisions as that Board may deem necessary with respect to the transfer or retention of any property, duties, and liabilities, with or without any conditions:

And whereas, by the Cork, Coachford, and Blarney Light Railways Order, 1885 (hereinafter referred to as the Light Railways Order), confirmed by the Tramways Order in Council (Ireland) (Cork, Coachford, and Blarney) Confirmation Act, 1886, certain portions of the baronies of East Muskerry, Cork, and Barretts were made liable to a guarantee in respect of a paid-up capital not exceeding £75,000 (hereinafter referred to as the guarantee) in favour of the undertaking referred to therein (and hereinafter called the undertaking):

And whereas, by the operation of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the said portions of the said baronies of East Muskerry, Cork, and Barretts so made liable to the guarantee are divided between the Rural District of Cork and the Rural District of Macroom; and the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies has been transferred to the councils of the said Rural Districts so far as respects their several districts:

And whereas, by clause 41 of the Light Railways Order, confirmed as aforesaid, it is directed in effect that the said portions of the said baronies of East Muskerry, Cork, and Barretts shall be represented in the direction and supervision of the affairs and finance of the Cork and Muskerry Light Railways Company, Limited (hereinafter referred to as the Company) so far as relates to the undertaking by three baronial directors, one such director being elected annually by the presentment sessions for each of the said baronies held previous to the Spring Assizes in each year, and that each of the baronial directors so elected shall hold office for the period of one year:

And whereas We, the said Local Government Board, deem it necessary that certain provisions should be made with respect to the election of directors of the Company, and other matters consequential upon the division of the said portions of the said baronies between the aforesaid county districts, and the transfer to the councils of the said districts of the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies so far as respects the said districts:

And whereas, by clause 45 of the Light Railways Order, it is directed that it shall be the duty of the grand jury of the County of Cork to appoint at each Spring Assizes an auditor for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the undertaking; and the business of the said grand jury has been transferred by section 4 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, to the council of the administrative County of Cork (hereinafter referred to as the county council):

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the Order in Council, do hereby order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

1. The guarantee shall be apportioned between the districts of Cork and Macroom in the manner set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

2. In lieu of the baronial directors to be elected under the provisions of clause 41 of the Light Railways Order there shall be elected annually three persons (hereinafter called district directors) to represent the councils of the said Rural Districts, and such district directors shall hold office until the election of their successors in manner hereinafter provided.

3. The district directors shall be elected as follows, that is to say:—One by the Council of the Rural District of Cork at their first quarterly meeting in each year, one by the Council of the Rural District of Macroom at their first quarterly meeting in each year, and one by a joint committee of the Councils of the said Rural Districts appointed annually, and consisting of—

Nine members of the Council of the Rural District of Cork;
Three members of the Council of the Rural District of Macroom.

4. The several members of the joint committee shall be appointed in the proportion above set forth by each council respectively at its first quarterly meeting in every year.

5. The joint committee shall, at a meeting held within one month of the latest day on which any appointment of a member of such committee can, in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Order, be made, elect one district director.

6. If a district director, elected by the joint committee after his election and before the expiration of his term of office, shall die or resign, or shall cease to be a director for any other reason, the joint committee may elect in his place another person to be a district director, and any person so elected shall continue in office as a district director only so long as the person in whose place he has been elected might have so continued; provided that no such vacancy occurring after the 31st day of December shall be filled until the ordinary annual election of district directors.

7. If a director, elected by either of the Councils of the Rural Districts, before the expiration of his term of office shall die or resign, or shall cease to be a director for any other reason, the Council of the Rural District by which he was elected may at any quarterly meeting elect in his place another person to be district director, and any person so elected shall continue in office as a district director only so long as the person in whose place he has been elected might have so continued.

8. It shall be the duty of the county council to appoint an auditor under clause 45 of the Light Railways Order at their first quarterly meeting in each year.

9. A vacancy in the representation of a district council on the joint committee may be filled by such council at a meeting of which due notice shall be given.

10. The meetings of the joint committee shall be summoned by the clerk of the council of the Rural District of Cork, who shall give at least three clear days' notice of the time and place of meeting to each member of such committee.

11. The joint committee shall elect a chairman, and in case of an equal number of votes being given for two or more persons at the election of chairman, the committee shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be chairman: in any other case of equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

12. If from any cause the appointment of a member or members of the joint committee is not made at the first quarterly meeting of a district council, or the election of a district director is not held by the joint committee within the time prescribed by this Order, the Local Government Board for Ireland may make such Order or Orders as may

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

be necessary to enable such appointment to be made at any other meeting or such election to be held within any other specified time.

13. The expression "first quarterly meeting" shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of January in any year.

Sealed with our Seal this Fourteenth day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

SCHEDULE.

Rural Districts in which the area chargeable is situate.	Portion of Guarantee for which the area of charge in each Rural District is liable.
	£
Rural District of Cork, . .	44,044
Rural District of Macroom, .	30,956

Number of Members of Joint Committee of the Kildare County Infirmary.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

WHEREAS by Section 15 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is provided in effect that every county infirmary shall be managed and the admission of patients thereto controlled, by a joint committee appointed triennially consisting of such number of members of the corporation of the "governors or governesses of the infirmary" appointed by the corporation and of such number of members of the county council or other persons appointed by the council as the Local Government Board for Ireland from time to time fix, having regard as well to the proportion of the contribution out of the county cess or the poor rate towards the building and maintenance of the infirmary as to all the other circumstances of the case:

And whereas it is further provided in effect by the said Section 15 of the Act that a County Council may, if they think fit, contribute towards the re-opening of a closed county infirmary a sum not exceeding in the whole one-third of the sums actually received from private donations or subscriptions for such re-opening:

And whereas it is further provided in effect by the said Section 15 of the Act that any County Council may, notwithstanding anything in any other Act, contribute to any such county infirmary any amount not exceeding the amount in that behalf mentioned in the Grand Juries Act, 1836:

And whereas the Kildare County Infirmary (hereinafter called the Infirmary) at Kildare is a closed county infirmary within the meaning of the said Section 15 of the Act:

And whereas a sum of Three Hundred and Forty-one Pounds Two Shillings and Sixpence has actually been received from private donations and subscriptions for the re-opening of the Infirmary, and the Council of the Administrative County of Kildare (hereinafter called the County Council) have resolved to contribute towards the said re-opening a sum of One Hundred Pounds:

And whereas the County Council have resolved to contribute an annual sum to the support and maintenance of the Infirmary when re-opened:

And whereas, having regard to the said re-opening of the Infirmary and the aforesaid resolution of the County Council with respect to the support

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

and maintenance of the Infirmary and to all the circumstances of the case, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland see fit to fix the number of members of the aforesaid joint committee for the management and control of the Infirmary:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of the powers vested in Us, do hereby order and direct that the number of the members of the joint committee for the management and control of the Kildare County Infirmary shall be fixed at twenty, whereof two shall be members of the corporation of the "Governors and Governesses of the Infirmary" appointed by the said corporation, and eighteen shall be appointed by the Council of the Administrative County of Kildare.

Sealed with our Seal this Twentieth day of June, in the year
[L. S.] of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
R. BAGWELL.

No. 37,750.—1901

(*Order consenting to approval of Road Expenditure.*)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Down:
To the Council of the Rural District of Castlereagh; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by Sub-section (2) of Section 27 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted that a county council shall not, without the consent of the Local Government Board, approve of any expenditure on roads proposed by the council of any rural district which will cause the expenditure on the roads of the district to exceed by one-fourth the amount certified by that Board to have been the average expenditure thereon during the three years next before the passing of this Act, and that the Board may, as respects each council consent either for a particular road or a particular year, or generally:

And whereas, the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Castlereagh in the Administrative County of Down proposed or about to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1902, will cause the total expenditure on the said roads during the said local financial year to exceed by more than one-fourth the amount certified by Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in a certificate under our seal bearing date the Sixth day of July, 1899, to have been the average expenditure on the said roads during the three years next before the passing of the Act:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the above-cited sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Act, do hereby consent and declare that the Council of the Administrative County of Down may, if they see fit, approve of the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Castlereagh proposed or about to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1902, provided always that this Our consent and declaration shall not extend to the approval by the Council of the said County of any expenditure proposed or about to be proposed as aforesaid which is not in accordance with the report and recommendations of the County Surveyor, or which will cause the total expenditure on the roads of the said Rural District in the said local financial year to exceed the sum of Two Thousand Seven Hundred and Forty-seven Pounds.

Sealed with our Seal, this Twelfth day of July, in the Year
[L. S.] of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 37,750.—1901

(*Order consenting to approval of Road Expenditure.*)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Down:
To the Council of the Rural District of Hillsborough; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by Sub-section (2) of Section 27 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted that a county council shall not, without the consent of the Local Government Board, approve of any expenditure on roads proposed by the council of any rural district which will cause the expenditure on the roads of the district to exceed by one-fourth the amount certified by that Board to have been the average expenditure thereon during the three years next before the passing of this Act, and that the Board may, as respects each council, consent either for a particular road or a particular year, or generally:

And whereas, the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Hillsborough in the Administrative County of Down proposed or about to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1902, will cause the total expenditure on the said roads during the said local financial year to exceed by more than one-fourth the amount certified by Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in a certificate under our seal bearing date the Sixth day of July, 1899, to have been the average expenditure on the said roads during the three years next before the passing of the Act:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the above-cited sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Act, do hereby consent and declare that the Council of the Administrative County of Down may, if they see fit, approve of the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Hillsborough proposed or about to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1902, provided always that this Our consent and declaration shall not extend to the approval by the Council of the said County of any expenditure proposed or about to be proposed as aforesaid which is not in accordance with the report and recommendations of the County Surveyor, or which will cause the total expenditure on the roads of the said Rural District in the said local financial year to exceed the sum of Eight Thousand Four Hundred and Forty-five Pounds.

Sealed with our Seal, this Twelfth day of July, in the Year
[L.S.] of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

No. 64,857.—1900.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

ADJUSTMENT ORDER under Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898.

To the Council of the Roscrea No. 1 Rural District;
To the Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District;
To the Council of the Roscrea No. 3 Rural District;
And to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by sub-sections (1), (2), and (5) of Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions), (No. 2) Order, 1898, made in pursuance of section One Hnndred and Six of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (which Act, and any orders made under Part Six

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

thereof, are hereinafter referred to collectively as the Act), it is directed as follows:

18.—(1.) Where, under the provisions of the Act or any order made or thing done in pursuance of the Act within twelve months after the passing thereof, whether by reason of an alteration in the boundaries of any county or any district union or part of a county, or by reason of any alteration in the method of assessing the poor rate, or of raising the charges heretofore levied off any area, or of any transfer of business by or in pursuance of the Act, or otherwise by reason of anything contained in the Act, any change is caused in the area which is to bear any particular charge or expense, or where any matter is declared by the Act to be the subject or a matter of adjustment, the Local Government Board, as soon as may be after the passing of the Act, or the making of such order or the doing of such thing, but after due inquiry and communication with the various authorities concerned, shall by any order or orders apportion and adjust any property, income, debts, liabilities, and expenses of any area or local authority affected by such alteration.

(2.) Any such order may be varied by the Local Government Board if satisfied that any error has been made therein, but unless so varied shall be final, and all the provisions of the Act respecting adjustments and sums payable therefor and matters which may be done by such adjustment or by an order altering boundaries shall apply for the purposes of this article.

* * * * *

(5.) An order under this Article shall contain such consequential provisions as the Local Government Board may deem necessary with respect to the transfer or retention of any property, duties, and liabilities with or without any conditions, and for the joint use of any property, and for the transfer of any duties, whether of any council or officer, and for the payment of any sums by any authorities affected by any adjustment under this section, and for the funds out of which the same are to be paid.

And Whereas by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Twenty-seventh day of June, 1893, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did direct that all expenses incurred or which might be incurred by the Guardians of the Poor of the Roscrea Union acting as Rural Sanitary Authority and Burial Board for the purpose of enclosing and maintaining the then new Cemetery at Dungar in the said Union should be charged on and paid out of the Poor Rates of the said Union:

And Whereas under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 68 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the said Union has been divided into three separate Rural Sanitary Districts named the Roscrea No. 1 Rural District, the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District and the Roscrea No. 3 Rural District respectively:

And Whereas by sub-section (2) of section 22 of the said Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is enacted that for every Rural Sanitary District there shall be a Rural District Council whose District shall be called a Rural District:

And Whereas under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 33 and sub-section (1) of section 72 of the said Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the business together with all the powers and duties of the Guardians of the Poor of the Roscrea Union acting as Rural Sanitary Authority and Burial Board in the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District has been transferred to the District Council of the said Rural District elected in pursuance of the provisions of the above-cited sub-section (2) of section 22 of the said Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898:

And Whereas the powers and duties of the Guardians of the Poor of the Roscrea Union acting as Rural Sanitary Authority and Burial Board in the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District included the power and duty

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of maintaining the said Cemetery at Dungar and of providing for the payment of all expenses incurred or which might be incurred in respect of the said Cemetery:

And Whereas by Article 16 of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, it is provided generally that where any powers and duties are transferred by the Act from one authority to another authority

(1.) All property held by the first authority for the purpose or by virtue of such powers and duties shall pass to and vest in the other authority subject to all debts and liabilities affecting the same; and

(2.) The latter authority shall hold the same for the estate interest and purposes and subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions for and subject to which the property would have been held if the Act had not passed, so far as the same are not modified by or in pursuance of the Act; and

(3.) All debts and liabilities of the first authority incurred by virtue of such powers and duties shall become debts and liabilities of the latter authority and be defrayed out of the like property and funds out of which they would have been defrayed if the Act had not passed.

And Whereas under the provisions of the above-cited Article 16 of the Schedule to the said Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, the said Cemetery at Dungar, being property held by the Guardians of the Poor of the Roscrea Union for the purpose or by virtue of their powers and duties as Rural Sanitary Authority has passed to and vested in the District Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District subject to all debts and liabilities affecting the same; and the said District Council now hold the said Cemetery for the estate interests and purposes and subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions for and subject to which the said Cemetery would have been held by the Guardians of the Poor of the said Roscrea Union if the said Act had not passed, so far as the same are not modified by or in pursuance of the said Act; and all debts and liabilities of the said Guardians incurred by virtue of their powers and duties as such Rural Sanitary Authority as aforesaid in respect of the said Cemetery have become debts and liabilities of the said District Council, and are to be defrayed out of the like property and funds out of which they would have been defrayed if the said Act had not passed:

And Whereas the said debts and liabilities would if the said Act had not passed have been defrayed out of the poor rates:

And Whereas under the provisions of Section 234 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by Section 110 (2) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, and Article 36 of the Local Government (Adaptation of Irish Enactments) Order, 1898, the expenses incurred by the District Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District in respect of the said Cemetery at Dungar are to be charged on and paid out of the poor rate of the said Rural District:

And Whereas under the above-cited provisions a change has been caused in the area which is to bear all charges and expenses in respect of the said Cemetery at Dungar:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland in the exercise of the powers given to Us by Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898, do hereby adjust the property, income, debts, liabilities, and expenses of the District Councils of the Roscrea No 1, the Roscrea No. 2, and the Roscrea No. 3 Rural Districts in respect of the said Cemetery at Dungar and do Order and declare as follows, that is to say:—

1. The Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District shall undertake the maintenance and repair of the Cemetery at Dungar and

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

shall pay in the first instance all the costs, charges, and expenses in connection therewith including the salary of the caretaker.

2. The Council of the Roscrea No. 1 Rural District and the Council of the Roscrea No. 3 Rural District shall contribute towards the maintenance and repair of the said Cemetery in proportion to the rateable valuation of the said Districts respectively in the standard year.

3. The Clerk of the Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District shall within one month of the close of each local financial year send to the Council of the Roscrea No. 1 Rural District and to the Council of the Roscrea No. 3 Rural District a certificate certifying the net amount, after taking into account any monies received as burial fees or from any other sources, of the costs, charges, and expenses incurred by the Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District in respect of the maintenance and repair of the said Cemetery during the year and setting out the proportion of such amount payable in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of this Order by the Council of the Roscrea No. 1 Rural District and by the Council of the Roscrea No. 3 Rural District respectively.

4. The Councils of the Roscrea No. 1 Rural District and the Roscrea No 3 Rural District shall at each of the stated Finance Meetings held in the months of May, August, November, and February in each year make a Paying Order in favour of the Council of the Roscrea No. 2 Rural District for one-fourth of the sum certified as aforesaid to be due from each such Council respectively.

5. All sums which would have been payable under the provisions of this Order during or in respect of the financial years ended the 31st day of March, 1900, and the 31st day of March, 1901, if the said Order had then been in operation, shall be paid as soon as may be after the date hereof.

6. As respects the financial year ending 31st March, 1902, subject as in the preceding Article mentioned, this Order shall be deemed to have been in operation as from the 1st day of April, 1901.

7. All sums payable under Article 5 of this Order in respect of works done or services rendered before the 1st April, 1901, shall be deemed to have become due in the second half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902.

Sealed with our Seal this Fourteenth day of August in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L. S.] (Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

ADJUSTMENT ORDER.

West Donegal Light Railway Guarantee.

WHEREAS it is directed by Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Order in Council), that where a barony or any other area liable under any guarantee is divided between two or more counties or county districts the Local Government Board for Ireland shall, by an Order or Orders apportion and adjust such guarantee between the divided parts of the barony or area affected as the case may be and such adjustment may be made to vary in any manner in which the amount of the guarantee or liability may vary:

And whereas it is further directed by the same article of the Order in Council that such Order or Orders of the said Local Government Board shall contain such consequential provisions as that Board may deem necessary with respect to the transfer or retention of any property, duties, and liabilities, with or without any conditions:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas by the West Donegal Light Railway Order, 1886 (hereinafter referred to as the Light Railway Order) certain parts of the baronies of Tyrhugh and Banagh were made liable to a guarantee in respect of a paid-up capital not exceeding £19,000 (hereinafter referred to as the guarantee) in favour of the undertaking referred to therein (and hereinafter called the undertaking):

And whereas by clause 32 of the Light Railway Order it is directed in effect that the said barony of Tyrhugh and the said barony of Banagh shall, so long as any liability exists in respect of the guarantee, be represented in the direction and supervision of the affairs and finance of the West Donegal Light Railway Company (hereinafter referred to as the Company) so far as relates to the undertaking by two directors, on the Board of the Company one such director to be selected annually by the presentment sessions for each of the said baronies to be held in the winter of each year, and that each director so selected shall hold office for the period of one year:

And whereas it is directed in effect by clause 7 of the Light Railway Order that the respective proportions of the liability in respect of the guarantee of the parts of the Baronies of Tyrhugh and Banagh shall from time to time be determined by the Arbitrators appointed by the Board of Trade pursuant to the Tramways and Public Companies (Ireland) Act, 1883, Section 6.

And whereas by clause 9 of the Light Railway Order it is directed that the Arbitrators appointed under the provisions of the said clause shall deliver their certificate in writing to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the said County of Donegal before the first day of July and the first day of January in each year, ascertaining and determining the amount in each half-year payable under the Light Railway Order by the said parts of baronies in respect of the undertaking, and the said certificate shall be laid by the said Secretary before the Grand Jury of the said County at the Assizes next after he shall have received the same, and the sum mentioned in the said certificate shall be presented for and raised and paid to the Company.

And whereas, by the operation of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the said parts of the said baronies made liable as aforesaid to the guarantee are divided between the Rural District of Donegal and the Rural District of Glenties; (which parts of baronies so divided are hereinafter referred to collectively as the guaranteeing area) and the business of presentment sessions for the said baronies has been transferred to the councils of the said Rural Districts so far as respects their several districts:

And whereas by clause 35 of the Light Railway Order it is directed that it shall be the duty of the grand jury of the County of Donegal to appoint at each Spring Assizes an auditor for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the undertaking, and for the duties therein set forth; and in case an auditor dies or declines to act, or becomes incapable of acting, to appoint at any assizes a fit and proper person to be auditor in his place.

And whereas the business of the said grand jury of the County of Donegal has been transferred by section 4 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, to the council of the administrative county of Donegal (hereinafter referred to as the county council):

And whereas We, the said Local Government Board, deem it necessary that certain provisions should be made with respect to the selection of directors of the Company and other matters consequential upon the division of the guaranteeing area between the aforesaid Rural Districts, and the transfer to the councils of the said districts of the business of presentment sessions for the aforesaid baronies so far as respects the said districts:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the Order in Council, do hereby order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

1. The proportions of the liability in respect of the guarantee of the portions of the guaranteeing area situate in the Rural District of Donegal and in the Rural District of Glenties respectively shall be such as are from time to time determined by the Arbitrators under clause 7 of the Light Railway Order.

2. In lieu of the directors on the Board of the Company to be selected under the provisions of clause 32 of the Light Railway Order there shall be elected annually two persons (hereinafter called district directors) to represent the councils of the said Rural Districts, and such district directors shall hold office until the election of their successors in manner hereinafter provided.

3. One district director shall be elected by the council of the Rural District of Donegal, and another by a joint committee of the councils of the Rural District of Donegal, and the Rural District of Glenties, appointed annually, and consisting of

Eight members of the council of the Rural District of Donegal;
Three members of the council of the Rural District of Glenties.

4. The several members of the joint committee shall be appointed in the proportion above set forth by each council respectively at its first quarterly meeting in every year.

5. A casual vacancy in the representation of a district council on the joint committee may be filled by such council at a meeting of which due notice shall be given.

6. The meetings of the joint committee shall be summoned by the clerk of the council of the Rural District of Donegal, who shall give at least three clear days' notice of the time and place of meeting to each member of such committee.

7. The joint committee shall elect a chairman, and in case of an equal number of votes being given for two or more persons at the election of chairman, the committee shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be chairman; in any other case of equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

8. The joint committee shall, at a meeting held within one month of the latest day on which any appointment of a member of such committee can, in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Order, be made, elect one district director.

9. If a casual vacancy shall occur in the office of district director, the County Council may at any quarterly meeting after due notice elect another person to be a district director, and any person so elected shall continue in office as a district director only so long as the person in whose place he has been elected might have so continued; provided that no such vacancy occurring after the 31st day of December shall be filled until the ordinary annual election of district directors.

10. It shall be the duty of the county council to appoint an auditor under clause 35 of the Light Railway Order at their first quarterly meeting in each year; and in case an auditor so appointed dies, declines to act, or becomes incapable of acting, to appoint at any quarterly meeting a fit and proper person to be auditor in his place.

11. The Arbitrators appointed in pursuance of clause 9 of the Light Railway Order, shall deliver their certificate in writing to the Secretary of the County Council, and the said certificate shall be laid by the said Secretary before the County Council at the quarterly meeting held next after he shall have received the said certificate, and the County Council shall, without the matter being brought before a proposal committee, pass a resolution authorising the sum mentioned in the said certificate to be raised and paid to the Company.

12. If from any cause the appointment of a member or members of the joint committee is not made at the first quarterly meeting of a district council, or the election of a district director is not held by the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

joint committee within the time prescribed by this Order, the Local Government Board for Ireland may make such Order or Orders as may be necessary to enable such appointment to be made at any other meeting or such election to be held within any other specified time.

13. The expression "first quarterly meeting" shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of January in any year.

Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-fifth day of September in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

ADJUSTMENT ORDER.

West Donegal Light Railway (Killybegs) Guarantee, Co. Donegal.

WHEREAS it is directed by Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Order in Council), that where a barony or any other area liable under any guarantee is divided between two or more counties or county districts the Local Government Board for Ireland shall, by an Order or Orders apportion and adjust such guarantee between the divided parts of the barony or area affected as the case may be and such adjustment may be made to vary in any manner in which the amount of the guarantee or liability may vary:

And whereas it is further directed by the same article of the Order in Council that such Order or Orders of the said Local Government Board shall contain such consequential provisions as that Board may deem necessary with respect to the transfer or retention of any property, duties, and liabilities, with or without any conditions:

And whereas by the West Donegal Light Railway (Killybegs) Order, 1890 (hereinafter referred to as the Light Railway Order), the barony of Banagh was made liable to a guarantee in respect of a paid-up capital not exceeding £1,000 (hereinafter referred to as the guarantee) in favour of the undertaking referred to therein (and hereinafter called the undertaking):

And whereas by clause 9 of the Light Railway Order, it is directed in effect that the said barony of Banagh shall, so long as any liability exists in respect of the guarantee, be represented in the direction and supervision of the affairs and finance of the West Donegal Railway Company (hereinafter referred to as the Company) so far as relates to the undertaking by a director, on the Board of the Company to be selected annually by the presentment sessions for the said barony, to be held in the winter of each year, and that such baronial director so selected shall hold office for the period of one year, and that any casual vacancy in the office of director for such barony may be filled up by the Grand Jury of the county of Donegal at any Spring or Summer Assizes:

And whereas by clause 34 of the Light Railway Order, it is directed that it shall be the duty of the Grand Jury of the County of Donegal to appoint at each Spring Assizes an auditor for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the undertaking and for the duties therein set forth; and in case an auditor dies or declines to act, or becomes incapable of acting, to appoint at any Assizes a fit and proper person to be auditor in his place:

And whereas, by the operation of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the said barony of Banagh made liable to the guarantee as aforesaid is divided between the Rural District of Donegal and the Rural District of Glenties; and the business of presentment sessions for the said barony has been transferred to the councils of the said Rural Districts so far as respects their several districts:

And whereas, by clause 10 of the Light Railway Order, it is directed that the arbitrators appointed under the provisions of the said clause shall deliver their certificate, in writing, to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the said County of Donegal before the 1st day of June and the 1st day

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of December in each year, ascertaining and determining the amount in each half-year payable under the Light Railway Order by the said barony in respect of the undertaking, and that the said certificate shall be laid by the said Secretary before the Grand Jury of the said County at the Assizes next after he shall have received the same, and the sum mentioned in the said certificate shall be presented for and paid to the Company:

And whereas the business of the Grand Jury of the said County of Donegal in respect of the undertaking has been transferred by Section 4 of the "Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898," to the Council of the Administrative County of Donegal (hereinafter referred to as the county council):

And whereas we, the said Local Government Board, deem it necessary that certain provisions should be made with respect to the selection of a director of the Company and other matters consequential upon the division of the said barony between the aforesaid Rural Districts, and the transfer to the councils of the said districts of the business of presentment sessions for the said barony so far as respects the said districts:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the Order in Council, do hereby order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

1. The guarantee shall be apportioned between the portions of the guaranteeing area contained in the Rural District of Donegal and the Rural District of Glenties, in the manner set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

2. In lieu of the director on the Board of the Company to be selected under the provisions of clause 9 of the Light Railway Order there shall be elected annually one person (hereinafter called the district director) to represent the councils of the said Rural Districts, and such district director shall hold office until the election of his successor in manner hereinafter provided.

3. The district director shall be elected by a joint committee of the councils aforesaid, appointed annually, and consisting of

Seven members of the council of the Rural District of Donegal;
Four members of the council of the Rural District of Glenties.

4. The several members of the joint committee shall be appointed in the proportion above set forth by each council respectively at its first quarterly meeting in every year.

5. A casual vacancy in the representation of a district council on the joint committee may be filled by such council at a meeting of which due notice shall be given.

6. The meetings of the joint committee shall be summoned by the clerk of the council of the Rural District of Donegal, who shall give at least three clear days' notice of the time and place of meeting to each member of such committee.

7. The joint committee shall elect a chairman, and in case of an equal number of votes being given for two or more persons at the election of chairman, the committee shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be chairman; in any other case of equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

8. If from any cause the appointment of a member or members of the joint committee is not made at the first quarterly meeting of a district council, or the election of the district director is not held by the joint committee within the time prescribed by this Order, the Local Government Board for Ireland may make such Order or Orders as may be necessary to enable such appointment to be made at any other meeting or such election to be held within any other specified time.

9. The joint committee shall, at a meeting held within one month of the latest day on which any appointment of a member of such committee can, in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Order, be made, elect the district director.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

10. If a casual vacancy shall occur in the office of district director, the county council may, at any quarterly meeting, after due notice, elect another person to be district director, and any person so elected shall continue in office as district director only so long as the person in whose place he has been elected might have so continued; provided that no such vacancy occurring after the 31st day of December shall be filled until the ordinary annual election of the district director.

11. It shall be the duty of the county council to appoint an auditor under clause 34 of the Light Railway Order at their first quarterly meeting in each year, and if a casual vacancy shall occur in the office of auditor, the county council may, at any quarterly meeting, appoint a fit and proper person to fill such vacancy.

12. The certificate which the arbitrators appointed in pursuance of the provisions of clause 10 of the Light Railway Order are required to deliver shall be delivered to the Secretary of the county council, and the said Secretary shall lay the said certificate before the county council at their first quarterly meeting after he shall have received the same; and the county council shall, without the matter being brought before a proposal committee, pass a resolution authorising the sum therein mentioned to be raised and paid to the Company.

13. The expression "first quarterly meeting" shall mean the quarterly meeting held next after the first day of January in any year.

[L.S.] Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-fifth day of September in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

SCHEDULE.

County Districts in which the Area charged is situate.	Proportion of Guarantee in respect of which the Area of charge in each County District is liable.
	£
Rural District of Donegal,	624
Rural District of Glenties,	376

No. 55,485.—1901.

(*Order consenting to approval of Road Expenditure.*)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Down:

To the Council of the Rural District of Kilkeel; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by Sub-section (2) of Section 27 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted that a county council shall not, without the consent of the Local Government Board, approve of any expenditure on roads proposed by the council of any rural district which will cause the expenditure on the roads of the district to exceed by one-fourth the amount certified by that Board to have been the average expenditure thereon during the three years next before the passing of this Act, and that the Board may, as respects each council consent either for a particular road or a particular year, or generally:

And whereas, the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Kilkeel in the Administrative County of Down proposed or about to be pro-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

posed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1902, will cause the total expenditure on the said roads during the said local financial year to exceed by more than one-fourth the amount certified by Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in a certificate under our seal bearing date the Sixth day of July, 1899, to have been the average expenditure on the said roads during the three years next before the passing of the Act:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the above-cited sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Act, do hereby consent and declare that the Council of the Administrative County of Down may, if they see fit, approve of the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Kilkeel proposed or about to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1902, provided always that this Our consent and declaration shall not extend to the approval by the Council of the said County of any expenditure proposed or about to be proposed as aforesaid which is not in accordance with the report and recommendations of the County Surveyor, or which will cause the total expenditure on the roads of the said Rural District in the said local financial year to exceed the sum of Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Eleven Pounds Five Shillings.

[L.S.] Sealed with our Seal, this Fourth day of October, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

No. 45,559.—1901.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Dublin: To the Council of the Killiney and Ballybrack Urban District: and to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by a Memorandum of Agreement bearing date the Eighth day of July, One Thousand Nine Hundred and One, made *BETWEEN* the County Council of the Administrative County of Dublin (hereinafter called the County Council) of the one part and the District Council of Killiney and Ballybrack Urban District (hereinafter called the District Council) of the other part, after reciting that certain differences had arisen between the parties to the said Agreement with reference to the liability for the repairs then necessary to be carried out on a certain bridge at Loughlinstown (hereinafter called the Bridge), and also as to the future maintenance of the Bridge and that it was necessary that a decision should be obtained as soon as possible in respect of the said matters in dispute, it was *THEREBY AGREED* by and between the parties to the said Agreement that all matters in dispute in connection with the Bridge and as to the liability either of the County Council or the District Council to pay for all or part of the repairs necessary to be carried out in connection with the Bridge, and as to the future maintenance of the Bridge, should be referred to the Local Government Board for Ireland, and that the decision of the said Local Government Board on all matters in dispute in connection with the Bridge and the cost of maintaining the same should be accepted as final and conclusive between the parties to the said Agreement:

And whereas it was further agreed by and between the parties to the said Agreement that the costs of and incidental to the said Agreement and the Local Government Board Inquiry, and the expenses payable to the said Local Government Board, should be borne and paid by the parties to the said Agreement or either of them in such manner as the said Local Government Board should direct:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas, We, the said Local Government Board, have thought it expedient to consider the matters so referred to Us in accordance with the said Agreement:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby decide as follows, that is to say:—

(1.) The County Council shall repair and maintain the Bridge (including the roadway thereon).

(2.) The District Council shall pay annually to the County Council such sum as the Secretary of the latter Council shall certify to be equivalent to half the sum actually expended during the local financial year upon the repair and maintenance of the Bridge and the roadway thereon; Provided always that if the whole or any part of the cost of the repair and maintenance of the Bridge or the roadway thereon shall be at any time raised as a County-at-large charge, the said Secretary shall give credit in such certificate for any amount paid or payable by the District Council as their proportion of such County-at-large charge in respect of the local financial year to which such certificate relates.

(3.) Any sum payable under Clause (2) of this decision shall be included as a separate item in the demands to be from time to time made by the County Council upon the District Council.

(4.) The costs of and incidental to the making of this decision shall be paid in equal shares by the County Council and the District Council.

Given under the Seal of the Local Government Board for
[L.S.] Ireland this Eighteenth day of October, One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Limerick:
To the Guardians of the Poor of the Limerick Union: and
To all others whom it may concern:

Whereas by section 24 (*c*) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted in effect that, where the Local Government Board for Ireland constitute any part of a county borough a district electoral division, they may assign to that division two or more guardians:

And whereas by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Eleventh day of May, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the original Order), we constituted each of the eight wards into which the City of Limerick was divided for Municipal purposes a poor-law electoral division for the purposes of the Registration (Ireland) Act, 1898:

And whereas it is enacted by section 22 (4) of the Act that a poor-law electoral division shall be called a district electoral division, and by section 111 (4) of the same Act that a poor-law electoral division as adopted in fact for the purpose of registration in the year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-eight shall be deemed to have been legally so adopted:

And whereas each of the eight poor-law electoral divisions constituted as aforesaid was adopted in fact for the purpose of Registration in the year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-eight:

And whereas by the operation of section 21 (1) of the Act the City of Limerick was constituted a county borough:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Fourth day of February, 1899, We assigned two guardians to each of the eight district electoral divisions constituted by the original order:

And whereas it is now expedient that the number of guardians assigned, as aforesaid, shall be increased:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of the above-cited section 24 (*c*) of the Act, and in the exercise of the powers given to Us by the Act, and by all other Statutes in this behalf enabling Us do hereby order, and, anything in the original Order to the contrary notwithstanding, do assign to each of the eight district electoral divisions of the Limerick Union constituted as aforesaid and situate in the County Borough of Limerick three guardians to be elected at the ordinary triennial election of guardians for Urban Districts in the said Union to be held under the provisions of the Act in the year 1902, and at each subsequent triennial election to be held as aforesaid until we otherwise order.

Sealed with our Seal this Nineteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

No. 32,393.—1901.

(*Altering County Electoral Divisions*).

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Dublin; and to all whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by Section 2 (3) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (which Act and any Orders in Council made in pursuance of Part Six thereof are hereinafter collectively referred to as the Act), it is enacted in effect that the number of councillors and the divisions in every county for their election (hereinafter referred to as county electoral divisions) shall be those provided by an Order of the Local Government Board for Ireland made before the First day of January next after the passing of the Act, subject after the first election to alteration in manner provided in pursuance of the Act:

And whereas by Article 25 (1) of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, being an Order made by the Lord Lieutenant in Council in pursuance of Section 104 of the Act, it is directed that whenever it is represented by a Council of any County to the Local Government Board for Ireland that the alteration of the boundary of any county electoral division or of the number of County Councillors and county electoral divisions is desirable, the said Local Government Board shall, unless for special reasons they think that the representation ought not to be entertained, cause to be made a local inquiry, and may make an Order for the proposal contained in such representation or for such other proposal as they may deem expedient, or may refuse such Order, and if they make the Order may by such Order divide or alter any county electoral division:

And whereas by an Order under Our Seal bearing date the First day of November, 1898, as amended by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Seventeenth day of January, 1899, We, the said Local Government Board, did define for the purposes of the Act the boundaries of the Administrative County of Dublin, and did Order and Declare that the several divisions of the said County so defined (hereinafter referred to as the former County) for the election of County Councillors should be the several county electoral divisions defined in Schedule B annexed to Our said Order of the First day of November, 1898, as amended by Our said Order of the Seventeenth day of January, 1899:

And whereas the boundaries of the former County have been altered by the provisions of the Dublin Corporation Act, 1900 (hereinafter referred to as the Act of 1900):

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas the portion of the former County contained within the boundaries so altered forms the present Administrative County of Dublin (hereinafter referred to as the County):

And whereas the boundaries of certain district electoral divisions situate at the commencement of the Act of 1900 in the former County have been altered by that Act; and the said district electoral divisions whose bonndaries have been so altered are now situate in the County:

And whereas it has been represented to Us by the Council of the County that the alteration of the boundaries of certain county electoral divisions in the County, and of the number of County Councillors to be elected for the County, and of the number of county electoral divisions in the County is desirable:

And whereas We, on receipt of such representation, did cause to be made a local inquiry by E. A. Saunderson, Esquire, one of Our Inspectors:

And whereas having considered the report of Our said Inspector, We deem it expedient to alter the boundaries of certain county electoral divisions in the County, and the number of County Councillors to be elected for the County, and the nnmber of county electoral divisions in the Connty:

And whereas under the provisions of Our said Orders of the First day of November, 1898, and the Seventeenth day of January, 1899, there are now Twenty County Councillors elected for the County and Twenty county electoral divisions in the County:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order and Provide as follows, that is to say:—

1. At the ordinary triennial election of County Councillors for the County to be held in the year 1902, and at all subsequent triennial elections, until We otherwise provide in pursuance of the Act, there shall be elected Nineteen snch councillors, one such councillor being elected for each of the Nineteen county electoral divisions named and constituted as is set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

2. For the purposes of the triennial elections as aforesaid and for all other purposes, the County shall be divided into the Nineteen county electoral divisions named and constitnted as is set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed and each of the said county electoral divisions so named is hereby constituted of the District Electoral Divisions whose names are set down in the second column of the said Schedule opposite to the name of such county electoral division.

Provided always that nothing in this Order contained shall take effect for any purpose not connected with the said ordinary triennial election to be held in the year 1902 before the ordinary day of retirement of County Councillors in the said year 1902.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO IN THIS ORDER.

County Electoral Divisions.	Constituted of
BALBRIGGAN	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF— Balbriggan Rural, Balbriggan Urban, Balscadden, Garristown, Hollywood.
BLACKROCK	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF— Blackrock No. 1, Blackrock No. 2, Blackrock No. 3, Kingstown No. 1.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

County Electoral Divisions.	Constituted of
CASTLEKNOCK	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Castleknock, Blanchardstown.
CLONDALKIN	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Clondalkin, Palmerstown.
COOLOCK	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Coolock, Howth.
DALKEY	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Dalkey, Killiney, Kingstown No. 4.
DONNYBROOK	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Donnybrook, Pembroke East.
DUNDRUM	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Dundrum, Glencullen.
FINGLAS	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Drumcondra Rural, Finglas, Glasnevin.
KINGSTOWN	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Kingstown No. 2, Kingstown No. 3.
LUCAN	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Clonsilla, Lucan.
LUSK	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Holmpatrick, Lusk.
PEMBROKE WEST ..	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISION OF—Pembroke West.
RATHCOOLE	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Newcastle, Rathcoole, Saggart, Tallaght.
RATHFARNHAM ..	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Rathfarnham, Whitechurch.
RATHMINES EAST ..	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISION OF—Rathmines and Rathgar East
RATHMINES WEST ..	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISION OF—Rathmines and Rathgar West.
STILLORGAN	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Ballybrack, Rathmichael, Stillorgan.
SWORDS	THE DISTRICT ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF—Ballyboghill, Clonmethan, Donabate, Kilsallaghan, Kinsaley, Malahide, Swords.

[L.S.] Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office, this Thirtieth day of October, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 22,088.—1901.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Belfast:
To the Council of the Administrative County of Antrim; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by sub-section (5) of Article 27 of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, it is directed in effect that where an alteration of boundaries of a county is made by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act) and section seventy of the Act does not apply, and the matter is not met by an adjustment order made in pursuance of an order in Council under section one hundred and six of the Act making transitory provisions, an order for adjusting any property, debts, and liabilities affected by such alteration of boundaries as aforssaid may, if it appears to the Local Government Board for Ireland desirable, be made by that Board, but such Order, if petitioned against by any council, grand jury, or local authority affected thereby, within three months after notice of such Order is given in accordance with the Act, shall be provisional only unless the petition is withdrawn or the Order is confirmed by Parliament:

And Whereas prior to the appointed day in the Act mentioned (hereinafter referred to as the appointed day), a portion of the City of Belfast was situated in the County then known as the County of Antrim (which portion of the City of Belfast is hereinafter referred to as the Antrim portion):

And Whereas under the provisions of section 21 of the Act the City of Belfast has been constituted an Administrative County of itself (hereinafter referred to as the County Borough), and the Antrim portion has been separated from the County, formerly known as the County of Antrim (hereinafter referred to as the former County) and the rest of the former County has become the Administrative County of Antrim (hersinafter referred to as the County), and an alteration of the boundaries of the former County has thus been made:

And Whereas the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Belfast acting by the Town Council (hereinafter referred to as the Corporation) have under the provisions of the said section 21 of the Act and subject to all other provisions of the Act in that behalf, the powers and duties of a County Council in respect of the County Borough:

And Whereas a council has been elected under the Act for the County (which council is hereinafter referred to as the County Council):

And Whereas under the provisions of the Act all the business, powers and duties of the Grand Jury of the former County not excepted by section 4 thereof in respect of the County Borough have been transferred to the Corporation in so far as they had not such business, powers and duties before the commencement of the Act, and all the business, powers and duties of the said Grand Jury not expected as aforesaid in respect of the County have been transferred to the County Council:

And Whereas by reason of the said alteration of the boundaries of the former County made as aforesaid an adjustment of certain propsrty debts and liabilities affected hereby is necessary and section seventy of the Act does not apply and the matter is not met by an adjustment order made in pursuance of Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898, being an Order in Council under section one hundred and six of the Act making transitory provisions:

And Whereas the Court House of the former County was prior to the appointed day held in trust for the public uses and purposes of the former County:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And Whereas under the provisions of Article 15 of the Schedule to the said Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, the said Court House is now held jointly by the County Council and the Corporation for the public uses and purposes of the County and the County Borough respectively:

And Whereas by section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, it is enacted that any annuity by way of superannuation allowance or gratituty granted under that section shall be apportioned between the period of service before the 1st day of April, 1878, and the period of service after the said day; and so much of such annuity or allowance as is payable in respect of service before the said day, regard being had to the amount of salary then paid, but without taking into account any number of years added to the officer's service on account of abolition of office, or for facilitating the organisation of the department, shall, without application to presentment sessions, or other preliminaries, be presented and paid to the person entitled thereto by the Grand Jury of the County by which the prison in which such person was serving immediately before the said 1st day of April, 1878, and was at such time maintained, and the residue shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament:

And Whereas prior to the appointed day, the Grand Jury of the former County were bound without application to presentment sessions or other preliminaries to present and pay to the person thereto entitled any sum of money which became due in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, in respect of any annuity by way of superannuation allowance or gratuity granted under the said section to officers employed in the prison situated in the former County (which prison is hereinafter referred to as the prison):

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by sub-section (5) of Article 27, of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, and of all other powers in this behalf enabling Us, do hereby make an adjustment of property, debts, and liabilities as between the Corporation and the County Council in respect of the matters hereinbefore mentioned, and do order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

1. The County Council shall maintain the Court House and buildings and subject to the statutory right of use thereof by the County Council, and to the use thereof for the administration of justice in respect of the County, the same may as of right be used for all Courts of Assize, Quarter Sessions, Recorder's Courts, Revisions or Elections, to be held in respect of the County Borough, or any part thereof; and the annual expenses of such maintenance shall be paid by, and shall be apportioned between the Corporation and the County Council in proportion to the respective rateable values, under the valuation in force at the time such expenses were incurred, of the County Borough and the County.

2. Every sum which (if the Act had not passed), would have been payable by the Grand Jury of the former County in respect of any annuity by way of superannuation allowance granted before the appointed day under the provisions of the aforesaid section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, to any officer of the prison, shall be paid by and shall be apportioned between the Corporation and the County Council in proportion to the respective rateable values, under the valuation in force on the appointed day, of the Antrim portion and the remainder of the former County; and every such sum which has become or shall become payable in respect of any annuity by way of superannuation allowance or gratuity granted, or to be granted after the appointed day, under the provisions of the said section, to any officer of the prison shall be paid by, and shall be apportioned between the Corporation and

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

the County Council in proportion to the respective rateable values, under the valuation in force at the time of the granting thereof, of the Antrim portion and the County.

3. All sums which would have been payable by the Corporation or by the County Council under the provisions of this Order during or in respect of the local financial years ending the 31st day of March, 1900, and the 31st day of March, 1901, if the said Order had then been in operation, shall be paid as soon as may be after the expiration of three months from the date on which the Order is published in the *Dublin Gazette*; or in the event of the Order being petitioned against and being confirmed by Parliament, then as soon as may be after such confirmation.

4. As respects the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902, subject as in the preceding Article mentioned, this Order shall be deemed to have been in operation as from the 1st day of April, 1901.

5. All sums which would have been payable under the provisions of this Order, in respect of work done or services rendered before the 1st day of October, 1901, shall be deemed to have become due in the second half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902; or in the event of the Order being petitioned against and being confirmed by Parliament, then in the first half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1903.

6. This Order may be cited as the County Antrim and Belfast Adjustment Order, 1901.

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this Thirtieth day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and one.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Belfast:
To the Council of the Administrative County of Down; and to all others whom it may concern:

Whereas by sub-section (5) of Article 27 of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, it is directed in effect that where an alteration of boundaries of a county is made by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act) and section seventy of the Act does not apply, and the matter is not met by an adjustment order made in pursuance of an order in Council under section one hundred and six of the Act making transitory provisions, and order for adjusting any property, debts, and liabilities affected by such alteration of boundaries as aforesaid may, if it appears to the Local Government Board for Ireland desirable, be made by that Board, but such Order, if petitioned against by any council, grand jury, or local authority affected thereby, within three months after notice of such Order is given in accordance with the Act, shall be provisional only unless the petition is withdrawn or the Order is confirmed by Parliament:

And Whereas prior to the appointed day in the Act mentioned (hereinafter referred to as the appointed day), a portion of the City of Belfast (hereinafter referred to as the Down portion) was situated in the County then known as the County of Down (hereinafter referred to as the former County:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And Whereas under the provisions of section 21 of the Act the City of Belfast has been constituted an Administrative County of itself (hereinafter referred to as the County Borough); and the Down portion has been separated from the former County; and the rest of the former County has become the Administrative County of Down (hereinafter referred to as the County) and an alteration of the boundaries of the former County has thus been made:

And Whereas the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Belfast acting by the Town Council (hereinafter referred to as the Corporation) have under the provisions of the said section 21 of the Act and subject to all other provisions of the Act in that behalf, the powers and duties of a County Council in respect of the County Borough:

And Whereas a council has been elected under the Act for the County (which council is hereinafter referred to as the County Council):

And Whereas under the provisions of the Act all the business, powers and duties of the Grand Jury of the former County not excepted by section 4 thereof in respect of the County Borough have been transferred to the Corporation in so far as they had not such business, powers and duties before the commencement of the Act, and all the business, powers and duties of the said Grand Jury not excepted as aforesaid in respect of the County have been transferred to the County Council:

And Whereas by reason of the said alteration of the boundaries of the former County made as aforesaid an adjustment of certain property debts and liabilities affected thereby is necessary and section seventy of the Act does not apply and the matter is not met by an adjustment order made in pursuance of Article 18 of the Local Government (Transitory Provisions) (No. 2) Order, 1898, being an Order in Council under section one hundred and six of the Act making transitory provisions:

And Whereas by section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, it is enacted that any annuity by way of superannuation allowance or gratuity granted under that section shall be apportioned between the period of service before the 1st day of April, 1878, and the period of service after the said day; and so much of such annuity or allowance as is payable in respect of service before the said day, regard being had to the amount of salary then paid, but without taking into account any number of years added to the officer's service on account of abolition of office, or for facilitating the organisation of the department, shall, without application to presentment sessions, or other preliminaries, be presented and paid to the person entitled thereto by the Grand Jury of the County by which the prison in which such person was serving immediately before the said 1st day of April, 1878, and was at such time maintained, and the residue shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament:

And Whereas prior to the appointed day, the Grand Jury of the former County were bound without application to presentment sessions or other preliminaries to present and pay to the person thereto entitled any sum of money which became due in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, in respect of any annuity by way of superannuation allowance or gratuity granted under the said section to officers employed in the prison situated in the former County (which prison is hereinafter referred to as the prison):

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by sub-section (5) of Article 27, of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, and of all other powers in this behalf enabling Us, do hereby make an adjustment of property, debts, and liabilities as between the Corporation and the County Council in respect of the matters hereinbefore mentioned, and do order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

1. Every sum which, if the Act had not passed, would have been payable by the Grand Jury of the former County in respect of any

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

annuity by way of superannuation allowance granted before the appointed day under the provisions of the aforesaid section 32 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, to any officer of the prison, shall be paid by and shall be apportioned between the Corporation and the County Council in proportion to the respective rateable values, under the valuation in force on the appointed day, of the Down portion and the remainder of the former County; and every such sum which has become or shall become payable in respect of any annuity by way of superannuation allowance or gratuity granted, or to be granted after the appointed day, under the provisions of the said section, to any officer of the prison shall be paid by, and shall be apportioned between the Corporation and the County Council in proportion to the respective rateable values, under the valuation in force at the time of the granting thereof, of the Down portion and the County.

2. All sums which would have been payable by the Corporation or by the County Council under the provisions of this Order during or in respect of the local financial years ending the 31st day of March, 1900, and the 31st day of March, 1901, if this Order had then been in operation, shall be paid as soon as may be after the expiration of three months from the date on which the Order is published in the *Dublin Gazette*; or in the event of any petition against this Order being received and the Order being confirmed by Parliament, then as soon as may be after such confirmation.

3. As respects the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902, subject as in the preceding Article mentioned, this Order shall be deemed to have been in operation as from the 1st day of April, 1901.

4. All sums which would have been payable under the provisions of this Order, in respect of work done or services rendered before the 1st day of October, 1901, shall be deemed to have become due in the second half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902; or in the event of the Order being petitioned against and being confirmed by Parliament, then in the first half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1903.

5. This Order may be cited as the County Down and Belfast Adjustment Order, 1901.

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this Thirtieth day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

Order altering the financial relations between the Council of the Administrative County of Londonderry and the Council of the Urban County District of Limavady.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Londonderry:
To the Council of the Urban County District of Limavady: and
To all others whom it may concern:

Whereas by section three of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1901 (hereinafter referred to as the Act of 1901), it is enacted in effect that if within one year after the passing of the Act of 1901 the council of a county or of an urban county district apply to the Local Government

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Board for Ireland for an order under section seventy-one of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act of 1898), altering their financial relations, as that expression is defined by the said section seventy-one, and if no order under the said section affecting those relations has been made since the passing of the Act of 1898, the Board may if of opinion that those relations have become inequitable by the operation of the Act of 1898, make an Order under the said section seventy-one, any limit of time contained therein notwithstanding:

And Whereas the Act of 1901 was passed on the seventeenth day of August in the year 1901:

And Whereas in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting held on the fifth day of September in the year 1901, the Council of the Urban County District of Limavady (hereinafter referred to as the District Council) have applied to Us, the said Local Government Board for an order under section seventy-one of the Act of 1898, altering their financial relations with the Council of the Administrative County of Londonderry (hereinafter referred to as the County Council):

And Whereas no Order affecting the said relations has been made under the said section seventy-one since the passing of the Act of 1898:

And Whereas, We, the said Local Government Board having inquired into the circumstances are of opinion that the financial relations between the District Council and the County Council have become inequitable by the operation of the Act of 1898:

And Whereas this Order does not alter the provisions of any Local Act or Provisional Order:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in the exercise of the powers given to Us by section seventy-one of the Act of 1898 as amended by the provisions of section three of the Act of 1901, and of all powers under any Statute in this behalf enabling Us, do hereby alter the financial relations of the District Council with the County Council and do order and direct as follows:

1. The District Council shall contribute to all expenditure incurred by the County Council in respect of county-at-large charges, except so much of the said expenditure as is incurred in respect of any of the items set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

2. In the case of any demand to be made upon the District Council by the County Council after the date of this Order the District Council shall be credited with any payments made by them between the first day of April, 1899, and the said date in respect of any of the items set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed:

Provided that if any amount remains unpaid which would, if the provisions of this Order had been in force during the period intervening between the dates above-mentioned, have been payable by the District Council in respect of any item of county-at-large expenditure not excepted by this Order, such amount shall be debited to the said Council in the case of any such demand as aforesaid.

Provided further that any amount so credited or debited to the District Council shall be deemed to have become due to or by the District Council in the second half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902.

Sealed with our Seal this Seventh day of November, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE.

Items in respect of County-at-Large Charges, from Contributions to which the Urban County District of Limavady is exempted by the foregoing Order.

The salaries, pensions, and expenses of—

Assistant Surveyors.

Clerks and Officers in the County Surveyor's Office, other than the County Surveyor, whether permanent or temporary.

Clerks and Officers in the Offices of the Secretary of the County Council, other than the Secretary, whether permanent or temporary.

Expenditure incurred in respect of—

The printing of Books and Forms, other than printing provided for by section 96 (2) and (3) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

The publication of notices and documents not directly affecting the Urban District.

Improvements and repairs to premises or portions of premises used solely as offices of the County Council.

Legal Advice and Law Costs incurred in respect of matters not directly affecting the Urban District.

Remuneration and expenses (including all expenses on account of superannuation and compensation) of Collectors of Poor Rate.

Fees for Audits of the Accounts of the County Council.

No. 62,278.—1901

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Dublin:

To the Guardians of the Poor of the North Dublin Union:

To the Guardians of the Poor of the South Dublin Union; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by the Dublin Corporation Act, 1900 (hereinafter referred to as the Act of 1900) the boundary of the County Borough of Dublin (hereinafter referred to as the County Borough), was in effect extended so as to comprise in addition to the County Borough as the same existed at the commencement of the Act of 1900, the Urban County Districts of New Kilmainham, situate in the South Dublin Union, Drumcondra, Clonliffe, and Glasnevin, and Clontarf, situate in the North Dublin Union, and certain townlands and parts of townlands together with other lands specified in the First Schedule to the Act of 1900 (all of which urban county districts, townlands, parts of townlands, and other lands are hereinafter referred to collectively as the added area):

And Whereas by or in pursuance of Sub-section (2) of Section 40 of the Act of 1900 a part of the added area was divided into five wards (hereinafter referred to as the new wards) in the manner specified in the said Sub-section; and other parts of the said area were added to the Usher's Quay Ward, and the South Dock Ward of the County Borough as it existed at the commencement of the Act of 1900:

And Whereas by Section 48 of the Act of 1900, it is enacted in effect that the new wards shall form district electoral divisions for poor law purposes within the County Borough in the same manner as the wards into which the County Borough as it existed at the time of the commencement of the Act of 1900 was divided, and that the provisions of Sub-section (c) of Section 24 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act,

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act of 1898), shall apply to such district electoral divisions as if the same had been constituted by the Local Government Board for Ireland:

And Whereas by Sub-section (*c*) of Section 24 of the Act of 1898 it is enacted in effect that where We, the said Local Government Board, constitute any part of a County Borough a district electoral division, We may assign to that division two or more Guardians:

And Whereas the new wards are named in pursuance of Section 40 of the Act of 1900, the Cloutarf East Ward, the Cloutarf West Ward, the Drumcondra Ward, the Glasnevin Ward, and the New Kilmainham Ward, respectively:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of the powers given to Us by Sub-section (*c*) of Section 24 of the Act of 1898, as applied by Section 48 of the Act of 1900 to the new wards, do hereby assign to each of the district electoral divisions formed of the new wards by the said Section of the Act of 1900, the number of Guardians set opposite to the name of each such district electoral division in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

Sealed with our Seal of Office this Twenty-seventh day of November, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L. S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

SCHEDULE.

Union.	District Electoral Division.	No. of Guardians.
North Dublin, . .	Clontarf, East, . .	Two.
	Clontarf, West, . .	Three.
	Drumcondra, . .	Four.
	Glasnevin, . . .	Three.
South Dublin, . .	New Kilmainham, . .	Five.

No. 1,625.—1902.

(*Order consenting to approval of Road Expenditure.*)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Meath:
To the Council of the Rural District of Ardee No. 2; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by Sub-section 2 of Section 27 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), it is enacted in effect that a county council shall not, without the consent of the Local Government Board for Ireland, approve of any expenditure on roads proposed by the council of any rural district which will cause the expenditure on the roads of the district to exceed by one-fourth the amount certified by that Board to have been the average expenditure thereon during the three years next before the passing of this Act, and that the Board may, as respects each council consent either for s particular road or a particular year, or generally:

And Whereas, the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Ardee No. 2 in the Administrative County of Meath proposed or about

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1903, will cause the total expenditure on the said roads during the said local financial year to exceed by more than one-fourth the amount certified by Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in a certificate under Our seal bearing date the Sixth day of July, 1899, to have been the average expenditure on the said roads during the three years next before the passing of the Act.

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by the above-cited sub-section (2) of section 27 of the Act, do hereby consent and declare that the Council of the Administrative County of Meath may, if they see fit, approve of the expenditure on the roads of the Rural District of Ardee No. 2 proposed or about to be proposed by the Council of the said Rural District for the local financial year ending the Thirty-first day of March, 1903, provided always that this Our consent and declaration shall not extend to the approval by the Council of the said County of any expenditure proposed or about to be proposed as aforesaid which is not in accordance with the report and recommendations of the County Surveyor, or which will cause the total expenditure on the roads of the said Rural District in the said local financial year to exceed the sum of One Thousand Two Hundred and Seventeen Pounds Ten Shillings.

Given under Our Seal of Office this Thirtieth day of January, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

[L.S.] (Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

No. 68,225.—1901.

(*Co. Armagh.—Altering number of County Councillors for Portadown County Electoral Division.*)

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Armagh; To the Urban District Council of Portadown; and to all whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by Section 2 (3) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (which Act and any Orders in Council made in pursuance of Part Six thereof are hereinafter collectively referred to as the Act), it is enacted in effect that the number of councillors and the divisions in every county for their election (hereinafter referred to as County Electoral Divisions) shall be those provided by an Order of the Local Government Board for Ireland made before the First day of January next after the passing of the Act, subject after the first election to alteration in manner provided in pursuance of the Act:

And Whereas by Article 25 (1) of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, being an Order made by the Lord Lieutenant in Council in pursuance of Section 104 of the Act, it is directed that whenever it is represented by the Council of any County to the Local Government Board for Ireland that the alteration of the number of County Councillors is desirable, the said Local Government Board shall, unless for special reasons they think that the representation ought not to be entertained, cause to be made a local inquiry, and may make an Order for the proposal contained in such representation or for such other proposal as they may deem expedient, or may refuse such Order:

And Whereas by an Order under Our Seal bearing date the First day of November, 1898, We, the said Local Government Board, did define

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

for the purposes of the Act the boundaries of the Administrative County of Armagh (hereinafter referred to as the County), and did Order and Declare that the several divisions of the said County so defined for the election of County Councillors should be the several County Electoral Divisions defined in Schedule B annexed to Our said Order of the First day of November, 1898:

And Whereas it has been represented to Us by the Council of the County that the alteration of the number of County Councillors to be elected for the County, and in particular for the County Electoral Division of Portadown as defined by Our said Order of the First day of November, 1898, is desirable:

And Whereas We, on receipt of such representation, did cause to be made a local inquiry by E. A. Saunderson, Esquire, one of Our Inspectors:

And Whereas having considered the report of Our said Inspector, We deem it expedient to alter the number of County Councillors to be elected for the County, and in particular for the said County Electoral Division of Portadown:

And Whereas under the provisions of Our said Order of the First day of November, 1898, there are now Twenty-two County Councillors elected for the County and one such Councillor is elected for the County Electoral Division of Portadown:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order and Provide as follows, that is to say:—

At the ordinary triennial election of County Councillors for the County to be held in the year 1902, and at all subsequent triennial elections, until We otherwise provide in pursuance of the Act, there shall be elected Twenty-three such Councillors, and two such Councillors shall be elected for the County Electoral Division of Portadown as defined in the Schedule annexed to Our said Order of the First day of November, 1898.

Given under Our Seal of Office, this Eleventh day of February, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

No. 68,225.—1901.

(Lurgan Union.—Altering number of Guardians, Portadown.)

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Lurgan Union; To the Urban District Council of Portadown; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by an Order under Our Seal made in pursuance of Section 24 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, and bearing date the Fourth day of February, 1899, We the Local Government Board for Ireland did amongst other matters order and declare that four guardians should be assigned to the District Electoral Division of Portadown Urban:

And Whereas it is expedient to modify Our said Order in so far as it affects the number of Guardians ordered to be assigned to the said District Electoral Division:

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby revoke and rescind so much of Our said Order as refers to the District Electoral Division of Portadown Urban, and do order and declare as follows, that is to say—

1. We assign six Guardians to the District Electoral Division of Portadown Urban in the Lurgan Union.

2. This Order shall come into force and take effect at such time as may be necessary for the purposes of the triennial election of Guardians in the said District Electoral Division in the year 1902, and for all other purposes on the day of the first meeting of the Guardians of the Lurgan Union after the said election.

Given under our Seal of Office this Twenty-fifth day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

[L.S.] (Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

(iii.) ORDERS connected with the late office of Collector-General of Rates in Dublin.

CERTIFICATE of the Local Government Board for Ireland, made in pursuance of Section 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

WE, the Local Government Board for Ireland, hereby certify, in pursuance of Section 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, that the sum to be paid to us pursuant to the said section in respect of the second half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902, is £3,340 18*s.* 8*d.*, of which amount £3,101 8*s.* 10*d.* is payable by the Council of the City of Dublin, and £239 9*s.* 10*d.* is payable by the Council of the County of Dublin.

And We hereby further certify, in pursuance of the said Section 66 of the said Act, that the proportion of the Collector-General's Annuity properly chargeable in respect of the said half-year against the above-mentioned payments is £1,394 13*s.* 4*d.*, as regards the Council of the City of Dublin, and £232 8*s.* 10*d.* as regards the Council of the County of Dublin.

Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office, this Tenth day of September, One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

CERTIFICATE of the Local Government Board for Ireland in pursuance of Section 66, Sub-section (4), of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

WE, the Local Government Board for Ireland, hereby certify, in pursuance of Section 66, Sub-section (4), of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, that the proportion of the Collector-General's Annuity properly chargeable against the payments in respect of the amounts specified in the demands made in pursuance of the said Sub-section (4) by the Commissioner of Police on the Council of the City of Dublin and the Council of the County of Dublin, respectively, for the second half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1902, is £309 17*s.* 6*d.* as regards the Council of the City of Dublin, and £206 12*s.* 4*d.* as regards the Council of the County of Dublin.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And We hereby further certify, in pursuance of the said Sub-section (4) of the said Act, that the proportion of the said Annuity properly chargeable against the payments in respect of the amounts specified in the demands made by the Dublin Port and Docks Board under the said Sub-section (4) on the Council of the City of Dublin and the Council of the County of Dublin, respectively, for the said half of the said local financial year is £38 14*s.* 9*d.* as regards the Council of the City of Dublin, and £25 16*s.* 6*d.* as regards the Council of the County of Dublin.

[L.S.] Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office, this Tenth day of September, One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

No. 10,791.—1902.

CERTIFICATE of the Local Government Board for Ireland, made in pursuance of Section 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

WE, the Local Government Board for Ireland, hereby certify, in pursuance of Section 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, that the sum to be paid to us pursuant to the said section in respect of the first half of the local financial year, ending the 31st day of March, 1903, is £3,340 18*s.* 8*d.*, of which amount £3,101 8*s.* 10*d.* is payable by the Council of the City of Dublin, and £239 9*s.* 10*d.* is payable by the Council of the County of Dublin.

And We hereby further certify, in pursuance of the said Section 66 of the said Act, that the proportion of the Collector-General's Annuity properly chargeable in respect of the said half-year against the above-mentioned payment, is £1,436 18*s.* as regards the Council of the City of Dublin, and £239 9*s.* 10*d.* as regards the Council of the County of Dublin.

[L.S.] Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office, this Twenty-fifth day of February, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

No. 10,791.—1902.

CERTIFICATE of the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of Section 66, Sub-section (4), of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

WE, the Local Government Board for Ireland, hereby certify, in pursuance of Section 66, Sub-section (4), of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, that the proportion of the Collector-General's Annuity properly chargeable against the payments in respect of the amounts specified in the demands made in pursuance of the said Sub-section (4) by the Commissioner of Police on the Council of the City of Dublin and the Council of the County of Dublin, respectively, for the first half of the local financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1903, is £319 5*s.* 3*d.* as regards the Council of the City of Dublin, and £212 17*s.* 8*d.* as regards the Council of the County of Dublin.

And We hereby further certify, in pursuance of the said Sub-section (4) of the said Act, that the proportion of the said Annuity properly chargeable against the payments in respect of the amounts specified in the demands made by the Dublin Port and Docks Board under the said Sub-section (4) on the Council of the City of Dublin and the Council of the County of Dublin, respectively, for the said half of the said local finan-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

cial year, is £39 18*s.* 3*d.* as regards the Council of the City of Dublin, and £26 12*s.* 2*d.* as regards the Council of the County of Dublin.

Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office, this Twenty-fifth
[L. S.] day of February, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

(iv.) MAIN ROADS.

IN pursuance of Sub-sections (8) and (10) of Section 8 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, Orders were executed declaring what roads in the following counties shall be main roads:—

County.	Date of Order.
Armagh, ...	16th August, 1901.
Cork, ...	12th August, 1901.
Waterford, ...	23rd January, 1902.

(v.) TRIENNIAL ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS.

ORDERS were issued applying the provisions of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, with respect to the duration of office of County Councillors, to the following Urban Districts:—

Name of Urban District.	Date of Order.
Dromore, ...	15th November, 1901.
Midleton, ...	1st April, 1901.

(vi.) ORDERS constituting URBAN DISTRICTS.

Orders were executed under Seal on the 22nd of May, and 28th of September, 1901, respectively, constituting the towns of Macroom and Mallow Urban Districts, subject to the provisions of Section 42 (1) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898. No Petition was received against the Macroom Order, which consequently, under the section mentioned, took effect without requiring to be confirmed by Parliament. In the case of Mallow, a Petition was received against the Order within three months of its publication, and the Order was confirmed by the Local Government Board (Ireland) Provisional Order Confirmation (No. 1) Act, 1902.

A copy of the Order issued in the Macroom case is given as a specimen of the form in which these Orders were made.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

TOWN OF MACROOM.

41 & 42 Vict., c. 52.

WHEREAS by section seven of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by Article thirty-two of the Local Government (Adaptation of Irish Enactments) Order, 1899, the Local Government Board for Ireland are empowered by provisional order to separate from a rural sanitary district any town or district wholly situate therein, in which there are town or township commissioners under any Act of Parliament, whether the number of the inhabitants of such town or district is more or less than six thousand, and to constitute it an urban sanitary district, to be thereafter subject to all the provisions of the said Act of 1878, as amended by the provisions of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, affecting urban sanitary districts.

61 & 62 Vict., c. 37.

41 & 42 Vict., c. 52.

And whereas it is further enacted by the said section seven of the said Act of 1878, that no such provisional order shall be made except on petition from one or other of the towns, townships, or districts affected by such order, nor in the event of any objection being taken by any person affected thereby until after due local inquiry:

61 & 62 Vict., c. 37.

And whereas by sub-section (1) of section forty-two of the said Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is enacted in effect that where a town has a population exceeding one thousand five hundred according to the last published census for the time being, but is not an urban sanitary district, any order of the said Local Government Board constituting such town an urban sanitary district shall, unless within three months after the order is published the Board receive a petition against it from at least one-fourth of the local government electors within the town or from the guardians of the union, or council of the rural district, comprising the town or any part thereof, take effect without the authority of Parliament; and that a certificate of the Board that no such petition has been received, and that the order has taken effect, shall be conclusive evidence of those facts:

63 & 64 Vict., c. 63.

And whereas it is enacted by section one of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1900, that if a petition in pursuance of the said sub-section (1) of section forty-two of the said Act of 1898 against an order of the Local Government Board is withdrawn before the date fixed in that behalf in the order, the said sub-section shall have effect in like manner as if the petition had not been received:

61 & 62 Vict., c. 37.

And whereas it is enacted by sub-section (1) of section fifty of the said Act of 1898 that where by virtue of an order respecting the constitution of an urban county district, whether by the constitution of a new or the extension of the boundaries of an old urban county district, any agricultural land in a rural district becomes included within the boundaries of the said urban district, such portion of the agricultural grant payable to the council of the county comprising the district as is proportionate to the rateable value in the standard financial year of that agricultural land shall be applied by the county council in manner directed by the said order for the relief of the said land from rates, whether by the payment thereof to the council of the urban district in exchange for an adequate exemption from rates or otherwise:

And whereas it is further enacted by sub-section (3) of the said section forty-two of the said Act of 1898, that an order made after the passing of that Act for constituting a town an urban sanitary district shall contain such provisions as may seem necessary or expedient for adapting the provisions of that Act in respect to public works, and making an adjustment of property rights, and liabilities:

61 & 62 Vict., c. 37.

And whereas it is enacted by sub-section (1) of section one hundred and nine of the said Act of 1898, that in that Act unless the context otherwise requires the expression "town" means the area comprised in any town

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

or township having commissioners under the Lighting of Towns (Ireland) Act, 1828, or the Towns Improvement (Ireland) Act, 1854, or any local Act: 9 Geo. 4, c. 82. 17 & 18 Vict., c. 103.

And whereas it is enacted by sub-section (1) of section twenty-two of the said Act of 1898, that all urban sanitary authorities shall be called urban district councils, and that their districts shall be called urban districts:

And whereas the town of Macroom is a town having Commissioners under the Towns Improvement (Ireland) Act, 1854, and has a population exceeding one thousand five hundred according to the now last published census: 17 & 18 Vict., c. 103.

And whereas the town of Macroom is situated in and forms part of the rural district of Macroom in the administrative county of Cork:

And whereas We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, have received a petition from the town of Macroom praying that the said town may be separated from the rural district of Macroom, in the administrative county of Cork, and be constituted an urban sanitary district.

And whereas all advertisements and notices required by the said Act of 1878, having been previously published, served, and given, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, have caused a local inquiry to be made as to the propriety of assenting to the prayer of the said petition, and it appears to us to be proper to assent thereto: 41 & 42 Vict., c. 52.

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, acting in pursuance of the above-cited provisions of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and the Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1900, do hereby order and direct as follows:— 41 & 42 Vict., c. 52. 61 & 62 Vict., c. 37. 63 & 64 Vict., c. 63.

1. From and after the first day of October in the year nineteen hundred and one, unless within three months of the date on which this present order is published in the *Dublin Gazette* we receive a petition against such order from at least one-fourth of the Local government electors within the town of Macroom, or from the board of guardians of Macroom union, or from the rural district council of Macroom, and if any such petition is so received by us, and if this order is confirmed by Parliament, then from and after the first day of October or the first day of April (whichever may first occur) next after such confirmation, the town of Macroom shall be separated from the rural district of Macroom, in the administrative county of Cork, and shall be constituted an urban sanitary district (hereinafter called the urban district of Macroom), subject to all the provisions of the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1900, as amended by the provisions of the Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1900, affecting urban sanitary districts. 41 & 42 Vict., c. 52. 63 & 64 Vict., c. 10. 61 & 62 Vict., c. 37.

Provided that if any petition as aforesaid is received by us within the said period of three months and such petition is withdrawn before the first day of September in the year nineteen hundred and one, this order shall have effect in like manner as if no such petition had been received. 63 & 64 Vict., c. 63.

2. To the urban sanitary authority of the urban district of Macroom, constituted by the foregoing article of this order (hereinafter called the urban district council of Macroom), there shall be transferred:—

(*a.*) The business of the rural district council of Macroom in respect to public works so far as respects the said urban district constituted as aforesaid; and

(*b.*) So far as respects the said urban district, the business of the county council of the administrative county of Cork in relation to public works the expense of the maintenance of which is not wholly or partly leviable off the county at large.

3. Any sum which is applicable by the council of the administrative county of Cork to the relief of any agricultural land within the boundaries of the urban district of Macroom from rates shall be paid to the urban district council of Macroom in exchange for an adequate exemption of the said land from rates.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

4. Any adjustment of property, rights, and liabilities which may become necessary for the full and effectual carrying out of this order shall be made as between the urban district council of Macroom and the county council of the administrative county of Cork, or as between the said urban district council and the rural district council of Macroom, or as between the said urban district council and the board of guardians of the union of Macroom, or as between the said urban district council and any other persons whatsoever in manner provided by Article thirty of the schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898. Provided that a duly certified copy of every adjustment or award made in pursuance of this Article shall be deposited by the clerk of the said urban district council at the office of the Local Government Board for Ireland within one month of the date on which the same is finally made.

5. The costs and expenses of the Town Commissioners of the said town of Macroom and of the Local Government Board for Ireland incurred in respect of the application for, preparation and making of this order, and in the event of a petition being received as aforesaid, of the confirmation of this order by Parliament shall be paid by the urban district council of Macroom out of and by means of the rates leviable under the Towns Improvement (Ireland) Act, 1854, as amended by the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1900, and the Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1900.

17 & 18 Vict., c. 103.
41 & 42 Vict., c. 52.
63 & 64 Vict., c. 10.
61 & 62 Vict., c. 37.
63 & 64 Vict., c. 63.

6. This order may be cited as the town of Macroom Urban District Order, 1901.

Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-second day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.

II.—Circulars.

No. 82/M.—Misc. 1901.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, *2nd May*, 1901.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that their attention has been directed to a diversity of practice which exists in the method of dealing with County Expenditure in the Half-yearly Abstracts prepared in accordance with Form 18, Table (*f*), County Councils Order, 1899.

I am to request that when you are preparing your accounts in future you will not include in Column (*c*) of that Table any sums except the amount of "County Charges" from which Urban Districts are exempt, and that all "Other Expenditure" of the County may be included in the Column (*d*) so headed.

Full particulars of the totals appearing in each of these Columns should be given in the corresponding Tables at foot.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

H. M. Swaine,

Secretary.

To the Secretary
of each County Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 175/M :1901.—Office.

Audit of Accounts.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 30*th November*, 1901.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that some inconvenience has been caused by the transmission of Abstracts of Accounts to the Auditors under Article 8 of "The County Councils Order, 1899." The Local Government Board accordingly assent, under Article 2 of the Order, to the regulation in Article 8, as to forwarding Abstracts, being departed from; and they request that, in future, you will be so good as to transmit the Abstract in each case to this Office instead of to the Auditor.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To
The Secretary of each County Council.

No. 66,412 :1901.—Miscellaneous.

ACQUISITION OF LAND FOR ROADS.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 6*th December*, 1901.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward herewith for the information of the Council, copies of an Order which the Board have made in pursuance of Section 10, Sub-section (2) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, prescribing the time for the lodgment of petitions against Provisional Orders (not affecting demesne land) empowering County or Urban District Councils to take or use land otherwise than by agreement under the Sub-section referred to.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. R. Barlas,
Acting Secretary.

To
The Secretary to each County Council.
The Clerk to each Urban District Council.

No. 5/M./1902.—Miscellaneous.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS, 1902.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 28*th January*, 1902.

Sir,

With reference to the approaching Elections of County and Rural District Councillors, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to call the attention of the County Council to the following matters which require immediate consideration:—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPOINTMENT OF RETURNING OFFICER AND DAY OF ELECTION.

Section 94 (7) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, provides that the ordinary day of election shall be the first day of June, or such day, not more than seven days earlier or later than that day, as may be fixed by the County Council. As the Notice of Election must be issued not less than thirty-five clear days before the day of election, and as the Returning Officer must be allowed some time to make arrangements for printing and for the other matters referred to in this Circular, it will be obvious to the Council that if the appointment of such an officer has not already been made, it should be made at the earliest possible date, and that the day of election should be fixed without delay.

POLLING DISTRICTS.

It is the duty of the Returning Officer to determine the number and situation of the polling places and stations, due regard being had to the provisions contained in the Board's Election Orders.

It appears to the Local Government Board that there should be one polling place at least in each District Electoral Division which is very extensive or populous, and there must be no departure under any circumstances from the rule which provides that every voter must be enabled at each polling place to vote at the same time for both County and District Councillors, or for County Councillors and Guardians.

There may be some District Electoral Divisions, which are small in area and sparsely populated, in which it may be found advisable (notwithstanding the requirement of Section 94 (6) of the Act that each District Electoral Division shall be a polling district) to have one central polling place for more than one Division. Such polling place should contain at least one polling station for each District Electoral Division concerned.

Under the Sub-Section referred to the Local Government Board are empowered on the representation of the County Council to authorise the poll for a Councillor for a District Electoral Division to be taken outside that division if it is taken within the County Electoral Division comprising it. The County Council should, however, only make such representation in cases where it is clearly advisable to do so, and, without laying down any hard and fast rule, the Board consider that no elector should be obliged to travel more than five or six miles to record his vote.

HOURS OF POLLING.

The Council will note that Rule 11 of the Board's Election Order provides that the poll, if any, is to be held on the day of election as fixed by the County Council in accordance with the provisions of Section 94 (7) of the Act, and that the hours during which the poll shall be open are to be such as shall be fixed by the County Council by any general or special order, or if no such order is in force then such hours as were applicable at the last ordinary election, so, however, that the poll shall always be open between the hours of six and eight in the evening. Provided that in any Urban District forming a separate County Electoral Division, the hours during which the poll shall be taken for the election of County Councillors shall be between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. Care should be taken, in any case where a part of a county electoral division is within an urban district, that the hours of poll for the election of county and rural district councillors in the rural portion of the county electoral division, correspond with the hours of poll for the election of county councillors and guardians within the urban district.

PRELIMINARY ARRANGEMENTS.

The Local Government Board consider that the County Council should impress on the Returning Officer the necessity of carefully studying the Election Rules (forwarded herewith), which lay down step by step the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

course to be followed. The best way to ensnre these Rules being properly carried out will be by the Returning Officer.

(*a.*) Making all preliminary arrangements in good time, and
(*b.*) Selecting as his Deputies thoroughly competent and trustworthy men.

No time should be lost in ascertaining whether the Ballot Boxes, screens and fittings provided in pursuance of Section 99 (1) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, for the elections in 1899 are sufficient in nnmber and in good condition. If additional Boxes or fittings are required, steps should at once be taken to procure them.

A Returning Officer must be careful when making up the Local Government Register for a District Electoral Division, which is situated in more than one Parliamentary Polling District, to ensure that the Register includes the lists made up for all the Registration Units composing that Electoral Division.

Selection of Deputies.

With regard to the selection of Deputy Retnrning Officers, it will be observed that the Board have made it mandatory on a Returning Officer to appoint Town Clerks as his Deputies for all pnrposes for which a Deputy is required in any County Electoral Division which includes an Urban District. The reason for this is that the Town Clerks will be charged with the duty of carrying out the Election of Guardians in Urban Districts, and will, therefore, be able to arrange that the Voting for Gnardians and County Councillors shall take place together. Moreover, the experience which these officials have acquired at Municipal Elections will qualify them for organising the Polling for County Elections, and, although the County Electoral Divisions include in some cases Rural, as well as Urban District Electoral Divisions, the Town Clerks will have no difficulty, it is thought, in making all proper arrangements for the double poll.

The Returning Officer is also bound by the Rules to appoint Clerks of Unions as Deputy Returning Officers for the preliminary stages of the Rural District Council elections. There remains, accordingly, in the hands of the Returning Officer, the selection of Deputies for county electoral divisions, not comprised by or containing Urban Districts, who will have the supervision of all polling arrangements within such divisions. The Returning Officer will also have the appointment of the Presiding Officers and Polling Clerks.

It is upon a proper selection of these officials that the snccess or otherwise of the election arrangements must largely depend, and the Returning Officer should remember, that although the Deputy Returning Officers have all the powers and liabilities of the Returning Officer himself in relation to the matters in respect of which they are appointed as Deputies, the Returning Officer will, nevertheless, incur a serious responsibility if he selects as his Deputies careless or inefficient men. On the occasion of the last election the Clerks of Unions, who are responsible and experienced officials, were appointed to these posts, and their appointment was found to be a most satisfactory arrangement. In the opinion of the Local Government Board the Returning Officer will act wisely if he appoints them his Deputies for as many of the county electoral divisions within their respective Unions as they can properly undertake, provided of course that they are willing to act, and are considered efficient.

Where a oounty electoral division runs into two or more Unions it may possibly be found more convenient to appoint some other person as Deputy. Bnt except in the case of such divisions, the Board found that Clerks of Unions were able to organise and superintend, under the direction of the Returning Officer, the polling arrangements for all the divisions within their Unions.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Qualification of Candidates.

In appointing the Deputies for county elections, a Returning Officer should be careful to define very clearly the duties which are to be entrusted to them, and the particular arrangements which he requires them to report on or submit for approval. *He should impress upon the Deputies and bear in mind himself that no power is vested either in the Returning Officer or his Deputies to decide upon the qualification of any candidate properly nominated and that if a nomination paper is properly filled up and signed and is not invalid under Rule 4 (5) or Rule 6 of the Board's Election Order, it must be accepted, even though the person nominated is obviously disqualified.* The question of a candidate's qualification cannot be raised until after the election, and then only by an Election Petition.

Maps, &c.

The Returning Officer will be well advised to provide himself with a map of the Local Government Divisions in his County, showing the boundaries of each Urban and Rural District, and of every County Electoral Division and District Electoral Division. He should also procure a Table showing District Electoral Divisions in County Electoral Divisions, and District Electoral Divisions in Rural and Urban Districts.

The Stamping Instruments used at previous elections for stamping Ballot Papers should be provided with fresh devices to ensure secrecy.

First Elections.

In the case of any Rural District affected by the Board's Order of the 4th February, 1899, which authorised an additional number of Rural District Councillors to be elected for certain District Electoral Divisions which are not towns or parts of towns, the attention of the Returning Officer should be called to the fact that this Order was of a transitory nature, and applied only to the First Elections under the Act of 1898. Not more than two Rural District Councillors can be elected at the forthcoming election for any of the District Electoral Divisions named in the said Order. To avoid confusion, it should be carefully borne in mind that the Order referred to is headed "First Elections Additional Rural District Councillors," and that there is another Order of the Board bearing the same date, which is headed "Rural District Councillors for Towns," and is still in force.

Neglect by Returning Officer.

The Local Government Board have to call special attention to Section 75 of the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, as adapted in the Election Rules, which provides that if a person who has undertaken to act as Returning Officer or Deputy Returning Officer at an election of either County or Rural District Councillors, or Guardians, neglects or refuses to conduct or declare the election in the manner provided in the Election Order, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £100.

Enactments Applied.

The Returning Officer should note that Article 5 (3) of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, provides that at every Election regulated by rules framed under that Order, the poll shall be taken by ballot, and the Ballot Act, 1872, and the Municipal Elections (Corrupt and Illegal Practices) Act, 1884, and Sections 56, 74, and 75, and Part IV. of the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, as amended by the last-mentioned Act (including the penal provisions of those Acts), shall, subject to the adaptations, alterations, and exceptions made by such rules, apply in like manner as in the case of a Municipal Election.

The provisions of Section 56 of the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, are embodied in the Election Orders, and Sections 74 and 75 of that Act,

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

with adaptations and alterations, are set out in the Fourth Schedule to the Orders. The text of Part IV. of the Act referred to, and of the Municipal Elections (Corrupt and Illegal Practices) Act, 1884, are not printed in full in these Orders, but the necessary adaptations and alterations to be made in these Statutes, are clearly set out.

In conclusion, the Local Government Board would impress on the Council as strongly as possible, the necessity that preliminary arrangements should be taken in hand at once, as unless they are completed in due time, much confusion is certain to occur when the pressure of the final work begins.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. M. SWAINE,

Secretary.

The Secretary
of each County Council.

No. 12/M./1902.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 28*th January*, 1902.

SIR,

It has been represented to the Local Government Board for Ireland that diversity of practice exists as to the method in which sums received by County Councils in respect of the Capitation Grant under Section 58 (2 (*c*)) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, have been dealt with in the County Accounts.

I am directed to inform you that in future all such sums should be credited in the County Books to County Charges Account, and should not be credited to the Asylum Account, so that the Abstracts of the County Accounts (Form 18, Table (*f*), County Councils Order, 1899), as certified by the Board's Auditors, may show the full amount of Capitation Grant received by each county in the proper column (*a*) and corresponding table.

In this connexion, I am further to refer to a Memorandum issued by the Board (No. 13/M.) in February, 1900, and with respect to the paragraphs which deal with the manner in which the account of the Lunatic Asylum is to appear in the County Ledger, I am to state that it has been found that delay has been caused and difficulties have been experienced by reason of the provisions of that Memorandum, which indicate that the County Account should include the actual amount chargeable to the county in respect of the net expenses of the Asylum during the half-year then in course of preparation.

The Board, having given this matter consideration, have decided to direct that the terms of that Memorandum shall be modified in this respect, and, accordingly, I am to inform you that in future the Lunatic Asylum Account in the County Ledger is to be treated in a manner similar to that adopted in the case of the Account of the County Infirmary, and that it shall include the actual sums paid to the Asylum Committee in satisfaction of the demand on the county by the Committee of the Asylum, and not the net expenses of the Asylum as formerly provided for.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. M. SWAINE,

Secretary.

To the Secretary,
of each County Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDIX B.

ORDERS, CIRCULARS, &c., under the Poor Relief, &c., Acts.

I.—ORDERS.

[*Order* amending General Regulations.*]

To the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and the Officers of such Unions, and to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of the authorities vested in Us by the Poor Relief (Ireland) Acts, and by the Local Government Board (Ireland) Act, 1872, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, by a General Order under our Seal bearing date the Eighteenth day of December, 1882 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Order), did regulate the meetings and proceedings of the Boards of Guardians of the Poor, and the appointment and duties of the Officers, of the several Unions in Ireland:

And Whereas by a General Order under our Seal bearing date the Twenty-eighth day of June, 1895, (hereinafter referred to as the amending Order) We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did revoke the regulations contained in Articles 24 and 39 of the principal Order, and make further regulations in lieu thereof:

And Whereas it is expedient to amend the regulations contained in the amending Order:

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in Us, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby revoke the regulations contained in the amending Order, and direct and order that in substitution therefor the following regulations shall take effect, namely:—

ARTICLE 1.—The expressions in this Order shall have the same meaning as the like expressions have in the principal Order; and the word "qualified" shall mean with such qualifications as the Local Government Board shall think necessary.

ARTICLE 2.—The Board of Guardians shall, as soon as may be requisite and from time to time hereafter upon the occurrence of any vacancy, appoint, subject to the approval of the Local Government Board, fit persons to perform, respectively, the duties specified by the Rules and Regulations of the Local Government Board in force at the time to be the duties of the following Officers:—

1. Clerk to the Guardians.
2. Treasurer of the Union.
3. Medical Officer of the Workhouse.
4. Master of the Workhouse.
5. Matron of the Workhouse.
6. Nurse of the Workhouse.
7. Porter of the Workhouse.
8. Schoolmaster of the Workhouse.
9. Schoolmistress of the Workhouse.

* This is the Order referred to on page vi. as having been disallowed by the Lord Lieutenant in Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Provided that, where exceptional circumstances render such a course expedient, the Board of Guardians may, with the approval of the Local Government Board, appoint the same person to perform the duties of more than one of the following Officers, viz. :—The Clerk to the Guardians, and the Master, Matron, Porter, Schoolmaster, and Schoolmistress, of the Workhouse.

The Board of Guardians shall appoint, subject to the approval of the Local Government Board in each case, such and so many qualified assistants as the Local Government Board shall from time to time think necessary for the efficient performance of the duties of the said several Officers, and such and so many paid attendants in the Workhouse Infirmaries and Hospitals as the Local Government Board shall from time to time think necessary.

The Board of Guardians shall appoint such and so many Relieving Officers as the Local Government Board shall from time to time require or approve; and shall assign to such Relieving Officers such Electoral Division or Divisions, or such parts thereof, as the Local Government may direct or approve.

Article 3.—Every Officer appointed to or holding any Office under the principal Order, as amended by the amending Order and this Order, shall, subject to the provisions of Article 40 of the principal Order and Article 4 of this Order, continue to hold the same until he die, or resign, or be removed by the Local Government Board; and every assistant and paid attendant may be dismissed by the Board of Guardians, subject to the consent of the Local Government Board; and every such death or resignation shall be reported to the Local Government Board.

Article 4.—The Board of Guardians may, subject to the approval of the Local Government Board, declare any Office to be abolished within the meaning of Section 2 (*a*) of the Union Officers (Ireland) Act, 1885.

Article 5.—The Local Government Board may, in the case of the appointment of any assistant or paid attendant, dispense with the provisions of Article 28 of the principal Order, and the said provisions shall thereupon not apply to such appointment.

Article 6.—This Order shall be construed as one with the principal Order as amended by the amending Order.

[L.S.] Sealed with our Seal, this Fourth day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed,) George Wyndham.
H. A. Robinson.
W. L. Micks.
T. J. Stafford.
R. Bagwell.

CADOGAN.

We, George Henry, Earl Cadogan, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By Command of His Excellency,

D. Harrel.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE.

Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

Abbeyleix	Cavan	Granard	Naas
Antrim	Celbridge	Inishowen	Navan
Ardee	Claremorris	Irvinestown	Nenagh
Armagh	Clifden	Kanturk	Newcastle
Athlone	Clogheen	Kells	New Ross
Athy	Clogher	Kenmare	Newry
Bailieborough	Clonakilty	Kilkeel	Newtownards
Ballina	Clones	Kilkenny	Oldcastle
Ballinasloe	Clonmel	Killadysert	Omagh
Ballinrobe	Coleraine	Killala	Oughterard
Ballycastle	Cookstown	Killarney	Portumna
Ballymahon	Cootehill	Kilmacthomas	Rathdown
Ballymena	Cork	Kilmallook	Rathdrum
Ballymoney	Corrofin	Kilrush	Rathkeale
Ballysbannon	Croom	Kinsale	Roscommon
Ballyvaughan	Delvin	Larne	Roscrea
Balrothery	Dingle	Letterkenny	Scariff
Baltinglass	Donegal	Limavady	Shillelagh
Banbridge	Downpatrick	Limerick	Skibbereen
Bandon	Drogheda	Lisburn	Skull
Bantry	Dromore West	Lismore	Sligo
Bawnboy	Dublin, North	Lisnaskea	Strabane
Belfast	Dublin, South	Listowel	Stranorlar
Belmullet	Dundalk	Londonderry	Strokestown
Birr	Dunfanaghy	Longford	Swineford
Borrisokane	Dungannon	Loughrea	Thomastown
Boyle	Dungarvan	Lurgan	Thurles
Caherciveen	Dunmanway	Macroom	Tipperary
Callan	Dunshaughlin	Magherafelt	Tobercurry
Carlow	Edenderry	Mallow	Tralee
Carrickmacross	Ennis	Manorhamilton	Trim
Carrick-on-Shannon	Enniscorthy	Midleton	Tuam
Carrick-on-Suir	Enniskillen	Milford	Tulla
Cashel	Ennistymon	Millstreet	Tullamore
Castlebar	Fermoy	Mitchelstown	Urlingford
Castleblayney	Galway	Mohill	Waterford
Castlecomer	Glennamaddy	Monaghan	Westport
Castledorg	Glenties	Mount Bellew	Wexford
Castleroa	Gorey	Mountmelick	Youghal
Castletown	Gort	Mullingar	

Order Amending General Regulations.
Nursing of the Sick, &c.

(*5th July*, 1901.)

To the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed and the Officers of such Unions, and to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of the authorities vested in us by the Poor Relief (Ireland) Acts and by the Local Government Board (Ireland) Act, 1872, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, by a General Order under our Seal, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1882 (hereinafter referred to as the *Principal Order*), did regulate the meetings and proceedings of the Boards of Guardians of the Poor and the appointment and duties of the Officers of the several Unions in Ireland:

And whereas, by a General Order under our Seal, bearing date the 28th day of June, 1895 (hereinafter referred to as the *Amending Order*), we did revoke the regulations contained in Articles 24 and 39 of the Principal Order and make further regulations in lieu thereof:

And whereas, by a General Order under our Seal, bearing date the 11th day of September, 1897 (hereinafter referred to as the *Further Amending Order*), we did vary the provisions as to nursing the sick in previous General Orders and make further regulations in such respect:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas it is considered expedient, in pursuance of the authorities above quoted, and also of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, to amend the regulations contained in the Amending Order, and in the Further Amending Order, and to make the provisions hereinafter contained:

Now therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in us, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby revoke the regulations contained in the Amending Order, and also in the Further Amending Order, and direct and order that in substitution therefor, and for Articles 24 and 39 of the Principal Order thereby and hereby revoked, the following regulations shall take effect, namely:—

ARTICLE 1.—(*a.*) Notwithstanding anything contained in any of the Orders above referred to no pauper inmate of the Workhouse shall be employed to perform any of the duties of the Nurse of the Workhouse, as specified in the Amending Order, in the Further Amending Order, and in this Order, or be otherwise employed in nursing any pauper in the Workhouse who requires nursing.

(*b.*) No pauper inmate of the Workhouse shall be employed as an attendant or wardsmaid in the sick, lying-in, or infant wards of the Workhouse, unless the employment of such inmate be approved of by the medical officer, and, unless such inmate shall act under the supervision of a paid officer employed in any such ward.

ARTICLE 2.—(*a.*) In this Order the term "Trained Nurse" shall mean any person who has resided for not less than two years in a General Clinical or other Hospital recognised by us, and who, after examination, has obtained from such Hospital a certificate of proficiency in nursing.

(*b.*) The term "Qualified Nurse" shall mean any person who, after examination, has obtained a certificate of proficiency in nursing from any

(1) Public general hospital; or
(2) Workhouse infirmary and fever hospital; or
(3) Nursing institution;

that may be recognised by us as an efficient school for medical and surgical nurses.

(*c.*) The qualifications of a "Wardsmaid" or "Attendant" in a Workhouse Infirmary or Fever Hospital shall be that such person shall be of at least 21 years of age, unless in any special case a less age be approved of by us, and shall be of good health and character.

(*d.*) Other expressions in this Order shall have the same meaning as the like expressions have in the Principal Order.

ARTICLE 3.—For the purposes of Section 58, Sub-section 2, a. ii. of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, a Trained Nurse shall have the qualifications set forth in Article 2 (*a.*) hereof.

ARTICLE 4.—(*a.*) The Board of Guardians shall, as soon as may be requisite, and from time to time hereafter upon the occurrence of any vacancy, appoint, subject to our approval, fit persons to perform respectively the duties specified by our Rules and Regulations in force at the time to be the duties of the following officers:—

1. Clerk to the Guardians.
2. Medical Officer of the Workhouse.
3. Master of the Workhouse.
4. Nurse of the Workhouse.
5. Matron of the Workhouse.
6. Schoolmaster of the Workhouse.
7. Schoolmistress of the Workhouse.
8. Porter of the Workhouse.

Provided that where exceptional circumstances render such a course expedient, the Board of Guardians may, with the approval of the Local Government Board, appoint the same person to perform the duties of more than one of the following offices, namely:—the Clerk to the Guardians, and the Master, Nurse, Matron, Schoolmaster, Schoolmistress, and Porter of the Workhouse.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(*b.*) The Board of Guardians shall, as soon as may be requisite, and from time to time hereafter, upon the occurrence of a vacancy, appoint, subject to our approval, a Banking Company to perform the duties of Treasurer of the Union, as specified by our Rules and Regulations in force at the time.

Any Banking Companies appointed heretofore as Treasurers of any Unions shall, subject to the provisions of Article 6 of this Order, continue to hold office until they respectively resign or be removed by us; Provided that the Board of Guardians may, at any time in the case of any Banking Company hereafter appointed under the provisions of this Order, remove, subject to our approval, any such Banking Company from the office of Treasurer.

(*c.*) The following shall be the duties of the Nurse of the Workhouse:—

1. To bring under the special notice of the Medical Officer every patient as soon as possible after admission into the sick wards.
2. To be responsible for the good nursing of the sick and for the satisfactory discharge of the duties of the nursing staff, and for the carrying out of the directions of the Medical Officer with respect to all medicines and medical appliances.
3. To inform the Medical Officer without any avoidable delay of any defects that may be observed in connection with the arrangements for the care and the nursing of the sick, including their clothing and diet.
4. To send a notification in writing to the Master of the Workhouse whenever the condition of any patient demands that the Medical Officer, the Chaplain, or the relatives of such patient should be sent for or communicated with.
5. To see that everything connected with the patients and the wards is kept clean and in proper condition; and also to take care that all wards are duly ventilated, warmed, and lighted.
6. To see that the food is properly distributed to the patients, and to arrange that each patient receives the special treatment ordered by the Medical Officer, and generally to carry out all reasonable directions of the Medical Officer, to whom and to the Board of Guardians only (notwithstanding anything contained in any other General Order) she shall be subordinate, save as regards the general disciplinary control of the Master of the Workhouse.
7. In the absence of the Medical Officer, to exercise general supervision and control over the Nurses, Wardsmaids, and Attendants, and to maintain proper order and discipline in the sick wards in her charge.

(*d.*) The Board of Guardians shall, subject to our approval in each case, appoint such and so many "Qualified Nurses" to assist the "Nurse of the Workhouse" in the performance of her duties as above mentioned, and generally in the nursing and care of the sick in the Workhouse, and also such and so many "Wardsmaids" and "Attendants" for the discharge of menial duties in the Infirmary or Hospital, as we shall from time to time think necessary.

(*e.*) In any case in which under Article 4 (*d*) the appointment of a Nurse, Wardsmaid, or Attendant is required temporarily, owing to an increase in the number of patients or for any other reason, the Board of Guardians shall, subject to our approval, stipulate (notwithstanding the provisions of Article 5 hereof as to continuance in office) that any persons whose services are so required temporarily shall hold office for such term and at such remuneration as shall be directed or approved of by us.

(*f.*) If in any emergency it appears to the Medical Officer that the employment of one or more temporary Nurses or Wardsmaids or Attendants is requisite for the proper treatment of any patient or patients in the Union Infirmary or Fever Hospital, and if he informs the Master of the Workhouse in writing accordingly, it shall be the duty of the Master to engage a fit person or persons to act as such until the next meeting of the Guardians, and the Guardians shall pay to any person so engaged such

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

remuneration and expenses as we may approve or direct. When communicating with the Master, the Medical Officer shall at the same time report fully in writing the facts of the case to the Guardians and also to us.

(*g.*) The Board of Guardians shall appoint such and so many Assistants as they, with our consent and approval, shall deem necessary for the efficient performance of the duties of the said several officers other than the Nurse of the Workhouse, as hereinbefore provided for.

(*h.*) The Board of Guardians shall also appoint such and so many Relieving Officers as we shall from time to time require or approve; and shall assign to such Relieving Officers such Electoral Division or Divisions, or such parts thereof, as we may direct or approve.

ARTICLE 5.—The officers mentioned in Article 4 (*a*) and Article 4 (*h*) hereof and also any "Trained Nurse," or "Qualified Nurse," or "Wardsmaid," or "Attendant" appointed heretofore or hereunder shall, subject to the provisions of the said Article 4, of Article 40 of the principal Order, and Article 6 of this Order, continue to hold their offices respectively until they respectively die or resign, or be removed by us; and every Assistant and paid Attendant other than those employed in the Workhouse Infirmary and Hospital, may be dismissed by the Board of Guardians without our consent, and every such death, resignation, or dismissal, and the reason of such dismissal, shall be reported to us.

ARTICLE 6.—The Board of Guardians may, subject to our approval, declare any office to be abolished, within the meaning of Section 2 (*a*) of the Union Officers (Ireland) Act, 1886.

ARTICLE 7.—In the case of the appointment of any person in pursuance of Article 4 (*d*) and Article 4 (c) of this Order, We may dispense with the provisions of Article 28 of the Principal Order, and the said provisions shall thereupon not apply to such appointment.

ARTICLE 8.—This Order shall be construed as one with the Principal Order as amended by the Amending Order and the Further Amending Order.

Sealed with our Seal, this Fifth day of July, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L. S.]

GEORGE WYNDHAM.
H. A. ROBINSON.
WM. L. MICKS.
T. J. STAFFORD.
R. BAGWELL.

CADOGAN.

WE, George Henry, Earl Cadogan, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By Command of His Excellency,

D. HARREL.

SCHEDULE.

Names of the Unions to which this Order applies.

Abbeyleix	Ballycastle	Bantry	Carrickmacross
Antrim	Ballymahon	Bawnboy	Carrick-on-Shannon
Ardee	Ballymena	Belfast	Carrick-on-Suir
Armagh	Ballymoney	Belmullet	Cashel
Athlone	Ballyshannon	Birr	Castlebar
Athy	Ballyvaughan	Borrisokane	Castleblayney
Bailieborough	Balrothery	Boyle	Castlecomer
Ballina	Baltinglass	Caherciveen	Castlederg
Ballinasloe	Banbridge	Callan	Casterea
Ballinrobe	Bandon	Carlow	Castletown

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Schedule—*continued.*

Cavan	Ennis	Lismore	Portumna
Celbridge	Enniscorthy	Lisnaskea	Rathdown
Claremorris	Enniskillen	Listowel	Rathdrum
Clifden	Ennistymon	Londonderry	Rathkeale
Clogheon	Fermoy	Longford	Roseommon
Clogher	Galway	Loughrea	Roserea
Clonakilty	Glennamaddy	Lurgan	Scariff
Clones	Glonties	Maeroom	Shillelagh
Clonmel	Gorey	Magherafelt	Skibbereen
Coleraine	Gort	Mallow	Skull
Cookstown	Granard	Manorhamilton	Sligo
Cootehill	Inishowen	Midleton	Strabaoe
Cork	Irvinestown	Milford	Stranorlar
Corrofin	Kanturk	Millstreet	Strokestown
Croom	Kells	Mitchelstown	Swineford
Delvin	Kenmare	Mohill	Thomastown
Diogle	Kilkeel	Monaghan	Thurles
Donegal	Kilkenny	Mount Bellew	Tipperary
Downpatrick	Killadysert	Mountmolick	Tobercurry
Drogheda	Killala	Mullingar	Tralee
Dromore West	Killarney	Naas	Trim
Dublin North	Kilmacthomas	Navan	Tuam
Dublin, South	Kilmallock	Nenagh	Tulla
Dundalk	Kilrush	Neweastle	Tullamore
Dunfanaghy	Kinsale	New Ross	Urlingford
Dungannon	Larne	Newry	Waterford
Dungarvan	Letterkenny	Newtownards	Westport
Dunmanway	Limavady	Oldeastle	Wexford
Dunshaughlin	Limerick	Omagh	Youghal
Edenderry	Lisburn	Oughterard	

No. 15,708.—1901.

(*Order separating townlands from Union.*)

NORTH DUBLIN UNION.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the North Dublin Union; and to all other persons whom it may concern.

Whereas in pursuance of the provisions of the Poor Relief (Ireland) Act, 1838, the Poor Law Commissioners, by an Order under Seal bearing date Sixth day of June, 1839, did Declare that on the Tenth day of June, 1839, certain Townlands among which were the Townlands of Chapelizod, Conyngham Road, and Longmeadows, should be and thenceforth remain united for the Relief of the Destitute Poor by the name of the North Dublin Union:

And whereas it is expedient to separate from the said Union the said Townlands of Chapelizod, Conyngham Road, and Longmeadows:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by the Poor Relief (Ireland) Acts, 1838 to 1900, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby rescind so much of our said order of the Sixth day of June, 1839, as relates to the said Townlands and do Order and Declare that the Townlands of Chapelizod, Conyngham Road, and Longmeadows shall be separated from the North Dublin Union, for the purposes of the Registration (Ireland) Act, 1898, and any Rules made under the same from and after the date of this Order, and for all other purposes from and after the First day of April, 1902.

[L.S.] Sealed with our Seal, this Twenty-third day of April, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.
Wm. L. Micks.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 15,708.—1901.

(Order adding townlands to Union.)

SOUTH DUBLIN UNION.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the South Dublin Union; and to all other persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS in pursuance of the provisions of the Poor Relief (Ireland) Act, 1838, the Poor Law Commissioners, by an Order under Seal bearing date the Sixth day of June, 1839, did declare that on the Tenth day of June, 1839, the several Townlands named and described in the said Order should be and thenceforth remain united for the Relief of the Destitute Poor by the name of the South Dublin Union:

And whereas, by an Order under Seal, bearing equal date herewith, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, have Declared that the Townlands of Chapelizod, Conyngham Road, and Longmeadows, shall be separated from the North Dublin Union for the purposes of the Registration (Ireland) Act, 1898, and any Rules made under the same from and after the date of the said Order and for all other purposes from and after the First day of April, 1902; and it is expedient that, for the said respective purposes, the said Townlands shall be added to the said South Dublin Union:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in Us under the provisions of the Poor Relief (Ireland) Acts, 1838 to 1900, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order and Declare that the Townlands of Chapelizod, Conyngham Road, and Longmeadows shall be added to and form part of the said South Dublin Union, for the purposes of the Registration (Ireland) Act, 1898, and any Rules made under the same from and after the date of this Order, and for all other purposes from and after the First day of April, 1902.

Sealed with our Seal this Twenty-third day of April, in the
[L. S.] Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
WM. L. MICKS.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Armagh Union; and to all other Persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, in pursuance of the powers vested in Us by the Poor Relief (Ireland) Acts and by the Local Government Board (Ireland) Act, 1872, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, by a General Order under our Seal, bearing date the 5th day of July, 1901, did, among other things, provide that the Boards of Guardians of the Poor in Ireland should, subject to our approval in each case, appoint such and so many "Qualified Nurses" to assist the "Nurse of the Workhouse" in the performance of her duties, and generally in the nursing and care of the sick in the Workhouse, and also such and so many "Wardsmaids" and "Attendants" for the discharge of menial duties in the Infirmary or Hospital, as we should from time to time think necessary.

And whereas We think it necessary that one "Qualified Nurse" and two "Wardsmaids" should be appointed for the Workhouse Infirmary of the Armagh Union in addition to the Nurses and Wardsmaids at present permanently employed in the said Infirmary:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby, in exercise of any and every power hereunto Us enabling, order and direct the Board of Guardians of the Armagh Union to appoint for the Workhouse Infirmary of the said Union, subject to our approval, in addition

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

to the Nurses and Wardsmaids at present permanently employed in the said Workhouse Infirmary, the following, namely:—

(*a.*) One "Qualified Nurse" as defined in our said General Order of the 5th day of July, 1901, for the purpose of assisting the Nurse of the Workhouse in the performance of her duties and generally in the nursing and care of the sick, and (*b*) two "Wardsmaids" as defined in our said General Order of the 5th day of July, 1901, for the discharge of menial duties in the said Infirmary.

Sealed with our Seal, this Fourth day of December, in the
[L. S.] Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.
Wm. L. Micks.
T. J. Stafford.
R. Bagwell.

II.—Circulars.

No. 30,250 : 1901.—Miscellaneous.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, *4th July*, 1901.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to invite the attention of the Board of Guardians of the ———————— Union to the question of the accommodation and medical treatment of the class of Sane Epileptics who are at present inmates of Workhouses in Ireland.

It has been suggested to the Local Government Board that the condition of the class referred to would be improved by their removal from the Workhouses for treatment to a central Institution to be established for the purpose.

The cost of treatment in such an Institution would probably exceed somewhat the average cost of maintenance in Workhouses; but it has been intimated to the Local Government Board that the initial expense of the necessary building might be met by the munificence of a private donor, if Boards of Guardians were to undertake generally to support the project. I am, accordingly, to request that the Board of Guardians will be so good as to take the matter into consideration, after due notice, and favour the Local Government Board with an expression of their opinion as to whether the proposed arrangement would commend itself to their judgment, and whether, if it were carried into effect, they would be disposed to take advantage of it under Section 7 of the Act 25 and 26 Vic., Cap. 83.

The Local Government Board would also be obliged by being informed of the approximate annual cost of the maintenance and treatment of any Sane Epileptics at present inmates of the Workhouse.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To
The Clerk,
———————— Union.

Note.—The number of Sane Epileptic inmates of this Workhouse at the close of the year 1900 was ————————

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 112 M./1901.—MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 26*th July*, 1901.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to transmit to you, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of a General Order made by them on the 5th instant, which chiefly deals with the appointment of Union Officers and the nursing of the sick in Union Infirmaries and Hospitals.

In Article 1 (*a*) the prohibition of pauper nursing made in the Order of 1897 is re-issued with some verbal alterations; and in paragraph (*b*) of the same Article it is required that no pauper shall be employed as an attendant in the sick, lying-in, or infant wards of the Workhouse without the approval of the Medical Officer and unless such pauper act under the supervision of a paid officer employed in such ward.

Articles 2 and 3 prescribe the qualifications for "Trained Nurses," Qualified Nurses, and Wardsmaids or Attendants. The qualifications for a Trained Nurse are those already indicated to Boards of Guardians in the circular letter of the 12th of January, 1899; and it will be observed that a course of training for at least two years in a Clinical or other hospital of recognised importance is requisite. For a "Qualified," that is any other professional, Nurse, the qualifications are as comprehensive as possible, but, according as the instruction of Nurses becomes more systematic and thorough, the Board would be prepared to raise the qualifications for the office of Nurse.

In Article 4 (*a*) is a list of the principal officers to be appointed by the Guardians, and provision is also made that in exceptional circumstances the duties of more than one of the officers named may be discharged by the same person. In some small Workhouses the Guardians might consider whether the offices of Nurse of the Workhouse and Matron of the Workhouse might not with advantage be amalgamated.

In paragraph (*b*) of the same Article are contained regulations as to the appointment of a Treasurer to a Union. In many instances Guardians have recently expressed a wish to be enabled to change their Treasurer, but the Board are advised that effect could not be given to this desire except on the occurrence of a vacancy. Existing Treasurers, it is considered, are Union Officers subject to the provisions of Article 39 of the General Order of the 18th of December, 1882, according to which their tenure of office could not be terminated without their consent, except by removal from office by the Board—a power that obviously could not be exercised arbitrarily.

In Article 4 (*c*) the duties of the Nurse of the Workhouse are defined, and the Board have to call attention to the important change now made whereby the Nurse and the Nursing Staff are no longer under the control or supervision of the Matron or of any other officer except the Medical Officer and (for general disciplinary control only) the Master of the Workhouse. This change is made because, on the introduction of trained or qualified Nurses, it has become most undesirable that even a nominal control over the sick wards should be in the hands of persons without training or qualifications in the management of an infirmary or hospital. The management of the sick wards under the Guardians will accordingly be in the hands of the Medical Officer, to whom the Guardians should look for the satisfactory condition of their Infirmary and Hospital. The Medical Officer should not regard himself merely as an adviser in the case of the sick in his charge, but as an Officer of the Guardians, exercising for them, as regards the sick wards, such control as the Medical Staff of a General Public Hospital exercise under its Governing Body—the Medical Officer

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of a Workhouse being, it is hardly necessary to state, subject to the control of the Guardians and the Local Government Board. In the absence of the Medical Officer, the Nurse of the Workhouse would exercise general supervision and control over the sick and over the nursing and menial staff.

It is to be borne in mind that at present the Nurse of the Workhouse has not in every case been duly instructed in the duties of a Nurse, but this is an anomaly that it is hoped will rapidly disappear as the old untrained Nurses cease to hold office.

In Article 4, paragraphs (*d*), (*e*), and (*f*), provision is made for the appointment of Nurses for nursing duties and of Wardsmaids or Attendants for menial duties (1) permanently, (2) temporarily, or (3) in an emergency as occasion may require. In the first of these paragraphs the Order directs that the Guardians shall appoint such Qualified Nurses and Wardsmaids or Attendants as the Board shall from time to time think necessary; and in paragraph (*e*) provision is similarly made for the temporary employment of Nurses and Wardsmaids or Attendants by the Guardians. In paragraph (*f*) power is given to the Medical Officer in an emergency to engage until the next meeting of the Guardians one or more temporary Nurses or Wardsmaids or Attendants.

Subject to the foregoing provisions as to the appointment of the Nursing and Menial Staff for the sick wards, the power remains with the Guardians under paragraph (*g*) of Article 4 of appointing Assistants to the other Union Officers; and the regulations as to Relieving Officers and Relief Districts continue unchanged under paragraph (*h*) of Article 4.

By Article 5 the permanent Nurses and Wardsmaids or Attendants are given the same tenure of office as the officers mentioned in Article 4 (*a*) of the Order, while the Assistants and Attendants other than those employed in the Infirmary and Hospital may be dismissed by the Guardians without the consent of the Board.

Article 6 is only a re-issue of a provision in a former Order; and Article 7 enables appointments to the Nursing Staff to be made by the Guardians without advertisements, subject to the approval or direction of the Board, but this is a power that the Board would very rarely desire that the Guardians should exercise. The concluding Article is formal and is inserted for the purposes of interpretation.

The object of the Board in issuing this Order is mainly for the purpose of enabling most desirable and necessary improvements to be made in the Nursing Staffs of Workhouse Infirmaries and Hospitals; and the Local Government Board hope that each Board of Guardians will take this opportunity of very carefully considering, in consultation with their Medical Officer, the arrangements for the treatment, nursing, and attendance in the sick, lying-in, and infant wards of their Workhouse. The Board suggest that the Guardians should ask their Medical Officer to furnish them with a report on the subject and that they should thereafter fix a day for the consideration of his report.

The Board would also be obliged if the Guardians would cause them to be furnished with the information indicated in the accompanying form of Return and Report, to be filled by the Medical Officer, who could get any facts or figures he may require for the purpose from the Clerk of the Union or the Master of the Workhouse.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

H. M. SWAINE,

Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

POOR LAW UNION INFIRMARY OF _____

RETURN

as to

I.—EXTENT OF ACCOMMODATION AND NUMBER OF PATIENTS.

Wards.	Number of possible beds.	Number of Patients on the 5th of January, 1901.	Medical Officer's observations when the classification here given does not exist in the Infirmary. [*In no case should the same patient be included in more classes than one.*]
Male Surgical, .			
Male Medical, .			
Female Surgical, .			
Female Medical, .			
Midwifery, .			
Male Consumption, .			
Female Consumption, .			
Male Lunatics, .			
Female Lunatics, .			
Infants, .			
TOTALS, .			

II.—MEDICAL, NURSING, AND MENIAL STAFF.

Office.	Number of Officials.	Office.	Number of Officials.
Visiting Medical Officers, .		Brought forward, .	
Resident Medical Officers, .		Male "Trained" or Qualified Nurses.	
Visiting Compounders, .		Uncertified Nurses, .	
Resident Compounders, .		Wardsmaids (Paid), .	
Members of a Religious Nursing Community.		Wardemen (Paid). .	
"Trained Nurses," Sec. 58 (2) (*a*) (ii.) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.		Pauper Inmate Wardsmaids, .	
Qualified Nurses other than Nuns and "Trained Nurses."		Pauper Inmate Wardemen, .	
Total, .		Gross Total, .	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

NAMES OF THE INFIRMARY NURSES
AND
FULL DETAILS AS TO THEIR QUALIFICATIONS.

Poor Law Union Fever Hospital of _____

RETURN
as to
I.—Extent of Accommodation and Number of Patients.

Male Wards—Number of Possible Beds,		——	Number of Patients on the 5th of January, 1901,	——
Female Wards—	do.,	——	do.,	——
	Total,	——	Total,	——

II.—Medical, Nursing, and Menial Staff.

Office.	Number of Officials.	Office.	Number of Officials.
Visiting Medical Officers, (If any distinct from Infirmary Medical Staff.)		Brought forward,	
Resident Medical Officers, (If any distinct from Infirmary Medical Staff.)		Male "Trained" or Qualified Nurses.	
Visiting Compounders, (If any distinct from Infirmary Staff.)		Uncertified Nurses.	
Resident Compounders, (If any distinct from Infirmary Staff.)		Wardsmaids (Paid),	
Members of a Religious Nursing Community.		Wardsmen (Paid),	
"Trained Nurses," Sec. 58 (2) (*a*) (ii.) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.		Pauper Inmate Wardsmaids,	
Qualified Nurses other than Nuns and "Trained Nurses."		Pauper Inmate Wardsmen,	
Total,		Gross Total,	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

NAMES OF THE FEVER HOSPITAL NURSES

AND

FULL DETAILS AS TO THEIR QUALIFICATIONS.

REPORT OF MEDICAL OFFICER.

[In this report, which the Medical Officer should sign and date, he should state his opinion as to the sufficiency of the nursing staff and servants for the Infirmary, Fever Hospital, and Infant Wards, and mention what the arrangements in detail are for both *day and night* nursing. He should also report whether any, and, if so, to what extent, nursing duties are discharged by persons of the servant class (such as Wardsmaids or Male Attendants) or by pauper inmates. The duties discharged by servants and inmates should be set out in full detail. The report should also state what temporary nurses and servants were engaged during the previous twelve months and for what periods approximately.]

No. 157 M/1901.—MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 31*st October*, 1901.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward, herewith, for the information of the _____ a copy of the Public Libraries Act, 1901, (1 Edw. 7. ch. 19), which received the Royal Assent on the 17th August last.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To _____

No. 175/M : 1901.—OFFICE.

Audit of Accounts.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 30*th November*, 1901.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that some inconvenience has been caused by the transmission of Abstracts of Accounts to the Auditors, under Article 9 of "The Union Accounts Order, 1899." The Local Government Board accordingly assent, under Article 2 of the Order, to the regulation in Article 9, as to forwarding Abstracts, being departed from; and they request that, in future, you will be so good as to transmit the Abstract in each case to this Office instead of to the Auditor.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To

The Clerk of each Union.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 1,020 : 1902.—MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, *9th January*, 1902.

SIR,

In accordance with an undertaking given in the House of Commons by the President of the Local Government Board for Ireland, an actuarial inquiry has been made as to the probable charge on the local rates which would be entailed if a Poor Law Superannuation Bill, on the lines of that introduced during the last Session by private members, became law; and I am instructed by the President to forward, herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a copy of the Report which has been received on the subject.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To
The Presiding Chairman
of each Board of Guardians.

Confidential.

Enclosure to foregoing.

REPORT

To the Local Government Board for Ireland on the Poor Law Superannuation (Ireland) Bill, 1901.

GENTLEMEN,

In accordance with your instructions, I have conducted an investigation to ascertain the probable cost to the rates which would be incurred if this Bill became law, and I have now the honour to submit my Report.

In any inquiry as to the cost of such a Superannuation scheme as is proposed by this Bill to be set up, it is essential to know:—

(i.) The present ages of those upon whom it is desired to confer the right to Pensions.

(ii.) The annual incomes of such persons—The Pension Fund is to be formed and maintained by percentage deductions from such incomes, (salaries and emoluments), and the Pensions to be granted are to be specified proportions of these incomes.

(iii.) The number of years' service already given by such persons.—The Pensions to be granted (after ten years' service) are to range from ten-sixtieths to forty-sixtieths of the average salary at date of retirement, according to years of service then completed. Thus, a person now aged 35 years, and entering this year, would, on retirement at age 65, receive half his then average salary as Pension, while, if he had already completed ten years' service, his Pension at 65 would be two-thirds of his then average salary.

With a view, therefore, to the procuration of these particulars, I sent to every Clerk of a Union in Ireland, and, in the very few cases where the office was separately held, to each District Council Clerk a supply of cards, with a letter requesting the Clerk to have a card completed for each person in his Union or District proposed to be affected by the Bill. A copy of this card is shown on page 8.

This card enabled the Union or District Council, name, age, position in Union or District Council, date of appointment to such position, and the annual income (including value of all emoluments) of the officer or servant for whom it was completed to be recorded.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Much greater delay, and more trouble than I had anticipated, occurred before I had in my possession completed cards embracing the entire Poor Law and District Council service in Ireland, and I can assure the Board that the amount of labour involved in sorting these completed cards (dealing with 4,895 lives) into years of age, and further dividing them into years of service, and then performing a variety of necessary calculations, was so great as to sufficiently account for my being unable to forward this Report sooner.

Section 11 of the Bill appears to provide for the establishment of a separate Pension Fund in each Union. If this intention be carried into effect, I have to remark that it will render any attempt to forecast the cost of the scheme futile.

When it is desired to appraise the cost of a Pension scheme it is necessary to assume that the mortality amongst the members shall conform to that indicated by the Mortality Table employed in the investigation. But, to warrant this assumption, it is necessary that the number of lives involved shall be sufficiently large to ensure that the mortality amongst the members shall conform with reasonable closeness to that expected by ths Mortality Table.

In some of the returns sent in to me the number of employees shown is but ten, and in others less than twenty.

Such small numbers would be wholly insufficient to yield the requisite stability in the mortality, and, by reason of paucity of data, it would be impossible to say beforehand whether a proposed contribution is adequate for the Pension to be granted or otherwise.

Another most serious objection to the establishment of a separate Pension scheme for each Union arises owing to the great difficulty which would, in the majority of instances, be experienced in profitably accumulating the contributions of the employees, which the Bill provides shall be carried to, and form part of, the common fund of the Union.

Possibly, in the large Unions where the annual deductions would form a considerable fund, the remunerative investment of these moneys could be secured, but, in the smaller Unions, it is tolerably certain that in many instances the interest yield from the investment of the deductions would be a negligible quantity.

In what follows, therefore, I have assumed that if this Bill becomes law one large Pension Fund will be set up, embracing the entire Poor Law and District Council service in Ireland, and that this Fund will be administered by the Local Government Board, or by some office charged with the duty of collecting and accumulating the percentage deductions, and of disbursing the Fund thereby created as the Pensions may require.

In the calculations I have made, I have adopted Dr. Farr's English Life Table, No. 3 (Males) as representing the mortality to be expected amongst the members of the Fund. I am satisfied that this is the most suitable Table to be employed, so far as the male lives are concerned.

But, having regard to the superior vitality usually found to prevail amongst female lives, I am not sure that in using this Table for the considerable number of female lives in the Poor Law service, I am not acting over-generously towards the Bill.

I have also assumed that the moneys to be annually paid in to this Pension Fund (see Clause 12 of Bill) will be accumulated at the rate of £3 per cent. per annum.

And I have made the following further assumptions:—

(*a.*) That the Pension age shall be 65, and that retirement at that age shall be compulsory upon all officers and servants.

(*b.*) That no refunds shall be made to the representatives of those who die before reaching the Pension age, and that no Pensions shall be payable to those who from any cause whatsoever retire before age 65.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(*c.*) That the salaries *presently payable* shall be those upon which the Pensions will be calculated.

(*d.*) That all entrants hereafter shall pay contributions adequate to the Pensions proposed to be granted.

(*e.*) That the persons referred to in the Schedule attached hereto were the *exact* ages shown therein, and had completed *exact* years of service deduced by deducting the year of entry from 1901.

(*f.*) That the contributions are payable at the commencement of each year.

I would specially direct the attention of the Board to these assumptions, because it will be seen that my scheme contemplates benefits much less valuable, and therefore less costly, than are proposed to be conferred by the Bill.

Under the latter, Pensions are proposed to be granted on (i.) permanent incapacity of mind or body; (ii.) at age 60; (ii.) at age 65; and (iv.) power is given to the Guardians, with the consent of the Local Government Board, to add ten years to the number of years actually served when computing the amount of a superannuation allowance.

I am well aware that assumption (*c.*) does not accord with the facts, as, of course, the salaries now payable will be subject to increase. But as there appears to be no regular scale of pay in the Poor Law Service in Ireland—the remuneration of an office differing widely even in adjacent Unions—I had perforce, to make it. It is entirely in favour of the Bill. The latter provides that the Pension payable shall be the due proportion of the average salary or wages and emoluments for the five years preceding date of retirement; I have treated the present salaries as stationary. The difference in the deficiency brought out on the assumption that present incomes are stationary, and on the basis that they will increase according to an assumed scale will, in most cases, be very considerable.

Thus, if a person aged 35 years be appointed clerk of a union this year at a salary of £200 per annum, on the basis upon which I have obtained the results in the Schedule, I should bring out this officer as being entitled at 65 to a Pension of £100 per annum, of which Pension his annual deduction of £4 would secure but £35 16*s.* 5*d.*, thus leaving £64 3*s.* 7*d.* per annum unpaid for.

If, now, we suppose the salary of this officer to be increased every five years by £40 until it reaches a maximum at age 60 of £400, in terms of the Bill the Pension to be paid him at 65 would be £200 per annum, of which sum his contributions would have secured only £48 17*s.* 4*d.* as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Pension at 65, secured by payment of £4 per annum from age 35 to age 64, both inclusive,	35	16	5
Same secured by payment of 16*s.* per annum from ages 40 to 64,	5	4	0
" " " 16*s.* " " 45 to 64,	3	12	2
" " " 16*s.* " " 50 to 64,	2	6	9
" " " 16*s.* " " 55 to 64,	1	6	8
" " " 16*s.* " " 60 to 64,	0	11	4
	£48	17	4

thereby leaving no less a sum than £151 2*s.* 8*d.* of the Pension wholly unpaid for.

Marked attention should be directed to the assumption that all new entrants will pay contributions sufficient to secure the Pensions proposed.

This assumption is altogether at variance with the provisions of the Bill, whereby the contribution of any person hereafter joining the Fund is limited to 2 per cent. of the annual salary and emoluments, no matter what the age at entry may be.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Attached to this Report is the Table I have calculated for the purpose of the Report. From it may be seen that at *no age* therein is a contribution of 2 per cent. per annum sufficient to secure the Pensions proposed by the Bill.

Thus, at the youngest, and therefore most favourable age it is seen that £2 per annum from age 18 to age 64 inclusive secures a Pension of £44 4*s.*, while the Pension to be granted is proposed to be £66 13*s.* 4*d.*

And at age 35 a similar annual payment will only secure a Pension of £17 18*s.* 2*d.*, while the *least* Pension by the Bill is to be £50, as this sum will be exceeded if the officer has already any back years of service to his credit.

And, obviously, as the age increases the difference between the Pension proposed and that paid for becomes more marked.

Therefore, if the Bill becomes law, the heavy deficiency shown in the Schedule is the *least* that can arise, as *every entrant hereafter* will *aggravate* it.

It is right that I should inform the Board that in my calculations I have taken no account of secessions—that is to say, I have ignored any profit accruing to the Fund owing to the resignation or dismissal of persons before reaching the Pension age.

No data are, I believe, available whence to deduce a rate of withdrawal.

But I do not apprehend that the withdrawals in the Irish Poor Law service will be considerable. In a scheme embracing the entire service transfers from one Union to another would not, of course, affect the Pension Fund; and there seems to be little inducements tempting those in the service to relinquish it.

Moreover, I am of opinion that any profit from this source should be retained in hand to help towards maintaining the rate of accumulation at £3 per cent. per annum, and to go towards defraying the cost of managing the Fund (which I have not otherwise provided for).

I have now to draw the Board's attention to the Schedule to this Report. I have tabulated the particulars in this form in the hope that the whole state of matters may thereby be readily seen. This Schedule embraces every officer or servant of a Union or District Council apparently entitled to a Pension under the Bill. It includes Caretakers drawing ten shillings a year, as well as Union Clerks in receipt of substantial incomes. The Pensions secured by the deductions shown have been calculated by the Table appended hereto, as have also the present values of the portions of the proposed Pensions which the deductions fail to secure. Provision has been made for payment of the pensions quarterly, with, in the cases of those presently less than 65 years of age, a proportionate payment to date of death.

It appears from the Schedule—*carefully bearing in mind the important assumptions upon which it has been compiled*—that the percentage deductions will secure Pensions at 65 amounting to £49,802, while the Pensions proposed by the Bill will amount to £189,116, leaving thereby Pensions amounting to £139,314 to be defrayed by the rates.

In the last column of the Schedule is shown the sum, £433,677, which should *now* be paid over to any body undertaking the grant of the Pensions proposed by the Bill, and to ensure the solvency of the scheme.

Instead of representing the cost to the rates, to be brought about if this Bill becomes Law, by a present payment of £433,677, it may, perhaps, be more satisfactory if we assume (for the purpose of ascertaining the *annual* cost to the rates) that this sum is paid over to the Office for administering the Pension Fund by, say, the Treasury, and that its repayment with 3 per cent. interest is secured by a charge upon the rates. Under these circumstances, if the loan was to be repaid in 40 years the *half-yearly* charge upon the rates for that period would require to be £9,345 14*s.* 8*d.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

By direction of the Board I have made separate calculations to ascertain the incidence of the various classes upon the proposed Pension Fund, and I have adopted the following classifications:—

CLASS I. includes the entire intern Establishment of the Unions, the Medical Officers, Relieving Officers, Sanitary Officers, and, generally, all who are largely and permanently engaged in the Poor Law and District Council Services.

CLASS II. includes the Workhouse Chaplains.

CLASS III. refers to Nuns, employed in the Workhouses. The number of persons shown in this Class does not represent the whole number of Nuns in the Poor Law Service, as, in some cases, these ladies were omitted by the clerks when sending the cards on the ground that they would not claim Pensions.

CLASS IV. includes a number of persons employed at small salaries as Caretakers of Dispensaries, Graveyards, &c.

CLASS V. deals with but 19 lives, and includes Analysts, Architects, Solicitors, Organists, and a few persons whose employment appeared to be merely temporary.

The following is the result of the classification:—

—	No.	Salaries and Emoluments.	Deductions from Salaries and Emoluments.	Pensions at 65 secured by Deductions.	Pensions by Bill.	Pensions unpaid for.	Present Value of unsecured Pensions.
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Class I.,	3,886	318,209	7804·83	47752·374	179558·95	131806·576	405569·98
Class II.,	305	13,383	250·97	884·600	5190·42	4305·820	18883·68
Class III.,	133	6,064	130·97	934·100	3230·05	2295·95	5575·21
Class IV.,	267	1,587	29·85	113·350	698·24	584·89	2650·60
Class V.,	19	979	21·90	118·160	438·65	320·49	997·30
	4,610	340,222	8247·52	49802·584	189116·31	139313·726	433676·77

As the Bill does not seem to provide for the grant of Pensions to those retiring with less than ten years' service, it would happen that if retirement at age 65 be made compulsory on all officers and servants, 128 present officials, receiving in salaries and emoluments £4,824 yearly, would go without Pensions. For these I have, therefore, made no calculations, and here refer to the matter as worthy of attention if a modification of the Bill is contemplated.

Cards have also been sent to me having reference to 157 "existing officers" in receipt of annual incomes amounting to £19,071 per annum.

As these officers are entitled to Pensions under the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, I have not, of course, included them in my investigation which concerns itself solely with those persons whose right to Pensions would be the creation of this Bill if it became law.

I have now referred to all points which occur to me as calling for remark.

If, however, the Board requires any further information, I shall be most happy to afford it.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient Servant,

C. E. HOWELL, LL.D., A.I.A.

66, Upper Sackville-street,
Dublin, *8th November*, 1901.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE.

SHOWING the number of PERSONS in Poor Law and Rural District Councils' service in Ireland proposed to be affected by Bill, their Salaries and Emoluments, the amount of Deductions from such Salaries and Emoluments, the Pensions at age 65, which such Deductions will secure, the Pensions proposed to be granted by Bill, the amount of Pensions proposed by Bill not paid for by Deductions from Salaries and Emoluments, and the Present Value of such unpaid for Pensions.

Age. (1)	No. (2)	Salaries and Emoluments. (3)	Deductions from Salaries and Emoluments. (4)	Pensions at Age 65 secured by Deductions in Column (4). (5)	Pensions proposed by Bill. (6)	Amount of proposed Pensions unpaid for by Deductions in Column (4) =(6)—(5). (7)	Present Value of unpaid for Pensions as in Column (7). (8)
Years		£	£	£	£	£	£
18	2	32	·64	14·145	21·33	7·185	6·97
19	6	221	4·42	03·129	147·30	54·171	54·48
20	17	600	12·00	240·910	400·00	159·090	166·05
21	16	577	11·54	220·620	384·60	163·980	177·77
22	46	1,954	39·08	711·060	1302·60	501·540	666·20
23	59	2,849	56·98	986·150	1809·33	913·180	1068·50
24	71	4,066	81·58	1342·200	2710·66	1368·460	1663·70
25	96	4,861	98·15	1534·080	3246·60	1706·520	2156·30
26	110	6,564	132·14	1960·760	4352·82	2392·060	3142·50
27	85	6,630	137·895	1941·180	4359·66	2418·480	3303·47
28	102	6,224	128·980	1721·260	4019·34	2298·080	3263·80
29	115	7,834	162·750	2057·340	4979·93	2922·590	4317·00
30	167	11,830	251·010	3003·110	7443·80	4446·690	6824·40
31	91	7,858	160·905	1922·200	4887·22	2965·020	4740·20
32	111	9,682	210·395	2248·680	5994·80	3746·120	6233·00
33	122	9,480	207·190	2089·900	5711·55	3621·650	6273·38
34	109	7,844	176·020	1673·880	4755·92	3082·04	5558·20
35	172	12,255	272·595	2441·120	7199·21	4758·09	8935·40
36	132	10,197	235·105	1980·200	5996·23	4010·03	7845·90
37	116	9,505	219·790	1738·870	5540·41	3801·54	7750·30
38	125	10,294	248.000	1840·416	5961·01	4120·60	8856·06
39	99	8,880	217·935	1514·740	5179·55	3664·81	8122·30
40	213	14,385	345·045	2242·520	8261·43	6018·91	13913·30
41	91	9,014	228·635	1387·040	5258·09	3871·05	0336·78
42	118	9,253	229·365	1296·350	5111·15	3814·80	0606·58
43	109	11,375	301·625	1585·010	6593·44	5008·43	13176·63
44	105	8,371	215·710	1051·540	4527·40	3475·86	9551·70
45	195	14,294	356·990	1610·350	7327·76	5717·41	16429·00
46	106	7,382	194·030	807·730	3905·34	3097·01	9313·30
47	88	5,498	142·245	544·840	2825·80	2280·96	7179·60
48	111	8,675	230·700	810·360	4498·04	3687·68	12154·50
49	79	7,232	199·100	638·950	3850·12	3211·17	11092·00
50	236	14,547	380·600	1111·240	7101·16	5989·86	21702·40
51	67	6,066	169·800	448·000	3334·94	2886·04	10977·70
52	100	8,149	218·085	519·220	3864·15	3344·93	13374·40

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Schedule—*continued.*

Age. (1)	No. (2)	Salaries and Emoluments. (3)	Deductions from Salaries and Emoluments. (4)	Pensions at Age 65 secured by Deductions in Column (4). (5)	Pensions proposed by Bill. (6)	Amount of proposed Pensions unpaid for by Deductions in Column (4) =(6)−(5). (7)	Present Value of unpaid for Pensions as in Column (7). (8)
Years		£	£	£	£	£	£
53	74	7,235	206·560	440·120	3954·98	3514·86	14793·00
54	85	7,077	202·079	382·540	3773·53	3390·99	15030·90
55	125	0,741	265·120	442·000	4530·77	4088·68	19114·90
56	111	9,441	266·400	387·240	4659·47	4272·23	21087·61
57	54	5,528	159·680	199·760	2815·89	2616·13	13654·10
58	79	7,100	204·950	217·120	3534·59	3317·47	18338·70
59	57	4,383	123·945	108·890	2061·46	1952·57	11445·30
60	132	8,132	236·600	167·490	3833·43	3665·94	22840·70
61	45	4,476	131·580	72·030	2246·99	2174·96	14423·00
62	48	3,958	116·485	46·200	1997·96	1951·76	13813·00
63	20	883	24·100	6·150	262·11	255·96	1937·60
64	15	800	24·000	2·960	298·72	295·76	2400·68
65	31	1,536	—	—	460·82	460·82	3081·95
66	21	788	—	—	229·57	229·57	1904·97
67	14	1,132	—	—	350·73	350·73	2792·16
68	13	370	—	—	125·43	125·43	956·99
69	5	231	—	—	70·01	70·91	511·28
70	32	1,030	—	—	333·54	333·54	2329·78
71	6	242	—	—	64·90	64·90	433·14
72	9	278	—	—	87·88	87·88	559·97
73	8	265	—	—	79·84	79·84	485·34
74	5	165	—	—	68·34	68·34	395·96
75	8	176	—	—	66·05	66·05	364·60
76	5	182	—	—	58·56	58·56	307·73
77	1	31	—	—	7·75	7·75	38·75
78	2	85	—	—	40·17	40·17	190·97
79	1	16	—	—	5·07	5·07	22·91
80	11	338		—	97·08	97·08	416·86
81	1	31	—	—	5·68	5·68	22·72
82	2	4	—	—	1·20	1·20	4·65
84	1	10	—	—	6·50	6·50	22·69
87	1	40	—	—	23·33	23·33	69·64
93	1	35	—	—	23·33	23·33	51·05
	4,610	340,222	8247·520	49802·584	189116·31	139313·726	433676·77

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE.

SHOWING (i.) the ANNUAL PENSION at age 65 which a payment of £1 at age (x) will secure; (ii.) the Annual Pension at age 65 which a payment of £1 PER ANNUM from age (x) to age 64 inclusive will secure; and (iii.) the annual payment from age (x) to age 64 inclusive required to provide a Pension of £1 per annum, commencing at age 65.

First payment of Pension three months after age 65, thence quarterly with proportionate payment to date of death.

Rate of Interest, . . Three per cent.

Rate of Mortality, . . English Table, No. 3 (Males).

Age (x.)	Pension at Age 65 secured by payment of £1 at Age (x.)	Pension at Age 65 secured by payment of £1 *per annum*, from Age (x) to Age 64 inclusive.	*Annual* payment from Age (x) to Age 64 inclusive, to secure Pension of £1 per annum at Age 65.
	£	£	£
18	1·0311	22·1009	·0452
19	·9943	21·0698	·0475
20	·9581	20·0755	·0498
21	·9224	19·1174	·0523
22	·8880	18·1950	·0550
23	·8546	17·3070	·0578
24	·8225	16·4524	·0608
25	·7914	15·6299	·0640
26	·7612	14·8385	·0674
27	·7321	14·0773	·0710
28	·7041	13·3452	·0749
29	·6770	12·6411	·0791
30	·6507	11·9641	·0836
31	·6255	11·3134	·0884
32	·6010	10·6879	·0936
33	·5773	10·0869	·0991
34	·5545	9·5096	·1052
35	·5325	8·9551	·1117
36	·5111	8·4226	·1187
37	·4905	7·9115	·1264
38	·4706	7·4210	·1348
39	·4512	6·9504	·1439
40	·4326	6·4992	·1539
41	·4146	6·0666	·1648
42	·3971	5·6520	·1769
43	·3801	5·2549	·1903
44	·3639	4·8748	·2051
45	·3480	4·5109	·2217
46	·3326	4·1629	·2402
47	·3177	3·8303	·2611
48	·3034	3·5126	·2847
49	·2895	3·2092	·3116
50	·2760	2·9197	·3425
51	·2629	2·6437	·3783
52	·2501	2·3808	·4200
53	·2376	2·1307	·4693
54	·2256	1·8931	·5282
55	·2139	1·6675	·5997
56	·2026	1·4536	·6879
57	·1916	1·2510	·7994
58	·1809	1·0594	·9439
59	·1706	·8785	1·1383
60	·1605	·7079	1·4126
61	·1508	·5474	1·8268
62	·1413	·3966	2·5214
63	·1321	·2553	3·9170
64	·1232	·1232	8·1169

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

COPY OF CARD REFERRED TO ON PAGE 1.

Union of ——————————————

Name of Officer or Servant, ——————————————

YEARS.

Age next Birthday, . . . [ ]

Position in Union, ——————————————

When appointed thereto, ——————————————

Present annual Income payable by Union (including value of all emoluments, if any), . . £

No. 32/M/1902.—MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, *27th March*, 1902.

SIR,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to draw your attention to Section 3 of the Lunacy (Ireland) Act, 1901, which makes provision for the expenses of Criminal and Dangerous Lunatics, and which comes into operation on the 1st April, proximo.

Certain modifications in the form of the accounts prescribed by the Board under "The Asylum Accounts Order, 1899," are necessary to meet the provisions of this Act.

The Board, accordingly, under the powers reserved by Article 3 of that Order, assent to departures from the articles of, and forms prescribed by, the Order as follows:—

(Article 2).—The expression "Criminal Lunatic" may be taken to mean and include a criminal lunatic as defined by the Lunacy (Ireland) Act, 1901, Section 6.

(Form 1—Financial Statement Book—Receipts).—Two additional columns may be inserted for "Receipts on behalf of Criminal Lunatics," (*a*) "from State Funds," and (*b*) "from private sources," after column headed "Money supplied by County Council upon demand by Committee."

(Form 6 (*a*)).—Two similar columns may be inserted on charge side of account, after the column headed "Money supplied by Council on demand of Committee."

(Form 10 (Table (*b*)).—New heading, "Receipts on behalf of Criminal Lunatics other than moneys provided by Parliament," may be inserted in first column above "Receipts from Paying Patients."

(Form 10 (Table (*c*)).—In heading of Columns 9, 10, and 11, there may be inserted after the word "Council" the words "Receipts on behalf of Criminal Lunatics other than moneys provided by Parliament," and in the heading of Column 14, after the word "belong," the words "and receipts on behalf of Criminal Lunatics other than moneys provided by Parliament."

In cases where books have been provided by Committees of Asylums and are still in use, the Board do not require that the additional columns should be inserted in the exact positions indicated above; they may be ruled in to the existing books as space admits.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To the Resident Medical Superintendent of
each District Lunatic Asylum.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDIX C.

MEDICAL CHARITIES AND VACCINATION ACTS.

I.—ORDERS.

No. 3,254.—1902.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Naas Union: To the Clerk of the said Union, and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, in pursuance of the Poor Relief (Ireland) Act, 1851, the Naas Union has been divided into nine Dispensary Districts, and of these Dispensary Districts one is named the Blessington No. 2 Dispensary District:

And whereas it is expedient that the name of the said Dispensary District should be changed:

Now therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of the Acts and Enactments thereunto enabling Us, do hereby Order and Direct as follows:—

From and after the date of this present Order, the Dispensary District heretofore named the Blessington No. 2 Dispensary District, shall be named the Ballymore Eustace Dispensary District: Provided that such change of name shall not affect any rights or obligations of the Board of Guardians of the said Union, or any person, or render defective any legal proceedings, and any legal proceedings may be continued or commenced as if the name of the said Dispensary District had not been changed.

Given under Our Seal of Office this Eighteenth day of February, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

[L.S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.

No. 11,258.—1902. (*Altering Dispensary Districts.*)

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

MONAGHAN UNION.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the MONAGHAN UNION; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, under the provisions of Sections 6 of the Poor Relief (Ireland) Act, 1851, the Monaghan Union (hereinafter referred to as the Union) has been divided into six Dispensary Districts, whereof one such District is named the Bragan Dispensary District and consists of the District Electoral Divisions of Bragan, Derrygorry, and Shanmullagh, and another such District is named the Glaslough Dispensary District and consists of the District Electoral Divisions of Anketell Grove, Emyvale, Enagh, Figullar, and Glaslough:

And whereas, the Guardians of the Union (hereinafter referred to as the Guardians) have resolved to alter the said Dispensary Districts and to

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

form a new Dispensary District, to be called the Emyvale Dispensary District, consisting of the District Electoral Divisions heretofore constituting the said Bragan and Glaslough Dispensary Districts:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby approve of the alteration resolved upon as aforesaid by the Guardians; and We do hereby order and declare that on from and after the Twenty-fourth day of March, 1902, the Dispensary Districts of Bragan and Glaslough shall be formed into a new Dispensary District to be called the Emyvale Dispensary District, which shall consist of the said District Electoral Divisions of Anketell Grove, Bragan, Derrygorry, Emyvale, Enagh, Figullar, Glaslough, and Shanmullagh:

And We do hereby further declare that one Medical Officer and two Midwives shall be appointed for the service of the said Emyvale Dispensary District, and that the qualifications of such Medical Officer and of each such Midwife, respectively, shall be those prescribed by any Order under Our Seal for the time being in force.

Given under Our Seal of Office this Eighteenth day of March,
[L.S.] in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.

II.—CIRCULARS.

No. 26,476:1901.—MISCELLANEOUS.

ANALYSIS OF DRUGS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, *29th June*, 1901.

SIR,—The attention of the Local Government Board for Ireland has been drawn to the very unsatisfactory manner in which, in many instances, samples from the quarterly supplies of medicines are made up and forwarded to the Union Analysts by the Medical Officers of Workhouses and of Dispensary Districts.

The Board find that the Circular of 20th February, 1900 (enclosed), which gave very full instructions for the discharge of this duty, has not received the attention which it deserved. For example:—

(1.) The samples sent are frequently insufficient in number and in quantity, the instructions of the Circular being frequently ignored in this respect.

(2.) The samples are not always fully labelled with the correct pharmacopœial name of the drug, name of Dispensary, and date of receipt from Contractor. Labels sometimes are even transposed on the samples.

(3.) Samples have been sent in bottles which were in an unclean or moist condition.

(4.) Frequently samples are not sent on to the Analyst until a considerable time has elapsed after the drugs have been taken into stock.

The Board request that the Guardians will call the attention of their Medical Officers to the above facts, and request their closer attention to the carrying out of the instructions which are necessary to ensure the proper examination of the drugs supplied to the Union.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

It is impossible to form an opinion upon the general quality of the supplies, unless the samples reach the Analyst in good order and in sufficient number and quantity.

The Board suggest that the Medical Officers should be supplied with a stock of printed labels, similar to the following, to be attached to all samples forwarded from the Union.

_____*Union.*
_____*Dispensary.*

---

*Received from Contractor,*_____
*Forwarded to Analyst,*_____
*Signature of Medical Officer,*_____

The Board also find that there is great delay on the part of some of the Analysts in completing their analyses and sending in their reports. This is unfair to the Contractors, as volatile drugs are certain to deteriorate before being examined; while it also leads to inferior drugs being taken into stock, or prescribed before the Analyst's reports have been received, to the disadvantage of the sick poor, and the benefit of careless Contractors.

The Board suggest, therefore, that the Guardians, when such delays occur, should impress upon the Analyst the necessity for due diligence in making his report.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To the Clerk of
Union.

No. 150. M:1901.—Miscellaneous.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 17*th October*, 1901.

Sir,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to request that you will, in future, attach to the copy of the Guardians' Minutes of Proceedings (Medical Charities portion) forwarded to this Department, the original of the Certificates received from the Medicine Analyst respecting the samples of drugs forwarded to him for analysis, as, the Certificates being highly technical, errors are liable to be made in copying. These Certificates should accompany the Minutes of the Guardians' meeting held next after the receipt thereof. You should, in the first instance, however, make two copies of the Certificates—one to be retained by you and the other to be forwarded to the Medical Officer concerned, and you should note in red ink on the original Certificates the date of delivery of the supply of drugs from which the samples were taken.

The original Certificates will be retained and filed in this office, so that it will not be necessary for you in future to collect and again forward them with the Vouchers in connection with the claim for recoupment.

All communications received from the Medicine Contractors, or Medical Officers, relative to the Certificates, and all orders given by the Guardians thereon, should, as hitherto, be entered on a separate sheet of the Medical Charities Minutes for convenience of reference in this Department.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

The Clerk of
each Union.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 22/M : 1902.—MISCELLANEOUS.

CONTRACTS FOR MEDICINES AND MEDICAL AND SURGICAL APPLIANCES.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 21*st February*, 1902.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to transmit herewith a revised Form of Tender and Prescribed List of Medicines, and also a revised Form of Tender and Prescribed List of Medical and Surgical Appliances, to be used when Contracts for the year beginning the 1st of April next are being entered into.

The Guardians will observe that the prices of some of the articles have been altered, and it is, therefore, important that the revised forms only should be used when tenders are being sent in.

The forms can be obtained from Messrs. Thom & Co., Dublin, if the Guardians so desire.

As much inconvenience has been caused to the Medical Officers in regard to the weighing and checking of the supplies in consequence of delay on the part of the Contractors in forwarding the invoices, the Board request that the Guardians will insist on the invoices being despatched in duplicate, one copy to the Clerk, and one to the Medical Officer, on the same day as the consignment.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To the Clerk of
each Union.

Enclosure to foregoing.

1902—3.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD'S "PRESCRIBED" LISTS OF MEDICINES.

FORM OF TENDER.

TO THE BOARD OF GUARDIANS OF

_____UNION.

GENTLEMEN,

_____ of _____
do hereby propose to supply punctually, for the use of the Workhouse and several Dispensary Districts within the_____
Union, from_____day of_____1_____to the
_____day of_____1_____, the following Medicines, &c., when ordered by the Guardians, of the best description and quality, prepared in strict accordance with the several formulæ in the latest edition of the British Pharmacopœia, and with the standards for Pharmacopœial preparations laid down by the Local Government Board, at the prices prescribed by the Local Government Board, less an abatement of_____ per cent. on the gross cost of the articles mentioned herein, purchased during the year, and to deliver the articles at the Workhouse and respective Dispensaries and Dispensary Depots within the Union, in such quantities and at such times as the Guardians may direct, free of carriage, or any additional charge for delivery. And further propose to supply the Medicines by Avoirdupois Weight as hereunder mentioned; all volatile drugs to be supplied in stoppered bottles. We also propose and agree to supply (free of charge save as hereinafter mentioned) all packages, hampers, jars, bottles, and other vessels in which the drugs and medicines are contained, and to take back such articles when empty and pay all

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

reasonable packing and transit expenses incurred in respect of the return of such empties, and to take all risk of breakage in transit; provided however that where any such empties are not returned by the Guardians within six months from the date at which the same, containing the drugs or medicines, shall have been delivered to them——————shall be entitled to and shall receive payment for the same from the Guardians in accordance with the schedule of prices submitted herewith. And——— further agree, immediately on being declared Contractor, to execute the form of Contract and Bond prescribed by the General Order of the Local Government Board for Ireland, and to obey the regulations of the said Board so far as they relate to the contract and supply of drugs.

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
1	Acaciæ gummi, ...	1	6	lb.
2	Acetanilidum, ...	1	4	lb.
3	Acetum ipecacuanhæ, ...	2	4	lb.
4	„ scillæ, ...	0	4	lb.
5	Acidum aceticum, ...	0	4	lb.
6	„ benzoicum, ...	0	8	oz.
7	„ boricum (pulvis), ...	0	6	lb.
8	„ carbolicum liquefactum, ...	1	6	lb.
9	„ citricum, ...	1	6	lb.
10	„ gallicum, ...	3	8	lb.
11	„ hydrobromicum dilutum, ...	0	10	lb.
12	„ hydrochloricum dilutum, ...	0	2	lb.
13	„ „ pur, ...	0	7	lb.
14	„ hydrocyanicum dilutum, ...	0	3	oz.
15	„ nitricum, ...	0	9	lb.
16	„ nitricum dilutum.	0	6	lb.
17	„ nitro-hydrochloricum dilutum, ..	0	4	lb.
18	„ phosphoricum dilutum, ...	0	8	lb.
19	„ salicylicum (pulvis), ...	2	6	lb.
20	„ sulphuricum aromaticum, ...	3	4	lb.
21	„ sulphuricum dilutum, ...	0	2	lb.
22	„ sulphurosum, ...	0	4	lb.
23	„ tannicum, ...	3	4	lb.
24	„ tartaricum (pulvis), ...	1	3	lb.
25	Adeps benzoatus, ...	1	0	lb.
26	„ lanæ hydrosus, ...	0	11	lb.
27	Æther purificatus, ...	6	8	lb. (in 1 lb. stoppered bottles.)
28	Alumen (pulvis), ...	0	2	lb.
29	Ammonii benzoas, ...	0	8	oz.
30	„ bromidum, ...	2	10	lb.
31	„ carbonas.	0	6	lb.
32	„ chloridum, ...	0	9	lb.
33	Amyl nitris (in 1 min. capsules), ...	0	8	dozen.
34	Amylum (pulvis, wheaten), ...	0	6	lb
35	Anthemidis flores, ...	1	3	lb.
36	Antimonium tartaratum (pulvis), ...	1	4	lb.
37	Aqua anethi, ...	0	4	lb.
38	„ destillata, ...	0	6	gal
39	„ fœniculi, ...	0	4	lb.
40	„ laurocerasi, ...	0	8	lb.
41	Argenti nitras, ...	2	0	oz.
42	„ mitigatus, ...	1	10	oz.
43	Balsamum Peruvianum, ...	8	6	lb.
44	Bismuthi carbonas, ...	8	6	lb.
45	„ salicylas, ...	0	8	oz.
46	„ subnitras, ...	7	0	lb.
47	Borax (pulvis), ...	0	4	lb.

N.B.—Contractors will note that the tare (weight) of each bottle, jar, or other package containing Medicine should be distinctly marked thereon.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	d.	
48	Caffeinæ citras, ...	1	4	oz.
49	Calcii carbonas præcipitatus, ...	0	4	lb.
50	„ „ cloridum, ...	1	0	lb.
51	„ hypophosphis, ...	5	0	lb.
52	Calx chlorinata, ...	0	2	lb.
53	„ sulphurata, ...	2	4	lb.
54	Camphora, ...	3	0	lb.
55	Carbo ligni, ...	0	6	lb.
56	Charta sinapis (6 inches by 5 inches), ...	0	2	a sheet.
57	Chloral hydras, ...	4	0	lb.
58	Chloroformum, from pure Ethylic Alcohol, ..	5	9	lb. (in 1 lb.
59	„ anæsthetic, from pure alcohol, (Duncan Flockhart's, original and stoppered bottle (4 oz.), ...	1	8	stoppered bottles.) per bottle.
60	„ „ (8 oz.), ...	3	0	per bottle.
61	Cocainæ hydrochloridum, ...	3	8	½ oz.
62	Collodium flexile, ...	6	4	lb.
63	„ vesicans, ...	10	6	lb.
64	Confectio piperis, ...	1	6	lb.
65	„ sennæ, ...	1	2	lb.
66	„ sulphuris, ...	1	0	lb.
67	Copaiba, ...	3	0	lb.
68	Creosotum, ...	4	9	lb.
69	Creta præparata, ...	0	2	lb.
70	Cupri sulphas, ...	0	4	lb.
71	Decoctum aloes compositum, ...	1	6	lb.
72	Emplastrum ammoniaci cum hydrargyro, .. [spread on calico.	1	6	yard.
73	„ belladonnæ, „ „	1	6	yard.
74	„ calefaciens, „ „	0	8	yard.
75	„ cantharidis, „ „	4	0	lb.
76	„ hydrargyri, „ „	2	4	lb.
77	„ menthol, spread on calico, 1 yard by 7 inches: each in air tight tin, ..	1	0	each.
78	„ resinæ, spread on calico, ...	0	10	yard.
79	„ saponis, „ „	0	8	yard.
80	Ergota (pulvis), ...	4	0	lb.
81	Extractum belladonnæ alcoholicum, ...	5	6	lb.
82	„ cascaræ sagradæ liquidum, ..	1	6	lb.
83	„ ergotæ liquidum, ...	5	0	lb.
84	„ fibeis liquidum, ...	0	8	lb.
85	„ glycyrrhizæ liquidum, ...	2	8	lb.
86	„ hyoscyami viride, ...	9	0	lb.
87	„ nucis vomicæ, ...	0	10	oz.
88	„ opii, ...	2	0	oz.
89	„ „ liquidum, ...	3	2	lb.
90	„ paroiræ liquidum, ...	3	9	lb.
91	Ferri carbonas saccharatus, ...	0	9	lb.
92	„ et ammonii citras, ...	1	9	lb.
93	„ et quininæ citras, ...	0	8	oz.
94	„ sulphas, ...	0	4	lb.
95	„ sulphas exsiccatus, ...	0	8	lb.
96	Ferrum tartaratum, ...	2	4	lb.
97	Glycerinum, ...	0	9	lb.
98	„ acidi borici, ...	1	6	lb.
99	„ „ carbolici, ...	2	0	lb.
100	„ „ tannici, ...	1	8	lb.
101	„ aluminis, ...	1	2	lb.
102	„ boracis, ...	1	4	lb.
103	„ pepsini, ...	4	6	lb.
104	„ plumbi subacetatis, ...	1	10	lb.
105	Hæmatoxyli lignum, ...	0	2	lb.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
106	Hirudines, ...	12	0	per 100.
107	Hydrargyri iodidum rubrum, ...	0	10	oz.
108	„ oleas, ...	0	6	oz.
109	„ perchloridum, ...	3	4	lb.
110	„ subchloridum, ...	3	9	lb.
111	Hydrargyrum ammoniatum, ...	4	4	lb.
112	„ cum creta, ...	1	6	lb.
113	Iodoformum, ...	1	2	oz.
114	Lamellæ atropinæ, ...	1	0	per 50
115	„ cocainæ, ...	2	0	per 50
116	„ physostigminæ, ...	1	0	per 50.
117	*Linimentum aconiti, Methylatum, ...	1	10	lb.
118	„ ammoniæ, ...	1	4	lb.
119	† „ belladonnæ Methylatum, ..	2	4	lb.
120	„ camphoræ, ...	1	6	lb.
121	* „ „ ammoniatum, Methylatum,	1	2	lb.
122	„ chloroformi, ...	3	0	lb.
123	„ crotonis, ...	4	3	lb.
124	„ potassii iodidi cum sapone, ..	3	0	lb.
125	* „ saponis, Methylatum, ...	0	10	lb.
126	„ terebinthinæ, ...	1	0	lb.
127	Linum contusum, ...	25	0	cwt.
128	Liquor ammoniæ, ...	0	4½	lb.
129	„ „ fort, ...	0	5	lb.
130	„ ammonii acetatis, ...	0	8	lb.
131	„ „ citratis, ...	1	0	lb.
132	„ arsenicalis, ...	0	8	lb.
133	„ arsenii et hydrargyri iodidi, ...	1	2	lb.
134	„ atropinæ sulphatis, ...	0	6	oz.
135	„ bismuthi et ammonii citratis, ..	1	0	lb.
136	„ calcis, ...	0	4	gal.
137	„ „ saccharatus, ...	0	8	lb.
138	„ calumbæ concentratus, ...	1	8	lb.
139	„ chiratæ concentratus, ...	1	8	lb.
140	„ epispasticus, ...	9	0	lb.
141	„ ferri acetatis, ...	0	8	lb.
142	„ „ perchloridi (to contain 5·625 grammes of Iron per 100 c.c.), ..	0	6	lb.
143	„ „ „ fort, ...	0	8	lb.
144	„ „ pernitratis, ...	1	0	lb.
145	„ hamamelidis, ...	1	2	lb.
146	„ hydrargyri perchloridi, ...	0	8	lb.
147	„ iodi fortis, ...	5	6	lb.
148	„ krameriæ concentratus, ...	2	0	lb.
149	„ magnesii carbonatis, ...	0	6	lb.
150	„ morphinæ hydrochloridi, ...	2	8	lb.
151	„ picis carbonis, ...	4	0	lb.
152	„ plumbi subacetatis fortis, ...	0	3	lb.
153	„ potassæ, ...	0	4	lb.
154	„ quassiæ concentratus, ...	1	3	lb.
155	„ rhei concentratus, ...	2	7	lb.
156	„ sarsæ compositus concentratus, ..	4	1	lb.
157	„ senegæ concentratus, ...	3	3	lb.
158	„ sennæ concentratus, ...	2	4	lb.
159	„ sodæ chlorinatæ, ...	0	4	lb.
160	„ strychninæ hydrochloridi, ...	2	2	lb.
161	„ trinitrini, ...	0	6	oz.
162	„ zinci chloridi, ...	1	0	lb.

* Made according to B.P. formula with Methylated Alcohol 90 per cent.
† Made by Extraction of Bella donna root with Methylated Alcohol 90 per cent.; and standardized to contain ·375 grammes of Alkaloids in 100 cubic centimetres.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
163	Lithii citras, ...	0	8	oz.
164	„ carbonas, ...	1	0	oz.
165	Magnesia levis, ...	1	6	lb.
166	Magnesii carbonas ponderosus, ...	0	10	lb.
167	„ sulphas, ...	1	6	per stone
168	Mel boracis, ...	1	2	lb.
169	Menthol, ...	1	4	oz.
170	Mistura cretæ, ...	1	0	lb.
171	„ sennæ composita, ...	0	8	lb.
172	Morphinæ hydrochloridum, ...	6	6	oz.
173	Naphthol, ...	0	3	oz.
174	Oleum amygdalæ, ...	2	0	lb.
175	„ anisi, ...	0	10	oz.
176	„ cajuputi, ...	0	5½	oz.
177	„ caryophylli, ...	0	4	oz.
178	„ cinnamomi, ...	5	6	oz.
179	„ crotonis, ...	0	5	oz.
180	„ cubebæ, ...	0	8	oz.
181	„ eucalypti, ...	3	6	lb.
182	„ lini, ...	3	6	gal.
183	„ menthæ piperitæ, ...	6	0	lb.
184	„ morrhuæ, ...	5	6	gal.
185	„ olivæ (cream), ...	8	0	gal.
186	„ pini, ...	0	10	oz.
187	„ ricini, ...	0	7	lb.
188	„ santali, ...	1	3	oz.
189	„ terebinthinæ, ...	3	6	gal.
190	Oxymel scillæ, ...	0	8	lb.
191	Papaveris capsulæ, ...	2	4	per 100
192	Paraffinum liquidum, ...	0	8	lb.
193	„ molle, ...	0	6	lb.
194	Paraldehydum, ...	0	6	oz.
195	Pepsinum, ...	2	6	oz.
196	Phenacetinum, ...	0	10	oz.
197	Phenazonum, ...	0	10	oz.
198	Pilula aloes barbadensis, coated, ...	0	11	a gross.
199	„ „ et asafetidæ, „	0	11	a gross.
200	„ „ et ferri, „	0	11	a gross.
201	„ „ et myrrhæ, „	1	3	a gross
202	„ butyl-chloral hydratis, gr. IV., ..	2	3	a gross.
203	„ codeinæ phosphatis, gr. ¼, ...	2	1	a gross.
204	„ colocynthidis composita, coated, ..	1	6	a gross.
205	„ „ „ in mass, ..	8	6	lb.
206	„ „ et hyoscyami, coated, ..	1	7	a gross.
207	„ „ in mass, ...	10	0	lb.
208	„ ferri, coated, ...	0	10	a gross.
209	„ galbani composita, coated, ...	0	10	a gross.
210	„ hydrargyri, coated, ...	1	0	a gross.
211	„ „ in mass, ...	2	5	lb.
212	„ „ subchloridi composita, coated,	1	0	a gross.
213	„ ipecacuanhæ cum scilla, coated, ..	1	0	a gross.
214	„ phosphori, „ ..	2	6	a gross.
215	„ plumbi cum opio, coated, ...	1	3	a gross.
216	„ podophylli gr. ¼, ...	0	7	a gross.
217	„ potassii permanganatis, 2 grs., ...	0	8	a gross.
218	„ quininæ sulphatis, coated, 2 grs., ..	2	8	a gross.
219	„ rhei composita, „	1	0	a gross.
220	„ „ „ in mass, ...	4	0	lb.
221	„ saponis composita, coated, ...	1	4	a gross.
222	„ scillæ „ „	1	0	a gross.
223	„ „ et digitalis et hydrargyri (Baly), ..	1	6	a gross.
224	Plumbi acetas, ...	0	8	lb.
225	Podophylli resina, ...	1	3	oz.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
226	Potassa caustica, ...	1	2	lb.
227	„ sulphurata, ...	0	9	lb.
228	Potassii acetas, ...	1	4	lb.
229	„ bicarbonas, ...	0	6	lb.
230	„ bromidum, ...	2	4	lb.
231	„ chloras, ...	0	6	lb.
232	„ citras, ...	1	10	lb.
233	„ iodidum, ...	11	6	lb.
234	„ nitras, ...	0	8	lb.
235	„ permanganas, ...	0	11	lb.
236	„ tartras, ...	2	4	lb.
237	„ „ acidus, ...	1	1	lb.
238	Pulvis antimonialis, ...	1	4	lb.
239	„ catechu compositus, ...	3	0	lb.
240	„ cinnamomi compositus, ...	5	0	lb.
241	„ cretæ aromaticus, ...	1	8	lb.
242	„ „ „ cum opio, ...	2	2	lb.
243	„ digitalis, ...	1	6	lb.
244	„ elaterini compositus, ...	3	4	oz
245	„ glycyrrhizæ compositus, ...	1	0	lb.
246	„ ipecacuanhæ compositus, ...	4	6	lb.
247	„ jalapæ compositus, ...	2	4	lb.
248	„ kino compositus, ...	0	6	oz.
249	„ rhei compositus, ...	3	6	lb.
250	„ scammonii compositus, ...	0	6	oz.
251	„ tragacanthæ compositus, ...	2	0	lb.
252	Quininæ sulphas, ...	1	8	oz.
253	Saccharum lactis (pulv.), ...	0	11	lb.
254	„ purificatum, ...	0	3	lb.
255	Salicinum, ...	1	8	oz.
256	Salol, ...	0	5	oz.
257	Santoninum, ...	1	3	oz.
258	Senna indica, ...	1	6	oz.
259	Sinapis (pulvis), ...	1	6	lb.
260	Soda tartarata, ...	1	2	lb.
261	Sodii bicarbonas, ...	0	6	lb.
262	„ bromidum, ...	2	10	lb.
263	„ carbonas, ...	0	3	lb.
264	„ citro-tartras effervescens, ...	1	6	lb.
265	„ hypophosphis, ...	4	6	lb.
266	„ salicylas, ...	2	10	lb.
267	„ sulphas, ...	0	2	lb.
268	„ sulphocarbolas, ...	2	6	lb.
269	Spiritus ætheris, ...	4	6	lb.
270	„ „ nitrosi, ...	3	4	lb. in 1 lb. stoppered bottles.
271	„ ammoniæ aromaticus, ...	3	0	lb.
272	„ anisi, ...	4	2	lb.
273	„ camphoræ, ...	3	8	lb.
274	„ chloroformi, ...	3	10	lb.
275	„ juniperi, ...	5	3	lb.
276	„ menthæ piperitæ, ...	4	4	lb.
277	„ vini methylatus, ...	3	0	gal.
278	Stramonii folia, ...	0	8	lb.
279	Succus belladonnæ, ...	1	9	lb.
280	„ conii, ...	2	0	lb.
281	„ hyoscyami, ...	2	8	lb.
282	„ scoparii, ...	2	2	lb.
283	„ taraxaci, ...	2	0	lb.
284	Sulphonal, ...	0	6	oz.
285	Sulphur sublimatum, ...	0	3	lb.
286	Suppositoria acidi carbolici, ...	0	8	doz.
287	„ „ tannici, ...	0	8	doz.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
288	Suppositoria belladonnæ, ...	0	8	a doz.
289	„ glycerini, ...	0	8	a doz.
290	„ iodoformi, ...	0	8	a doz.
291	„ morphinæ, ...	0	8	a doz.
292	„ plumbi composita, ...	0	8	a doz.
293	Syrupus, ...	0	4	lb.
294	„ calcii lactophosphatis, ...	1	8	lb.
295	„ cascaræ aromaticus, ...	2	0	lb.
296	„ chloral, ...	1	6	lb.
297	„ ferri iodidi, ...	1	6	lb.
298	„ „ phosphatis, ...	1	0	lb.
299	„ „ phosphatis cum quinina et strychnina,	1	6	lb.
300	„ pruni virginianæ, ...	0	10	lb.
301	„ rhei, ...	1	0	lb.
302	„ scillæ, ...	0	7	lb.
303	„ sennæ, ...	1	2	lb.
304	„ tolutanus, ...	0	10	lb.
305	„ zingiberis, ...	0	8	lb.
306	Tabellæ trinitrini, ...	0	9	oz.
307	Terebenum, ...	2	0	lb.
308	Thymol, ...	1	8	oz.
309	Tinctura aconiti, ...	3	6	lb.
310	„ arnicæ, ...	3	6	lb.
311	„ asafetidæ, ...	3	4	lb.
312	„ aurantii, ...	3	6	lb.
313	„ belladonnæ, ...	2	10	lb.
314	„ benzoini composita, ...	3	8	lb.
315	„ buchu, ...	3	0	lb.
316	„ calumbæ, ...	2	8	lb.
317	„ camphoræ composita, ...	2	6	lb.
318	„ cannabis indicæ, ...	4	6	lb.
319	„ cantharidis, ...	3	8	lb.
320	„ capsici, ...	3	4	lb.
321	„ cardamomi composita, ...	2	8	lb.
322	„ catechu, ...	2	8	lb.
323	„ chloroformi et morphinæ composita,	3	6	lb.
324	„ cinchonæ, ...	3	8	lb.
325	„ colchici seminum, ...	2	8	lb.
326	„ digitalis, ...	2	8	lb.
327	„ ergotæ ammoniata, ...	4	0	lb.
328	„ ferri perchloridi (to contain 5·625 grammes of Iron per 100 c.c.), ..	1	6	lb.
329	„ gelsemii, ...	3	2	lb.
330	„ gentianæ composita, ...	2	6	lb.
331	„ guaiaci ammoniata, ...	3	8	lb.
332	„ hydrastis, ...	3	8	lb.
333	„ hyoscyami, ...	3	6	lb.
334	„ iodi, ...	4	2	lb.
335	„ jaborandi, ...	2	9	lb.
336	„ jalapæ, ...	3	2	lb.
337	„ kino, ...	3	2	lb.
338	„ lavandulæ composita, ...	4	0	lb.
339	„ lobeliæ aetherea, ...	5	4	lb.
340	„ myrrhæ, ...	3	10	lb.
341	„ nucis vomicæ, ...	3	6	lb.
342	„ opii, ...	3	2	lb.
343	„ podophylli, ...	4	6	lb.
344	„ quininæ, ...	4	3	lb.
345	„ „ ammoniata, ...	3	2	lb.
346	„ rhei composita, ...	2	8	lb.
347	„ scillæ, ...	2	8	lb.
348	„ senegæ, ...	3	4	lb.
349	„ sennæ composita, ...	2	6	lb.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
350	Tinctura stramonii, ...	2	4	lb.
351	„ strophanthi, ...	0	4	oz.
352	„ valerianæ ammoniata, ...	3	4	lb.
353	„ zingiberis, ...	3	8	lb.
354	Tragacantha (Pulvis), ...	4	6	lb.
355	Trochiscus acidi carbolici, ...	2	8	lb.
356	„ eucalypti gummi, ...	3	6	lb.
357	„ guaiaci resinæ, ...	3	3	lb.
358	„ krameriæ et cocainæ, ...	4	6	lb.
359	„ potassii chloratis, ...	2	3	lb.
360	„ santonini, ...	2	6	lb.
361	„ sulphuris, ...	2	0	lb.
362	Unguentum acidi borici, ...	1	2	lb.
363	„ „ carbolici, ...	1	2	lb.
364	„ „ salicylici, ...	1	4	lb.
365	„ belladonnæ, ...	5	0	lb.
366	„ chrysarobini, ...	3	0	lb.
367	„ cocainæ, ...	2	0	oz.
368	„ eucalypti, ...	1	8	lb.
369	„ gallæ, ...	1	6	lb.
370	„ gallæ cum opio, ...	3	4	lb.
371	„ glycerini plumbi subacetatis, ..	1	6	lb.
372	„ hydrargyri, ...	2	4	lb.
373	„ „ ammoniati, ..	2	3	lb.
374	„ „ iodidi rubri, ..	2	6	lb.
375	„ „ nitratis dilutum, ..	1	8	lb.
376	„ „ oleatis, ...	2	8	lb.
377	„ „ oxidi flavi, ..	2	0	lb.
378	„ „ „ rubri, ..	2	0	lb.
379	„ iodi, ...	3	0	lb.
380	„ iodoformi, ...	2	10	lb.
381	„ paraffini, ...	0	10	lb.
382	„ picis liquidæ, ...	1	0	lb.
383	„ plumbi acetatis, ...	1	4	lb.
384	„ „ iodidi, ...	2	8	lb.
385	„ potassii iodidi, ...	3	0	lb.
386	„ resinæ, ...	1	4	lb.
387	„ staphisagriæ, ...	2	0	lb.
388	„ sulphuris, ...	1	2	lb.
389	„ „ iodidi, ...	2	6	lb.
390	„ zinci, ...	1	4	lb.
391	„ „ oleatis, ...	2	4	lb.
392	Uvæ ursi folia, ...	0	8	lb.
393	Vinum antimoniale, ...	2	0	lb.
394	„ colchici, ...	2	4	lb.
395	„ ferri, ...	2	0	lb.
396	„ ipecacuanhæ, ...	2	6	lb.
397	Zinci carbonas, ...	1	2	lb.
398	„ chloridum, ...	0	6	oz.
399	„ oxidum, ...	1	3	lb.
400	„ sulphas, ...	1	4	lb.
401	„ sulphocarbolas, ...	0	3	oz.
402	„ valerianas, ...	0	10	oz.
	OTHER REQUISITES.			
403	Breast Exhausters, 2-oz., ...	2	0	each.
404	Bottles, Air-tight (wide mouth), for coated Pills, 12-oz., ...	6	0	doz.
405	„ 4-oz. green glass (Poison), ...	1	6	doz.
406	„ 8-oz. „ „	1	8	doz.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.		
		s.	*d.*	
407	Camel Hair Brushes, straight, medium, ..	0	6	doz.
408	„ „ (throat), mounted on a handle, curved or straight, ..	2	6	doz.
409	Chip Boxes (deep), ½-oz., ...	0	9	gross.
410	„ 1-oz., ...	0	11	gross.
411	„ 2-oz., ...	1	3	gross.
412	Corks for 2-oz., 4 oz., and 8 oz. Phials, ..	1	2	gross.
413	„ 20-oz. bottles, ...	1	4	gross.
414	Diet Charts, ...	2	0	doz.
415	Eye Baths (China), ...	2	0	doz.
416	Eye Droppers, ...	0	6	each.
417	Funnels, delph, 8-oz., ...	1	0	each.
418	„ glass, 4-oz., ...	0	8	each.
419	Glass Measures, 2-oz. and 8-oz., graduated, ..	1	0	each.
420	„ „ Minim, ...	0	4	each.
421	Infant Feeding Bottles (*Boat-shaped*), ...	0	6	each.
422	Labels, Siverlock and Co. (Disponsing), ..	0	3	per 100.
423	Litmus Paper, ...	0	3	book.
424	Medicine Dropper, graduated, ...	0	6	each.
425	Paper, Brown and White, ...	0	5	quire.
426	„ Corrugated Packing, 12-yard rolls, ..	3	6	each.
427	„ Filtering, ...	2	0	sheet of 4 sq. ft.
428	Pestle and Mortar (8-oz.), ...	1	6	each.
429	Phials, white glass (1-oz. and 2-oz.), ...	1	2	doz.
430	„ „ (4-oz. and 8-oz.), ...	1	6	doz.
431	Pill Boxes (card and wooden), ...	0	4	dozen nests.
432	„ (1-dr.), ...	0	5	gross.
433	„ (2-dr.), ...	0	6	gross.
434	Pots for Pill-masses, with cover (2-oz.), ..	0	4	each.
435	Pots for Ointments, with cover (4-oz.), ..	0	6	each.
436	Powder Bottles (wide mouth), 4-oz., ground-stoppered, ...	4	0	doz.
437	Ointment Flag, ...	1	0	each.
438	Safety Pins, ...	0	6	doz.
439	Sample Bottles, white glass, ground stoppered, 1-oz.,	0	3	each.
440	„ „ „ 2-oz.,	0	4	each.
441	„ „ „ 4-oz.,	0	4½	each.
442	„ „ „ 6-oz.,	0	5	each.
443	„ „ „ 8-oz.,	0	6	each.
444	„ green flint, „ 12-oz.,	0	3	each.
445	„ „ „ 16-oz.,	0	3	each.
446	*Scales*, Apothecaries', in mahogany box, brass pillar, with gun-metal slide, brass beams, brass weight scale and chains, brass folding crank, two glass pans, complete with Apothecaries' weights, ...	32	0	each.
447	*Scales*, Japanned counter weighing machine, with steel knife edge and bearings, with oblong brass or copper scale pans, to weigh up to 14 lbs. (Avery, No. 3218), ...	13	6	each.
448	Set of Iron weights (flat) from 7 lbs. to ¼ oz., ..	6	0	each.
449	Spirit Lamps, glass, with brass wick-holders, and ground glass cap, 4-oz., ...	2	0	each.
450	Spreading Spatula, ...	1	0	each.
451	Throat Sprays, 2-oz., vulcanite mounts, with tongue depressor, ...	2	0	each.
452	Twine, ...	1	0	lb.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

MISCELLANEOUS.

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.
	BURROUGHS, WELLCOME, AND CO.'S PRODUCTS.	
	(a) HYPODERMIC "TABLOID" PRODUCTS.	*s. d.*
453	Apomorphine hydrochloride, 1-15 gr., ..	0 6 a tube.
454	Atropine Sulphate, 1-60 gr., ...	0 6 „
455	Ergotinine citrate, 1-100 gr., ...	0 8 „
456	Hyoscine hydrobromide, 1-75 gr., ...	0 6 „
457	„ „ 1-200 gr., ...	0 6 „
458	Morphine sulphate, 1-8 gr., ...	0 6 „
459	Morphine sulphate, 1-6 gr., ... / Atropine sulphate, 1-180 gr., ...	0 6 „
460	Pilocarpine nitrate, 1-10 gr., ...	0 9 „
	(b) SERUM.	
461	Anti-diphtheria serum, liquid, in hermetically sealed phials, containing 2,000 immunity units (Behring), in 5 c.c., ...	2 6 each.
462	Anti-streptococcus serum, liquid, in hermetically sealed phials of 10 c.c., ...	2 6 „
463	Anti-tetanus serum, liquid, in phials of 10 c.c.,	3 4 „
	(The Medical Officer may order serum when required direct from the Contractor by letter or telegram.)	
	(c) SOLOID.	
464	Boric Acid, gr. 15 in bottles of 50, ...	4 6 a doz.
465	Mercuric chloride, gr. 8·75, ... 1 in a pint of water=1 in 1000 solution..	6 0 a doz. bottles of 25.
466	Fehling's test solution, ...	9 0 a doz. cases of 24.
	(d) TABLOID.	
467	Thyroid gland, grs. 5, ...	2 0 bottles of 100.
	(e) EMERGENCY POCKET CASE.	
	(For Dispensaries Only.)	
468	Tabloid Medicine Case, No. 134 (empty), ..	13 0
	To hold 8 bottles of any of the following:—	
469	Tabloid, Sodium Salicylate, 5 grs., ...	0 3 per bottle of 21
470	„ Sulphonal, 5 grs., ...	0 5 „ 20
471	„ Ergotin, 3 grs., ...	0 6 „ 20

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.
	BURROUGHS, WELLCOME, AND CO.'S PRODUCTS—*continued.*	
		s. d.
472	Tabloid, Calomel, 1 gr., ...	1 6 per bottle of 225
473	„ Dover Powder, 5 grs., ...	0 7 „ 45
474	„ Antipyrine, 5 grs., ...	0 5 „ 22
475	„ Opium, 1 gr., ...	1 1 „ 125
476	„ Ammonium Carbonate, 3 grs., ..	0 8 „ 55
477	Soloid Boric Acid, 15 grs., ...	0 3 per tube of 12
478	„ Mercuric Chloride, 8·75 grs., ..	0 4 „ 16
	(N.B.—Refills can be obtained as required at prices quoted.)	

Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

Signature, { _____
_____

Dated this———*day of*———190——.

GENTLEMEN,

Should you accept the above proposal, we hereby engage to become bound with the above-named in the sum of £ , sterling, for the due performance of the several matters and things contained in this Tender.

Signatures of Sureties. { _____
of_____
_____
of_____

Dated this———day of———190——.

SCHEDULE OF PRICES FOR EMPTY RETURNS.

		s. d.
Plain Bottles, ...	up to 8 oz.	0 1 each.
„	10 to 16 oz.	0 2 „
„	20 to 40 oz.	0 3 „
„	4 pt.,	0 4 „
Stoppered Bottles, ...	up to 8 oz.,	0 2 „
„	10 to 16 oz.,	0 3 „
„	20 to 40 oz.,	0 4 „
„	4 pt.,	0 6 „
Ointment Pots or Tins, ...	up to 8 oz.,	0 1 „
„	16 oz.	0 2 „
„	32 oz.,	0 3 „
„	4 lb.,	0 6 „
„	7 lb.,	0 9 „

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

		s.	d.	
Jars and Crocks, ...	½ gallon,	0	5	each.
"	1 gallon,	0	10	"
"	2 gallons,	1	8	"
"	3 gallons,	2	6	"
"	4 gallons,	3	4	"
"	5 gallons,	4	2	"
Tins, ...	½ gallon,	0	4	"
"	1 gallon,	0	8	"
"	2 gallons,	1	4	"
"	3 gallons,	2	0	"
"	4 gallons,	2	6	"
"	5 gallons,	4	6	"
"	10 gallons,	9	0	"
Bags, ...	1 cwt.,	0	3	"
"	2 cwt.,	0	6	"
Hampers, ...	½ doz.,	1	0	"
"	1 dozen,	1	6	"
"	1½ dozen,	1	9	"
"	2 dozen,	2	0	"
"	3 dozen,	3	0	"
"	4 dozen,	4	0	"
"	5 dozen,	5	0	"
Outside Packing Casks, ...	—	2	0	"

NOTE.—The prices for empty returns are net, and are not subject to the discount mentioned on page 1.

1902—3.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD'S PRESCRIBED LISTS OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL APPLIANCES.

FORM OF TENDER.

TO THE BOARD OF GUARDIANS OF THE

———————————————— UNION.

GENTLEMEN,

————————————of————————————

do hereby propose to supply punctually for the use of the Workhouse and several Dispensary Districts within the————————Union, from————day of————1————to the————day of————1————, the following medical and surgical appliances and requisites, when ordered by the Guardians, of the best quality, and in accordance with the description upon the following list, at the prices prescribed by the Local Government Board less an abatement of————per cent. on the gross cost of the articles purchased during the year, and to deliver the articles at the Workhouse and respective Dispensaries and Depots within the Union, in such quantities and at such times as the Guardians may direct, free of carriage or any additional charge for delivery. And————further agree, immediately on being declared contractor, to execute the Form of Contract and Bond prescribed by the General Order of the Local Government Board, and to obey the regulations of the said Board so far as they relate to the contract and supply of medical and surgical appliances and requisites.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

PRESCRIBED LISTS OF MEDICAL AND SURGICAL APPLIANCES AND OTHER REQUISITES FOR DISPENSARIES AND WORKHOUSE HOSPITALS.

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.	£	s.	d.
1	Artery Forceps, with detachable joint (Tait's), ..	each	0	5	6
2	Aspirator (Potain's), with India-rubber stopper, exhausting pump, two stop-cocks and double way cock, three trocars with cannulæ, three blunt stilettes and one needle in case, ..	"	2	0	0
3	Bougies Cylindrical, ...	per dozen	0	5	0
4	Case, Pocket (metal aseptic) size about 6 × 3½ inch, to include :—	complete	2	5	0
5	One sharp-pointed Scissors with rivet joint,	each	0	2	6
6	One Tait's Forceps rivet joint, ...	"	0	4	6
7	One Dressing Forceps and needle holder combined, ...	"	0	4	6
8	One Probe, ...	"	0	1	0
9	One Director, ...	"	0	1	6
10	One Curved Bistoury and Abscess Knife, ..	"	0	8	6
11	One Gum Lancet, ...	"	0	3	0
12	One Tenotome and Scalpel, ...	"	0	8	6
13	Two Needle Cases, ...	"	0	2	0
14	One Card of Silk, ...	"	0	1	0
15	Catbetere, gum elastic, ...	per dozen	0	6	0
16	" coudée, ...	"	0	18	0
17	" à boule, ...	"	0	14	0
18	" soft rubber, ...	"	0	12	0
19	" female, metal, ...	each	0	1	6
20	" nickel plated, 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 0 sizes, ..	"	0	2	6
21	" " prostatic, 8, 10, and 12 sizes, ...	"	0	3	0
22	Caustic Case (vulcanite), with silver quill, ..	"	0	2	6
23	Corrigan's Button, ...	"	0	2	9
24	Director (probe pointed), ...	"	0	2	0
25	Forceps, Plugging, ...	"	0	5	6
26	" Single Vulsellum (American Bullet), for Gynæcology, ...	"	0	5	6
27	" Dissecting, with broad points and circular union, ...	"	0	1	6
28	" Lister's Sinus, ...	"	0	3	6
29	" Tooth—Upper Incisors (central and canine)	"	0	3	6
30	" Upper Roots, ...	"	0	3	6
31	" Upper Molars, Right, ...	"	0	3	6
32	" Upper Molars, Left, ...	"	0	3	6
33	" Upper Molars, Children, Right or Left,	"	0	3	6
34	" Upper Wisdom, ...	"	0	3	6
35	" Lower Roots (Hawksbill), ...	"	0	7	6
36	" Lower Molars (Hawksbill), ...	"	0	7	6
37	" Lower Molars, Straight, ...	"	0	3	6
38	" Lower Molars, Children, ...	"	0	3	6
39	" Elevator, Right, ...	"	0	4	0
40	" Elevator, Left, ...	"	0	4	0
41	Harelip Pins, ...	per dozen	0	2	0
42	Inhaler (Chloroform), Schimmelbusch's, ..	each	0	4	0
43	" Naso Oral (Yeo's), ...	"	0	0	6
44	Pozzi Needle Holder, ...	"	0	12	6

N.B.—No person is eligible to receive a Contract for Medical and Surgical Appliances unless he is either a manufacturer or dealer in surgical instruments, who satisfies the Local Government Board that he has in stock a full assortment of the Articles on this List.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.	£	s.	d.
45	Pessary (Hodge), ...	each	0	1	0
46	„ Vulcanite Ring, ...	„	0	1	0
47	Probe (Silver), 6-inch, ...	„	0	1	0
48	Retractors (all metal), 1-inch or 1½ inch wide, ..	„	0	3	0
49	„ metal-handled, for tracheotomy, ..	„	0	2	3
50	Scalpels (all steel), ...	„	0	2	3
51	Scissors, dressing, close shanked, round pointed,	„	0	2	0
52	„ „ curved on the flat,	„	0	3	0
53	Speculum (Ferguson's) Celluloid, ...	„	0	3	6
54	„ glass, silvered and coated with elastic gum, ..	„	0	3	0
55	Splints (Cline's), in sets of six pairs (pair of two pieces each), right and left, ...	per set	0	16	6
56	„ scored and plain, in sets of 16 assorted pieces, ...	„	0	2	0
57	„ (Liston's), ...	each	0	1	3
58	„ Poroplastic Felt for, ...	per lb.	0	4	6
59	Spray, Ether, with metal mount, bellows, and bottle combined, ...	each	0	5	6
60	Stethoscope, with screw ear piece and India-rubber ring, ...	„	0	2	0
61	Syringe, brass ear, 6 oz., with phlanges, ..	„	0	9	0
62	„ Higginson's Enema (with bone pipe), ..	„	0	2	6
63	„ Vaginal Pipe for above, ...	„	0	0	6
64	„ Glass, 2 ounce (urethral), ...	per dozen	0	7	0
65	„ Hydrocele, ...	each	0	5	6
66	„ Serum, with metal piston and barrel, in metal case, with two needles, capacity 10 c.c., capable of being boiled, ..	„	0	10	6
67	„ Hypodermic, with metal mounts, and two needles in case, ...	„	0	3	6
68	„ Needles to fit same, ...	„	0	0	6
69	„ Glycerine, ...	„	0	1	0
70	„ Nutrient enema, 2 oz., ...	„	0	2	0
71	„ „ 4 oz., ...	„	0	3	0
72	Thermometer (Clinical), ½ minute, ...	„	0	3	6
73	Tracheotomy Tubes (Silver Plated), two sizes,	„	0	8	6
74	Trocar and Cannula (Hydrocele), in metal case, ..	„	0	5	6
75	„ Ascites, metal handled, ..	„	0	6	0
76	Trusses, Inguinal, single, ...	„	0	1	9
77	„ „ double, ...	„	0	2	6
78	„ Scrotal, single, ...	„	0	3	6
79	„ „ double, ...	„	0	5	6
80	„ Femoral, single, ...	„	0	2	0
81	Tubes, Drainage, 6 sizes (8 to 16 Catheter gauge),	per yard,	0	1	3
82	„ Vaginal, Glass, ...	each	0	0	3
83	„ Vaccination, ...	per 100	0	1	0
84	„ (Three), Indiarubber with funnel (in lieu of Stomach Pump) for Rectum, Stomach, and Bladder, ...	each	0	6	0
85	„ Test (Glass), ...	per dozen	0	0	10
86	Two Tenotomy Knives (aseptic metal handles) (one sharp, one blunt pointed), ...	each	0	3	0
87	Urinometer (with jar in case), ...	„	0	3	0
88	Vaccination Lancet, ...	„	0	1	3
89	Vaccination Case and Sterilizer combined, in metal, containing the following:—Pipette, Vaccinator, and Spatula, Metal Case for holding Lymph, Glass Tube for holding Methylated Spirit, ...	„	0	12	0

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.	£	s.	d.
	MIDWIFERY INSTRUMENTS.				
90	Neville's Forceps, ...	each	1	17	0
91	Simpson's Perforator, ...	„	1	1	0
92	Braun's Cranioclast, ...	„	2	8	0
93	Bozeman's Catheter (2 sizes), metal aseptic, ..	„	0	6	0
94	Rheinstadter's Flushing Curette, ...	„	0	7	6
95	Rotunda Uterine Douche, ...	„	0	6	6
96	Hegar's Dilators, ...	„	0	1	3
97	Sims' Speculum, ...	„	0	6	0
98	Sea Tangle Tents, ...	per dozen	0	3	6
99	Uterine Curette (aseptic), ...	each	0	5	0
100	„ Sound (long or short), ...	„	0	4	0
101	„ Probe, aseptic (Playfair's), ...	„	0	2	3
	OTHER REQUISITES.				
102	Bandages, White Open Wove, 3-inch, ..	per dozen	0	2	0
103	„ „ „ 2½-inch, ..	„	0	1	8
104	„ „ „ 1-inch, ..	„	0	0	10
105	„ Suspensory, ...	each	0	0	6
106	„ Plaster of Paris, in tins, hermetically sealed, 2½-inch, ...	per dozen	0	6	0
107	„ Plaster of Paris, in tins, hermetically sealed, 3-inch, ...	„	0	6	6
108	„ Calico for, ...	per yard	0	0	3
109	Bandage Roller, ...	each	0	3	6
110	Dressings, Absorbent Cotton Wool, ...	per lb.	0	1	0
111	„ Alembroth Wool, ...	„	0	1	9
112	„ „ Gauze, ...	per doz. yds.	0	1	0
113	„ French Wadding, ...	per doz. sheets	0	2	6
114	„ Lint, ...	per lb.	0	1	9
115	„ „ Boracic, ...	„	0	1	9
116	„ Salicylic Wool, ...	„	0	2	0
117	Ligatures, Catgut, 10 feet in bottles, assorted sizes,		0	1	0
118	„ Silk, pure twisted (3 sizes), ...	per card	0	1	3
119	„ Silkworm Gut, ...	per 100 strand	0	2	6
120	„ Wire (Silver), in reels, 5 yards long, any size, ...	per reel.	0	5	0
121	Needles of various kinds, ...	per dozen	0	1	0
122	Plaster, adhesive, 3 inches wide, ...	per yard	0	0	3
123	„ (Rubber), 2 inches wide on 10 yard reels,	each	0	2	9
124	Sterilizer, enamelled iron, consisting of Container with flanged lid, standing on 4 legs, with 2 Spirit Lamps, and with two trays of perforated metal, fitting inside Container, each 4½ inches high, fitting one on top of the other, and completely filling area of Container, the latter to be oblong in shape, size 16 inches in length, 7 inches in breadth, and 9 inches in height		2	0	0
125	Stockings, Elastic Silk, sizes 1 to 8, ...	each	0	4	9
126	Tow, ...	per stone	0	3	9

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.	£	s.	d.
	EXTRA ARTICLES FOR WORKHOUSE HOSPITALS ONLY.				
127	Amputating knife, blunt pointed, with aseptic metal handle, 8 inches, ...	each	0	12	0
128	Amputating knife, transfixion, with aseptic metal handle, 8 inches, ...	"	0	10	6
129	Amputating saw, (Ferguson), with aseptic metal handle, blade 8 inches, with lift-up back, ..	"	0	10	6
130	Aneurism needle (all steel), ...	"	0	3	6
131	Bandage, Martin's rubber, 10½ feet by 3 inches,	"	0	4	6
132	Bistoury, curved, sharp pointed (all steel), ..	"	0	3	6
133	" " probe pointed (all steel), ..	"	0	3	6
134	Bougies (Œsophageal), ...	"	0	2	0
135	Director (Hernia), Stanley's, ...	"	0	4	6
136	Director for perineal section (Wheelhouse), ..	"	0	3	0
137	Dressings, Gamgee tissue, ...	per lb.	0	2	0
138	" Gauze, absorbent, in air-tight cartons,	per 5 yards	0	0	2
139	" Gauze, Iodoform, ...	per yard	0	0	5
140	" Jaconette (54 inches wide), ..	"	0	2	6
141	" Tissue Gutta Percha, ...	per lb.	0	8	6
142	" Wood Wool, Wadding, ...	"	0	1	0
143	Earthenware Photographic Trays for dressing, 7 inches by 5 inches (deep), ...	each	0	2	0
144	" " " 10 inches by 8 inches,	"	0	3	6
145	" " " 12 inches by 10 inches,	"	0	4	6
146	" " " 16 inches by 12 inches,	"	0	9	6
147	Elevator (Skull), ...	"	0	3	6
148	Forceps (Pharyngeal), ...	"	0	7	6
149	" Bullet, ...	"	0	7	0
150	" Necrosis, ...	"	0	5	6
151	" Bone (9 inches), with detachable joint and spring handle, weight 14 oz., ..	"	0	16	0
152	Gorget (Wheelhouse), ...	"	0	5	6
153	Gouge, Bone ½-inch (aseptic), ...	"	0	5	0
154	Inhaler, Ether (Ormsby's), with bottle and measure,	"	1	2	0
155	Knife, Hernia (all steel), ...	"	0	4	0
156	Post Mortem Instruments, Set, in mahogany brass-bound case, containing saw, cartilage knife, catlin and chisel, all fitting in one handle; 3 scalpels, post mortem scissors, hammer, head-rest, spring forceps, chain hooks, 3 needles, ..	"	3	3	0
157	Rectal Speculum, ...	"	0	3	0
158	" Bougies, ...	"	0	2	0
159	Scoop, double ended (all steel), St. Thomas's pattern, ...	"	0	7	6
160	Sterilizer (Size iii., Lautenschlager), length, 20¼ inches; breadth, 9 inches; depth, 14½ inches, with one large Nickel-plated double Flame Lamp, burning spirit vapour, ...	"	6	0	0
161	Sound (Lithotomy), ...	"	0	3	6
162	Splints (angular arm), with adjustable set screw, three sizes, ...	per set	0	12	0
163	Staff (Lithotomy), ...	each	0	6	0
164	Staff (Wheelhouse), ...	"	0	6	0
165	Temperature Charts, ...	per 100	0	2	6
166	Tonsil Guillotine (MacKenzie's), ...	each	1	1	0
167	Tonsil Knife with long handle, ...	"	0	5	6
168	Tourniquet, Anchor pattern (Samways), ..	"	0	5	6
169	Elastic Web Crimson Bandage for above, 3½ yards long by 3 inches wide, ...	"	0	6	0

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No.	Name of Article.	Prescribed Price.	£	s.	d.
170	Trephine, metal handled, 1 inch, with centre pin attached to handle (McEwan's), ...	each	1	12	6
171	Tow (Carbolized), ...	per lb.	0	0	9
172	Ventnor Sputum Flask, with bottom outlet, ..	each	0	1	6
173	Waterproof sheeting, 1 yard wide, double coatsd,	per yard	0	3	0
174	" " 1½ yards wide, " ..	"	0	4	6

Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

Signature, _____
of _____

Dated this _____ *day of* _____ 190—.

GENTLEMEN,

Should you accept the above Proposal, we hereby engage to becoms bound with the above-named in the sum of £ Sterling, for the due performance of the several matters and things contained in this Tender.

Signatures of Sureties. { _____ of _____ _____ of _____

Dated this day of 190

APPENDIX D.

ORDERS, &c., under the PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS, LABOURERS ACTS, &c.

(i.)—GENERAL ORDERS.

Temporary Regulations under Section 149 *of the Public Health (Ireland) Act,* 1878.—*Plague.*

To the Officers of Customs and of the Coastguard in Ireland; to the Port Sanitary Authorities in Ireland; to the several Councils of Urban and Rural Districts, named in the Schedule hereunto annexed; to all Masters of Ships; to all Pilots; and to all other Persons whom it may concern:

WHEREAS We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, are empowered by Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, whenever any part of Ireland appears to be threatened with or affected by any formid-

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

able epidemic or infectious disease to make and from time to time alter and revoke Regulations for guarding against the spread of such disease and may by order declare all or any of the Regulations so made to be in force within the whole or any part or parts of the District of any Sanitary Authority and to apply to any ships or vessels whether on inland waters or on arms or parts of the sea within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty for the period in such order mentioned; and may by any subsequent order abridge or extend such period:

And whereas by Sections 1 and 4 of the Public Health Act, 1896, it is enacted that Regulations of the Local Government Board for Ireland made in pursuance of Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, may provide for such Regulations being enforced and executed by the Officers of Customs and the officers and men employed in the Coastguard as well as by other authorities and officers, and without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by that Section may provide for—

(*a*) the signals to be hoisted by vessels having any case of epidemic, endemic, or infectious disease on board; and

(*b*) the questions to be answered by masters, pilots, and other persons on board any vessel as to cases of such disease on board during the voyage or on the arrival of the vessel; and

(*c*) the detention of vessels and of persons on board vessels; and

(*d*) the duties to be performed in cases of such disease by masters, pilots, and other persons on board vessels;

Provided that the Regulations shall be subject to the consent—

(*a*) so far as they apply to the officers of Customs, of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs; and

(*b*) so far as they apply to officers or men employed in the Coastguard of the Admiralty; and

(*c*) so far as they apply to signals of the Board of Trade.

And whereas the parts of Ireland adjacent to the Customs Ports named in column one of the Schedule hereunto annexed appear to be threatened with a formidable infectious disease namely the Plague and it is expedient that for preventing the spread of the said disease the Regulations hereinafter contained should be made to which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, the Admiralty, and the Board of Trade have respectively signified their consent so far as such Regulations respectively apply to the Officers of Customs, to Officers employed in the Coastguard and to signals:

Now therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers given to Us by section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and by sections 1 and 4 of the Public Health Act, 1896, do hereby without prejudice to the operation of any general order under Our Seal made in pursuance of section 148 of the said Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and Sections 1 and 4 of the said Public Health Act, 1896, which is now in force or which may hereafter be in force, make the following Regulations and do declare that they shall apply to and be in force within the limits of the Customs Ports named in column one of the Schedule hereunto annexed and the Urban and Rural Districts adjacent to or abutting on the said Ports, and any ships or vessels within the said limits and districts, and shall be enforced and executed by the Authorities and Officers hereinafter mentioned during the period of six months from the date hereof unless We shall otherwise by Order direct.

Part I.

Art. I.—In this Order—

The term "Ship" includes vessel or boat;

The term "Officer of Customs" includes any person acting under the authority of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs;

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

The term "Officer of the Coastguard" includes any person belonging to the Coastguard and having authority from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty;

The term "Master," used in relation to a ship, includes the officer, pilot, or other person for the time being in charge or command of the ship;

The term "Plague" means Bubonic Plague;

The term "Sanitary Authority" means any Council or Port Sanitary Authority named in column three of the Schedule hereunto annexed;

The term "Local Authority" means any Urban or Rural District Council;

The term "Port" means a Port established for the purposes of the laws relating to the Customs of the United Kingdom;

The term "Medical Officer of Health" includes any duly qualified Medical Practitioner appointed or employed by a Sanitary Authority to act in the execution of this Order;

The term "Infected" means infected with Plague; Provided that every ship shall be deemed infected in which there is or has been during the voyage, or during the stay of such ship in the Port of departure or in a Port in the course of such voyage, any case of plague.

PART II.

Art. 2.—(1.) The Officer of Customs, or in any place in which there is no local officer of Customs an officer of the Coastguard on the arrival of a ship from any Port known to be infected with Plague, shall visit the ship and shall ascertain, as far as possible, whether such ship is infected, and if he have any reason to suspect that the ship is infected shall require the Master of the Ship, or the Surgeon, if the Ship carries a Surgeon, to give (in writing under his hand and in the form hereunto appended or in a form to the like effect) a true answer to the following questions:—

Question.—Has any case or suspected case of
Plague
occurred in the ship , of which you
are , during the voyage from , or
during the stay of the ship in that Port or in any other Port
in the course of the voyage?

Answer.— cases or suspected cases of
occurred on board the during the
voyage from [or during the stay of
the ship in the Port of]

or

No case or suspected case of Plague occurred on board the
during the voyage from
or during the stay of the ship in that Port or in any other Port in the course of the voyage.

Signed————————————————,

Master [*or* Surgeon] of the————————————

(2.) The Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard who, on the arrival of a ship from any Port known to be infected with Plague, shall visit such ship shall, if he find, or have reason to suspect, that the ship is infected, detain such ship, and order the Master forthwith to moor or anchor the same in such position as such Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard shall

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

direct; and thereupon the Master shall forthwith moor or anchor the ship accordingly.

Art. 3.—Whilst such a ship shall be so detained, no person (other than an Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard or a person acting in the execution of this Order) shall leave the same.

Art. 4.—The Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard detaining any ship as aforesaid shall forthwith give notice thereof, and of the cause of such detention, to the Sanitary Authority of the place where such ship is lying.

Art. 5.—Such detention by the Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard shall cease as soon as the ship shall have been duly visited and examined by the Medical Officer of Health; or, if the ship shall, upon such examination, be found to be infected, as soon as the same shall be moored or anchored in pursuance of Article 10.

Provided, that if the examination be not commenced within twelve hours after the ship shall have been moored or anchored in pursuance of sub-division (2) of Article 2, the ship shall, on the expiration of the said twelve hours, be released from detention.

Part III.

Art. 6.—The Sanitary Authority at any place where persons are likely to be landed from ships shall, with the approval of the Chief Officer of Customs of the Port, fix some place where any ship may be moored or anchored for the purpose of Article 10; and shall make provision for the reception of patients and persons suffering from Plague, and removed under Articles 13 and 14. The place to be fixed as aforesaid, where any ship may be moored or anchored for the purpose of Article 10, shall be some place within the jurisdiction or district of the Sanitary Authority, unless We otherwise consent; in which case the place so fixed shall, for the purposes of this Order, be deemed to be within such jurisdiction or district.

Provided that where, in pursuance of any Order under our Seal containing regulations for the prevention of the spread of Cholera, Yellow Fever, or Plague, places have been fixed for the mooring or anchoring of ships for the purposes of the regulations contained in such Order, such places shall be deemed to have been so fixed in pursuance of and for the purposes of this Order.

Art. 7.—The Sanitary Authority, on notice being given to them by an Officer of Customs, or of the Coastguard under Article 4, shall forthwith cause the ship in regard to which such notice shall have been given, to be visited and examined by their Medical Officer of Health for the purpose of ascertaining whether such ship is infected.

Art. 8.—The Medical Officer of Health, if he have reason to suspect that any ship coming or being within the jurisdiction or district of the Sanitary Authority, whether such ship has been examined by the Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard, or has not been so examined, is infected shall, or, if he have reason to suspect that the ship has come from an infected place, or for any other reason thinks fit so to do, may visit and examine such ship for the purpose of ascertaining whether such ship is infected; and may make the like visit and examination in the case of any ship coming or being within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary Authority which has come from an infected place. The Master of any such ship shall permit the same to be so visited and examined.

The Master of any such ship shall also, on being required so to do, by the Medical Officer of Health, cause the ship to be brought to, and, if necessary, moored or anchored in some convenient place while the same shall be visited and examined; but due regard shall be had to the safety of the ship and to the convenience of navigation.

Art. 9.—If the Medical Officer of Health on making such examination as aforesaid (whether under Article 7 or under Article 8) shall be of opinion that the ship is infected, he shall forthwith give a certificate in

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

duplicate in the following Form, or to the like effect, and shall deliver one copy to the Master, and retain the other copy or transmit it to the Sanitary Authority. He shall also give to Us information as to the arrival of the ship, and such other particulars as We may require.

Certificate.

——————*day of*——————, 19——.

——————————SANITARY AUTHORITY.

I hereby certify that I have examined the ship of , now lying in the Port of [*or detained at*], and that I find that such ship is infected with Plague.

——————————————

Medical Officer of Health. [or Medical Practitioner appointed or employed by the Sanitary Authority].

Art. 10.—The Master of any ship so certified to be infected shall thereupon moor or anchor such ship at the place fixed for that purpose under Article 6, and such ship shall remain there until the requirements of this Order have been duly fulfilled.

Art. 11.—No person (other than an Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard or a person acting in the execution of this Order) shall leave any such ship until the examination hereinafter mentioned shall have been made.

Art. 12.—The Medical Officer of Health shall, as soon as possible after any such ship has been certified to be infected, examine every person on board the same, and in the case of any person suffering from Plague, or from any illness which the Medical Officer suspects may prove to be Plague, shall certify accordingly.

Art. 13.—Every person certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be suffering from Plague shall be removed, if his condition admit of it, to some hospital or other suitable place appointed for that purpose by the Sanitary Authority; and no person so removed shall leave such hospital or place until the Medical Officer of Health shall have certified that such person is free from the said disease.

If any person so certified to be suffering from Plague cannot be removed, the ship shall remain subject, for the purposes of this Order, to the control of the Medical Officer of Health; and such person shall not be removed from or leave the ship, except with the consent in writing of the Medical Officer of Health.

Art. 14.—Any person certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be suffering from any illness which such Officer suspects may prove to be Plague, may either be detained on board the ship for any period not exceeding two days, or be taken to some hospital or other suitable place appointed for that purpose by the Sanitary Authority, and detained there, for a like period, in order that it may be ascertained whether the illness is or is not Plague.

If any such person, while so detained, shall be certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be suffering from Plague the provisions of Article 13 shall apply.

Art. 15.—No person on board such a ship as is mentioned in Article 12 who has not been certified as required by that Article shall be permitted to land unless he satisfy the Medical Officer as to his name, intended place of destination, and intended address at such place.

Such name, intended place of destination, and address shall forthwith be given by the Medical Officer of Health to the Clerk to the Sanitary Authority, and such Clerk shall thereupon transmit the same to the Local Authority of the District in which such intended place of destination is situate.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Every such person who, within forty-eight hours after landing, shall arrive at any place of destination or address other than such place or address as aforesaid, shall forthwith upon such arrival notify in writing his place of destination and address to the Medical Officer of Health of the Sanitary Authority, or to the Local Authority, of the District in which such place is situate.

Art. 16.—The Medical Officer of Health shall, in the case of every ship certified to be infected, give directions, and take such steps as may appear to him to be necessary, for preventing the spread of infection, and the Master of the said ship shall forthwith carry into execution such directions as shall be so given to him.

Art. 17.—In the event of any death from Plague taking place on board such ship while detained under Article 10 the Master shall, as directed by the Sanitary Authority or the Medical Officer of Health, either cause the dead body to be taken out to sea, and committed to the deep, properly loaded to prevent its rising, or shall deliver it into the charge of the said Authority, who shall thereupon cause the same to be otherwise lawfully and properly disposed of.

Art. 18.—The Master shall cause the clothing and bedding and other articles of personal use likely to retain infection which have been used by any person who may have suffered from Plague on board such ship, or who, having left such ship, shall have suffered from Plague during the stay of such ship in any Port, to be disinfected or destroyed; and if the Master shall have neglected to do so before the ship arrives in port, he shall forthwith, upon the direction of the Sanitary Authority or the Medical Officer of Health, cause the same to be disinfected or destroyed as the case may require; and if the said Master neglect to comply with such direction within a reasonable time, the Sanitary Authority shall cause the same to be carried into execution.

Art. 19.—The Master shall cause the ship to be disinfected, and every article therein, other than those last described, which may probably be infected, to be disinfected or destroyed, according to the direction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Art. 20.—Where a ship is not ascertained, or certified to be infected, but has passengers on board who are in a filthy or otherwise unwholesome condition, or has come from a place infected with Plague, the Medical Officer of Health may, if in his opinion it is desirable with a view to checking the introduction or spread of Plague, give a certificate in duplicate in the following form, or to the like effect, and shall deliver one to the Master, and retain the other or transmit it to the Sanitary Authority:—

CERTIFICATE.

day of 19 .

——————————SANITARY AUTHORITY.

I hereby certify that I have examined the ship
from , now in the port of
and that such ship has passengers on board in a filthy or otherwise unwholesome condition [*or* has come from an infected place], and that in my opinion, it is desirable with a view to checking the introduction or spread of Plague, that the persons on board such ship should not be allowed to land unless they satisfy me as to their names, places of destination, and addresses at such places.

Signed,——————————

Medical Officer of Health (*or* Medical Practitioner appointed or employed by the Sanitary Authority.)

Art. 21.—When such certificate has been given, no person on board the ship shall leave or be allowed to leave the same unless he satisfy the Medical Officer of Health as to his name, intended place of destination,

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

and intended address at such place; and such name, intended place of destination, and address shall forthwith be given by the Medical Officer of Health to the Clerk to the Sanitary Authority, and such Clerk shall thereupon transmit the same to the Local Authority of the district in which such intended place of destination is situate. Every such person who, within forty-eight hours after landing, shall arrive at any place of destination or address other than such place or address as aforesaid shall, forthwith upon such arrival, notify in writing his place of destination and address to the Medical Officer of Health of the Sanitary Authority or to the Local Authority of the district in which such place is situate.

Art. 22.—If the Medical Officer of Health have reason to believe that any ship coming or being within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary Authority is infected, or has come from an infected place, he may direct all bilge water and water ballast to be pumped out in some suitable place before such ship enters any dock or basin:

Provided that, in every case where there may be reasonable cause to apprehend that the ship may be endangered by the removal of the water ballast, the Medical Officer of Health may cause any tank or other receptacle containing the water ballast to be sealed, and thenceforward, so long as the ship remains within the jurisdiction of the Sanitary Authority, no person shall without the permission of the Medical Officer of Health break or remove such seal, or discharge or remove from such tank or receptacle any part of the water ballast.

On the Sanitary Authority providing a proper supply of water for drinking and cooking purposes for persons on board any such ship, the Medical Officer of Health may direct all casks or tanks on board the ship containing water for the use of such persons to be emptied and cleansed, and the Master shall cause the said direction to be carried into effect.

Art. 23.—The Master of any ship, or any other person, shall answer truly all such questions put to him by and give all such information to any Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard or Medical Officer of Health as may be necessary for any purpose of this Order; and no person who is required in pursuance of this Order to give to the Medical Officer of Health or to notify to any local Authority the name, and intended place of destination and address of such person shall knowingly give or notify a false or fictitious name, place of destination or address, or refuse to give or notify as aforesaid the true name, intended place of destination and address of such person.

Art. 24.—The Sanitary Authority may appoint one or more legally qualified medical practitioners to act in the execution of this Order, either in place of or as an assistant or assistants to the Medical Officer of Health, and may pay such practitioner or practitioners reasonable remuneration for his or their services.

Art. 25.—All expenses which may be incurred by any Sanitary Authority in carrying out the provisions of this Order shall be defrayed out of a common fund to be contributed, in such proportions as the Local Government Board for Ireland shall from time to time order, by the Sanitary Authorities whose districts form part of or abut on the port within which the provisions of this Order are to be enforced and executed by such Sanitary Authority.

PART IV.

Art. 26.—The Master of every ship infected with Plague shall, when within three miles of the coast of any part of Ireland, cause to be hoisted at the masthead or where best seen a large flag of yellow and black, borne quarterly, and shall keep the same displayed during the whole of the time between sunrise and sunset, and no person (other than an Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard or a person acting in the execution of this Order) shall leave such ship until after such visit of the Officer of Customs or of the Coastguard, as is mentioned in Article 2, or until after the visit of the Medical Officer of Health, in pursuance of Article 8.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

PART V.

Art. 27.—Nothing in this Order shall render liable to detention, disinfection, or destruction, any article forming part of any mail (other than a parcel mail) conveyed under the authority of the Postmaster-General, or shall prejudicially affect the delivery in due course of any such mail (other than a parcel mail) to the Post Office in accordance with the provisions of the Post Office Acts.

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this First day of November, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L. S.]

H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.

NOTICE.—The Public Health Act, 1896, provides, by sub-section (3) of Section 1, and sub-section (*b*) of Section 4, that if any person wilfully neglects or refuses to obey or carry out, or obstructs the execution of, any regulation made under Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by the Public Health Act, 1896, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty not exceeding fifty pounds for every day during which the offence continues.

CORRIGENDA.

Temporary Regulations under Section 149 *of the Public Health (Ireland) Act,* 1878—*Plague.*

IN THE SCHEDULE:—

For "New Ross No. 1 Rural District Council" read "New Ross Rural District Council."

For "Drogheda No. 2 Rural District Council" read "Council of the Meath Rural District of Drogheda Union."

SCHEDULE.

Port. 1.	Limits of Port. 2.	Sanitary Authorities whose Districts form part of or abut on the Port. 3.
PORT OF DUBLIN,	From Delvin River to Courtown Harbour, but not including Courtown Harbour.	Balrothery Rural District Council. Dublin Port Sanitary Authority. Dalkey Urban District Council. Killiney and Ballybrack Urban District Council. Rathdown No. 1 Rural District Council. Bray Urban District Council. Rathdown No. 2 Rural District Council. Rathdrum Rural District Council. Wicklow Urban District Council. Gorey Rural District Council.
PORT OF WEXFORD,	From Courtown Harbour, including Courtown Harbour to Baginbun Point.	Gorey Rural District Council. Enniscorthy Rural District Council. Wexford Rural District Council. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Wexford, acting by the Council. New Ross No. 1 Rural District Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Port. 1.	Limits of Port. 2.	Sanitary Authorities whose Districts form part of or abut on the Port. 3.
PORT OF NEW ROSS, .	From Baginbun Point to Saint Mullin's on the River Barrow.	New Ross No. 1 Rural District Council. New Ross Urban District Council. Idrone Rural District Council. Thomastown Rural District Council. Ida Rural District Council. Waterford No. 2 Rural District Council.
PORT OF WATERFORD, .	From the Bridge at Carrick-on-Suir to Ballymacart Head.	Carrick-on-Suir Urban District Council. Carrick-on-Suir No. 2 Rural District Council. Carrick-on-Suir No. 3 Rural District Council. Waterford No. 2 Rural District Council. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Waterford, acting by the Council. Waterford No. 1 Rural District Council. Kilmacthomas Rural District Council. Dungarvan Rural District Council. Dungarvan Urban District Council.
PORT OF CORK, . .	From Ballymacart Head to Galley Head.	Dungarvan Rural District Council. Youghal No. 2 Rural District Council. Youghal No. 1 Rural District Council. Youghal Urban District Council. Lismore Rural District Council. Midleton Rural District Council. Queenstown Urban District Council. Cork Rural District Council. The Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Cork, acting by the Council. Kinsale Urban District Council. Kinsale Rural District Council. Bandon Rural District Council. Clonakilty Urban District Council. Clonakilty Rural District Council.
PORT OF SKIBBEREEN, .	From Galley Head, Co. Cork, to Lamb Head, Co. Kerry.	Clonakilty Rural District Council. Skibbereen Urban District Council (from and after 1st October, 1900). Skibbereen Rural District Council. Skull Rural District Council. Bantry Rural District Council. Castletown Rural District Council. Kenmare Rural District Council. Caherciveen Rural District Council.
PORT OF TRALEE, .	From Lamb Head, Co. Kerry, to Beal Point, Co. Kerry.	Caherciveen Rural District Council. Killarney Rural District Council. Tralee Urban District Council. Tralee Rural District Council. Dingle Rural District Council. Listowel No. 1 Rural District Council.
PORT OF LIMERICK, .	From Beal Point, Co. Kerry, to Hag's Head, Co. Clare.	Listowel No. 1 Rural District Council. Glin Rural District Council. Rathkeale Rural District Council. Limerick No. 1 Rural District Council. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Limerick, acting by the Council. Limerick No. 2 Rural District Council. Ennis Rural District Council. Killadysert Rural District Council. Kilrush Rural District Council. Kilrush Urban District Council. Ennistymon Rural District Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Port. 1.	Limits of Port. 2.	Sanitary Authorities whose Districts form part of or abut on the Port. 3.
PORT OF GALWAY, .	From Hag's Head, Co. Clare, to the Erriff River on the confines of the Counties of Galway and Mayo.	Galway Rural District Council. Galway Urban District Council. Ennistymon Rural District Council. Ballyvaughan Rural District Council. Gort Rural District Council. Oughterard Rural District Council. Clifden Rural District Council.
PORT OF WESTPORT, .	From the Erriff River to Kinnsharragh Point, County Sligo.	Westport Rural District Council. Westport Urban District Council (from and after 1st October, 1900). Belmullet Rural District Council. Killala Rural District Council. Ballina Rural District Council. Ballina Urban District Council. Dromore West Rural District Council.
PORT OF SLIGO, . .	From Kinnasharragh Point, Co. Sligo, to Gweedore River, Co. Donegal.	Dromore West Rural District Council. Sligo Rural District Council. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Sligo, acting by the Council. Ballyshannon No. 3 Rural District Council. Ballyshannon No. 1 Rural District Council. Donegal Rural District Council. Glenties Rural District Council.
PORT OF LONDONDERRY,	From Gweedore River, County Donegal, to Down Hill Sands, Co. Derry.	Dunfanaghy Rural District Council. Milford Rural District Council. Letterkenny Rural District Council. Londonderry Port Sanitary Authority. Strabane No. 1 Rural District Council. Strabane No. 2 Rural District Council. Strabane Urban District Council. Coleraine Rural District Council.
PORT OF COLERAINE, .	From Down Hill Sands to Glendun River (Cushendall Bay).	Coleraine Rural District Council. Coleraine Urban District Council. Portrush Urban District Council. Ballymoney Rural District Council. Ballycastle Rural District Council.
PORT OF BELFAST, .	From Glendun River to St. John's Point.	Ballycastle Rural District Council. Larne Rural District Council. Larne Urban District Council. Belfast Port Sanitary Authority. Newtownards Rural District Council. Downpatrick Rural District Council.
PORT OF NEWRY, . .	From St. John's Point to Cooley Point.	Downpatrick Rural District Council. Kilkeel Rural District Council Newry No. 1 Rural District Council. Newry Urban District Council. Newry No. 2 Rural District Council. Warrenpoint Urban District Council. Dundalk Rural District Council
PORT OF DUNDALK, .	From Cooley Point to Dunany Point.	Dundalk Rural District Council. Dundalk Urban District Council. Ardee No. 1 Rural District Council.
PORT OF DROGHEDA, .	From Dunany Point to Delvin River.	Ardee No. 1 Rural District Council. Louth Rural District Council. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Drogheda acting by the Council. Drogheda No. 2 Rural District Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(Temporary Regulations:—Notification of cases of Plague.)

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To all Sanitary Authorities in Ireland who have adopted the provisions of the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889:

To all Medical Officers of Health of the Sanitary Authorities aforesaid:

And to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS Ireland appears to be threatened with Plague, and it is desirable that regulations should be made as hereinafter contained:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in the exercise of the powers given to Us by Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and by any other Acts enabling Us in this behalf, do, by this our Order, make the following regulations, and do declare the same to be in force in the District of every Sanitary Authority in Ireland who have adopted, or who may hereafter adopt the provisions of the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, and to apply to any ships and vessels, whether on inland waters, or on arms or parts of the sea within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty, for the period of twelve months from the date hereof:

I. In this Order:—

(1) The expression "Sanitary Authority" means the Council of any County Borough or Urban or Rural District in Ireland within whose District the provisions of the Infectious Disease (Notification) Ireland, Act, 1889, are now or hereafter may be in force, and includes any Port Sanitary Authority in Ireland who have adopted or may hereafter adopt the provisions of the said Act.

(2) The expression "Medical Officer of Health" includes any duly qualified Medical Practitioner appointed or employed by a Sanitary Authority as above defined, to act in the execution of any regulations made by Us in pursuance of Section 148 or Section 149 of the said Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by any subsequent enactment:

II.—(1) In the District of every Sanitary Authority to whom this Order applies, the persons mentioned in Section 3 of the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, as applied to Ireland by Section 18 of the said Act, and the Sanitary Authority shall under this Order have the same powers and duties in relation to the notification of cases of Plague as they would have under that Act if Plague were an infectious disease to which that Act applied.

(2) The Sanitary Authority shall forthwith cause notice to be given by advertisement in one or more newspapers circulating in their District, and by handbills and otherwise in such manner as the Sanitary Authority think sufficient for giving notice thereof to all persons who have or may have duties under this Regulation.

III.—It shall be the duty of every Medical Officer of Health to report forthwith to Us any case of Plague which may be notified to him, or which may otherwise come or be brought to his knowledge, and which may occur in the District or area assigned to his charge.

Sealed with our Seal, this Second day of November, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

[L. S.]

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(ii.) Orders affecting particular localities.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Rural District of Scariff, being the Sanitary Authority of the Rural District of Scariff; and to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas the Council of the Rural District of Scariff (hereinafter called the District Council) are the Sanitary Authority of the Rural District of Scariff:

And whereas by Section 15 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, it is enacted that where complaint is made to the Local Government Board for Ireland that a Sanitary Authority has made default in providing their District with a supply of water in cases where danger arises to the health of the inhabitants from the insufficiency or unwholesomeness of the existing supply of water and a proper supply can be got at a reasonable cost, the Local Government Board, if satisfied, after due inquiry, that the Authority has been guilty of the alleged default, shall make an Order limiting a time for the performance of their duty in the matter of such complaint:

And whereas complaint has been made to Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, that the District Council have made default in providing the town of Scariff in their District with a supply of water where danger arises to the health of the inhabitants from the insufficiency and unwholesomeness of the existing supply of water and a proper supply can be got at a reasonable cost: and We are satisfied, after due inquiry, that the District Council have been guilty of the alleged default:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and direct that the District Council shall perform their duty in the matter of the said complaint, and begin to set about the works for the purpose within three months from the date of this Order, and proceed therewith with all proper and convenient speed until completion.

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this First day of
[L.S.] April, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.
T. J. Stafford.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Rural District of Castlerea, being the Sanitary Authority of the Rural District of Castlerea; and to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas the Council of the Rural District of Castlerea (hereinafter called the District Council) are the Sanitary Authority of the Rural District of Castlerea:

And whereas by Section 15 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, it is enacted that where complaint is made to the Local Government Board for Ireland that a Sanitary Authority has made default in providing their District with a supply of water in cases where danger arises to the health of the inhabitants from the insufficiency or unwholesomeness of the existing supply of water and a proper supply can be got at a reasonable cost, the Local Government Board, if satisfied, after due inquiry, that the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Authority has been guilty of the alleged default, shall make an Order limiting a time for the performance of their duty in the matter of such complaint:

And whereas complaint has been made to Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, that the District Council have made default in providing the village of Frenchpark in their District with a supply of water where danger arises to the health of the inhabitants from the insufficiency and unwholesomeness of the existing supply of water and a proper supply can be got at a reasonable cost: and We are satisfied, after due inquiry, that the District Council have been guilty of the alleged default:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and direct that the District Council shall perform their duty in the matter of the said complaint, and begin to set about the works for the purpose within three months from the date of this Order, and proceed therewith with all proper and convenient speed until completion.

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this Tenth day of
[L.S.] April, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

WM. L. MICKS.
(Signed), R. BAGWELL.

No. 18,594.—1901

To the Guardians of the Poor of the SOUTH DUBLIN UNION; to the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Dublin; to the Council of the Urban District of Pembroke; and to the Council of the NORTH DUBLIN RURAL DISTRICT:

WHEREAS, by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Sixth day of December, 1890, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did prescribe the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union to be the Sanitary Authority with respect to the seas, rivers, and waters of that part of the Port of Dublin which is situate within the following limits, as described in Column 1 of the Schedule annexed to that Order, viz.:—From the Bailey Lighthouse to Merrion Graveyard at the south-eastern extremity of Donnybrook Electoral Division in the South Dublin Union:

And whereas, by Article 20 of the said Order, We did further direct as follows:—

> "All expenses which may be incurred by any Board of Guardians in carrying out the provisions of this Order shall be defrayed out of a common fund to be contributed, in such proportions as the Local Government Board for Ireland shall from time to time order, by the Sanitary Authorities of the Urban and Rural Sanitary Districts, as defined by the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, which, or any part of which, abut on the Port within which the provisions of this Order are to be enforced and executed by such Board of Guardians."

And whereas, by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Twenty-sixth day of July, 1892, We did again prescribe the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union to be the Sanitary Authority with respect to the seas, rivers, and waters of the said part of the Port of Dublin:

And whereas by an Order under our Seal bearing date the Thirteenth day of November, 1896, We, whilst resoinding our said Orders of the Sixth

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

day of December, 1890, and Twenty-sixth day of July, 1892, renewed the above-recited provisions of those Orders:

And whereas the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union continued to act as such Sanitary Authority until the Twenty-third day of October, 1900:

And whereas by Section 22 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is enacted in effect that all urban sanitary authorities shall be called urban district councils, and that their districts shall be called urban districts; and that for every rural sanitary district there shall be a rural district council whose district shall be called a rural district:

And whereas by section 33 (1) of the said Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is directed that there shall be transferred to the District Council of every rural district the business of the sanitary authority in the district:

And whereas the City of Dublin and the Urban District of Pembroke are urban districts, and the North Dublin Rural District is a rural district, abutting on the above described part of the Port of Dublin; and the Councils of the districts so abutting are hereinafter referred to as the contributory Councils:

And whereas, in carrying out the provisions of the said Orders of the Sixth day of December, 1890, and the Thirteenth day of November, 1896, during the period comprised between the First day of January, 1899, and the Twenty-third day of October, 1900, both dates inclusive, the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union have incurred expenses amounting to the sum of £368 7*s.* 10*d.*, in connection with a Ship Hospital for the reception of the sick or convalescent:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and declare that the proportion of the said sum of £368 7*s.* 10*d.* to be paid to the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union by each of the contributory Councils shall be the sum which is set forth in Column 2 of the Schedule to this Order opposite to the name of the district of such contributory council in Column 1 of that Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Column 1.	Column 2.
Name of District.	Sum to be paid to the Board of Guardians of the South Dublin Union.
	£ *s.* *d.*
Dublin, Urban, ...	237 8 9
Pembroke, Urban, ...	31 15 10
North Dublin, Rural, ...	23 4 5

[L.S.] Given under our Hands and Seal of Office, this Twenty-second day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Rural District of Kilkeel, being the Sanitary Authority of the Rural District of Kilkeel; and to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the Council of the Rural District of Kilkeel (hereinafter called the District Council) are the Sanitary Authority of the Rural District of Kilkeel:

And whereas by Section 15 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, it is enacted that where complaint is made to the Local Government Board for Ireland that a Sanitary Authority has made default in providing their District with sufficient Sewers, the Local Government Board, if satisfied, after due inquiry, that the Authority has been guilty of the alleged default, shall make an Order limiting a time for the performance of their duty in the matter of such complaint:

And whereas complaint has been made to Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, that the District Council have made default in providing the town of Newcastle in their District with sufficient sewers; and We are satisfied, after due inquiry, that the District Council have been guilty of the alleged default:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and direct that the District Council shall perform their duty in the matter of the said complaint, and begin to set about the works for the purpose within three months from the date of this Order, and proceed therewith with all proper and convenient speed until completion.

[L. S.] Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this Twenty-fourth day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.

No. 8,399.—1901.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

WHEREAS by Section 8 of the Municipal Corporations (Ireland) Act, 1843, it is enacted that in every case in which the council of any borough in Ireland, or commissioners elected under the Lighting of Towns (Ireland) Act, 1828, of boroughs in Ireland, shall deem it expedient to purchase or become possessed of for public purposes any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, it shall be lawful for such council or commissioners to represent the circumstances of the case to the Treasury, and it shall be lawful for such council or commissioners so elected as aforesaid, with the approbation of the Treasury, to purchase or become possessed of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in such manner and on such terms and conditions as shall have been approved of by the said commissioners, as aforesaid:

Provided always that notice of the intention of the council or commissioners so elected as aforesaid to make such application as aforesaid shall be inserted once at least in the *Dublin Gazette* and in some local newspaper, and shall be fixed on the outer door of the town hall, or in some public or conspicuous place within the borough, one calendar month at least before such application; and a copy of the memorial intended to be sent to the Treasury shall be kept in the town clerk's office during such calendar month, and shall be freely open to the inspection of every burgess or person entitled to vote at the election of such commissioners or ratepayers of the borough at all reasonable hours during the same:

And whereas by Article 24 of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, as amended by the Local Go-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

vernment (Ireland) Act, 1900, it is enacted in effect that the Local Government Board for Ireland shall exercise as regards every town the powers conferred by Section 8 of the Municipal Corporations (Ireland) Act, 1843, and that the section shall be construed throughout as if "Local Government Board" were substituted for "Treasury":

And whereas representation has been made to Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, by the council of the Youghal Urban District that it is expedient that the said council should purchase or become possessed of for public purposes the lands, tenements, and hereditaments hereinafter described, and notice of the intention of the said council to make application to Us for our approbation to the said council so purchasing or becoming possessed of the same has been duly published and given:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby, in pursuance of the powers vested in Us, give our approbation to the council of the Youghal Urban District purchasing or becoming possessed of the lands, tenements, and hereditaments following, that is to say:—

1. The lands, tenements, and hereditaments described in the Landed Estates Court conveyance thereof to the predecessors in title of the present owners as "All that such part of the bed and soil of the river Blackwater, in the County of Cork, and of the shore and strand thereof opposite to the thereinbefore granted part of the lands of Claycastle from a point on the shore of said lands of Claycastle opposite to the road or passage leading across the Cork and Youghal Railway to Miss Susan Cooke Taylor's cottage, such point being 1,488 feet from the southern boundary of said lands of Claycastle to said boundary of said lands situate in the Barony of Imokilly, and County of Cork, together with all franchises, easements, or appurtenances, and the inheritance thereof in fee-simple."

2. The lands, tenements, and hereditaments described in the Landed Estates Court conveyance thereof to the predecessors in title of the present owner as "All such part of the bed and soil of the river Blackwater in the County of Cork, and of the shore and strand thereof from the lands of Claycastle to the northern boundary of the lands of Viscount Ponsonby in the Barony of Imokilly and County of Cork, and which are opposite the lands of Summerfield in said Barony of Imokilly, and County of Cork, together with all franchises, easements, and appurtenances, and the inheritance thereof in fee-simple."

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office, this Twelfth day
[L.S.] of August, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), Wm. L. Micks.
T. J. Stafford.

No. 3,156.—1901.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Rural District Council of Ballina; and to all others whom it may concern:

Whereas it is enacted in effect by Section 275 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, that if any officer of any body by the said Act constituted the sanitary authority of any district is, by or in pnrsuance of the said Act or of any provisional order made under the authority of the said Act, removed from his office or deprived of the whole or part of the emoluments of his office, and is not employed in an office of equal value, and with

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

equal privileges, by such sanitary authority, the Local Government Board for Ireland may by order award to such officer such compensation as the said Board may think just; and such compensation may be by way of annuity or otherwise, and shall be paid by the authority of the sanitary district in which such officer held his office out of the rates applicable to sanitary purposes within that district:

And whereas it is enacted by Section 22 (2) of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), that for every rural sanitary district there shall be a rural district council whose district shall be called a rural district:

And whereas it is enacted by Section 33 (1) of the Act that there shall be transferred to the district council of every rural district the business of the rural sanitary authority in the district:

And whereas it is enacted in effect by Section 72 (1) of the Act that any council as respects the business transferred to them by the Act from any authority shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and any order in council made under Part 6 of the Act, have all the powers and duties of the authority in respect of the business transferred:

And whereas by the Ballina Urban District Order, 1899 (which took effect as certified under Our Hands and Seal by Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland on the Twenty-first day of March, 1900), it was directed in effect that from and after the first day of April, 1900, the business of the Rural District Council of Ballina in respect to public works so far as respects the Urban District of Ballina constituted by the said Ballina Urban District Order should be transferred to the urban sanitary authority of the Urban District of Ballina constituted as aforesaid:

And whereas in pursuance of the said Ballina Urban District Order, Patrick Ruane, of Bohernasup, an officer of the Council of the Rural District of Ballina, was deprived of the whole of his emoluments as Water Inspector for so much of the said Rural District as consisted of the Town of Ballina, and is not employed in an office of equal value and with equal privileges by the Council of the said Rural District:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in exercise of the powers vested in Us, do hereby order and direct that an annuity of One Pound Ten Shillings sterling shall be awarded to the said Patrick Ruane, of Bohernasup, as compensation for the whole of his emoluments from the office of Water Inspector for so much of the Rural District of Ballina as consisted of the Town of Ballina, of which he has been deprived, as aforesaid.

And We do further order and direct that the said annuity shall be paid by the Council of the Ballina Rural District to the said Patrick Ruane, of Bohernasup, out of the rates applicable to sanitary purposes within the Ballina Rural District.

[L.S.] Given under our Hands and Seal of Office this Nineteenth day of August, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), Wm. L. Micks.

No. 25,608.—1901.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the County Borough of Londonderry; to the Council of the Londonderry No. 1 Rural District; to the Council of the Londonderry No. 2 Rural District; to the Council of the Inishowen Rural District; and to the Council of the Limavady Rural District:

Whereas We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, did by an Order under Our Seal bearing date the First day of October, 1900, make certain Regulations for preventing the spread of Plague in Ireland:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas by Article 25 of the said Order it is directed that all expenses which may be incurred by any Sanitary Authority in carrying out the provisions of the said Order shall be defrayed out of a common fund to be contributed in such proportions as We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, shall from time to time order by the Sanitary Authorities whose districts form part of or abut on the port within which the provisions of the said Order are to be enforced and executed by such Sanitary Authority:

And whereas by Article 1 of the said Order the term Sanitary Authority is defined to mean any Council or Port Sanitary Authority named in column three of the Schedule annexed to the said Order:

And whereas the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Londonderry acting by the Council, the Council of the Londonderry No. 1 Rural District, the Council of the Londonderry No. 2 Rural District, the Council of the Inishowen Rural District, and the Council of the Limavady Rural District are Councils named in column three of the Schedule to the said Order and the districts of the said Councils abut on the Port of Londonderry:

And whereas the Council of the Londonderry No. 1 Rural District have incurred expenses amounting to the sum of Two Hundred and Fifteen Pounds Eight Shillings and Six Pence in carrying out the provisions of the said Order:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby Order that the proportions of the said sum of Two Hundred and Fifteen Pounds Eight Shillings and Six Pence to be paid to the Council of the Londonderry No. 1 Rural District by each of the Sanitary Authorities named in column one of the Schedule annexed to this Order shall be the sum set forth in column two of the said Schedule opposite the name of such Sanitary Authority.

SCHEDULE.

Name of Sanitary Authority. Column 1.	Sum to be paid to the Council of the Londonderry No. 1 Rural District. Column 2.		
	£	s.	d.
The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Londonderry acting by the Council,	129	5	1
The Council of the Londonderry No. 2 Rural District,	25	17	0
The Council of the Inishowen Rural District, ..	10	15	5
The Council of the Limavady Rural District, ..	10	15	5

[L.S.] Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office this Fifth day of September, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 41,291.—1901.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Council of the Urban District of Castleblayney, being the Sanitary Authority of the Urban District of Castleblayney; and to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the Council of the Urban District of Castleblayney (hereinafter called the District Council) are the Sanitary Authority of the Urban District of Castleblayney:

And whereas by Section 15 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, it is enacted that where complaint is made to the Local Government Board for Ireland that a Sanitary Authority has made default in providing their District with sufficient Sewers, the Local Government Board, if satisfied, after due inquiry, that the Authority has been guilty of the alleged default, shall make an Order limiting a time for the performance of their duty in the matter of such complaint:

And whereas complaint has been made to Us, the Local Government Board for Ireland, that the District Council have made default in providing their district with sufficient sewers: and We are satisfied, after due inquiry, that the District Council have been guilty of the alleged default:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, do hereby order and direct that the District Council shall perform their duty in the matter of the said complaint, and begin to set about the works for the purpose within one year from the date of this Order, and proceed therewith with all proper and convenient speed until completion.

[L. S.] Given under Our Hands and Seal of Office this Twenty-eighth day of November, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

(iii.) ORDERS CONSENTING, OR REVOKING CONSENT, TO THE CREATION AND ISSUE OF STOCK BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

No. 28,774.—1901. (*19th June*, 1901.)

Creation of Stock: Revocation of Consent.

WATERFORD COUNTY BOROUGH.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the County Borough of Waterford; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by an Order dated the 20th day of February, 1892, which was duly made under the provisions of Section 52 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, as applied to Ireland, and was confirmed by an Order made by the Lord Lieutenant by and with the advice of the Privy Council, on the 24th day of May, 1892, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, prescribed Regulations (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") in regard to the creation, issue, transfer and redemption of, and other dealings with, any Stock which any Urban Sanitary Authority (having adopted Part V. of the said Act) might create with Our consent under the Regulations in exercise of any statutory borrowing power as defined in Article 1 of the Regulations:

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas under Article 49 of the Regulations the urban sanitary authority, may by resolution revoke at any time in whole or in part any resolution for creation of Stock theretofore passed by the urban sanitary authority if and as far as the same has not been acted on by the issue of Stock thereunder, and notice of such revocation must forthwith be given to Us; and in so far as the urban sanitary authority revoke any such resolution We may, if We think fit, by Order revoke our consent to the exercise of the statutory borrowing power by the creation and issue of Stock:

And whereas by Section 22 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is enacted that all urban sanitary authorities shall be called urban district councils and that their districts shall be called urban districts, but that nothing in the said Section shall alter the style or title of the corporation or council of a borough:

And whereas the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Waterford, acting by the Town Council (and hereinafter referred to as the Corporation) having adopted Part V. of the said Act, and having made application to Us for Our consent to the exercise of certain borrowing powers possessed by them by the creation and issue of Stock, We, by an Order dated the 21st day of February, 1901, consented to the exercise thereof by the Corporation in respect of the sums referred to in such Order and made provision with regard to the redemption of such Stock and other matters relating thereto:

And whereas at a meeting held on the 2nd day of April, 1901, the Corporation resolved to exercise the borrowing powers possessed by them as aforesaid by the creation of Stock:

And whereas the resolntion passed by the Corporation on the 2nd day of April, 1901, as aforesaid has not been acted upon by the issue of stock thereunder. And the Corporation by a further resolution passed at a meeting held on the 7th day of May, 1901, have revoked their said resolntion of the 2nd day of April, 1901:

And whereas the Corporation have dnly notified such revocation to Us:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland in pursuance of the powers given to Us in that behalf, do by this Order revoke Our consent to the exercise by the Corporation by the creation and issue of Stock of the borrowing powers specified in the Schedule to Our aforesaid Order of the 21st day of February, 1901.

[L.S.] Sealed with our Seal, this Nineteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), H. A. Robinson.

No. 57,872.—1901. (*29th January*, 1902).

Creation of Stock: Consent Order.

COUNTY BOROUGH OF LONDONDERRY.

To the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the County Borongh of Londonderry; and to all others whom it may concern:

Whereas by an Order dated the 20th day of February, 1892, which was duly made in pursuance of the provisions of Section 52 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890 (which section forms Part V. of the said Act) as applied to Ireland, and was confirmed by an Order made by the Lord Lieutenant by and with the advice of the Privy Council on the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

24th day of May, 1892, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, prescribed Regulations (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") in regard to the creation, issue, transfer, and redemption of, and other dealings with, any Stock which any Urban Sanitary Authority (having adopted Part V. of the said Act) might create with Our consent under the Regulations in exercise of any statutory borrowing power as defined in Article 1 of the Regulations.

And whereas the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the City of Londonderry, being the Urban Sanitary Authority of the Urban Sanitary District consisting of the said City, having made application to Us for Our consent to their exercising certain statutory borrowing powers possessed by them by the creation and issue of Stock, We, by Orders dated respectively the 26th day of January, 1897, the 24th day of February, 1898, the 25th day of September, 1899, the 9th day of June, 1900, and the 27th day of June, 1900, consented to the exercise of such powers by the creation and issue of Stock under the Regulations as therein provided, and by Article IV. of the first-mentioned Order directed that the period after the expiration of which such Stock should be redeemable at par, at the option of the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the City of Londonderry, should be Twenty-five years from the creation of the Stock; and that the period within which the whole of such Stock should be redeemed or purchased and extinguished should be Sixty years from the creation of the Stock:

And whereas in pursuance of the provisions of Article 2 (7) of the Regulations the Stock created and issued as aforesaid has, with our approval, been designated by the said Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the City of Londonderry by the name of "Londonderry Corporation Redeemable Stock":

And whereas by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, section 22, it is enacted that all urban sanitary authorities shall be called urban district councils, and that their districts shall be called urban districts, but that nothing in that section shall alter the style or title of the Corporation of a borough:

And whereas by Section 21 of the same Act the City and Borough of Londonderry is constituted a county borough:

And whereas it is provided by Article 2 (1) of the Regulations that, subject to any Regulations which We may make amending the Regulations, all Stock at any time and from time to time created by an Urban Sanitary Authority thereunder, shall be created on and subject to such terms and conditions as that the same shall form one and the same class of Stock, bearing one and the same rate of dividend, and shall become redeemable as provided in the Regulations after the expiration of the same period from the first creation of the Stock:

And whereas the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the County Borough of Londonderry (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation"), having certain further borrowing powers hereinafter referred to, have made application to Us for Our consent to the exercise of such powers by the creation and issue of Stock:

And whereas the borrowing powers lastly hereinbefore referred to are the statutory borrowing powers (as defined in Article 1 of the Regulations) of the Corporation in respect of the sum specified in Column 3 of the Schedule to this Order and in respect of the expenses incurred in and about the creation and issue of Stock under this Order:

Now therefore, in pursuance of the powers given to Us in that behalf, We do hereby Consent, and Order as follows, namely,—

ARTICLE I.—All Stock created and issued by the Corporation by virtue of this Order shall be created on and subject in all respects to the terms and conditions of the Regulations.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ARTICLE II.—Expressions in this Order shall have the same meaning as the like expressions have in the Regulations.

ARTICLE III.—We consent to the exercise by the Corporation of their statutory borrowing powers in respect of the sum specified in the said Schedule to this Order by the creation and issue of a further amount of Stock under the Regulations, to be created on and subject to such terms and conditions as that the same shall form one and the same class of Stock with the Londonderry Corporation Redeemable Stock aforesaid; and to the creation and issue of so much additional Stock as will be sufficient to raise such a sum as may be required for payment of the reasonable expenses incurred in and about the creation and issue of Stock under this Order.

ARTICLE IV.—The amounts to be contributed from the revenues of the Corporation in each year for redemption and extinction, or purchase and extinction, of the Stock in respect of the sum referred to in the Schedule to this Order shall be determined by the provisions of paragraph (B) of Article 14 (3) of the Regulations; and the rate per centum per annum for the purposes of those provisions is hereby determined to be Three per Centum.

ARTICLE V.—The sum required by Article 23 of the Regulations to be fixed by the Consent Order for the purposes of that Article shall be the sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

ARTICLE VI.—This Consent and Order shall not in any way affect or impair the power of the Corporation with Our Consent to raise or borrow by the issue of Stock the balance of the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand pounds mentioned in the Londonderry Improvement Act, 1896, after deducting the amount required and issued for the purposes of the Consent and Order of the 26th day of January, 1897, hereinbefore mentioned and so much of the amount required and issued for the purposes of the Consents and Orders of the 24th day of February, 1898, and the 27th day of June, 1900, respectively, as is properly chargeable thereto.

SCHEDULE.

Act, Provisional Order or Sanction authorising the original Borrowing of the money. 1.	Purpose in respect of which the Borrowing Power was conferred. 2.	Amount of Borrowing Power authorised to be exercised by the creation of Stock. 3.	Time prescribed for the purposes of Article 14 (3) (B) of the Regulations. 4.
Sanction of the Board, dated 22nd June, 1901, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Laying down Granolithic Paving.	£ s. d. 2,393 0 0	10 years from the date of issue of the Stock.

[L.S.] Given under Our Seal of Office, this Twenty-ninth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

(Signed), H. A. ROBINSON.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 28,366.—1901. (*18th September*, 1901).

Creation of Stock: Consent Order.

URBAN DISTRICT OF PEMBROKE.

To the Council of the Urban District of Pembroke, in the County of Dublin; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS by an Order dated the 20th day of February, 1892, which was duly made under the provisions of Section 52 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, and was confirmed by an Order made by the Lord Lieutenant by and with the advice of the Privy Council on the 24th day of May, 1892, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, prescribed Regulations (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") in regard to the creation, issue, transfer, and redemption of, and other dealings with, any Stock which any Urban Sanitary Authority (having adopted Part V. of the said Act) might create with Our consent under the Regulations in exercise of any statutory borrowing power as defined in Article 1 of the Regulations:

And whereas it is provided by Article 2 (1) of the Regulations that, subject to any Regulations which We may make amending the Regulations, all Stock at any time and from time to time created by an Urban Sanitary Authority under any Consent Order made by Us shall be created on and subject to such terms and conditions as that the same shall form one and the same class of Stock, bearing one and the same rate of dividend, and shall become redeemable as provided in the Regulations after the expiration of the same period from the first creation of the Stock:

And whereas the Commissioners of the Township of Pembroke, in the County of Dublin, being the Urban Sanitary Authority of the Urban Sanitary District consisting of the said Township having adopted Part V. of the said Act, and having made application to Us for Our consent to their exercising certain statutory borrowing powers possessed by them by the creation and issue of Stock, We, by an Order dated the 13th day of August, 1894, consented to the exercise of such powers by the creation and issue of Stock, and by Article III. of the said Order directed that the period after the expiration of which such Stock should be redeemable at par, at the option of the Urban Authority, should be twenty years from the creation of the Stock; and that the period within which the whole of such Stock should be redeemed or purchased and extinguished should be Fifty years from the creation of the Stock:

And whereas in pursuance of the provisions of Article 2 (7) of the Regulations the Stock created and issued as aforesaid has, with Our approval, been designated by the Urban Authority by the name of "Pembroke Township Redeemable Stock":

And whereas by Section 22 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is enacted that all Urban Sanitary Authorities shall be called Urban District Councils, and that their districts shall be called Urban Districts:

And whereas the Council of the Urban District of Pembroke (which Council is hereinafter referred to as the Urban District Council) have made application to Us for Our consent to their exercising certain further statutory borrowing powers possessed by them by the creation and issue of Stock:

And whereas the borrowing powers lastly hereinbefore referred to are the statutory borrowing powers (as defined in Article 1 of the Regulations) of the Urban District Council in respect of the several sums specified in Column 3 of the Schedule to this Order and in respect of the expenses incurred in and about the creation and issue of Stock under this Order:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in pursuance of the powers given to Us in that behalf, do hereby Consent, Prescribe, and Order as follows; namely,—

ARTICLE I.—Expressions in this Order shall have the same meaning as the like expressions have in the Regulations.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ARTICLE II.—We consent to the exercise by the Urban District Council of the statutory borrowing powers of such Council in respect of the several sums specified in the Schedule to this Order by the creation and issue of Stock under the Regulations, to be created on and subject to such terms and conditions as that all Stock at any time and from time to time issued under this Order shall form one and the same class of Stock with the said "Pembroke Township Redeemable Stock"; and to the creation and issue of so much additional Stock as will be sufficient to raise such a sum as may be required for payment of the reasonable expenses incurred in and about the creation and issue of Stock under this Order.

ARTICLE III.—We approve of a Scheme for the consolidation for the purpose of repayment of the several loans referred to in the said Schedule and such loans shall be consolidated accordingly and shall be discharged within the period specified in Column 4 of such Schedule.

ARTICLE IV.—The amounts to be contributed from the revenues of the Urban District Council in each year for redemption and extinction of or purchase and extinction of the Stock is hereby prescribed as follows; that is to say,—

In respect of the sums referred to in the said Schedule the said amounts shall be determined by the provisions of Article 14 (3) of the Regulations, and the rate per centum per annum for the purposes of these provisions is hereby determined to be Three per Centum; and the time prescribed for the purpose of those provisions shall be as regards the several loans consolidated as aforesaid, the period mentioned in Column 4 of the said Schedule.

ARTICLE V.—The sum required by Article 23 of the Regulations to be fixed by the Consent Order for the purposes of that Article shall, in respect to the Stock to be created and issued under this Order, be the sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

SCHEDULE.

Act, Provisional Order or Sanction authorising the Borrowing. 1.	Purpose in respect of which the Borrowing Power was conferred. 2.	Amount of Borrowing Power authorised to be exercised by the creation of Stock. 3. £ s. d.	Time prescribed for the purposes of Article 14 (3) of the Regulations. 4.
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Construction of Street Crossings.	1,400 0 0	33 years from 1st August, 1901.
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Improvement of Foot paths.	7,200 0 0	
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Erection of a Fire Station.	3,000 0 0	
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and the Housing of the Working Classes Acts.	Erection of Working Class Lodging Houses.	6,200 0 0	
	Total, £	17,800 0 0	

[L.S.] Sealed with our Seal, this Eighteenth day of September, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 28,366.—1901. (13*th September*, 1901).

Creation of Stock: Revocation of Consent.

URBAN DISTRICT OF PEMBROKE.

To the Council of the Urban District of Pembroke, in the County of Dublin; and to all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, by an Order dated the 20th day of February, 1892, which was duly made under the provisions of Section 52 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, as applied to Ireland, and was confirmed by an Order made by the Lord Lieutenant by and with the advice of the Privy Council, on the 24th day of May, 1892, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, prescribed Regulations (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") in regard to the creation, issue, transfer, and redemption of, and other dealings with, any Stock which any Urban Sanitary Authority (having adopted Part V. of the said Act) might create with Our consent under the Regulations in exercise of any statutory borrowing power as defined in Article 1 of the Regulations:

And whereas under Article 49 of the Regulations the urban sanitary authority, may by resolution revoke at any time in whole or in part any resolution for creation of Stock theretofore passed by the urban sanitary authority if and as far as the same has not been acted on by the issue of Stock thereunder, and notice of such revocation must forthwith be given to Us; and in so far as the urban sanitary authority revoke any such resolution We may, if We think fit, by Order revoke Our consent to the exercise of the statutory borrowing power by the creation and issue of Stock:

And whereas by Section 22 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, it is enacted that all urban sanitary authorities shall be called urban district councils and that their districts shall be called urban districts:

And whereas the Council of the Urban District of Pembroke (which Council is hereinafter referred to as the Urban District Council) having adopted Part V. of the said Act, and having made application to Us for Our consent to the exercise of certain borrowing powers possessed by them by the creation and issue of Stock, We, by an Order dated the 29th day of June, 1900, consented to the exercise thereof by the Urban District Council in respect of the sums referred to in such Order and made provision with regard to the redemption of such Stock and other matters relating thereto:

And whereas at a meeting held on the 3rd day of September, 1900, the Urban District Council resolved to exercise the borrowing powers possessed by them as aforesaid by the creation of Stock:

And whereas the resolution passed by the Urban District Council as aforesaid has not wholly been acted upon by the issue of stock thereunder; and the amount of the borrowing powers authorized which remains to be exercised by them by the creation and issue of Stock and the purposes for which such borrowing powers were granted are set out in the Schedule annexed to this Order:

And whereas the Urban District Council by a further resolution passed at a meeting held on the 1st day of April, 1901, have revoked so much of their said resolution of the 3rd day of September, 1900, as relates to the exercise by them by the creation and issue of Stock of the borrowing powers particulars of which are set out as aforesaid in the Schedule annexed to this Order;

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

And whereas the Urban District Council have duly notified such revocation to Us:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland in pursuance of the powers given to Us in that behalf, do by this Order revoke Our consent to the exercise by the Urban District Council by the creation and issue of Stock of so much of their borrowing powers specified in the Schedule to Our aforesaid Order of the 29th day of June, 1900, as remains to be exercised by them by the creation and issue of Stock, of which borrowing powers so remaining to be exercised particulars are set out in the Schedule annexed to this Order.

And We do further prescribe and direct that the provisions of Our said Order of the 29th day of June, 1900, shall be varied only in so far as is necessary to give effect to the provisions of this Order.

[L.S.] Sealed with Our Seal, this Thirteenth day of September, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and One.

(Signed), WM. L. MICKS.

SCHEDULE.

Act, Provisional Order or Sanction authorising the Borrowing. 1.	Purpose in respect of which the Borrowing Power was conferred. 2.	Amount of Borrowing Power authorised to be exercised by the creation of Stock. 3.		
		£	s.	d.
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Construction of Street Crossings.	1,100	0	0
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Improvement of Footpaths.	7,200	0	0
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.	Erection of a Fire Station.	3,000	0	0
Sanction of the Board, dated 8th May, 1900, under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and the Housing of the Working Classes Acts.	Erection of Working Class Lodging Houses.	6,200	0	0
	Total, £	17,800	0	0

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

IV. (i.) DUBLIN, RATHMINES AND RATHGAR, AND PEMBROKE EQUALISATION OF RATES INQUIRY.

REPORT.

Dublin,
10*th February*, 1902.

Gentlemen,

We have the honour to report that in accordance with your instructions we have conducted an Inquiry for the purpose of enabling the Board to determine the several matters referred to in Section 3 of the Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, and Pembroke (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1901.

The Inquiry was opened in the Land Commission Court, Dublin, on Monday, the 11th December, 1901, and, after several necessary adjournments, concluded on the 17th of January, 1902, having occupied the greater portion of fifteen days.

Senior and Junior Counsel were engaged by the Corporation and Townships and afforded us great assistance in dealing with the numerous questions of fact and law which arose during the investigation of the voluminous and somewhat complicated accounts presented for our consideration.

In accordance with preliminary suggestions made by us, the Corporation and the Townships submitted returns showing their expenditure under each head of the Schedule to the Act.

The course which we adoped throughout the Inquiry was to investigate the accounts of the Corporation under each head in the Schedule, and after direct evidence and cross-examination of the witnesses produced to verify and justify the items of the accounts, the corresponding accounts of the Townships were examined in the same manner before the next portion of the Corporation accounts was dealt with.

The principal witnesses produced by the Corporation were the Lord Mayor, the Town Clerk, the City Treasurer, the City Surveyor, the Superintendent Medical Officer of Health, and the Engineer in charge of the City Electric Lighting Works; and by desire of Counsel for the Townships, or at our request, other city officers, including the Superintendents of Cleansing, and Public Lighting, gave evidence intended to elucidate detail matters as to administration and accounts. The witnesses for the Townships were the Clerks to the Councils, the Surveyors, and the Engineers in charge of Electric Lighting. We were also favoured with evidence from the Commissioner of Valuation and the Resident Medical Superintendent of the Richmond Lunatic Asylum.

In the course of the Inquiry many arguments were addressed to us by Counsel as to the true legal meaning of portions of the Equalisation of Rates Act, 1901, and the proper interpretation of doubtful or ambiguous provisions therein.

These arguments did not, on either side, appear to us to be quite consistent, and there was a natural inclination to lay stress on a strict reading of detail clauses, or on a liberal interpretation of them, according to the apparent interests of the body on whose behalf the arguments were advanced. It was agreed, however, that the intention and designed purport of the Act should be ascertained by reference not only to the Act itself and other relevant statutes, but also by reference to the evidence, arguments and agreements produced and arrived at before the Parliamentary Committees that dealt with the Equalisation of Rates Bill of 1901, and the discussions in the Houses of Parliament. We see no practical objection to the adoption of this view to the extent to which the proceedings in Parliament were cited from semi-official records at the Inquiry, as it may be safely assumed that Counsel on each side took care that the portions of such records likely to tell in their favour were brought before us, and—although the Act contains ample provisions

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

enabling the Board to deal with all the questions involved in an equitable way—it is satisfactory to find an agreement between the parties whose interests are involved that technical questions of law should not prevent an equitable determination of the matters at issue.

We propose while referring to the several views advanced upon each material point, to submit the conclusions we have arrived at after careful consideration of all apparent circumstances of fact, law and equity.

First in order is the question of the date at which the rating provisions of the Act should take effect. It was argued, on behalf of the Townships, that equity demanded that the Local Government Board should delay the imposition of any contributions required to equalise rates pending the revaluation of the City of Dublin, and until the burden of additional rating necessary in the Townships for the next five years to meet the costs of recent protracted Parliamentary proceedings initiated by the Corporation is discharged. Against this, Counsel for the Corporation argued that the Local Government Board are not empowered to delay the operation of the Act, that it required an effective determination by them on or before the 31st day of March, 1902, and that the words in Section 3 (1) of the Act, "such other day as the Local Government Board may appoint," were inserted merely to afford, if necessary, a reasonable extension of time for the determination of the Board, and so prevent the Act from becoming ineffective if, owing to unforeseen difficulties, the award could not be made on the exact date named. We are of opinion the contention of the Counsel for the Corporation, that no avoidable delay should occur, is correct.

We consider, however, that regard must be paid to the evidence of the Commissioner of Valuation, to the effect that on a revaluation, the probable increase in the total for the City over that which has prevailed since 1854, except as to the ordinary annual amendments, would be 25 per cent.; while in the Townships (where many of the buildings are comparatively new), the corresponding increase would be from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent.

As to the returns of the Commissioner of Valuation which are to be taken into account for the calculations necessary under Section 3 (1) (c) of the Act, no serious divergence of opinion appeared. Manifestly the valuations are to be those upon which the rates for the year 1902--3 are to be struck.

The valuation of the city which is to be considered clearly includes that of the added area under the Dublin Corporation Act of 1900, and it also appears to us evident that expenditure in the added area should, for the purposes of equalisation, be brought into account, though this is not provided for in the Act. Therefore, though the Corporation accounts do not show expenditure in the added area for a longer period than from the 15th January to the 31st March, 1901, we consider it right to include a sum representing a proper proportion of an average year's expenditure in the added area, arrived at after reference to the records of expenditure by the various authorities who, before 15th January, 1901, had jurisdiction within it, and having regard to the circumstances formerly and now existing.

This course was practically agreed upon at the inquiry, and appears necessary to avoid the grave injustice to the city which would otherwise result.

It may here be noted that, owing to the change made by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, in the date for the termination of the local financial year (from 31st December to 31st March), we have been constrained to accept and deal with accounts from the City and Township Authorities for a period of five and a quarter years, instead of for a period of five years only.

The meaning and effect of the words "relative benefit" in Section 3 (4) of the Act were debated at great length, and undoubtedly are capable of determination in several ways, which are fully dealt with in the speeches of Counsel.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

The proposition advanced on behalf of the Townships was, that the cost of benefit which is to be shared must be that of tangible benefit in which the inhabitants of each area perceptibly share, while the view presented by Counsel for the Corporation, if pressed far enough, would compel the assumption that, owing to geographical propinquity and alleged community of interest, every item of expenditure under the scheduled heads, no matter how extravagant or useless, must be of some benefit to the Townships.

We concur in the view put forward for the Townships that benefit to the community, represented by a spending authority, arising out of their expenditure, should exist before the question of "relative benefit" can arise, and that extravagant or useless expenditure cannot, to the extent that it is extravagant or useless, be of benefit even to the ratepayers of the district in which it is incurred. Upon this view, we suggest that certain items of expenditure in the accounts should be struck out, and others reduced in amount for the purposes of the Act.

Had we felt ourselves free to do so, we would have included in the accounts, repayments of loans, at least as regards works not of a reproductive character, but we have not done so, as in accordance with an undertaking given during the Committee stage of the Equalisation of Rates Bill, 1901, the parties expressed agreement at our Inquiry that no repayments of loans should be included in the accounts of expenditure under the Act. The propriety and effect of such an undertaking are, however, to our minds, questionable.

Section 3 (1) (A) of the Act directs that the expenditure to be taken into account is that "Chargeable to Revenue," and we are of opinion that these words should be construed in their strict and literal sense, and not as though they meant *charged to revenue*. We do not consider that the expenditure to be taken as the basis for the accounts should contain expenses for which the Authority has or might have obtained borrowing powers.

We, therefore, suggest that such expenditure should be excluded, as well as expenditure out of revenue incurred in replacing or renewing work, which failed or became worn out, before the loans obtained for the original execution of the works were repaid.

The accounts of the three Authorities submitted to us disclosed a considerable continuous yearly increase in nearly every item of expenditure from 1896 to 1901. It was proved to our satisfaction that this increase was to a certain extent the result of increased activity on the part of the Authorities in matters affecting the health and convenience of the public. It was also proved to our satisfaction that the expenditure of the Townships was, on the whole, administered with due regard to economy, but the evidence clearly showed that the administration of the City has not been as economical as could be desired; this fact should, in our opinion, be carefully considered when a comparison of the expenditure in the City and Townships is made.

The annual sum paid by the Corporation in respect of labour is very considerable and, in our opinion, out of proportion to the necessities of the City and the results obtained. To obtain satisfactory results from the works directly administered, there must be constant supervision by competent and reliable officers, who should, necessarily, be carefully chosen and adequately paid; and in the interest of all the ratepayers represented at the Inquiry, and especially in the interest of the City ratepayers, we are of opinion the palpable evils inseparable from vast public expenditure carried on without adequate supervision, and without the test and check of public competition between competent contractors, should not be glossed over in this report or be disregarded in the determination of the Board under the Act.

Viewing the matter from an ordinary business standpoint, we, therefore, recommend, that for the purpose of the Act, the accounts now presented by the Corporation, especially as to public lighting and the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

maintenance and cleansing of streets, should be discounted as containing large amounts which could and should have been saved, either by more careful supervision and the use of economical methods, or by the employment of contractors.

A natural apprehension, that the Equalisation Act might lead to a long course of competitive extravagance between the City and the Townships, was expressed in Parliament. We believe, however, that the Act contains sufficient safeguards in this respect, and it is to be hoped that in future each Authority, knowing that its action in disbursing its revenues will be closely scrutinised by other Authorities having a direct interest in such action, and a right of challenge regarding bad administration, will endeavour to secure the maximum benefit for the minimum cost. This happy result from a novel, and in great part unprecedented legislative measure, will not, however, be secured, unless the Act is strongly administered with due regard not only to expenditure, but to the value obtained therefrom and all "other circumstances" of importance in the case.

Counsel for the Townships contended that salaries paid by the Corporation should not be brought into the accounts of the City expenditure, inasmuch as by Section 131 of the Municipal Corporations Act, 1840 (3 and 4 Vic., cap. 108), the salaries of all officers are chargeable to the Borough Fund, or that, as an alternative method of justice and equity, a proportion of the revenue derived from the City estate, from pawnbrokers' licences, and other sources of revenue additional to rating, so far as they are not specifically applicable to definite objects or already credited in the accounts, should be credited in the accounts for equalisation purposes.

These contentions are not unreasonable, as such revenues evidently lighten the burden of taxation on the Dublin citizens, and are at present applied to a considerable extent in relief of expenditure not included in the Schedule to the Act.

It was also pointed out that, on account of the capacity of the waterworks of the City being more than sufficient for domestic and public purposes, a large income is derived from the sale of water, and consequently that in the City the public and domestic water rate only amounts to 7*d.* in the pound, which includes full provision for fire brigade purposes. In Pembroke, which to some extent shares in the benefit of the Dublin waterworks, the water rate is 6*d.* in the pound, but in Rathmines it is 1*s.* 7*d.* in the pound, and neither of these Township rates provides for fire brigade purposes.

The Act does not contain any direction as to how these questions should be dealt with, and Counsel for the Corporation argued that the Corporation were at liberty, if they so desired, to apply the whole of their free income from the Borough Fund to the repayment of the borrowed monies. We have no doubt, however, that under Section 3 (4) of the Act regard can, and should, be given to the circumstances of the City in respect of its revenue from its Estate, from the City Waterworks, and other sources. We suggest that a proper treatment of the matter would be to bring into the accounts under the Act three-fifths of the free revenue of the City from the Borough Fund, and distribute it to reduce the totals of net expenditure under the various heads of the Schedule, or some of them.

We do not recommend that the City income from the sale of water should be treated in the same way, because Pembroke already derives advantage from the earning power of the Vartry Waterworks, which enables that Township to obtain water from the City at a low rate, and thereby to avoid the cost of an independent supply.

The case of Rathmines is essentially different, and we consider that the fortunate position of the City and Pembroke as to water supply should be considered as an important circumstance necessarily affecting any equitable determination under the Act.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Head (1) of Schedule.

(1.) UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACTS, 1878 to 1896, FOR SANITARY PURPOSES, EXCLUDING MAIN DRAINAGE AND WATERWORKS.

Counsel for the Townships contended that the Corporation were not entitled to bring into the accounts expenditure in connection with the City sewers, as these were in great part constructed before 1878, and all the charges in respect of them are defrayed out of special District Sewer Rates, assessed and levied by virtue of the Dublin Improvement Act of 1849, and that as on no occasion had the powers conferred by the Public Health Acts been taken advantage of to raise money to meet those expenses, they could not be considered expenses incurred by the Corporation "under the Public Health Acts, 1878 to 1896, for Sanitary purposes."

Counsel for the Corporation contested this proposition, and argued that the Act of 1849 comes within the code of Public Health Acts, but that even if this were not so, the Dublin Corporation Act of 1890 conferred power on the Corporation to consolidate their various rates and raise them as one, and that in effect from that date the Sewer rate became amalgamated with the Improvement rate, the limit of which was removed for Public Health purposes by Section 227 of the Act of 1878. Reference was also made to an Order of the Local Government Board under the latter Act, but no action on this Order appears to have been taken by the Corporation.

We are unable to agree with the legal proposition advanced on behalf of the Corporation in this matter, in view of the clear evidence as to the mode of rating followed since 1849, and because it is not clear that in the present state of the law the Corporation could levy expenses for sewers under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, until they had exhausted the produce of the maximum Sewer rate authorised by their Act of 1849, and then only to the extent that such produce was insufficient.

Moreover, certain hereditaments in the city of Dublin which are liable to Sewer rate are exempted from Improvement rate under the statutes locally in force.

This matter is of major importance, as it affects an expenditure of about £10,000 per annum. We are, however, of opinion that although there is grave doubt as to the inclusion of this expenditure under the Schedule, it would not be equitable to exclude it for the following reasons:—

(1.) The provision and maintenance of sewers are main purposes of the Public Health Acts.

(2.) The similar expenditure in the Townships was incurred under the Public Health Acts, and therefore properly appears in their accounts.

(3.) That undoubtedly such expenditure confers benefit on the citizens, and somewhat more indirectly, on the inhabitants of the Townships.

Of course, however, in accordance with the general recommendation already made, the capital cost of new sewers charged in the accounts to revenue, should be eliminated.

As to the expenditure in respect of Baths and Wash Houses, we have carefully considered the evidence and arguments, and consider that relative benefit exists, but only to a slight and doubtful extent.

The case for equalisation of the expenditure in connection with the Abattoir is stronger.

With respect to Fire Brigade expenditure, we are of opinion that it should not be included in the accounts for equalisation purposes, as it is not expenditure incurred under the Public Health Acts. It appears that such expenditure was included separately in the Schedule to the Bill, but it does not appear in that of the Act. In Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, Fire Brigades were established and maintained under private Local Acts, and in Pembroke under the Towns Improvement Act of 1854. Even if this were not so, the matter does not appear to be a proper one for equalisation of rating, as, in the rare cases when the Dublin Brigade attend fires in the Townships, a special charge is made for their services, which is defrayed by the persons interested in the premises concerned.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Expenditure under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, at least to the extent shown in the various accounts, should, in our opinion, be equalised.

Items of expenditure under the Shop Hours Act appeared in the accounts at first presented, but by agreement were struck out, as they cannot properly be considered to be expenses under the Public Health Acts.

(2).—"In Respect of Public Lighting."

Head (2) of Schedule.

With respect to the second head of the Schedule to the Act the evidence disclosed the great cost of street lighting by electric arc lamps, and the whole accounts of the Corporation for public lighting appear to us to be much higher than they would be if there had been more careful administration in this department.

The total expenditure in respect of lighting by gas for the year ending 31st March, 1901, was so much in excess of other years that much time was spent in an endeavour to find a satisfactory explanation for the large increase. We are unable to report that any satisfactory explanation was given, and consider that in ascertaining the proper amount chargeable in respect of public lighting the City returns should be materially discounted.

We are of opinion that public lighting is a proper item for equalisation though the contrary was contended.

(3).—"In Respect of Streets, including the Maintenance and Cleansing thereof."

Head (3) Schedule.

The expenditure of the Corporation under this head is fully two-fifths of their total scheduled expenditure, and in respect of it there was evidence of lavish and ill-regulated administration, especially having regard to the facts that about half of the length of the streets is paved, that the Tramway Company maintain a large portion of the area of a number of the streets with the heaviest traffic, and that the cost of breaking up and repairing the streets for laying pipes, electric mains, sewers, &c., is not included in the amount returned as expended on streets, but is debited to other departments. No evidence clearly establishing the necessity for, or propriety of, this very large expenditure on the maintenance and cleansing of the city streets was given, and the deduction of a few items which appear to us not to be properly chargeable to revenue does not materially alter the total, or the cost per mile.

We are strongly of opinion it would not be equitable to equalise the rating of the City and Townships under this head as if all the expenditure were well administered.

While on this subject, we think it right to state that, for no very clearly explained reasons, the similar expenditure in Pembroke is much higher than in Rathmines. This may be partly due not only to the greater average width of the streets in Pembroke, but also to the use of inferior cheap road material which is not economical for its primary purpose, and necessitates additional cost in cleansing and the removal of mud.

Care appears to be necessary to secure that careful and economical expenditure in one of the Townships should not by itself have the anomalous result of imposing upon it an unfair contribution towards excessive or avoidable expenditure outside its boundaries.

(4).—"In Respect of Markets."

Head (4) of Schedule.

We are of opinion that the expenditure during the period of 5¼ years does not fairly represent the financial results likely to be secured in future if ordinary business-like care is taken in the administration of these important features in City life, and that it is not unlikely that, before long, all the markets—and not only the Cattle Market—may yield a free revenue to the citizens of Dublin. Moreover, it may be fairly contended that inhabitants of the Townships who derive benefit

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

from the City markets pay adequately therefor by market tolls. We, therefore, do not recommend that the full amount of expenditure under this head should be taken into account in the Board's determination under this Act.

Heads (5) and (6) of Schedule.

(5).—"Reformatory and Industrial Schools."

(6).—"Lunatic Asylums."

There was considerable difference of opinion as to these heads, in the Schedule, and Counsel for the Townships contended, that the evidence showed that the leading facts in the case were not at all the same as was represented by the Corporation, and accepted by the Townships, before Parliament, inasmuch as the Dublin Corporation exercise some care to avoid the expense of maintaining children who have not acquired a reasonable claim on the City by residence therein for three years; and, neither as to children sent to Reformatories or Industrial Schools nor as to lunatics transferred from the Workhouses to the Asylum, was it shown, that Dublin in the past has been charged with any considerable amounts which should in equity have been paid by the Townships.

It appears to us that, especially in respect of these two heads, the Act for Equalisation of Rating in and round Dublin has not a sufficient extension or scope, but as we believe the City is entitled to some relief from its burdens under these heads by contributions from the neighbouring areas in which the struggle for existence is less keen, and the failures to maintain that struggle successfully less frequent, we recommend that some relief should be granted under the provisions of the Act.

With respect to Industrial Schools we submit that the average of the expenditure throughout the period under review would not be an equitable figure to consider, as the charges in the earlier years seem unduly high and the amount for the year 1901 may fairly be taken as the average of proper expenditure.

Somewhat illogically the Corporation accounts as amended after the Inquiry include items of repayment of capital borrowed for building and other permanent works for Asylum purposes. As the Joint Asylum serves its purpose for the City in the same way as a separate City Asylum would, and the Corporation have as absolute a right in part of the Asylum fabric as they would have in the whole of a separate Asylum, it appears evident to us, that if Sinking Fund payments are to be excluded with reference to all other scheduled expenditure, the like rule must prevail in this case.

We submit, herewith, the transcript of the evidence at the Inquiry, the report of speeches of Counsel, and the accounts of the Authorities as finally presented by them.

We desire to put on record our sense of the able and diligent manner in which the principal officers of the several Authorities prepared the complicated financial returns necessitated by the Inquiry.

We have the honour to be,

Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servants,

Arthur Bourke.
P. C. Cowan.
James W. Drury.

To

The Local Government Board for Ireland.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ORDERS ISSUED IN PURSUANCE OF THE DUBLIN, RATHMINES AND RATHGAR, AND PEMBROKE (EQUALISATION OF RATES) ACT, 1901. ORDER No. I.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Dublin:
To the Urban District Council of the Urban District of Rathmines and Rathgar:
To the Urban District Council of the Urban District of Pembroke:
And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by Section 3 of the Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, and Pembroke (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1901, it is enacted as follows, that is to say:—

3.—(1) The Local Government Board shall before the thirty-first day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and two or before such other day as the Board may appoint and before the thirty-first day of March in every succeeding tenth year ascertain and determine— Equalisation of Rates.

(*a.*) The average annual expenditure of the Corporation and of each of the district councils for the five immediately preceding financial years for the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred in respect of each of the heads of expenditure mentioned in the schedule to this Act being expenses chargeable to revenue. Provided that in calculating in each succeeding tenth year such average annual expenditure any amount received by any of the authorities during the five preceding financial years by way of equalisation under the provisions of this Act shall be deemed to be part of the expenditure of that authority and any amount paid by any of the said authorities during the said five years by way of equalisation under the provisions of this Act shall not be deemed to be part of the expenditure of such authority:

(*b.*) The rate in the city and the rate in each of the urban districts which would be necessary to defray such average annual expenditure in the city and in each of the urban districts according to the valuation of rateable hereditaments which will be in force at the beginning of the next ensuing financial year (hereinafter called "the average local rate"):

(*c.*) The rate which would be necessary to defray the aggregate of such average annual expenditures of the Corporation and urban councils if levied uniformly throughout the city and the urban districts according to the valuation of rateable hereditaments which will be in force at the beginning of the next ensuing financial year (hereinafter called "the equalised rate").

(2.) If in the case of any of the heads of expenditure aforesaid the amount that would be produced by the average local rate is greater than the amount that would be produced by the equalised rate in the city or in either of the urban districts in respect of the same head of expenditure the Local Government Board shall determine what proportion if any of the difference shall be paid in respect of such head of expenditure to the Corporation or district council as the case may be.

(3.) If in the case of any of the heads of expenditure aforesaid the amount that would be produced by the average local rate is less than the amount that would be produced by the equalised rate in the city or in either of the urban districts in respect of the same head of expenditure the Local Government Board shall determine what

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

proportion if any of the difference shall be paid in respect of such head of expenditure by the Corporation or district council as the case may be.

(4.) In determining the proportion payable in respect of any head of expenditure to or by the Corporation or a district council the Local Government Board shall take into account the relative benefit derived by the city and urban district respectively from such expenditure and such other circumstances as appear to the Board proper to be taken into account.

(5.) The proportion determined as aforesaid shall be paid by or to the Corporation or the district council as the case may be in each of the next succeeding ten financial years in the manner hereinafter provided.

(6.) Any sum payable by any of the authorities under the provisions of this section shall be called an equalisation payment and shall be made by two equal payments in each financial year on such dates and to such other or others of the authorities aforesaid as the Local Government Board shall determine and the amount of every such payment shall be a debt due to the authority entitled to receive the same and may be recovered by such last mentioned authority in any court of competent jurisdiction, and a certificate under the seal of the Local Government Board that the amount sued for is due to the authority suing for the same from the authority so sued shall be sufficient evidence in all courts that the authority so suing is entitled to recover the same.

(7.) The authority paying any equalisation payment may defray the same out of any money for the time being in their hands but the amount of such payment shall be charged to such rate or fund as the authority paying the same shall with the sanction of the Local Government Board determine.

(8.) The equalisation payment shall be applied by the authority receiving the same towards defraying the expenses mentioned in the Schedule of this Act or such of them as such authority shall with the sanction of the Local Government Board determine and such authority shall within a time to be prescribed by the Local Government Board render to that Board an account showing how the equalisation payment has been applied in each financial year.

(9.) Any determination by the Local Government Board under this section shall be final and binding on the Corporation and the district councils and shall not be subject to review by any court or otherwise howsoever.

And Whereas by Section 2 of the said Act it is enacted as follows, that is to say:—

Interpretation.

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires—

"The Local Government Board" means the Local Government Board for Ireland;

"The city" means the city of Dublin;

"The urban districts" mean the urban districts of Rathmines and Rathgar and of Pembroke in the county of Dublin;

"The Corporation" means the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor aldermen and burgesses of Dublin acting by the town council;

"The district councils" mean the urban district councils of the urban districts;

"The authorities" mean the Corporation and the urban district councils;

"The financial year" means the period of twelve months ending on the thirty-first day of March.

And Whereas the Schedule to the said Act is as follows, that is to say:—

The SCHEDULE above referred to.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE CORPORATION AND RESPECTIVE DISTRICT COUNCILS UNDER EACH OF THE FOLLOWING HEADS.

(1.) Under the Public Health (Ireland) Acts 1878 to 1896 for sanitary purposes excluding main drainage and water works.
(2.) In respect of public lighting.
(3.) In respect of streets including the maintenance and cleansing thereof.
(4.) In respect of markets.
(5.) Reformatory and Industrial schools.
(6.) Lunatic asylums.

And whereas We the said Local Government Board have caused a local inquiry to be held by Arthur Bourke, Esq. (one of our Inspectors), P. C. Cowan, Esq. (our Engineering Inspector), and James W. Drury, Esq. (one of our Auditors), being persons appointed by Us under the powers given to Us by section 5 of the said Act.

And Whereas We have received the Report of the said persons so appointed:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in discharge of duties and in exercise of powers imposed upon and given to Us by Section 3 of the said Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, and Pembroke (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1901 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), do hereby order and declare as follows, that is to say:—

1. We have ascertained, and do hereby determine, that the average annual expenditure of each of the authorities during the five financial years immediately preceding the date of this Order, for the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred in respect of each of the heads of expenditure mentioned in the Schedule to the Act, is the amount set out in the First Schedule to this Order opposite to the name of each such authority under each such head of expenditure.

2. We have ascertained and do hereby determine that the average local rate for the purposes of the Act in respect of each of the heads of expenditure aforesaid in the City and in each of the Urban Districts respectively is the rate in the pound set out in the Second Schedule to this Order, opposite to the name of the City and the name of each of the Urban Districts under each such head of expenditure.

3. We have ascertained and do hereby determine that the equalised rate for the purposes of the Act in respect of each of the heads of expenditure aforesaid is the rate in the pound set out in the last line of the said Second Schedule to this Order under each such head of expenditure.

4. For the purposes of sub-section (2) of the said section 3 of the Act, we have ascertained that the amount which would be produced by the average local rate and by the equalised rate, respectively, in the city and each of the Urban Districts in respect of each head of expenditure aforesaid are the amounts set out in the Third Schedule to this Order opposite to the name of the city and the name of each of the Urban Districts under each such head.

Given under our Seal of Office this Tenth day of March, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two.

[L.S.]

(Signed,) H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.
R. BAGWELL.

[SCHEDULES.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Average Annual Expenditure of the Corporation and of each of the Urban District Councils in respect of each head of Expenditure.

Name of Authority.	(1.) Under the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1896 for Sanitary Purposes, excluding Main Drainage and Water Works.	(2.) In respect of Public Lighting.	(3.) In respect of Streets, including the Maintenance and Cleansing thereof.	(4.) In respect of Markets.	(5.) Reformatory and Industrial Schools.	(6.) Lunatic Asylums.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
The Corporation	2,507 17 9	13,869 11 11	65,947 10 11	1,616 5 3	12,070 18 6	23,806 10 5
Rathmines and Rathgar Urban District Council,	4,825 2 10	1,823 14 11	5,463 10 1	—	558 19 1	1,765 18 11
Pembroke Urban District Council, . .	3,467 18 5	1,854 19 1	7,475 8 1	—	448 7 10	1,451 10 1

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Average Local Rate necessary to defray the Annual Average Expenditure in the City and Urban Districts respectively

—	(1.) Under the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1896 for Sanitary Purposes, excluding Main Drainage and Water Works	(2.) In respect of Public Lighting.	(3.) In respect of Streets, including the Maintenance and Cleansing thereof.	(4.) In respect of Markets.	(5.) Reformatory and Industrial Schools	(6.) Lunatic Asylums.
	Pence in the £.	Pence in the £.	Pence in the £	Pence in the £.	Pence in the £.	Pence in the £.
City	0·83	4·35	18·01	0·44	3·47	6·70
Rathmines and Rathgar,	7·34	2·72	8·32	0·00	0·89	2·70
Pembroke,	7·62	4·08	16·43	0·00	0·99	3·10
Equalised Rate over whole area of City and Urban Districts,	7·09	4·11	16·55	0·34	2·88	5·88

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

Comparative produce of the Average Local Rate and the Equalised Rate in the City and Urban Districts in respect of each head of Expenditure.

—	(1.) Expenditure under Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1896, for Sanitary Purposes, excluding Main Drainage and Water-works.		(2.) In respect of Public Lighting.		(3.) In respect of Streets, including the Maintenance and Cleansing thereof.		(4.) In respect of Markets.		(5.) Reformatory and Industrial Schools.		(6.) Lunatic Asylums.	
	Produce of		Produce of		Produce of		Produce of		Produce of		Produce of	
	Average Local Rate.	Equalised Rate.	Average Local Rate.	Equalised Rate.	Average Local Rate.	Equalised Rate.	Average Local Rate.	Equalised Rate.	Average Local Rate.	Equalised Rate.	Average Local Rate.	Equalised Rate.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
City,	25,507 17 9	25,915 8 8	15,899 11 11	15,010 2 2	65,947 10 11	60,482 7 7	1,615 5 3	1,238 5 8	12,673 18 8	10,513 10 6	24,806 19 5	21,486 1 2
Rathmines and Rathgar,	4,825 8 10	4,057 3 1	1,823 14 11	2,697 8 6	5,463 10 1	10,838 18 5	—	222 10 0	588 18 1	1,880 18 10	1,765 18 11	2,861 0 7
Pembroke,	3,467 18 8	3,229 1 1	1,864 10 1	1,370 5 7	7,476 5 1	7,536 1 11	—	154 5 9	443 7 12	1,310 8 8	1,451 10 1	2,677 3 2

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

DUBLIN, RATHMINES AND RATHGAR, AND PEMBROKE (EQUALISATION OF RATES) ACT, 1901. ORDER No. 2.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

To the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Dublin:

To the Urban District Council of the Urban District of Rathmines and Rathgar:

To the Urban District Council of the Urban District of Pembroke:

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by Section 3 of the Dublin, Rathmines and Rathgar, and Pembroke (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1901, it is enacted as follows, that is to say:—

Equalisation of Rates.

3.—(1) The Local Government Board shall before the thirty-first day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and two or before such other day as the Board may appoint and before the thirty-first day of March in every succeeding tenth year ascertain and determine—

(*a.*) The average annual expenditure of the Corporation and of each of the district councils for the five immediately preceding financial years for the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred in respect of each of the heads of expenditure mentioned in the schedule to this Act being expenses chargeable to revenue. Provided that in calculating in each succeeding tenth year such average annual expenditure any amount received by any of the authorities during the five preceding financial years by way of equalisation under the provisions of this Act shall be deemed to be part of the expenditure of that authority and any amount paid by any of the said authorities during the said five years by way of equalisation under the provisions of this Act shall not be deemed to be part of the expenditure of such authority:

(*b.*) The rate in the city and the rate in each of the urban districts which would be necessary to defray such average annual expenditure in the city and in each of the urban districts according to the valuation of rateable hereditaments which will be in force at the beginning of the next ensuing financial year (hereinafter called "the average local rate"):

(*c.*) The rate which would be necessary to defray the aggregate of such average annual expenditures of the Corporation and urban councils if levied uniformly throughout the city and the urban districts according to the valuation of rateable hereditaments which will be in force at the beginning of the next ensuing financial year (hereinafter called "the equalised rate").

(2.) If in the case of any of the heads of expenditure aforesaid the amount that would be produced by the average local rate is greater than the amount that would be produced by the equalised rate in the city or in either of the urban districts in respect of the same head of expenditure the Local Government Board shall determine what proportion if any of the difference shall be paid in respect of such head of expenditure to the Corporation or district council as the case may be.

(3.) If in the case of any of the heads of expenditure aforesaid the the amount that would be produced by the average local rate is less than the amount that would be produced by the equalised rate in the city or in either of the urban districts in respect of the same

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

head of expenditure the Local Government Board shall determine what proportion if any of the difference shall be paid in respect of such head of expenditure by the Corporation or district council as the case may be.

(4.) In determining the proportion payable in respect of any head of expenditure to or by the Corporation or a district council the Local Government Board shall take into account the relative benefit derived by the city and urban district respectively from such expenditure and such other circumstances as appear to the Board proper to be taken into account.

(5.) The proportion determined as aforesaid shall be paid by or to the Corporation or the district council as the case may be in each of the next succeeding ten financial years in the manner hereinafter provided.

(6.) Any sum payable by any of the authorities under the provisions of this section shall be called an equalisation payment and shall be made by two equal payments in each financial year on such dates and to such other or others of the authorities aforesaid as the Local Government Board shall determine and the amount of every such payment shall be a debt due to the authority entitled to receive the same and may be recovered by such last-mentioned authority in any court of competent jurisdiction, and a certificate under the seal of the Local Government Board that the amount sued for is due to the authority suing for the same from the authority so sued shall be sufficient evidence in all courts that the authority so suing is entitled to recover the same.

(7.) The authority paying any equalisation payment may defray the same out of any money for the time being in their hands but the amount of such payment shall be charged to such rate or fund as the authority paying the same shall with the sanction of the Local Government Board determine.

(8.) The equalisation payment shall be applied by the authority receiving the same towards defraying the expenses mentioned in the Schedule of this Act or such of them as such authority shall with the sanction of the Local Government Board determine and such authority shall within a time to be prescribed by the Local Government Board render to that Board an account showing how the equalisation payment has been applied in each financial year.

(9.) Any determination by the Local Government Board under this section shall be final and binding on the Corporation and the district councils and shall not be subject to review by any court or otherwise howsoever.

And Whereas by Section 2 of the said Act it is enacted as follows, that is to say:—

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation

"The Local Government Board" means the Local Government Board for Ireland;

"The city" means the city of Dublin;

"The urban districts" mean the urban districts of Rathmines and Rathgar and of Pembroke in the county of Dublin;

"The Corporation" means the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor aldermen and burgesses of Dublin acting by the town council;

"The district councils" mean the urban district councils of the urban districts;

"The authorities" mean the Corporation and the urban district councils;

"The financial year" means the period of twelve months ending on the thirty-first day of March.

And Whereas the Schedule to the said Act is as follows, that is to say:—

The SCHEDULE above referred to.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE CORPORATION AND RESPECTIVE DISTRICT COUNCILS UNDER EACH OF THE FOLLOWING HEADS.

(1.) Under the Public Health (Ireland) Acts 1878 to 1896 for sanitary purposes excluding main drainage and water works.
(2.) In respect of public lighting.
(3.) In respect of streets including the maintenance and cleansing thereof.
(4.) In respect of markets.
(5.) Reformatory and Industrial schools.
(6.) Lunatic asylums.

And Whereas We the said Local Government Board have caused a local inquiry to be held by Arthur Bourke, Esq. (one of our Inspectors), P. C. Cowan, Esq. (our Engineering Inspector), and James W. Drury, Esq. (one of our Auditors), being persons appointed by Us under the powers given to Us by section 5 of the said Act.

And Whereas We have received the Report of the said persons so appointed and have considered the same:

And Whereas We have ascertained, and by an Order under Our Seal bearing date the Tenth day of March, 1902, have determined for the purposes of the said section 3 of the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the Act) the several average annual expenditures of the several authorities under the heads set out in the Schedule to the Act, the average local rate in respect of each such head of expenditure in the city and in each of the urban districts, the equalised rate in respect of each such head of expenditure and the amounts which would be produced respectively by the average local rate, and the equalised rate in the city and each of the urban districts in respect of each such head of expenditure:

And Whereas We have considered the differences in the amounts produced by the equalised rate and the average local rate in each case (which differences are hereinafter referred to as the differences) and have taken into account the relative benefit derived by the city and each of the urban districts respectively from the expenditure under each of the several heads aforesaid as the same has been ascertained and by our said Order determined; and have also taken into account such other circumstances as appear to Us proper to be taken into account:

Now, Therefore, We, the Local Government Board for Ireland, in the exercise of the powers given to us by Sub-sections (2), (3), and (4) of Section 3 of the Act, do hereby order and determine as follows with regard to the proportions of the differences in respect of each of the aforesaid heads of expenditure to be paid by or to the Corporation and each of the urban district councils (any such proportion so to be paid being hereinafter referred to as an equalisation payment):—

I.—In respect of the head of expenditure numbered (1) in the Schedule to the Act no equalisation payment shall be made by or to the Corporation or by or to either of the Urban District Councils.

II.—In respect of the head of expenditure numbered (2) in the said Schedule an equalisation payment of two hundred and twenty-five pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Rathmines and Rathgar to the Corporation, and an equalisation payment of ten pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Pembroke to the Corporation.

III.—In respect of the head of expenditure numbered (3) in the said Schedule an equalisation payment of twelve hundred pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Rathmines and Rathgar to the Corporation and an equalisation payment of fifty pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Pembroke to the Corporation.

IV.—In respect of the head of expenditure numbered (4) in the said Schedule, an equalisation payment of one hundred and fifty pounds shall

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

be made by the Urban District Council of Rathmines and Rathgar to the Corporation, and an equalisation payment of one hundred pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Pembroke to the Corporation.

V.—In respect of the head of expenditure numbered (5) in the said Schedule, an equalisation payment of twelve hundred and twenty-five pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Rathmines and Rathgar to the Corporation, and an equalisation payment of eight hundred and sixty pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Pembroke to the Corporation.

VI.—In respect of the head of expenditure numbered (6) in the said Schedule, an equalisation payment of seventeen hundred and forty pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Rathmines and Rathgar to the Corporation, and an equalisation payment of twelve hundred and twenty pounds shall be made by the Urban District Council of Pembroke to the Corporation.

Given under our Seal of Office this Seventeenth day of March, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine
[L.S.] Hundred and Two.

(Signed,) GEORGE WYNDHAM.
H. A. ROBINSON.
T. J. STAFFORD.
R. BAGWELL.

(iv., ii.) CIRCULARS.

No. 79/M:1901.—MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 1*st May*, 1901.

SIR,—Adverting to their Circular Letter of the 11th May, 1900, pointing out that Smallpox was prevalent in certain towns in England and the danger of its spreading to this country and the consequent necessity for enforcing Vaccination, the Local Government Board for Ireland desire to inform Boards of Guardians that several cases of Smallpox have recently been reported to them from various Districts in Ireland, and they desire again to direct attention to the necessity for immediate action being taken to guard against the spread of the disease. With this object the Board enclose a copy of their Circular Letter of the 11th May, 1900, above referred to, for the Guardians' information.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

The Clerk of each Union.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Enclosure to foregoing.

VACCINATION.

No. 86—M/1900.—Miscellaneous.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 11*th May*, 1900.

Sir,—The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to inform the Board of Guardians that Smallpox is at present prevalent in some of the large Towns in England; and as there is a probability that the disease may spread to this country the Local Government Board think it well to point out that the obligation of enforcing the Vaccination Acts devolves upon the Guardians, who should at once give special attention to this important duty.

The Local Government Board assume that the lists of vaccination defaulters furnished by the Dispensary Medical Officers at the end of the past Quarter are yet in the hands of the Relieving Officers or other persons employed by the Guardians to serve notices on the defaulters; the lists in question should now be resubmitted to the Guardians for their final directions respecting the persons still in default.

The present month is a very favourable time for the carrying out of vaccinations; and adequate supplies of glycerinated calf lymph may be obtained gratis by the Medical Officers on application to the Secretary of the Local Government Board's Vaccine Department, No. 45 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin.

The Local Government Board trust that the Guardians will impress on their officers the importance of securing to the infant population in the Union the protection against Smallpox afforded by efficient vaccination.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

The Clerk of each Union.

No. 81—M/1901.—Miscellaneous.

SMALL-POX.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 8*th May*, 1901.

Sir,—In view of the fact that some cases of Smallpox have recently occurred in different parts of Ireland, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward to you the accompanying copies of circulars dated the 5th of December, 1892, and the 3rd of July, 1894, issued to the Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts and of Workhouses and to Executive Sanitary Officers, respectively; and I am to request that, in the event of any case of Smallpox appearing in the Dispensary District or Workhouse of which you are Medical Officer, you will be careful to comply strictly with the directions and suggestions contained in those circulars.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To each Medical Officer of a Dispensary District,
and each Medical Officer of a Workhouse.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(Enclosure No. 1.)

No. 154 M. 1892.—Miscellaneous.

SMALL-POX.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, *5th December*, 1892.

Sir,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to call the attention of Medical Officers of Dispensary Districts and of Workhouses to the fact that Smallpox is at present prevalent in certain parts of England, and to state that the Board are desirous that in the event of any case being introduced to this country full particulars respecting it should be at once forwarded to them. With this view I am to request that if any case of the disease shall appear in the Dispensary District or Workhouse of which you are a Medical Officer, you will be good enough to furnish the Board with an immediate report containing the following particulars:—

(I.) Name, age, and address of the patient;
(II.) Locality in the United Kingdom in which the patient appears to have contracted the disease, and route by which the patient travelled to Ireland;
(III.) Date when first seen;
(IV.) Stage and character of the Smallpox, whether discrete or confluent;
(V.) Evidence as to marks of primary vaccination, specifying number and character, whether typical or otherwise, of such marks;
(VI.) Precautions adopted by you as to isolation of patients, disposal of infected clothing and bedding, and disinfection of premises;
(VII.) Steps taken to vaccinate unprotected children in neighbourhood, and to re-vaccinate nurses and others in attendance upon, or in close communication with, patient.

Any further particulars you can furnish as to the places the patient may have passed through, and his occupation during the twelve days preceding his actual illness, will be useful in tracing the source of, and controlling the danger consequent upon, the infection.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
Thos. A. Mooney, *Secretary.*

To each Medical Officer of a Dispensary District,
and each Medical Officer of a Workhouse.

(Enclosure No. 2.)

No. 74 M. 1894.—Miscellaneous.

SMALL-POX.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, *3rd July*, 1894.

Sir,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to inform the Sanitary Authority that some cases of Smallpox have recently occurred in Dublin, and that isolated cases of the disease have been reported to the Board from Londonderry and Waterford. Owing to the infectious nature of the disease it is most necessary that prompt and effectual measures should be taken, not only in the City and suburbs of Dublin, but in all Sanitary Districts, to prevent it from spreading; and I am to

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

draw the attention of the Sanitary Authority and of their officers to the necessity that exists for the exercise of great vigilance in ascertaining as early as possible the particulars of any cases of Smallpox that may occur, and for taking the utmost precaution to prevent the extension of this formidable disease.

In the opinion of the Board the most effectual means for preventing the spread of Smallpox will be found in :—

(1.) The immediate removal to Hospital and the rigorous isolation of patients suffering from the disease.

(2.) The destruction by fire of all clothing, bedding, &c., which may have recently come in contact with the patient.

(3.) The thorough cleansing and disinfection of premises from which the patient shall have been removed.

(4.) The protection by vaccination of all unvaccinated children, and the re-vaccination of adults who may have been in contact with a Smallpox patient.

(5.) The careful inspection of vagrants before admission to the casual wards of Workhouses, and the provision of observation wards for suspicious cases.

(6.) The Registration of all common Lodging Houses, and the adoption of bye-laws for their regulation, in accordance with the terms of Section 91 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878. Tramps, or casuals, have been known to convey the infection of Smallpox from town to town, and it would be well, therefore, for Sanitary Authorities and Boards of Guardians to take every possible precaution against this danger.

The Local Government Board trust that the above recommendations will receive the careful consideration of the Sanitary Authority, and they have directed me to forward the enclosed additional copies of this Circular for distribution among the Medical Officers of Health and other Officers of the Sanitary District.

Copies of the Board's Circular letter of the 5th of December, 1892, are also enclosed, and I am to request that the Medical Officer of Health of each District may be directed to report, at once to the Local Government Board any case of the disease which may occur in his district, so as to enable the Board to confer with the Sanitary Authority in dealing with the outbreak.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

THOS. A. MOONEY, *Secretary.*

To the Executive Sanitary Officer
of each Sanitary District, Urban and Rural.

No. 87.—M./1901.—MISCELLANEOUS.

PLAGUE.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 22*nd May*, 1901.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to again direct the attention of Sanitary Authorities to the advisability of taking timely precautions for preventing the introduction of Plague into this country by endeavouring by effective local administration to secure that the dis-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

tricts under their charge shall be kept in a satisfactory sanitary state, and by making adequate arrangements for the prompt isolation and treatment of any cases of this formidable disease that may unfortunately arise.

With this object in view, the Board have decided to re-issue their Circular Letter of the 1st October last, together with the instructional memoranda which accompanied it respecting the measures which they recommended to be taken in connection with the outbreak of Bubonic Plague last year; and, in forwarding copies of these documents, they have to request that Sanitary Authorities will be good enough to give the several matters referred to in the Circular their immediate and sustained attention.

The Board desire, at the same time, to direct the special attention of Port Sanitary Authorities, and Sanitary Authorities whose districts abut upon important seaports, to the necessity of adopting stringent precautions against the introduction of Plague through the medium of infected rats.

It has been ascertained that rats have in many cases been the means of introducing Plague into countries not already infected and disseminating the disease therein. It is therefore most important that precautionary measures in this respect should be adopted with the view of preventing rats landing from ships which are in communication with plague-infected ports, and immediate efforts should accordingly be made by Sanitary Authorities for the destruction of rats on board ships, and also in the wharves, warehouses, and docks, and other portions of the districts under their charge.

The following precautionary measures on this head have been recommended to Sanitary Authorities in England, and the Board consider that they are equally applicable to this country:—

"1. On the arrival in port of a vessel whereon, during the voyage, Plague or sickness suspected to be Plague has occurred, measures should be taken to secure the destruction of the rats on board the vessel. Until this has been done endeavour should be made to prevent rats leaving the ship by mooring the vessel a sufficient distance from other ships and from the shore, and by placing guards on cables and hawsers in use for mooring purposes.

"2. In the case of vessels that have come from places infected with Plague, but on board of which no plague or suspected Plague has occurred, strict inquiry should be made on their arrival in port as to mortality or sickness among rats during the voyage. Should this have occurred, the authority would do well to obtain the body of a sick rat for the purpose of ascertaining the nature of the malady affecting those animals on board the vessel. In the event of the malady being found to be Plague, the ship should be dealt with as under Paragraph 1.

"3. Exceptional sickness or mortality among rats on board any vessel within the district, whatever may have been her port of departure, should be viewed with suspicion and as giving occasion for action similar to that indicated under paragraph 2.

"4. Rats when destroyed on shipboard should not be handled; they should be at once cremated.

"5. In the event of rats on board any ship being found to be infected with Plague, all parts of the vessel frequented by those animals should, as far as possible, be disinfected.

"6. The authorities of a seaport town invaded by Plague should endeavour to secure the destruction of the rats in the town, not least those inhabiting the docks and quayside warehouses. Measures should be taken to guard against shore rats making their way on board vessels lying in the port, and attempt made to destroy all rats on

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

board ships about to proceed on their voyage. Captains of such vessels should be urged to take steps during the ensuing voyage for the destruction of rats that may have remained alive on board their vessels notwithstanding the action of the local authority."

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To the Council of each County Borough,
Urban District, and Rural District.

To each Port Sanitary Authority,
Medical Officer of Health,
and Medical Superintendent Officer of Health,
in Ireland.

No. 113 M. 1901—MISCELLANEOUS.

AREAS OF CHARGE FOR SANITARY EXPENSES IN RURAL DISTRICTS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 25*th July*, 1901.

SIR,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that, in consequence of representations received from time to time from Rural District Councils on the subject of areas of charge for sanitary expenses, the Board have thought it well to reconsider, as far as sanitary works in Towns other than Urban Districts or Municipal Towns are concerned, the policy pursued by them in fixing the entire Rural District, or the Dispensary District, as the area of charge for sanitary expenditure in such towns. The Council are aware that under the Board's General Order of the 15th May, 1899, except in the case of Municipal Towns, the charges for expenditure incurred under the Public Health Acts in Rural Districts, previous to the date of the Order, were made either Rural District or Dispensary District Charges.

The Board were moved to issue this Order after a full and careful consideration of all the circumstances, and were fortified in their opinion by reason of the representations they had received from County Councils and their Officers, who in many instances protested against the inconvenience and additional expenses caused in the estimating, applotting, and levying of an immense number of "excluded" or "separate" charges, and keeping particular and distinct accounts for each in the County Books—protests which the Board felt were fully justified. It further appeared to the Board that the advantages of sanitation in a country district, village, or town were not confined to the area immediately concerned, but were participated in by those who inhabited the surrounding country, and that every part of each District was more or less concerned in the general sanitary arrangements provided for the welfare of the whole community throughout the District. Moreover, they appreciated the fact that in making these charges "District Charges" they were following the precedent of the Labourers' Act expenditure, and were generally giving effect to the fundamental principle of Union rating underlying the rating provisions of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

The views of the Local Government Board upon this subject have undergone no substantial modification; on the contrary, the experience of the past two years causes them to view with apprehension any material increase in the number of special rates to be levied by County Councils, and they are strongly of opinion that the relief given to certain classes of ratepayers, by making restricted areas of charge, would be more than counterbalanced by the increased cost of levy and account consequent on a change in this direction.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

It has, however, been urged that one of the original reasons which made this procedure desirable, namely, the inconvenience and expense involved in preparing the rate-books so as to make provision for a number of small areas of charge, has to a great extent been met by the fact that under the Local Government Act of 1900 the county rate has only to be made once a year instead of twice a year as formerly, and it has further been pointed out that there are many populous places of equal size and importance to Municipal Towns which should be placed upon the same footing as Towns under Municipal Government.

The Local Government Board are of opinion that these two arguments afford reasonable grounds for reconsideration of the practice which now exists, and, while they hold that the system of making special areas for sanitary works in all small towns throughout the Rural District would involve the County Council in an amount of expense and trouble wholly out of proportion to the advantages to be gained, they are nevertheless willing, as far as possible, to carry into effect the wishes of the local authorities in regard to the declaration of special areas of charge for populous places other than Municipal Towns.

The principal difficulty they experience in the matter is in determining a limit of population, valuation, or area which would be suitable to adopt as the minimum in respect of which a special area of charge might be fixed, and which would not be open to the same objections as those which were in force at the passing of the Local Government (Ireland) Act in 1898.

As this is a matter which more immediately affects the local authorities, and very specially the finance and rating authorities, the Local Government Board have determined to consult the County Councils and seek an expression of their views before coming to any final decision in the matter.

I am, therefore, directed to request that you will bring this question before your County Council at an early date, after due notice to each member, and that you will obtain a definite expression of opinion in favour of or against an increase of separate areas of charge, and in case your Council is of opinion that populous places should be required to be wholly and specially charged with the cost of sanitary works executed for their immediate benefit, I am to ask the views of your Council as to the limit of population, valuation, or area, which would be suitable to adopt as the minimum in respect of which a special area of charge might be fixed, giving a list of the names of such places in your county.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To each County Council.

No. 114/M:1901.—Miscellaneous.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 25*th July*, 1901.

Sir,—I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward, to be laid before the Rural District Council, the accompanying Copy of a Circular Letter which they have addressed to the County Council, respecting areas of charge for sanitary expenses in Rural Districts, and I am to request that the Rural District Council will be so good as to take this matter into consideration, after due notice, and submit their views on the subject to their County Council.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To each Rural District Council.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 127 M.—Miscellaneous.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, 16*th September*, 1901.

Sir,—The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to state that they have had for some time under consideration the exceptionally high death-rate in this country from Pulmonary Tuberculosis (Consumption), but before issuing any instructions to Local Authorities as to the best means of preventing this disease it was deemed advisable to await the result of the discussion at the International Congress on Tuberculosis recently held in London. The Board have now before them the recommendations of the Congress, and they desire to place before Local Authorities, for the information of the public, the practical advice given in the annexed Posters and Leaflets. The Board would suggest that Boards of Guardians and Sanitary Authorities throughout the country would do well to have these Posters printed and exhibited in prominent places in their Districts, such as the Union Board-room, the various Dispensary Waiting-rooms, Schools and other public places. Copies of the Leaflets might also with advantage be obtained and sent to Medical Practitioners, Clergymen, Relieving Officers, all Sanitary Officers and Sub-Officers, School Teachers and others.

It appears from the Registrar-General's Annual Report, in respect of the year 1899 that the total number of deaths from Tuberculosis during that year was 12,812, and of this number 9,480 were caused by Pulmonary Tuberculosis (Consumption). It also appears that the deaths from Tuberculosis are far more numerous than those caused by zymotic diseases. although the latter include scarlet fever, smallpox, measles, diphtheria, epidemic diarrhœa, typhus fever, typhoid fever, cholera, dysentery, whooping-cough, influenza, puerperal fever, simple continued fever, and ill-defined fever. The mortality caused by all these for the year 1899 was 8,857, or about two-thirds of the number attributable to Tuberculosis alone.

Among the resolutions adopted at the recent Congress the Board desire to draw particular attention to the following:—

> "That, in the opinion of this Congress, overcrowding, defective ventilation, damp and general insanitary conditions in the houses of the working classes, diminish the chance of curing Consumption, and aid in predisposing to and spreading the disease."
>
> "That tuberculous sputum is the main agent for the conveyance of the virus of Tuberculosis from man to man. Indiscriminate spitting should therefore be suppressed."
>
> "That the provision of sanatoria is an indispensable part of the means necessary for the diminution of Tuberculosis."

The Board consider that the most necessary step to commence with is to educate the people in the best means of guarding against the disease, and, with this object in view they would suggest that the Local Authorities should endeavour to enlist the sympathy and support of the Clergy of all denominations, Managers of Schools, Schoolmasters, and all persons whose duties bring them intimately in contact with the people, and more particularly with the poor, and to supply them, for distribution, with copies of the Leaflet entitled "Information for Consumptive People, and for those who live with them."

The Local Government Board have urged, and in most cases successfully, the various Boards of Guardians to make proper provision in each Workhouse Hospital for the separate treatment of cases of Consumption. In addition, Guardians might consider whether they could make arrangements either to send patients, where there is hope of cure being effected, to special Sanatoria for treatment, or, where Unions are populous and sufficiently wealthy, make special provision themselves for the curative treatment of such cases.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

It cannot be too widely known—

(1) that Consumption is infectious;

(2) that with due precautions its spread may be very largely prevented; and

(3) that if proper measures are taken in good time the disease may in many cases be arrested or cured.

The Board earnestly trust that Boards of Guardians, and Urban and Rural District Councils, will give this matter their serious consideration, and that a determined effort will be made to reduce the mortality from Consumption in this country.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

H. M. SWAINE,

Secretary.

To

Each County Borough Council,
Urban and Rural District Council,
Board of Guardians,
Medical Officer of Workhouse, and
Dispensary Medical Officer.

Enclosures to foregoing.

INFORMATION FOR CONSUMPTIVE PEOPLE

And for those who Live with them.

Consumption is preventable, and in certain cases when taken in time is curable.

Consumption is not usually inherited, though some children are born with a constitution which favours their catching it.

Intemperance; overcrowding; the stuffy air of ill-ventilated rooms; dirty, damp, or dark dwellings, are among the causes which render people liable to consumption.

Consumption is caused by very small living germs, which may enter the body by the air or by the food.

The spittle of a consumptive person contains vast numbers of these germs. If it is spat on the floor or wall, or adheres to the clothes, it dries, and the germs are carried into the air as dust, which may be breathed into the lungs or fall on food, and thus enter the body and PRODUCE CONSUMPTION.

PRECAUTIONS—WHAT NOT TO DO.

A consumptive person must NOT spit on the footpath, or on the floor of any room, railway carriage, tramcar, cab, &c. Such person should neither swallow the spittle nor allow it to be smeared on the bedclothes, beard, or wearing apparel. He should carefully guard his mouth with the hand when in the act of coughing, and those who live with him should avoid too close approach, especially if the attacks of coughing are frequent and violent.

A window or chimney of a living-room should NOT be kept closed, especially if the room is inhabited by a consumptive person.

A consumptive person should NOT sleep in the same bed with another person.

A consumptive mother must NOT suckle a baby.

Overcrowding should be avoided.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ADVICE—WHAT TO DO TO PREVENT CONSUMPTION.

FRESH AIR, LIGHT, and SUNSHINE are most important in the prevention and cure of consumption; therefore, you should keep your rooms well ventilated, lightsome, and free from dust.

Keep the windows open as much as possible both day and night, for pure air and sunshine destroy the germs of the disease. The more fresh air and sunshine a consumptive person gets the more likely he or she is to recover.

Good Sanitary surroundings are also essential.

A consumptive person should spit into a handkerchief or special spitting flask out of doors, or into a cup containing a little water indoors. The contents should be burnt, and the handkerchief should be thrown into boiling water and left there for a few minutes before being washed. If rags or paper are used to spit into they should be burnt at once.

Rooms, passages, and staircases should be kept free from dust by the use of damp cloths; for dust is dangerous to breathe. Floors should be swept with wet tea-leaves.

Rooms that have been occupied by consumptives should be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected before they are again occupied, as also should the carpets and bedding, &c.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, *August*, 1901.

INFORMATION FOR CONSUMPTIVE PEOPLE

And for those who Live with them.

CONSUMPTION is an INFECTIOUS DISEASE. It is PREVENTABLE.

CONSUMPTION is caused by very small LIVING GERMS, which may be breathed in with air or taken in with food.

ADVICE—WHAT TO DO TO PREVENT CONSUMPTION.

The Spittle or Matter coughed up by people who have Consumption should be destroyed. Do not scatter it around broadcast, but spit it out into a cup or wide-mouth bottle, the contents of which can be poured on the fire, and the vessel itself scalded out with boiling water. If the spittle is received into a handkerchief, this should be thrown, when soiled, into BOILING WATER, and left there for a few minutes before being washed. Rags or Papers used for the same purpose should be burnt.

Consumptive people should bear in mind that when they cough they are liable to scatter the Germs around. If anyone is close by when they cough, they should guard the mouth with the pocket-handkerchief.

A consumptive person should NOT sleep in the same bed with another person.

A consumptive mother must NOT suckle a baby. Overcrowding should be avoided.

AVOID raising a dust, especially in places inhabited or frequented by consumptive people. Furniture and walls should be "dusted" with damp cloths, and floors swept only after they have been sprinkled with water, or better still, with wet tea-leaves.

Rooms, carpets, bedding, clothes, &c., that have been used by Consumptives, should be disinfected. The Sanitary Authority will do this if requested.

REMEMBER that Intemperance, Overcrowding, the stuffy air of ill-ventilated rooms, and dirty, damp or dark dwellings, favour the growth and spread of the Germs.

REMEMBER that FRESH AIR and SUNSHINE are the greatest enemies of consumption and will often cure it when not too far advanced.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, *September*, 1901.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 173 M/1901.—Miscellaneous.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, *5th November*, 1901.

Sir,—In view of the existence of Plague at Glasgow and Liverpool, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward herewith, copies of their Circular letter of 1st October, 1900, and of the instructional Memoranda which accompanied it; and I am to request that Sanitary Authorities and their Officers will continue to give their earnest attention towards keeping their Districts in a good sanitary condition, and especially in regard to the principal matters referred to in the Circular, viz.:—the abatement of all nuisances, the inspection of lodging and tenement houses, the prevention of pollution of existing water supplies, and the provision of hospital accommodation for any cases of Plague that may arise.

The Board would also take this opportunity of again recommending the adoption of the Infectious Diseases (Notification) Act, 1889, in all Districts in which it is not yet in force. Where the Act has been adopted the occurrence of any case of Plague must be immediately notified in accordance with the accompanying Order of the Board dated the 2nd instant, but as no such requirement exists in Districts where the Act has not been adopted it will be readily perceived that in such Districts the danger to the public in the event of any cases of Plague occurring therein is much greater, as such cases, through non-notification, may escape the prompt attention they deserve, and the disease may, in consequence, be spread throughout the District.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. Swaine,
Secretary.

To the Council of each
County Borough, Urban District, and Rural District,
To each Medical Officer of Health,
and Medical Superintendent Officer of Health,
in Ireland.

(Enclosure to foregoing.)

No. 174.—M/1900.

Local Government Board,
Dublin, *1st October*, 1900.

Sir,—In view of the outbreak of Bubonic Plague in the United Kingdom, the Local Government Board for Ireland desire to direct the particular attention of Sanitary Authorities throughout Ireland to Section 108 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, which provides that "it shall be the duty of every Sanitary Authority to cause to be made from time to time inspection of their district with a view to ascertain what nuisances exist calling for abatement, and to enforce the provisions of this Act in order to abate the same."

A serious responsibility rests on each Sanitary Authority at the present juncture, and the Local Government Board cannot too strongly urge the necessity for prompt and effective local sanitary administration in order that, should Bubonic Plague unfortunately be introduced into this country, the sanitary condition of the district or districts visited may be such as to prevent the diffusion of the infection.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

The Board desire to impress upon Sanitary Authorities that reliance can only be placed, in the event of a visitation of Plague, upon good internal sanitary administration and scrupulous attention to the ordinary laws of health.

The principal matters the Board invite attention to are:—

(I.) The abatement of all nuisances arising from accumulations of filth, decaying vegetable refuse, privies and ashpits, and the various nuisances defined under Sections 57, 107 and following sections of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

(II.) The necessity for careful inspection of lodging and tenement houses with the view of seeing that there is no overcrowding, and that the premises are properly ventilated, and also of urging on the occupiers the observance of strict personal and domestic cleanliness.

(III.) The careful removal of all possible sources of pollution of existing water supplies and the prevention of such pollution.

(IV.) The provision of hospital accommodation for the reception and isolation of any cases of Bubonic Plague that may occur, and of suitable refuges for persons who may come in contact with patients suffering from the disease.

(V.) The adoption of the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889, by all Urban and Rural District Councils by whom the Act has not already been adopted.

The Board, in advising these precautionary measures, whilst they consider that there is no cause for undue alarm, are of opinion that there is every reason for increased sanitary activity; and they would remind Sanitary Authorities that effective steps in the direction above indicated will not only place their Districts in the best practicable position for resisting an outbreak of Plague, but will at the same time constitute a valuable insurance against all forms of preventable disease.

The Local Government Board are anxious to give every assistance to Sanitary Authorities in endeavouring to carry out the suggestions herein contained, and with that object they have increased their staff of Medical Inspectors, and instructed them to confer with and advise Sanitary Authorities and their officers on all matters connected with sanitary administration on which they may seek to obtain information. The Board have also made arrangements for the bacterioscopic examination of any material from "Pestis" that may be sent to them for that purpose by the Medical Officers of Health.

The early recognition of the disease is of the utmost importance, and as persons suffering from "Pestis Minor," otherwise known as "Pestis Ambulans," are liable to escape observation owing to the mildness of the disease, the Board trust that the Sanitary Authorities will instruct their officers to exercise the greatest vigilance in regard to suspicious cases, and to promptly isolate the sufferers and take such measures as they may deem necessary respecting any persons who may have come into contact with the patients. Notification (by telegraph if available) of such cases should also be sent to this Department.

Enclosed will be found copies of a Memorandum* which embody the views of the Royal College of Physicians in Ireland on the subject of Plague, together with copies of Directions† for obtaining and sending Material from "Pestis" for Bacterioscopic Examination; and the Board request that a copy of each of these documents may be handed to the Medical Officer of Health of each Dispensary District for his information and guidance.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

To the Council of each County Borough,
Urban District, and Rural District.

* † Printed on pages 75 to 79 of last Annual Report.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 172 M : 1901.—MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, *5th November*, 1901.

SIR,—The Local Government Board for Ireland have received official notification of the existence of Plague at Glasgow and Liverpool, and they have accordingly, in pursuance of the powers vested in them by Section 149 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, and Sections 1 and 4 of the Public Health Act, 1896, decided to issue an order prescribing Temporary Regulations to be observed with regard to the examination of vessels arriving at ports in Ireland from ports known to be infected with Plague.

Copies of these Regulations are enclosed. It will be observed that they are identical in terms with those issued on the 1st October, 1900, in connection with the outbreak of Bubonic Plague at Glasgow last year, which were subsequently revoked on the termination of that outbreak.

As above stated, the two home ports of Glasgow and Liverpool are at present known to be infected with Plague, and the Board, therefore, desire to impress upon Sanitary Authorities and their Officers the necessity for exercising the strictest supervision over vessels arriving from either of these places until such time as the ports are declared free from infection.

In connection with this matter, the Board would direct particular attention to the suggestions and recommendations contained in their Circular letter of the 22nd May last (copy enclosed) respecting the destruction of rats on board ships and in wharves, warehouses, and docks. The Board understand that the present outbreak at Glasgow is attributed to the dissemination of the disease by infected rats, and Sanitary Authorities should, therefore, recognise the great importance of at once taking active measures to prevent the disease from being introduced in a similar manner into this country.

The question of providing hospital accommodation for the reception and isolation of any cases of Plague that may occur, and suitable refuges for persons who come into contact with patients suffering from the disease, will, no doubt, receive the immediate attention of Local Authorities, if adequate arrangements on these heads have not already been made.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary

To
Each Port Sanitary Authority,
County Borough, Urban District, and
Rural District Council, named in
Schedule to Temporary Regulations.

iv. (iii.)—REPORTS.

No. 63,173 : 1902. Office.

VACCINE DEPARTMENT, 45, UPPER SACKVILLE STREET,
15th November, 1902.

REPORT of the Vaccine Department for the year ended 31st March, 1902.

I. Issue of Glycerinated Calf Lymph :—

	No. of Applications.	No. of Tubes.
No. 1. Dispensaries, ...	7,483	83,758
No. 2. Workhouses, ...	171	3,676
	7,654	87,434

II. Vaccinations :—

Primary.		Revaccination.		Total.
1,237	...	249	...	1,486

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

During the year ended 31st March, 1902, there has been a marked increase in the work of this Department, as can be seen from the above figures, not only in the number of cases vaccinated, which have increased by 350, but also in the number of applications for lymph received, which show an increase of 2,488, and also in the number of tubes of glycerinated calf lymph issued, which are 27,603 more than last year; this may be in part accounted for by the outbreak of smallpox in Belfast, but is, I think, chiefly due to the increasing number of public vaccinators who are using our calf lymph.

During the past year I received from Dr. Denham lymph from 41 calves, which I carefully tested here for its activity; I am glad to say that I had only to reject the lymph from three sources, which, I think, shows the care Dr. Denham exercises in the choice of calves and in the manner in which he vaccinates them, and collects, prepares, and stores the pulp.

I found the glycerinated calf lymph of excellent quality, as proved by the success of my vaccinations and re-vaccinations, and, indeed, I may add, by the vaccinations and re-vaccinations carried out by the public vaccinators throughout Ireland with our calf lymph, as during the last year the complaints of failure of the lymph to take have greatly diminished in number; I think that one reason for this may be found in the fact that the vaccinators carry out the directions on the notice I issued, requiring the lymph to be used within a week after it had left the cool chamber in which it is stored here.

As regards the testing of the lymph, I vaccinate some infants here from the material taken from each calf, and keep on doing so from time to time, until I issue the lymph, and even after I have sent out all the lymph from any one source (except a few tubes which I retain) I vaccinate some infants, and if these prove successful it shows that the lymph previously issued must have been active when it left this Department. I am also constantly vaccinating with lymph from the same calf as that from which I am daily sending out lymph.

Feeling the necessity of applying some kind of dressing to the infants' arms immediately after the operation of vaccination and again on the day week following to the vesicles, when the children are brought back for inspection, I have been experimenting with various kinds of dressings, and, as a result, find that one of the most effective, as well as the most simple to apply, is a pad, constructed by Dr. Denham, which has the advantage of being sterile, simple in construction, and easily kept in its place on the arm; it should also, I think, when manufactured in large quantities, be produced very cheaply. Before applying this pad on the eighth day, I dust the vaccine vesicles with boric powder or apply some other form of medicament, which has the effect of preventing untoward results, should the vesicles, unfortunately, get rubbed.

ALEX. NIXON MONTGOMERY, F.R.C.P.I.,
Secretary.

Vaccine Department, Local Government Board, Ireland.

No. 66,678 : 1902. Office.

84, ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

REPORT of the Bacteriologist to the Local Government Board.

The bacteriological control of the calf-lymph supplied by the Board has been conducted on the same lines as last year. The product of each calf is subjected to bacteriological examination on three occasions, viz., three days, a fortnight, and six weeks after glycerination. In all the lymphs examined by me during the year a progressive diminution in the germ contents was observed as the result of glycerination and storage. Samples that originally contained many hundreds, even thousands, of colonies per

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

loopful were usually found to yield at the end of six weeks only a few isolated colonies. These last survivors I have often observed to consist of coccal forms and not of spore-forming bacilli, as often maintained. The Xerosis bacillus, to which I drew attention in my last report, has been, this year, a far less frequent denizen of the lymph.

Although I was obliged, on several occasions, to recommend further storage of lymph on account of persistent high bacterial content, I was only once obliged to do so by the presence of an objectionable organism—a form of Streptococcus. The lymph in question—that derived from calf 145, proved, however, to be vaccinally unsatisfactory, and was never issued.

The results of the plate-cultivations of different lymphs at similar periods have a great and increasing tendency to resemble each other, and this circumstance points to a satisfactory uniformity of procedure. In conclusion, I beg to report that I have on many occasions visited the National Calf-Vaccine Institute, Sandymount, and personally superintended the various stages of lymph-production—vaccination and collection of lymph, glycerination of pulp, etc., as conducted by Dr. Denham, and have satisfied myself that they are conducted with great care and with scrupulous observance of the precautions necessary to ensure asepsis

E. J. McWeeney.

No. 66,678 : 1902. Office.

Vaccine Department, 45, Upper Sackville Street,

2nd December, 1902.

Report on the Preparation and Storage of the Calf Vaccine Lymph used by the Vaccine Department.

The methods adopted in the preparation of calf lymph for the use of the Department are practically identical with those published in the Annual Report for the year ending March 31st, 1901.

During the year I visited several of the leading State Departments for the production of calf lymph on the Continent, and have, since my return, been conducting a series of experiments on the methods of cultivation, preparation, and storage of lymph, based on my observations while abroad, the results of which will be embodied in my next report.

The amount of vaccine pulp collected for the use of the Department during the year amounted to 755,610 grammes.

Of the calves vaccinated, 2½ per cent. failed to produce any lymph whatever; and of the lymph collected, 2 per cent. were proved vaccinally inefficient by Dr. Montgomery, and were destroyed, and of the remaining lymphs, which at the time gave Dr. Montgomery excellent results, 3 per cent. failed to maintain this efficiency.

The inactivity of these lymphs in all cases occurred somewhat suddenly, when the lymph was about 10 weeks old.

This sudden transition from activity to inactivity is greatly to be regretted, as before its inactivity can be discovered a large number of tubes

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

may have been distributed throughout the country, causing great inconvenience to the public vaccinators.

The mere age of the lymph is clearly no factor in causing deterioration, as I frequently obtain excellent results both on infants and calves with lymph twelve months old.

This deterioration of the vaccinal activity does not appear to depend on any fermentative process, or the presence of any bacterial element. The only explanation I can offer is that, although the lymph at first gives excellent results to Dr. Montgomery and the public vaccinators, the vaccine virus, although sufficiently active to give these results, is not sufficiently potent to stand prolonged storage.

T. Knox Denham, F.R.C.S.

Report of the Pharmacist to the Local Government on the Analysis of Drugs, &c.

31*st March*, 1902.

TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to report, for the information of the Local Government Board, upon the work performed during the year, in connection with the analysis of drugs and the supply of drugs generally for the Medical Charities.

3,438 references have been dealt with, which were principally concerned with the reports of the Union analysts upon samples of drugs submitted to them, taken from the Union supplies.

2,537 such reports have been examined, of which 2,112 were from dispensary districts, and 425 from workhouse infirmaries.

These certificates had reference to 7,918 samples of drugs. The number of samples unfavourably reported on was 313, being 3·953 per cent. of the total number examined.

The greater number of the defective drugs supplied were replaced by the contractors at their expense, at the request of the Boards of Guardians.

The drugs supplied for the use of the Medical Charities were, on the whole, of good quality, and showed a marked improvement upon the previous year.

In two months of last year, which came under my observation, 14·2 per cent. of the certificates issued contained unfavourable reports; this year only 10 per cent. of the certificates were found to be similarly unfavourable.

The largest number of these reports were based upon the following deficiencies:—

(1.) In extractive and alcoholic strength of liquid extracts, liquors, and tinctures.

(2.) In the volatile constituents of spirits, liniments, &c.

In the following table the various deficiences and excesses found in the different classes of samples are classified:—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SUMMARY of Drugs unfavourably reported on by Union Analysts, showing the particulars in which they were defective.

CLASSES OF DRUGS.	DEFICIENCY.				EXCESS.						
	Volatile Constituents.	Extractive.	Chemical Constituents. (Alkaloids, &c.)	Alcohol.	Volatile Constituents.	Chemical Constituents. (Alkaloids, &c.)	Alcohol.	*Adulterations.	Substitutions.	Under Standard of Pharmacopœia.	Totals.
Acids,	–	–	6	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	7
Liquors,	2	16	22	9	2	3	1	–	1	3	59
Liquid Extracts,	–	27	–	7	–	–	2	–	–	–	36
Liniments,	15	2	8	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	30
Mixtures,	–	6	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	9
Oils and Ointments,	–	–	2	–	–	1	–	2	–	3	8
Pills,	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Spirits,	†38	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	40
Syrups,	–	1	9	–	–	–	–	–	‡7	1	18
Tinctures,	–	30	18	44	–	5	4	–	4	–	105
Wines,	–	–	4	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	5
Sundries,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	§17	19
	55	82	71	72	2	9	7	4	12	24	338

N.B.—The above total exceeds the number of samples unfavourably reported on (313); but some samples were defective in more than one particular.

* One sample of Linseed Oil was adulterated with Cotton Seed Oil, and one of Oil of Peppermint had been deprived of part of its Menthol. Two samples of Crushed Linseed had been deprived of their oil.

† Includes 32 samples of Spt. Ætheris Nitrosi which had lost Ethyl Nitrite.

‡ The unofficial Syr. Ferri Phosph. Co. substituted for Syr. Ferri Phosphat. B. P.

§ Includes 6 samples of Pepsine and its preparations, which were deficient in digestive power.

Only two samples of inorganic chemicals were found to be impure, viz., ammonium chloride, and ferri et ammonii citras.

One sample of creosote and one of paraldehyde were below B.P. standard.

The instances of substitution which have come under notice have been small in number, and appear to have been the result of carelessness, and not of intention to defraud. In many cases tinctures were supplied of much higher alcoholic strength than was necessary. Except where the excess affected the medicinal value of the preparation, the analyst did not object, the loss falling upon the contractor.

PRESCRIBED LIST OF MEDICINES.

The lists for the past year were revised so as to bring them into accordance with the market prices of the day, a few drugs being added and deleted.

The prices of the drugs were so arranged as to allow a fair margin of profit to contractors who offered a reasonable reduction upon the prices prescribed.

Very few changes have been found necessary for the coming year, the few which have been made being mainly in the direction of a reduction in prices.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ANALYSIS.

The work of the Union analysts, though to some extent unequal, has on the whole been performed with great care and skill.

The omission from the British Pharmacopœia of standards of strength for many of the official preparations is to a large extent to blame for a certain amount of uncertainty in the certificates of the analysts, some of whom required higher results from the various preparations than others.

To insure greater uniformity, I have recommended that the Board should issue an official schedule of standards.

This schedule has been prepared with great care, with the assistance of the analysts and some of the leading manufacturers, and is now nearly complete.

Special forms of certificate have also been suggested to the analysts, which, together with the proposed standards, will, it is hoped, tend to greater uniformity and expedition in furnishing reports.

With the co-operation of the clerks of the Unions it has now been arranged that each certificate shall show the dates:—

(1.) Upon which drugs were delivered;
(2.) Upon which the analyst received the samples; and
(3.) Upon which the report was made up.

Any undue delay upon the part of those responsible is thus readily noted.

A marked improvement has been noticed in consequence, in the promptness with which drugs are examined after delivery. Reports are now furnished by some analysts within eight or ten days after the receipt of the drugs at the dispensary.

CONTRACTORS.

The contracts have, on the whole, been properly fulfilled, as indicated by the low percentage of drugs unfavourably reported on.

One contract has been terminated by a Board of Guardians, at the request of the Local Government Board, for reasons which appeared to be good and sufficient. In seven Unions the contractors have been warned to be more careful to supply standard drugs; and one contractor for the supply of medical and surgical appliances has been cautioned for supplying articles of inferior quality to two Unions.

In forty-seven Unions no grounds for complaint of any kind have occurred during the year.

Table I. attached shows the number of analysts' certificates issued in each Union, and the number of samples unfavourably reported on in each; also the rates of discount allowed by contractors.

As usual, these rates vary very widely in the different Unions, ranging from 2½ per cent. to 35 per cent., the average for all the Unions being 17 per cent. off the Board's prescribed prices.

Table II. shows the various rates at which contracts were taken.

Table III. shows the number of Unions supplied by each contractor, with the number of unfavourable reports recorded against each.

INVOICES.

The invoices for drugs, &c., supplied to the various Unions for half-year ending 30th September, 1901, have been examined.

It was found that, as a rule, the requisitions were reasonable as to the quantities ordered, but in thirty-four Unions attention has been called to requisitions which contained orders for what appeared to be excessive or injudicious quantities of drugs. Explanations have been asked for from Medical Officers regarding seventy-six items of this nature.

In several Unions the attention of the Board of Guardians has been called to what appeared to be excessive expenditure under the head of medicines, &c.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

There have been only two cases of short weights reported during the year, but examination of the invoices leads me to the opinion that the duty of checking the weights of drugs supplied is very perfunctorily attended to by medical officers and apothecaries.

In several instances overcharges have been detected in invoices, the amounts of which have been refunded by contractors. These charges should not have escaped the notice of the clerks of the Unions.

Medical Officers.

There is still considerable difficulty in inducing medical officers to observe the regulations issued from time to time affecting the analysis of drugs; samples are frequently put up very carelessly, and in insufficient number and quantity.

The Board found it necessary to issue another circular on 29th June last to the Boards of Guardians, calling attention to the instructions already issued, and making suggestions as to the proper way of putting up and labelling samples for analysis. This circular is gradually producing effect; samples are put up more carefully, and are more promptly forwarded, but there is still room for improvement in this latter respect.

On the whole, I am able to report that considerable progress has been made during the year in organising the system of drug supply for the Medical Charities, and that it is now in fair working order.

I believe that in a short time it will arrive at a high state of efficiency and economy.

I venture to suggest that where so much trouble and money are expended in securing that drugs, &c., shall be delivered of the best quality and in the best condition, it is a pity that more cannot be done by the Guardians to ensure that stocks at the dispensaries shall be kept in good and efficient condition.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

J. E. Brunker, M.A., Dub.
Advising Pharmacist to the Board.

[Enclosure.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Enclosure (1) with foregoing.

TABLE I.

1901–2.

UNIONS.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples.	Contractors.	Rate of Discount.	Analysts.
					per cent.	
Abbeyleix,	Dispensaries,	10	2	H. Boyers,	18	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Antrim,	Dispensaries,	14	–	J. Clarke and Co.,	17½	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Ardee,	Dispensaries,	13	1	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	22½	W. Thorp.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Armagh,	Dispensaries,	18	–	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	22½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Athlone,	Dispensaries,	15	–	Apothecaries' Hall,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Athy,	Dispensaries,	15	2	D. J. M'Grath,	26	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Bailieborough,	Dispensaries,	10	–	Hunt and Co.,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Ballina,	Dispensaries,	5	–	Adamson and Co.,	5	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Ballinasloe,	Dispensaries,	16	1	Apothecaries' Hall,	22½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Ballinrobe,	Dispensaries,	7	–	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	7½	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Ballycastle,	Dispensaries,	11	3	Clarke and Co.,	15	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Ballymahon,	Dispensaries,	9	–	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	12½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Ballymena,	Dispensaries,	22	8*	Bonner and Co., Ballymena.	15	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Ballymoney,	Dispensaries,	21	9*	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	10	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Ballyshannon,	Dispensaries,	11	3	P. N. White,	17½	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Ballyvaghan,	Dispensaries,	1	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	7½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Balrothery,	Dispensaries,	16	–	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	15½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Baltinglass,	Dispensaries,	9	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Banbridge,	Dispensaries,	21	3	J. Clarke and Co.,	17½	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Carried	forward,	293	32			

* Contractors have been warned.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

UNIONS.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples.	Contractors.	Rate of Discount.	Analysts.
Brought	forward,	293	32		per cent.	
Bandon,	Dispensaries,	15	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	15½	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Bantry,	Dispensaries,	13	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	22	Do.
	Workhouse,	6	–			
Bawnboy,	Dispensaries,	6	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Belfast,	Dispensaries,	39	1	J. Clarke and Co.,	20	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Belmullet,	Dispensaries,	9	2	Boileau and Boyd, (Ltd.)	5	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Birr,	Dispensaries,	17	4	Goldon and Co.,	10	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Borrisokane,	Dispensaries,	10	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	16	Sir C. Cameron and D. S. Jardin.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Boyle,	Dispensaries,	7	–	H. Boyers,	23	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Caherciveen,	Dispensaries,	12	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	18	Do.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Callan,	Dispensaries,	10	2	Apothecaries' Hall,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Carlow,	Dispensaries,	22	1	D. J. M'Grath,	35	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Carrickmacross,	Dispensaries,	10	1	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Carrick-on-Shannon,	Dispensaries,	11	2	Apothecaries' Hall,	19½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Carrick-on-Suir,	Dispensaries,	13	7	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	13	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Cashel,	Dispensaries,	12	3	Thacker and Hoffe (Ltd.)	15	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Castlebar,	Dispensaries,	10	4	William B. Ryan,	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	–	–			
Castleblayney,	Dispensaries,	11	3	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	15	E. Lapper.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Castlecomer,	Dispensaries,	4	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	21	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Castlederg,	Dispensaries,	7	–	J. Nethery,	18¾	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	–	–			
Castlerea,	Dispensaries,	5	4	Apothecaries' Hall,	10	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Castletown,	Dispensaries,	7	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	13	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Cavan,	Dispensaries,	20	2	Hunt and Co.,	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Celbridge,	Dispensaries,	16	1	Apothecaries' Hall,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Carried	forward,	641	72			

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

UNIONS.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples	Contractors.	Rates of Discount.	Analysts.
Brought	forward,	641	72		per cent.	
Claremorris,	Dispensaries,	12	2	Hunt and Co.,	19½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	-			
Clifden,	Dispensaries,	12	2	Do.,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	-	-			
Clogheen,	Dispensaries,	7	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co (Ltd.)	23	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	-			
Clogher,	Dispensaries,	6	3	J. Nethery,	18¾	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	-			
Clonakilty,	Dispensaries,	8	-	Cork Chemical and Drug Co (Ltd.)	18	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	2	-			
Clones,	Dispensaries,	11	1	Thacker and Hoffe (Ltd.)	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	-			
Clonmel,	Dispensaries,	18	2	Apothecaries' Hall,	21½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	-			
Coleraine,	Dispensaries,	21	2	Clarke and Co.,	17½	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	2	-			
Cookstown,	Dispensaries,	13	2	J. Nethery,	25	Sir C. Cameron and R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	4	-			
Cootehill,	Dispensaries,	9	-	R. Armstrong,	15¾	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	-			
Cork,	Dispensaries,	38	-	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	26	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	2	-			
Corrofin,	Dispensaries,	-	-	Seymour and Co.,	17½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	-	-			
Croom,	Dispensaries,	13	4	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	26	W. Thorpe.
	Workhouse,	9	-			
Delvin,	Dispensaries,	9	1	Mrs. English,	7½	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	1	-			
Dingle,	Dispensaries,	12	2	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Sir C. Cameron and D. S. Jardin.
	Workhouse,	4	-			
Donegal,	Dispensaries,	15	-	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	-			
Downpatrick,	Dispensaries,	23	2	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	-			
Drogheda,	Dispensaries,	14	-	Clarke and Co., Dublin.	15	Sir C. Cameron and D. S. Jardin.
	Workhouse,	4	-			
Dromore West,	Dispensaries,	6	1	P. N. White,	10	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	-			
Dublin, North,	Dispensaries,	27	8	Thacker and Hoffe (Ltd.)	25	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	-			
Dublin, South,	Dispensaries,	38	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	-			
Dundalk,	Dispensaries,	16	6	Hunt and Co.,	17½	Sir C. Cameron and C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	2	-			
Dunfanaghy,	Dispensaries,	6	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	-			
Carried	forward,	1,030	113			

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Unions.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples.	Contractors.	Rates of Discount.	Analysts.
Brought	forward,	1,030	113		per cent.	
Dungannon,	Dispensaries,	17	8*	J. Nethery,	22½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Dungarvan,	Dispensaries,	12	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	20	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Dunmanway,	Dispensaries,	7	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	23	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Dunshaughlin,	Dispensaries,	5	3	Boileau and Boyd, (Ltd.)	5	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Edenderry,	Dispensaries,	14	4	Thacker and Hoffe, (Ltd.)	15	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Ennis,	Dispensaries,	13	2*	Seymour and Co.,	35	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Enniscorthy,	Dispensaries,	16	5	Thacker and Hoffe, (Ltd.)	22½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Enniskillen,	Dispensaries,	12	3	Apothecaries' Hall,	20½	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Ennistymon,	Dispensaries,	7	4	Thacker and Hoffe, (Ltd.)	17½	Sir C. Cameron and D. S. Jardin.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Fermoy,	Dispensaries,	12	3	J. J. Broderick,	2½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Galway,	Dispensaries,	17	1	Boileau and Boyd, (Ltd.)	15	Do.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Glennamaddy,	Dispensaries,	5	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Glenties,	Dispensaries,	22	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Gorey,	Dispensaries,	13	2	Thacker and Hoffe, (Ltd.)	17½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Gort,	Dispensaries,	7	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	22½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Granard,	Dispensaries,	12	3	H. Boyers,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Inishowen,	Dispensaries,	14	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	16	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Irvinestown,	Dispensaries,	9	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Kanturk,	Dispensaries,	10	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	10	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Kells,	Dispensaries,	12	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	17½	C. R. C. Tichborne
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Kilkeel,	Dispensaries,	12	4	Connor and Son,	17½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Kilkenny,	Dispensaries,	19	2	Hunt and Co.	23	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Kenmare,	Dispensaries,	9	4	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	18	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Carried	forward,	1,366	165			

* Contractors warned

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

UNIONS.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples.	Contractors.	Rate of Discount.	Analysts.
Brought	forward,	1,366	165		per cent.	
Killadysert,	Dispensaries,	4	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	20	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Killala,	Dispensaries,	7	1	Adamson and Co.	10	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Killarney,	Dispensaries,	13	6	Apothecaries' Hall,	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Kilmacthomas,	Dispensaries,	8	2	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Sir C. Cameron and C. R. C. Tichborne
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Kilmallock,	Dispensaries,	14	8*	W. C. Henchy,	15	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Kilrush,	Dispensaries,	12	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Kinsale,	Dispensaries,	13	–	Apothecaries' Hall,	10	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Larne,	Dispensaries,	12	1	Clarke and Co.,	12½	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Letterkenny,	Dispensaries,	5	–	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	12½	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Limavady,	Dispensaries,	17	–	Thacker and Hoffe (Ltd.)	15	Sir C. Cameron and D. S. Jardin.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Limerick,	Dispensaries,	24	2	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	26	Sir C. Cameron and W. Thorpe.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Lisburn,	Dispensaries,	34	1	Clarke and Co.,	10	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Lismore,	Dispensaries,	8	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	23	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Lisnaskea,	Dispensaries,	13	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	22½	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Listowel,	Dispensaries,	22	1	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Londonderry,	Dispensaries,	25	1	Clarke and Co.,	10½	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Longford,	Dispensaries,	7	–	H. Boyers,	7½	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Loughrea,	Dispensaries,	10	–	Do.,	18	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Lurgan,	Dispensaries,	21	11*	Hunt and Co.,	17½	R. F. Blake.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Macroom,	Dispensaries,	18	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	18	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Magherafelt,	Dispensaries,	17	2	J. Nethery,	18¾	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Mallow,	Dispensaries,	15	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	18	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Manorhamilton,	Dispensaries,	9	6*	P. N. White,	15	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Carried	forward,	1,768	209			

* Contractors warned.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

UNIONS.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples.	Contractors.	Rate of Discount.	Analysts.
Brought	forward,	1,768	209		per cent.	
Midleton,	Dispensaries,	19	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	18	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Milford,	Dispensaries,	9	–	Apothecaries' Hall,	16	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Millstreet,	Dispensaries,	7	4	Thacker and Haffe (Ltd.)	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Mitchelstown,	Dispensaries,	8	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	21	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Mohill,	Dispensaries,	9	2	P. N. White,	15	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Monaghan,	Dispensaries,	16	–	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	17½	C. R. C. Tichborne
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Mountbellew,	Dispensaries,	10	2	Boileau and Bayd (Ltd.)	16½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Mountmellick,	Dispensaries,	22	1	Boileau and Bayd (Ltd.)	25	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Mullingar,	Dispensaries	20	1	Apothecaries' Hall,	20	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Naas,	Dispensaries,	21	1	Hunt and Co.,	23	Do.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Navan,	Dispensaries,	12	3	Thacker and Haffe (Ltd.)	13	C. R. C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Nenagh,	Dispensaries,	13	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Newcastle,	Dispensaries,	16	2	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	23	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
New Ross,	Dispensaries,	19	7	Hunt and Co.,	22½	Sir C. Cameron and E. Lapper.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Newry,	Dispensaries,	31	3	Apothecaries' Hall,	21½	R. Barklie,
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Newtownards,	Dispensaries,	19	–	Clarke and Co.,	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Oldcastle,	Dispensaries,	9	7	Do.,	20	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Omagh,	Dispensaries,	21	1	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	27½	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Oughterard,	Dispensaries,	8	–	M'Master, Hadgson and Co.	10	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	–	–			
Portumna,	Dispensaries,	4	–	Goldon and Co.,	10	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Rathdown,	Dispensaries,	27	7	Boileau and Boyd (Ltd.)	16¾	E. Lapper.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Rathdrum,	Dispensaries,	18	6	Apothecaries' Hall,	17½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Rathkeale,	Dispensaries,	11	7	P. A. Leslie and Co. (Ltd.)	15½	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Roscommon,	Dispensaries,	6	4	Apothecaries' Hall,	15	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Roscrea,	Dispensaries,	13	3	W. K. Bourke,	20	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Scariff,	Dispensaries,	6	4	Seymour and Co.,	20	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Shillelagh,	Dispensaries,	10	1	Thacker and Haffe (Ltd.)	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Carried	forward,	2,222	270			

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

UNIONS.	—	Number of Certificates.	Defective Samples.	Contractors.	Rates of Discount.	Analysts.
Brought	forward,	2,222	270		per cent.	
Skibbereen,	Dispensaries,	10	–	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	18	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Skull,	Dispensaries,	5	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	11	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Sligo,	Dispensaries,	22	4	H. Boyers.	24½	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Strabane,	Dispensaries,	21	8	James Hill,	6	E. Lapper.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Strauorlar,	Dispensaries,	8	2	Clarke and Co.,	17½	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Strokestown,	Dispensaries,	6	4	P. N. White,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Swineford,	Dispensaries,	20	6*	Do.,	7½	Sir C. Cameron and C.R.C Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Thomastown,	Dispensaries,	12	2	Hunt and Co.,	15	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Thurles,	Dispensaries,	15	–	Apothecaries' Hall,	16	D. J. O'Mahony.
	Workhouse,	5	–			
Tipperary,	Dispensaries,	14	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	16	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	–	–			
Tobercurry,	Dispensaries,	7	–	H. Boyers,	3½	Do.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Tralee,	Dispensaries,	16	–	Boileau and Boyd, (Ltd.)	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Trim,	Dispensaries,	11	4	Thacker and Hoffe, (Ltd.)	12½	Do.
	Workhouse,	8	–			
Tuam,	Dispensaries,	14	6	Clarke and Co., Dublin,	25	Do.
	Workhouse.	2	–			
Tulla,	Dispensaries,	12	2	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	23½	Do.
	Workhouse,	4	–			
Tullamore,	Dispensaries,	4	–	Apothecaries' Hall,	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Urlingford,	Dispensaries,	4	–	Hunt and Co.	17½	Do.
	Workhouse,	2	–			
Waterford,	Dispensaries,	14	1	Apothecaries' Hall.	20	Do.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
Westport,	Dispensaries,	20	–	P. N. White.	17½	R. Barklie.
	Workhouse,	4	1			
Wexford,	Dispensaries,	22	–	Clarke and Co., Dublin.	22½	Sir C. Cameron and C.R.C. Tichborne.
	Workhouse,	1	–			
Youghal,	Dispensaries,	8	1	Cork Chemical and Drug Co. (Ltd.)	23	Sir C. Cameron.
	Workhouse,	3	–			
	Total,	2,537†	313		—	—

SUMMARY.

—	Number of Certificates.
DISPENSARIES,	2,112
WORKHOUSES,	425
	2,537

* Contract terminated. † 7,918 Samples of drugs were dealt with in these certificates.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Enclosure (2).

TABLE II.

Contract Rates of Discount for Year 1901–2. Average 17 per cent.

Rates of Discount.	Number of Contracts.	Rates of Discount.	Number of Contracts.
2½ per cent.,	2	18 per cent.,	11
3½ "	1	18¾ "	3
5 "	3	19½ "	1
6 "	1	20 "	16
7½ "	4	20½ "	1
10 "	10	21 "	2
11 "	1	21½ "	2
12½ "	10	22½ "	8
13 "	3	23 "	10
15 "	14	23½ "	1
15½ "	11	25 "	4
15¾ "	1	26 "	4
16 "	4	27½ "	1
16½ "	2	35 "	2
17½ "	26	Total,	159

Enclosure (3).

TABLE III.

Showing the number of Unions supplied by each Contractor for Year 1901–2, with number of Samples reported as below standard.

Contractors' Names.	Number of Unions Supplied.	Samples below Standard.
Adamson and Co., Ballina,	2	1
Apothecaries' Hall Co., Dublin,	18	36
Armstrong, R., Cootehill,	1	–
*Boileau and Boyd (Limited), Dublin,	17	29
*Bonner, Henderson and Co., Ballymena,	1	8
Bourke, W., Roscrea,	1	3
Boyers, H., Sligo,	7	9
Broderick, J., Fermoy,	1	3
Clarke and Co., Dublin and Belfast,	14	29
Connor and Son, Newry,	1	4
Cork Chemical and Drug Company (Limited),	23	33
English, Mrs., Mullingar,	1	1
Goldon and Co., Birr,	2	4
Hill, J., Strabane,	1	8
*Hinchy, W., Cork,	1	8
*Hunt and Co., Dublin,	11	35
P. A. Leslie and Co. (Limited), Dublin,	21	13
M'Master, Hodgson and Co., Dublin,	1	1
M'Grath, D. J., Athy,	2	3
*Nethery, J., Dungannon,	5	13
*Seymour and Co., Ennis,	3	6
Thacker and Hoffe (Limited), Dublin,	12	39
Ryan, Mrs., Castlebar,	1	4
*†White, P. N., Sligo,	7	23
	159	313‡

* Contractors thus marked have been warned once during the year.
† Has been deprived of contract in Swineford Union.
‡ Many of these samples were only defective in a very slight degree.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

PROVISIONAL ORDERS.

(iv., iiii.) The following Provisional Orders (A, B, C, D,) were made during the year 1901-1902:—

A.—UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACTS, 1878 TO 1900.

Place.	Date.	Purpose.
Boyle No. 1 Rural District.	23rd April, 1901.	Empowering the Boyle No. 1 Rural District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of providing a water supply for the town of Boyle.
Croom Rural District and Limerick No. 1 Rural District.	9th May, 1901.	Forming certain townlands in the Croom Rural District and the Limerick No. 1 Rural District into a united district for the purpose of making and maintaining main sewers, and carrying into effect and maintaining a system of sewerage and drainage for sanitary purposes of the united district.
Fermoy Rural District.	25th April, 1901.	Empowering the Fermoy Rural District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of providing a water supply for the village of Glanworth.
Kilkenny Urban District.	27th April, 1901.	Empowering the Kilkenny Urban District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of providing receptacles for the temporary deposit of dust, ashes, and rubbish.
Londonderry County Borough.	23rd April, 1901.	Empowering the Corporation of Londonderry to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of widening, enlarging, or otherwise improving certain streets in the city.
Londonderry County Borough.	8th May, 1901.	Constituting the Corporation of Londonderry the Port Sanitary Authority for part of the Port of Londonderry.
Mountmellick No. 1 Rural District.	25th April, 1901.	Empowering the Mountmellick No. 1 Rural District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of providing a new burial ground for the town of Mountmellick.
Roscommon Rural District.	23rd April, 1901.	Empowering the Roscommon Rural District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of providing a water supply for the town of Roscommon.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

B.—Housing of the Working Classes (Ireland) Acts, 1890 to 1896.

Place.	Date.	Purpose.
Cashel Urban District,	25th April, 1901,	Empowering the Cashel Urban District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of erecting working class lodging houses under Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.
Dublin County Borough.	7th May, 1901,	Empowering the Corporation of Dublin to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of erecting working class lodging houses, under Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.
Omagh Urban District,	30th April, 1901,	Empowering the Omagh Urban District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of erecting working class lodging houses under Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.
Strabane Urban District.	27th April, 1901,	Empowering the Strabane Urban District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of erecting working class lodging houses under Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890.

C.—Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1901.

Place.	Date.	Purpose.
Carrick-on-Suir Urban District,	3rd February, 1902.	Empowering the Carrick-on-Suir Urban District Council to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of acquiring a quarry.
Fermanagh County and Enniskillen Urban District.	7th May, 1901, .	Altering the financial relations between the County of Fermanagh and the Urban District of Enniskillen.
Kerry County and Tralee Urban District.	6th May, 1901, .	Altering the financial relations between the County of Kerry and the Urban District of Tralee.
Kerry County, .	4th June, 1901. .	Empowering the County Council of Kerry to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of providing a recreation ground for the female patients of the Killarney District Lunatic Asylum.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

C.—LOCAL GOVERNMENT (IRELAND) ACTS, 1898 TO 1901—*continued.*

Place.	Date.	Purpose.
Louth County and Dundalk Urban District.	6th May, 1901, .	Altering the financial relations between the County of Louth and the Urban District of Dundalk.
Sligo County and Sligo Urban District.	6th May, 1901, .	Altering the financial relations between the County of Sligo and the Urban District of Sligo.
Waterford County, .	25th April, 1901,	Empowering the County Council of Waterford to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required for the purpose of making a new road.
——	8th May, 1901, .	Annulling and varying certain provisions of the Local Government (Procedure of Councils) Order, 1899.

D.—UNDER THE IRISH EDUCATION ACTS, 1892 AND 1893.

Place.	Date.	Purpose.
Armagh Union, .	14th Feb., 1902,	Empowering Trustees appointed under Sec. 17 of the Irish Education Act, 1892, to put in force the powers of the Lands Clauses Acts with respect to the purchase and taking, otherwise than by agreement, of lands required as a site for a Schoolhouse and Teacher's Residence at Ballymacauley, in the Poor Law Union of Armagh.

BYE-LAWS.

(v.) The following is a List of Bye-Laws confirmed by Us during the year 1901–1902:—

Place.	Purpose.
Bangor Urban District, .	Fixing Fine payable for non-acceptance of Office.
Belfast County Borough, .	Requiring use of Lights on Vehicles within the City.
Do., . . .	Management, use, and regulation of the Men's Lodging House, Lower Regent-street.
Carrick-on-Suir Urban District.	I. Cleansing of Footways and Pavements adjoining any Premises, Removal of House Refuse, Cleansing of Privies and Ashpits. II. Nuisances arising from Snow, Filth, Dust, Ashes, and Rubbish, for the Regulation of the Keeping of Animals on any premises as to be injurious to health. III. Common Lodging Houses. IV. Slaughter Houses.
Dublin County Borough, .	Regulating Use and Speed of Bicycles, Tricycles, Velocipedes, and other similar Machines in the Streets and Roads within the County Borough of Dublin.
Do., . . .	I. New Streets and Sewerage thereof. II. New Buildings.
Do., . . .	Theatres, Houses, or Places of Public Resort, Built or to be Built or Adapted for Public Purposes.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

BYE-LAWS—*continued.*

Place.	Purpose.
Dungannon Urban District, .	I. Cleansing of Footways and Pavements, Removal of House Refuse, the Cleansing of Earth Closets, Privies and Ashpits. II. Nuisances arising from Snow, Filth, Dust, Ashes, and Rubbish, and for the prevention of the keeping of animals on any premises as to be injurious to health. III. New Streets and Buildings. IV. Common Lodging Houses.
Kilkenny County Council, .	Locomotives propelled by Steam, or by other than animal power, in the Administrative County of Kilkenny, excepting the Urban Sanitary District of Kilkenny.
Killiney and Ballybrack Urban District Council.	Pleasure Ground or Recreation Ground at Victoria Hill, Killiney.
Kinsale Urban District, .	Fixing Fine payable for non-acceptance of Office.
Larne Rural District, . .	Regulation of the Water Supply to the Districts of Carnlough, Glenarm, and Greenisland.
Do., . . .	Common Lodging Houses.
Limavady Urban District, .	I. Nuisances arising from Snow, Filth, Dust, Ashes, or Rubbish, and for the prevention of the keeping of animals on any premises as to be injurious to health. II. Cleansing of Footways and Pavements, Removal of House Refuse, Cleansing of Earth Closets, Privies, Ashpits and Cesspools. III. Common Lodging Houses. IV. Slaughter Houses. V. Water Supply. VI. New Streets. VII. New Buildings. VIII. Closing of Buildings unfit for human habitation.
Limerick County Borough, .	I. Cleansing of Footways adjoining any Premises, and Removal of Refuse, Cleansing of Privies, Ashpits, and Cesspools. II. Nuisances arising from Snow, Filth, Dust, Ashes, and Rubbish, and Regulations as to keeping of Animals, and for the prevention of such keeping as to be injurious to health. III. Common Lodging Houses. IV. New Buildings. V. Slaughter Houses. VI. Houses let in Lodgings (other than Common Lodging Houses).
Louth County Council, .	Use of Locomotives.
Lurgan Urban District. .	Fixing Fine payable for non-acceptance of Office.
Naas Urban District, . .	I. Nuisances arising from Snow, Filth, Dust, Ashes, and Rubbish, and for the prevention of the keeping of Animals on any premises as to be injurious to health. II. New Streets and Buildings. III. Slaughter Houses.
Naas, No. 1, Rural District, .	New Buildings.
Navan Urban District, .	Water Supply.
Nenagh Urban District, .	I. Cleansing of Footways and Pavements adjoining any Premises, and Removal of House Refuse, and the cleansing of Privies and Ashpits. II. Nuisances arising from Filth, Dust, Ashes, and Rubbish, and Regulations as to keeping of Animals, and for the prevention of such keeping as to be injurious to health. III. Common Lodging Houses. IV. New Buildings. V. Slaughter Houses. VI. Houses let in Lodgings (other than Common Lodging Houses).
Newcastle Rural District, .	Common Lodging Houses.
Strabane Urban District, .	Common Lodging Houses.
Youghal Urban District, .	Hackney Carriages.
Do., . . .	Public Bathing.
Callan Town, . . .	Tolls—Fowl Market.
	SCALE OF CHARGES.
Belfast Rural District, .	Mallusk Cemetery.
Clonmel Borough, . .	St. Patrick's Cemetery.
Holywood Urban District, .	Holywood Cemetery.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(vi.) *Loans sanctioned in the Year ended* 31*st of March*, 1902,

A.—Under the PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS, the HOUSING of the WORKING CLASSES ACTS, the SMALL DWELLINGS ACQUISITION ACT, 1899, the PUBLIC LIBRARIES (IRELAND) ACT, 1877, and LOCAL ACTS.

Name of Sanitary District or Town.	Amount of Loan.	Purpose for which obtained.	Date of Sanction.
	£		
Antrim Rural District,	160	Small Dwellings Acquisition Act, 1899.	19th November, 1901.
Belfast County Borough	90,822	Electric Lighting, . .	14th June, 1901.
Blackrock Urban District.	175	Sewerage Works, Seapoint-avenue.	6th January, 1902.
Do. do., .	180	Sewerage Works, Sydney, Hanley's, and Sweetman's avenues.	6th January, 1902.
Do. do., .	310	Purchase of Martello Tower for Recreation Ground.	6th January, 1902.
Do. do., .	100	Purchase of Fire Escape, .	6th January, 1902.
Bray Urban District, .	4,000	Widening of Florence-road and Provisional Order Costs	26th October, 1901.
Carrickfergus Urban District.	2,500	Burial Ground, . .	23rd August, 1901.
Carlow Urban District,	5,300	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	25th March, 1902.
Clifden Rural District,	500	Roundstone Water Supply,	16th April, 1901.
Clones Urban District,	3,600	Sewerage Works, . .	25th April, 1901.
Coleraine Urban District.	2,250	Improving Town Hall, .	13th April, 1901.
Cork County Borough,	750	New Road and Bridge, .	28th August, 1901.
Do. do., .	5,100	Sewerage Works, . .	28th August, 1901.
Do. do., .	110	Urinal, . . .	28th August, 1901.
Dalkey Urban District,	2,000	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	9th October, 1901.
Do. do., .	2,750	Concreting and Kerbing Footpaths.	9th October, 1901.
Dublin County Borough.	1,250	Site for Public Library. Lower Kevin-street.	15th February, 1902.
Do. do., .	4,310	Electric Lighting, . .	3rd May, 1901.
Do. do., .	520	Weigh-houses, Kevin-street and Smithfield.	25th June, 1901.
Do. do., .	2,300	Improvement Works at Abattoir.	25th June, 1901.
Do. do., .	4,000	Water Supply in Added Areas.	25th June, 1901.
Do. do. .	900	Small Dwellings Acquisition Act, 1899.	21st September, 1901.
Dublin North Rural District.	100	Enclosing Mulhuddart Burial Ground.	3rd October, 1901.
Dundalk Urban District.	800	Sewerage Works, . .	18th December, 1901.
Ennis Urban District, .	2,650	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	22nd October, 1901.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

A.—Under the PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS, the HOUSING of the WORKING CLASSES ACTS, the SMALL DWELLINGS ACQUISITION ACT, 1899, the PUBLIC LIBRARIES (IRELAND) ACT, 1877, and LOCAL ACTS—*con.*

Name of Sanitary District or Town.	Amount of Loan.	Purpose for which obtained.	Date of Sanction.
	£		
Enniscorthy Urban District.	2,350	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	5th March, 1902.
Do. do., .	350	Stables and Caretakers' Houses.	5th March, 1902.
Galway Urban District,	732	Steam Road Roller, &c., .	23rd November, 1901.
Do. do., .	160	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	18th June, 1901.
Gort Rural District,	400	Lighting of Gort, . .	2nd August, 1901.
Kilkenny Urban District.	500	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	4th October, 1901.
Killadysert Rural District.	100	Erection of a Pump at Killadysert.	17th December, 1901.
Killarney Rural District.	100	Erection of a Pump at Muingaphnea.	19th November, 1901.
Larne Urban District, .	3,000	Burial Ground, . .	23rd September, 1901.
Do. do., .	1,000	Footpaths, . . .	24th August, 1901.
Do. do., .	135	Do., . . .	24th August, 1901.
Letterkenny Urban District.	120	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	31st December, 1901.
Limerick County Borough.	3,000	Do. do., .	6th August, 1901.
Do. do., .	700	Paving Works, . .	6th August, 1901.
Do. do., .	530	Steam Road Roller, . .	6th August, 1901.
Listowel No. 1 Rural District.	675	Tarbert Water Supply, .	2nd September, 1901.
Listowel Urban District.	330	Footpaths, . . .	19th November, 1901.
Do. do., .	120	Water Mains, . .	19th November, 1901.
Londonderry County Borough.	1,400	Observation and Isolation Cottages and Disinfecting Apparatus.	1st April, 1901.
Do. do., .	2,075	Electric Lighting Stores, &c.	4th April, 1901.
Do. do., .	2,393	Granolithic Paving, .	22nd June, 1901.
Longford Rural District,	£1,222 8*s.*	Small Dwellings Acquisition Act, 1899.	7th October, 1901.
Lurgan Urban District,	450	Sewerage Works, .	5th December, 1901.
Macroom Urban District.	1,000	Town Hall, . . .	17th December, 1901.
Manorhamilton Rural District.	530	Manorhamilton Water Supply.	29th November, 1901.
Milford Rural District,	1,500	Water Supply and Sewerage Works, Milford.	20th March, 1902.
Monaghan Urban District.	8,000	Water Supply, . .	9th July, 1901.
Naas No. 1 Rural District.	2,100	Sewerage Works, Kildare,	22nd April, 1901.
Navan Urban District,	500	Footpaths and Improvement of Roads.	18th April, 1901.
Do. do., .	3,500	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	10th August, 1901.

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

A.—Under the PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS, the HOUSING of the WORKING CLASSES ACTS, the SMALL DWELLINGS ACQUISITION ACT, 1899, the PUBLIC LIBRARIES (IRELAND) ACT, 1877, and LOCAL ACTS—*con.*

Name of Sanitary District or Town.	Amount of Loan.	Purpose for which obtained.	Date of Sanction.
	£		
Newbridge Town, .	3,000	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	10th June, 1901.
New Ross Urban District.	1,000	Sewerage Works, . .	17th June, 1901.
Omagh Urban District,	4,000	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	13th January, 1902.
Pembroke Urban District.	6,500	Electric Lighting, . .	24th February, 1902.
Do. do., .	8,000	Widening and Improving Ball's Bridge, Pembroke Urban District Council Act, 1901.	24th February, 1902.
Queenstown Urban District.	10,000	Water Supply and extension thereof to Haulbowline Island.	8th June, 1901.
Rathdown No. 2 Rural District.	400	Extension of Killegar Burial Ground.	25th June, 1901.
Rathdrum Rural District.	100	Erection of a Pump at Knockroe.	23rd May, 1901.
Rathmines and Pembroke Joint Hospital District.	3,500	Site for Infections Diseases Hospital.	19th April, 1901. 30th April, 1901.
Skibbereen Rural District.	700	Water Supply, Castletownshend.	7th June, 1901.
Strabane Urban District.	450	Purchase of Field for use as a Quarry.	19th September, 1901.
Tanderagee Urban District.	250	Concreting Footpaths, .	10th June, 1901.
Templemore Urban District.	200	Footpaths, Flagging of, .	16th July, 1901.
Tipperary Urban District.	400	Water Supply, . .	17th December, 1901.
Tralee Urban District,	1,700	Erection of Working Class Lodging-houses.	16th July, 1901.
Do. do., .	715	Do. do., .	22nd June, 1901.
Tuam Rural District, .	70	Erection of a Pump at Monivea.	14th February, 1902.
Tullamore Urban District.	2,250	Working Class Lodging-houses.	15th October, 1901.
Waterford County Borough.	1,014	Do. do., Site, Purchase of.	19th November, 1901.
Waterford No. 1 Rural District.	450	Sewerage works, Dunmore East.	31st July, 1901.

The amount of the loans included in the foregoing list is £221,218 8*s.*, which, added to the sums previously sanctioned constitutes a total of £5,244,919 4*s.* 2*d.* sanctioned under the statutes named above for the twenty-seven years ended the 31st of March, 1902.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

B.—Workhouse Loans.

Union.	Amount.	Purpose.	Date of Sanction.
	£ s. d.		
Athlone, . . .	490 0 0	Extending Hospital and providing heating apparatus.	5th September, 1901
Bailieborough, . .	244 0 0	Improvements at Infirmary.	11th May, 1901.
Ballycastle, . .	150 0 0	Improving Fever Hospital closet- and drainage.	2nd August, 1901.
Ballymahon, . .	300 0 0	Improving and enlarging Fever Hospital.	3rd October, 1901.
Do., . . .	60 0 0	Erecting Disinfecting Chamber.	21st October, 1901.
Do., . . .	40 0 0	Completing alterations in Buildings at Workhouse.	12th March, 1902.
Belfast, . . .	5,000 0 0	Extending Infirmary Buildings.	14th June. 1901.
Do., . . .	12,000 0 0	Providing accommodation for Nurses at Workhouse.	29th June, 1901.
Do., . . .	2,000 0 0	Building a Reading-room, Dining-room, and Scullery.	2nd August, 1901.
Do., . . .	1,000 0 0	Bathrooms, water-closets, and lavatories at Fever Hospital.	22nd October, 1901.
Do., . . .	1,800 0 0	Erection of new Laundry,	11th November, 1901.
Do., . . .	700 0 0	Equipment of Laundry, .	11th November, 1901.
Do., . . .	500 0 0	Alterations at main Infirmary Buildings.	1st February, 1902.
Do., . .	700 0 0	Providing Heating Apparatus at Fever Hospital.	7th February, 1902.
Croom, . . .	200 0 0	Hydraulic Ram in connection with Water Supply.	31st December, 1901.
Droghoda, . .	565 14 0	Fever Hospital improvements	15th August, 1901.
Dublin, South, . .	6,000 0 0	Purchase of land at Pelletstown for accommodation of children at Workhouse.	20th June, 1901.
Do., . . .	3,500 0 0	Enlargement of Nuns' Residence.	7th October, 1901.
Dundalk, . .	1,000 0 0	Improving and enlarging Fever Hospital.	11th September, 1901.
Kilrush, . . .	150 0 0	Structural improvements at Workhouse.	20th May, 1901.
Lisburn, . . .	500 0 0	Conversion of Cholera Hospital into Infectious Diseases Hospital.	27th September, 1901
Lurgan, . . .	375 0 0	Purchasing and erecting Disinfecting Chamber.	15th February, 1902.
Mount Bellew, . .	1,300 0 0	Alterations in Buildings at Workhouse.	3rd July, 1901.
Mountmelick, . .	800 0 0	Alterations in existing Buildings and making sanitary improvements.	3rd May, 1901.
Mullingar, . .	1,300 0 0	Hospital accommodation, Boiler, &c.	30th January, 1902.
Navan, . . .	813 0 0	Improvement of the Drainage, Water Supply, Laundry and Infirmary.	20th May, 1901.
New Ross, . .	460 0 0	Erecting Kitchen and Operating Room and supplying furniture and requisites.	25th October, 1901.
Rathdown, . .	4,500 0 0	Chapel and Residence for Nuns employed as Nurses at Workhouse.	20th April, 1901.
Scariff, . . .	350 0 0	Conversion of certain buildings at Workhouse into Fever Hospital.	15th June, 1901.
Tuam, . . .	168 0 0	Cooking apparatus, kitchen repairs, &c.	0th February, 1902.
Do., . . .	153 0 0	Enlargement of Board-room, Infirm Ward improvements, and purchase of Ambulance.	4th March, 1902

The amount of the loans in the above list is £47,033 14*s.* 6*d.*, which, added to the sums previously sanctioned, constitutes a total of £99,359 14*s.* 6*d.* sanctioned under Section 61 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

C.—Loans under the Labourers Acts.

Rural District.	Amount of Loan.		
	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	2,100	0	0
Ardee No. 1,	3,212	0	0
Ardee No. 2,	2,601	0	0
Ballinamore	1,620	0	0
Ballycastle,	2,345	0	0
Ballymoney,	3,790	0	0
Ballyshannon No. 1,	1,900	0	0
Balrothery,	12,850	0	0
Baltinglass No. 2,	4,250	0	0
Birr No. 1,	1,150	0	0
Borrisokane,	900	0	0
Callan No. 1,	4,800	0	0
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2,	1,890	0	0
Castleblayney No. 1,	180	0	0
Charleville,	5,355	0	0
Clonakilty	7,080	0	0
Clones No. 1,	1,925	0	0
Clones No. 2,	1,980	0	0
Coleraine,	10,300	0	0
Cork,	23,940	0	0
Croom,	6,170	0	0
Dublin, North,	11,730	0	0
Dublin, South,	1,725	0	0
Enniscorthy,	14,400	0	0
Fermoy,	23,000	0	0
Kells,	11,500	0	0
Kilbeggan,	500	0	0
Kilmallock No. 1,	27,400	0	0
Kinsale,	14,500	0	0
Letterkenny,	2,000	0	0
Limavady,	800	0	0
Limerick No. 1,	6,770	0	0
Limerick No. 2,	1,380	0	0

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

LOANS under the LABOURERS ACTS—*continued.*

Rural District.	Amount of Loan.		
	£	s.	d.
Lisburn	550	0	0
Lisnaskea, . . .	1,958	0	0
Listowel No. 1, . . .	15,190	0	0
Louth, ...	1,761	0	0
Mallow, ...	19,500	0	0
Meath, ...	2,456	0	0
Mohill, ...	2,650	0	0
Mountmelick No. 1, . .	1,418	0	0
Mountmelick No. 2, . .	147	0	0
Mullingar, . . .	4,625	0	0
Naas No. 1, . .	3,450	0	0
Oldcastle No. 1, . .	440	0	0
Omagh, ...	18,200	0	0
Rathdown No. 1, . . .	4,750	0	0
Rathdown No. 2, . . .	1,000	0	0
Rathdrum, . . .	7,000	0	0
Roscommon, . . .	5,000	0	0
Roscrea No. 2, . . .	1,060	0	0
Roscrea No. 3, . . .	2,570	0	0
Strabane No. 1, . . .	2,590	0	0
Strabane No. 2, . . .	3,835	0	0
Stranorlar, . . .	2,500	0	0
Strokestown, . . .	4,420	0	0
Thomastown, . . .	3,850	0	0
Trim, . . .	17,465	0	0
Tullamore, . . .	4,000	0	0
Youghal No. 1, . . .	4,620	0	0
Youghal No. 2, . . .	5,700	0	0
Total, . . .	358,748	0	0

The addition of this sum to that given at page 104 of the Appendix to our last Annual Report makes the total Loans sanctioned for the purposes of the Labourers Acts £2,410,122 4*s.* 2*d.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

D.—Loans to County Councils and Joint Committees of Lunatic Asylums.

County or Joint Committee.	Amount of Loan.			Purpose for which obtained.	Date of Sanction.
	£	s.	d.		
Antrim,	6,000	0	0	Buildings at Holywell Asylum.	6th June, 1901.
Do.,	650	0	0	Heating Buildings at Holywell Asylum.	24th July, 1901.
Cork (Joint Committee Cork Corporation and Cork County Council).	20,000	0	0	Auxiliary Asylum at Youghal.	23rd May, 1901.
Donegal,	3,600	0	0	Additional Lands, Letterkenny Asylum.	30th November, 1901.
Down,	8,000	0	0	Reconstruction of Newcastle Harbour.	23rd April, 1901.
Dublin (Joint Committee Richmond District Lunatic Asylum).	30,000	0	0	Workshops, General Baths, Heating, Drainage, Plumbing, Boilers and Laundry Machinery at Portrane Asylum.	22nd July, 1901.
Do.,	21,000	0	0	General and Church Furniture and an internal Telephone Service at Portrane Asylum.	8th October, 1901.
Do.,	3,000	0	0	Alterations and additions at Richmond Asylum.	8th October, 1901.
Galway (Joint Committee Galway and Roscommon County Councils).	5,500	0	0	New Hospital Block, Ballinasloe Asylum.	1st August, 1901.
Galway,	380	0	0	Footpaths, Athenry,	1st August, 1901.
Do.,	500	0	0	Repair of Ard West Pier,	23rd August, 1901.
Do.,	362	8	0	New Road,	23rd October, 1901.
Kerry,	3,000	0	0	Rebuilding Cashen Ferry Bridge.	22nd October, 1901.
Do.,	180	0	0	Repairing Gortdarrig Bridge.	9th January, 1902.
Do.,	300	0	0	Bridge at Fogheramore,	7th January, 1902.
Do.,	95	0	0	Cart Passage at Glashabeg,	7th January, 1902.
Do.,	270	0	0	Branch Road,	7th January, 1902.
Do.,	600	0	0	Bridge at Bunglasha,	12th March, 1902.
Limerick,	900	0	0	Beagh Castle Quay,	28th January, 1902.
Mayo,	1,475	0	0	Purchase of Land, Castlebar Asylum.	16th September, 1901.
Sligo (Joint Committee Sligo and Leitrim County Councils).	800	0	0	Protestant Chapel at Asylum.	18th June, 1901.
Do.,	4,500	0	0	Additions and alterations at Asylum.	20th July, 1901.
Tipperary (South Riding).	1,531	18	0	Remaking Main Roads in Clonmel No. 1 Rural District.	11th March, 1902.
Wexford,	370	0	0	Purchase of Land, Enniscorthy Asylum.	19th July, 1901.
Do.,	1,500	0	0	Alterations at Enniscorthy Asylum.	27th August, 1901.

The amount of the loans included in the foregoing list is £114,514 6*s*., which, added to the sums previously sanctioned, constitutes a total of £196,739 6*s* sanctioned under Section 60 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, and Article 22 of the Schedule to the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

V.—Tabular Statements.

No. 1.—Table showing for the year ended the 25th of March, 1902, an account of the Fee Fund constituted in connection with the audit of County Treasurers', &c., Accounts, pursuant to Article XXVI. of the Schedule to the Order in Council of the 21st of June, 1878.

RECEIPTS	£	s.	d.	EXPENDITURE.	£	s.	d.
Balance on last account,	271	17	9	Superannuation allowance (Sec. 122 (2), of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898),	133	6	6
Interest on £14,000, being the total amount invested in 2¾ per cent. annuity,	369	6	6	Balance in favour in Bank of Ireland on the 25th of March, 1902,	507	17	7
Total,	£641	4	3	Total,	£641	4	3

Note.—The investment of the accumulations of the Fee Fund, as shown in the above Table, has been made under the authority of an Order in Council dated the 13th of December, 1879.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—PROBATE DUTIES (SCOTLAND AND IRELAND) ACT, 1888.

(A.) Schedule of sums paid on behalf of the Boards of Guardians of Unions in Ireland in respect of the Probate (now Estate) Duty Grant, during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

Union.	Amount. £	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	771	18	9
Antrim,	833	5	2
Ardee,	795	18	2
Armagh,	963	5	10
Athlone,	763	19	2
Athy,	1,029	0	8
Bailieborough,	373	13	10
Ballina,	544	13	5
Ballinasloe,	775	11	6
Ballinrobe,	620	17	1
Ballycastle,	438	1	11
Ballymahon,	822	9	2
Ballymena,	1,008	4	9
Ballymoney,	654	9	11
Ballysbannon,	446	3	9
Ballyvaghan,	245	8	8
Balrothery,	1,006	16	3
Baltinglass,	675	4	6
Banbridge,	776	13	7
Bandon,	663	7	11
Bantry,	404	9	1
Bawnboy,	311	3	0
Belfast,	4,060	2	9
Belmullet,	450	16	10
Birr,	811	0	10
Borrisokane,	385	11	11
Boyle,	789	0	0
Cahersiveen,	561	14	2
Callan,	694	7	0
Carlow,	1,194	8	9
Carrickmacross,	442	5	2
Carrick-on-Shannon,	514	13	11
Carrick-on-Suir,	743	10	5
Cashel,	895	15	9
Castlebar,	486	14	7
Castleblayney,	590	0	0
Castleeomer,	612	4	11
Castlederg,	305	3	4
Castlerea,	589	15	5
Castletown,	374	16	2
Cavan,	726	18	3
Celbridge,	719	9	9
Claremorris,	472	10	11
Clifden,	559	0	0
Clogheen,	576	0	1
Clogher,	394	1	7
Clonakilty,	433	13	0
Clones,	438	8	1
Clonmel,	1,009	3	11
Coleraine,	584	12	5
Cookstown,	593	16	8
Cootehill,	466	17	10
Cork,	4,004	3	2
Corrofin,	273	14	2
Croom,	674	15	8
Delvin,	428	17	8
Dingle,	647	8	7
Donegal,	469	8	3
Downpatrick,	849	2	7
Drogheda,	981	1	10
Dromore West,	402	15	6
Dublin, North,	4,125	2	1
Dublin, South,	5,783	3	9
Dundalk,	856	8	8
Dunfanaghy,	301	13	6
Dungannon,	628	4	1
Dungarvan,	779	7	0
Dunmanway,	495	14	8
Dunshaughlin,	611	9	7
Edenderry,	766	9	11
Ennis,	858	4	9
Enniscorthy,	714	2	5
Enniskillen,	834	8	2
Ennistymon,	459	13	5
Fermoy,	880	12	7
Galway,	1,010	16	1
Glennamaddy,	361	2	0
Glenties,	554	0	3
Gorey,	478	18	9
Gort,	503	6	10
Granard,	541	17	7
Inishowen,	578	4	4
Irvinestown,	460	19	8
Kanturk,	892	15	10

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Union.	Amount. £	s.	d.
Kells,	777	10	6
Kenmare,	546	0	1
Kilkeel,	429	16	8
Kilkenny,	1,164	6	6
Killadysert,	312	13	4
Killala,	322	11	7
Killarney,	972	3	3
Kilmacthomas,	470	5	0
Kilmallock,	1,615	1	0
Kilrush,	643	12	6
Kinsale,	642	12	4
Larne,	691	13	1
Letterkenny,	429	11	5
Limavady,	556	13	0
Limerick,	2,147	18	4
Lisburn,	781	13	5
Lismore,	627	1	6
Lisnaskea,	475	13	7
Listowel,	786	7	5
Londonderry,	1,014	13	11
Longford,	341	14	6
Loughrea,	487	0	8
Lurgan,	1,020	2	3
Macroom,	787	18	5
Magherafelt,	604	13	2
Mallow,	1,025	8	3
Manorhamilton,	381	13	10
Midleton,	878	10	8
Milford,	588	4	0
Millstreet,	464	13	9
Mitchelstown,	489	10	3
Mohill,	443	12	7
Monaghan,	678	0	2
Mountbellew,	387	4	2
Mountmelick,	981	17	0
Mullingar,	1,012	5	2
Naas,	1,262	14	4
Navan,	712	3	3
Nenagh,	858	2	4
Newcastle,	663	0	11
New Ross,	807	10	9
Newry,	1,218	14	9
Newtownards,	782	19	1
Oldcastle,	613	16	10
Omagh,	894	13	8
Oughterard,	435	6	11
Portumna,	339	16	3
Rathdown,	1,732	15	2
Rathdrum,	851	9	3
Rathkeale,	864	12	0
Roscommon,	583	3	7
Roscrea,	827	7	10
Scariff,	439	10	8
Shillelagh,	296	10	8
Skibbereen,	766	17	2
Skull,	315	8	9
Sligo,	1,021	18	1
Strabane,	766	19	4
Stranorlar,	462	14	2
Strokestown,	434	14	9
Swineford,	680	8	10
Thomastown,	577	4	1
Thurles,	903	3	6
Tipperary,	967	0	2
Tobercurry,	469	14	0
Tralee,	929	15	10
Trim,	742	15	9
Tuam,	708	17	4
Tulla,	417	7	7
Tullamore,	693	9	4
Urlingford,	464	11	8
Waterford,	1,581	12	0
Westport,	847	8	1
Wexford,	633	7	11
Youghal,	739	2	1
Total, 159 Unions,	£123,348	13	2

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(B.) SCHEDULE OF SUMS paid to Road Authorities in Ireland in respect of the Probate (now Estate) Duty Grant during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

Road Authorities.	Amount.		
	£	s.	d.
Councils of Thirty-three Administrative Counties:—			
Antrim,	6,841	12	0
Armagh,	2,936	16	6
Carlow,	1,225	15	6
Cavan,	1,483	10	1
Clare,	3,530	10	7
Cork,	9,308	19	1
Donegal,	3,764	2	10
Down,	5,608	18	4
Dublin,	4,738	15	9
Fermanagh,	2,132	11	1
Galway,	2,549	13	1
Kerry,	4,330	14	2
Kildare,	1,593	11	2
Kilkenny,	2,792	5	5
King's,	1,626	2	4
Leitrim,	813	9	11
Limerick,	4,094	16	5
Londonderry,	3,097	0	0
Longford,	444	6	0
Louth,	1,759	14	1
Mayo,	2,527	18	7
Meath,	2,387	0	3
Monaghan,	2,151	12	8
Queen's,	2,102	1	2
Roscommon,	2,098	19	9
Sligo,	1,782	9	3
Tipperary, North Riding,	2,182	2	7
Tipperary, South Riding,	2,707	13	7
Tyrone,	4,863	1	6
Waterford,	2,759	10	8
Westmeath,	1,537	8	6
Wexford,	2,162	7	9
Wicklow,	1,518	5	1
	£95,513	10	8

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Road Authorities.	Amount. £ s. d.
Councils of the Six County Boroughs:—	
Belfast,	6,699 7 3
Cork,	2,384 1 9
Dublin,	9,876 1 9
Limerick,	914 19 0
Londonderry,	756 12 5
Waterford,	360 2 10
	£20,991 5 0
Councils of Eighty-four Urban Districts:—	
Armagh,	78 6 0
Athlone,	53 11 3
Athy,	65 15 2
Ballina,	70 7 9
Ballinasloe,	64 15 7
Ballymena,	133 19 1
Ballymoney,	56 18 7
Banbridge,	104 17 3
Bangor,	83 14 7
Belturbet,	22 4 2
Birr,	55 4 8
Blackrock,	259 8 2
Bray,	139 2 2
Carlow,	102 0 3
Carrickfergus,	35 17 8
Carrickmacross,	13 17 7
Carrick-on-Suir,	60 4 10
Cashel,	18 2 8
Castlebar,	27 16 4
Castleblayney,	11 6 8
Cavan,	37 7 9
Clonakilty,	42 18 5
Clones,	7 4 7
Clonmel,	188 16 7
Coleraine,	53 0 4
Cookstown,	88 14 7
Cootehill,	10 17 0
Dalkey,	72 18 0
Drogheda,	180 10 7

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Road Authorities.	Amount. £	s.	d.
Councils of eighty-four Urban Districts—*continued*:			
Dromore,	19	18	3
Dundalk,	258	5	7
Dungannon,	81	9	6
Dungarvan,	48	16	8
Ennis,	92	4	9
Enniscorthy,	39	9	9
Enniskillen,	100	5	1
Fermoy,	52	10	8
Galway,	185	16	4
Granard,	6	12	5
Holywood,	92	19	3
Kells,	21	16	7
Kilkeany,	67	0	7
Killarney,	34	14	2
Killinsy and Ballybrack,	75	3	8
Kilrush,	34	15	9
Kingstown,	659	11	1
Kinsale,	47	9	7
Larne,	131	17	11
Letterkenny,	13	13	1
Limavady,	37	5	1
Lisburn,	125	16	4
Listowel	60	8	0
Longford,	43	14	6
Lurgan,	158	3	1
Macroom,	28	18	0
Midleton,	68	11	2
Monaghan,	87	16	7
Naas,	74	17	1
Navan,	52	19	6
Nenagh,	71	15	7
New Ross,	66	0	3
Newry,	292	17	9
Newtownards,	102	0	8
Omagh,	79	16	2
Pembroke,	586	9	8
Portadown,	158	15	4
Portrush,	21	6	10
Queenstown,	103	10	5
Rathmines and Rathgar,	658	4	10
Skibbereen,	39	18	5

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Road Authorities.	Amount £	s.	d.
Councils of Eighty-four Urban Districts—*continued*:			
Sligo,	188	1	8
Strabane,	164	12	2
Tanderagee,	23	2	2
Templemore,	31	12	8
Thurles,	55	12	7
Tipperary,	54	19	9
Tralee,	102	9	7
Trim,	39	8	8
Tullamore,	47	12	3
Warrenpoint,	76	8	10
Westport,	30	8	8
Wexford,	58	7	3
Wicklow,	82	17	8
Youghal,	112	1	2
	£8,091	9	3

SUMMARY.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Amount paid on behalf of Boards of Guardians to County and County Borough Councils,				123,348	13	2
" " to County Councils as Road Authorities,	95,513	10	8	124,596	4	11
" " to County Borough Councils as do.,	20,991	5	0			
" " to Urban District Councils as do.,	8,091	9	3			
Total.				£247,944	18	1

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

THE PURCHASE OF LAND (IRELAND) ACT, 1891, AND THE LAND LAW (IRELAND) ACT, 1896.

No. 3.—EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION OF £40,000 IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1901–1902.

Amount distributed to Six Municipal Boroughs, viz.—Belfast, £3,019 1s. 7d., Cork, £878 4s. 0d., Dublin, £1,466 3s. 7d.; Limerick, £146 2s. 1d.; Londonderry, £122 12s. 7d., Waterford, £57 5s. 1d., ... £3,188 8s. 11d.
Residue to be applied towards the cost of providing Labourers' Cottages, ... £35,811 11s. 1d.

SCHEDULE showing the Share of each Rural District in the residue of the "Exchequer Contribution" referred to in Section 5 (2) (b) of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891, and Section 39 of the Land Law (Ireland) Act, 1896, having regard to the Regulations made by the Lord Lieutenant on the 1st December, 1899, respecting the application of the said residue towards the cost of providing Labourers' Cottages under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts.

County.	Rural District situated in County	Share of County.	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (5th August, 1891)	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid in respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September, 1901	Share of each Rural District, having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5.	Distribution of Share. Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council.	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works.	Reserved	Observations.
1.	2	3.	4.	5	6.	7.	8.	9	10
		£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
ANTRIM,	Aghalee,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Antrim,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Ballycastle,	*9,954 3 2	3	—	—	—	—		Cost of cottages already paid off.
	Ballymena,	2,366 19 8	10	—	—	—	—		do.
	Ballymoney,	12,321 3 2	4	—	—	—	—	12,321 3 2	do.
	Belfast,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Larne,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Lisburn,		—	—	—	—	—		

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ARMAGH,	Armagh,		—	—	—	—	—			† Approximate indebtedness.
	Crossmaglen,	*2,991 12 7 1,074 0 0	9	3	5,065 19 7	3 3 3	†300 3 3	4,266 12 7		
	Lurgan,	5,065 12 7	—	—	—	—	—			
	Newry No. 2,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Tandragee,		—	—	—	—	—			
CARLOW,	Baltinglass No. 2,		56	316	177 3 3	177 3 3	—			
	Carlow,	470 7 3	75	493	276 3 3	276 3 3	—	—		
	Idrone,		3	30	16 16 3	16 12 3	—			
CAVAN,	Bailieborough,		61	291	265 12 1	265 13 1	—			
	Bawnboy		—	—	—	—	—			
	Cavan,		41	200	182 13 3	182 13 3	—			
	Cootehill No. 1,	708 3 7	3	33	30 2 10	30 2 10	—	—		
	Enniskillen No 2,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Granard No. 2,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Oldcastle No. 2,		28	246	224 14 0	224 14 3	—			
CLARE,	Ballyvaghan,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Corrofin,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Ennis,		56	378	487 13 3	378 0 3	109 16 3			
	Ennistymon,		23	151	194 16 3	151 3 0	43 13 2			
	Killadysert,	1,405 17 3	37	138	173 3 1	138 0 3	40 3 1	—		

* Reserved from previous years.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE showing the SHARE of each RURAL DISTRICT in the residue of the "EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION" for 1901–1902—*continued.*

COUNTY	Rural District situated in County	Share of County	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (5th August, 1891).	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid in respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September, 1901	Share of each Rural District having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5.	Distribution of Share. Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works	Reserved.	Observations.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
		£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
CLARE—*continued.*	Kilrush,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Limerick No. 2,		23	130	187 19 6	130 0 0	37 16 9		
	Scariff,		9	49	61 19 4	48 9 0	13 19 4		
	Tulla,		40	244	314 19 11	244 9 0	70 19 11		
CORK,	Bandon,		49	311	176 12 6	176 12 6	—		
	Bantry,		7	41	23 5 8	23 5 8	—		
	Castletown,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Charleville,		53	327	185 14 9	185 14 9	—		
	Clonakilty,		85	425	241 7 5	241 7 5	—		
	Cork,		190	935	531 0 4	531 0 4	—		
	Dunmanway,		118	524	297 11 11	297 11 11	—		

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

	Fermoy,	3,482 11 1	140	1,087	617 0 10	617 0 10	—	—	
	Kanturk,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Kinsale,		4	19	10 15 10	10 15 10	—		
	Macroom,		101	461	256 2 0	256 2 0	—		
	Mallow,		63	516	293 1 1	293 1 1	—		
	Midleton,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Millstreet,		10	69	39 3 0	39 3 0	—		
	Mitchelstown No. 1,		54	301	170 18 11	170 18 11	—		
	Skibbereen,		117	551	312 16 7	312 16 7	—		
	Skull,		21	112	63 16 2	63 16 2	—		
	Youghal No. 1,		95	463	262 19 1	262 19 1	—		
DONEGAL,	Ballyshannon No. 1,	*2,224 4 11	—	—	—	—	—	2,941 10 0	
	Donegal,	1,209 10 7	—	—	—	—	—		
	Dunfanaghy,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Glenties,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Inishowen,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Letterkenny,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Londonderry No. 2,	3,023 15 6	4	6	605 19 6	6 0 0	†117 0 0		† Approximate indebtedness.
	Milford,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Strabane No. 2,		10	10	2,295 1 2	15 0 0	†635 0 0		
	Stranorlar,		6	6	724 15 1	6 0 0	*Nil.		* Cost of cottages already paid off.

* Reserved from previous years.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE showing the SHARE of each RURAL DISTRICT in the residue of the "EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION" for 1901–1902—*continued.*

County.	Rural District situated in County.	Share of County.	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (5th August, 1891)	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid in respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September, 1901	Share of each Rural District, having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5.	Distribution of Share. Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council.	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works.	Reserved.	Observations.
1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7	8.	9.	10
		£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
DOWN, . . .	Banbridge,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Castlereagh, .		—	—	—	—	—		
	Downpatrick, .	*10,670 5 3	—	—	—	—	—		
	Hillsborough,	2,926 5 4	—	—	—	—	—		
	Kilkeel, . .	12,696 11 1	—	—	—	—	—	12,696 11 1	
	Moira, .		—	—	—	—	—		
	Newry No 1,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Newtownards, .		—	—	—	—	—		
DUBLIN, . .	Balrothery, . .		62	396	324 12 6	324 14 6	—		
	Celbridge No 2, .		24	139	113 16 8	113 16 8	—		
	Dublin, North, .	1,667 1 11	108	1,310	1,074 4 6	1,074 4 6	—	—	
	Dublin, South, .		24	121	99 4 5	99 4 5	—		
	Rathdown No. 1, .		6	67	54 18 10	54 18 10	—		

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

FERMANAGH,	Belcek,	*2,255 18 2 501 12 1 2,658 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	2,255 10 0	† Cost of cottages already paid off.
	Clones No. 2,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Enniskillen,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Irvinestown,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Lisnaskea,		12	175	3,083 10 3	173 0 0	† Nil.		
GALWAY,	Ballinasloe No. 1,	*4,273 4 7 1,046 16 6 5,319 1 1	0	—	—	—	—	5,310 1 1	do.
	Clifden,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Galway,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Glennamaddy,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Gort,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Loughrea,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Mount Bellew,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Oughterard,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Portumna,		1	—	—	—	—		do.
	Tuam,		—	—	—	—	—		
KERRY,	Cahersiveen,	1,756 14 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	do.
	Dingle,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Kenmare,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Killarney,		57	201	417 1 5	201 0 0	126 1 5		
	Listowel No. 1,		124	733	1,056 11 0	733 0 0	317 11 3		
	Tralee,		23	201	285 1 7	201 0 0	87 1 7		

* Reserved from previous years.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Schedule showing the Share of each Rural District in the residue of the "Exchequer Contribution" for 1901–1902—*continued.*

County.	Rural District situated in County.	Share of County.	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (5th August, 1891)	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid in respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September 1901.	Share of each Rural District, having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5.	Distribution of Share.			Observations.
						Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council.	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works.	Reserved.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
		£ s d		£	£ s d	£ s d	£ s d.	£ s d.	
Kildare,	Athy No. 1,	884 3 11	77	504	173 17 10	173 17 10	—	—	
	Baltinglass No. 3,		22	126	44 13 3	44 13 3	—		
	Celbridge No. 1,		33	207	73 17 8	73 17 8	—		
	Edenderry No. 2,		31	197	70 3 4	70 3 4	—		
	Naas No. 1,		93	603	213 4 7	213 4 7	—		
Kilkenny,	Callan,	1,030 14 7	45	296	140 4 10	140 4 10	—	—	
	Carrick-on-Suir No 3.		—	—	—	—	—		
	Castlecomer,		27	188	89 1 3	89 1 6	—		
	Ida,		14	102	45 3 7	45 3 7	—		
	Kilkenny,		82	532	252 1 2	252 1 2	—		
	Thomastown,		65	307	173 17 8	173 17 8	—		
	Urlingford No. 1,		34	187	88 12 3	88 12 3	—		
	Waterford No. 2		32	609	288 10 13	288 10 13	—		
King's,	Birr No. 1,	564 4 7	24	125	152 18 2	125 3 0	27 18 2	—	
	Clonsegowan,		3	18	22 0 4	18 0 0	4 0 4		
	Edenderry No 1,		23	116	141 17 11	116 3 0	25 17 11		
	Roscrea No. 2,		4	32	39 2 11	32 0 0	7 2 11		
	Tullamore,		33	262	303 0 0	262 0 0	66 5 3		

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

LIMERICK,	Ballinamore,	445 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Carrick-on-Shannon No. 1.		0	38	127 16 0	33 0 0	94 15 0	—		
	Kinlough,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Manorhamilton,		—	—	—	—	—			
	Mohill,		23	82	317 10 7	82 0 0	235 10 7			
LIMERICK,	Croom,	1,550 12 0	110	603	229 13 9	229 16 0	—	—		
	Glin,		25	214	74 0 0	74 2 9	—			
	Kilmallock No. 1,		310	2,100	740 0 1	742 0 1	—			
	Limerick No. 1,		128	608	210 12 0	210 12 0	—			
	Mitchelstown No. 2,		31	170	61 13 4	61 13 4	—			
	Newcastle,		50	53	18 7 2	18 7 2	—			
	Rathkeale,		61	373	129 4 0	129 4 5	—			
	Tipperary No. 2,		38	227	78 12 10	78 12 10	—			
LONDONDERRY,	Coleraine,	*2,252 18 0	7	43	1,765 14 0	42 0 0	†225 0 0	2,310 9 8		† Approximate indebtedness.
	Limavady,	1,190 7 9	0	41	1,083 12 0	41 0 0	†330 0 0			
	Londonderry No. 1,	3,442 0 0	—	—	—	—	—			
	Magherafelt,		12	—	—	—	*Nil.			* Cost of cottages already paid off.
LONGFORD,	Ballymahon,	276 0 2	71	434	130 12 7	130 12 7	—	—		
	Granard No. 1,		28	113	43 18 11	43 18 11	—			
	Longford,		56	338	101 14 0	101 14 0	—			
LOUTH,	Ardee No. 1,	837 7 0	24	151	79 10 9	72 13 0	—	—		
	Dundalk,		121	862	474 13 0	474 10 0	—			
	Louth Rural District of Drogheda Union.		24	101	30 14 0	30 14 0	—			

* Reserved from previous years.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE showing the SHARE of each RURAL DISTRICT in the residue of the "EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION" for 1901–1902—*continued.*

County.	Rural District situated in County	Share of County.	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (6th August, 1891).	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid in respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September, 1901.	Share of each Rural District having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5	Distribution of Share. Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council.	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works.	Reserved.	Observations.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
		£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
MAYO,	Ballina,	*4,766 17 4 944 10 1 5,711 7 5	—	—	—	—	—	5,711 7 6	
	Ballinrobe,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Belmullet,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Castlebar,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Claremorris,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Killala,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Swineford,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Westport,		—	—	—	—	—		
MEATH,	Ardee No. 2,	873 10 6	6	39	10 4 6	10 4 6	—	—	
	Dunshaughlin,		57	329	86 5 0	86 5 0	—		
	Edenderry No. 3,		15	96	23 11 10	23 11 10	—		
	Kells,		152	1,059	277 12 6	277 12 6	—		
	Meath Rural Dist. of Drogheda Union,		18	135	35 7 10	35 7 10	—		
	Navan,		24	300	78 12 10	78 12 10	—		
	Oldcastle No. 1		48	221	73 13 4	73 13 4	—		
	Trim,		144	1,122	294 2 6	294 2 6	—		

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

MONAGHAN,	Carrickmacross,	819 17 10	29	12[illegible]	308 14 8	122 0 0	186 14 0	—	
	Castleblayney,		66	190	495 18 8	195 0 0	300 18 8		
	Clones No. 1,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Cootehill No. 2,		1	6	13 0 8	8 0 0	8 0 8		
	Monaghan,		—	—	—	—	—		
QUEEN'S,	Abbeyleix,	794 3 3	97	414	224 11 8	224 11 0	—	—	
	Athy No. 2,		66	120	69 19 7	69 19 7	—		
	Mountmelick,		98	636	345 0 4	345 0 4	—		
	Roscrea No. 3,		18	127	68 17 11	68 17 11	—		
	Stievemargy,		25	158	85 14 3	85 14 3	—		
ROSCOMMON,	Athlone No. 2,	*703 10 4 837 4 8 1,600 14 4	—	—	—	—	—	1,518 14 4	† Cost of cottages already paid off.
	Ballinasloe No. 2,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Boyle No. 1,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2,		11	14	249 8 0	14 0 8	†Nil.		
	Castlerea,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Roscommon,		4	15	266 15 8	15 8 0	†Nil.		†do.
	Strokestown,		12	61	1,084 18 7	81 8 8	†Nil.		do.
SLIGO,	Boyle No. 2,	*2,124 8 10 637 14 8 2,762 3 3	—	—	—	—	—	2,725 3 6	do.
	Dromore West,		14	37	2,762 3 3	37 3 3	—		
	Sligo,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Tobercurry,		—	—	—	—	—		

* Reserved from previous years.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE showing the SHARE of each RURAL DISTRICT in the residue of the "EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION" for 1901–1902—*continued.*

County	Rural District situated in County	Share of County	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (5th August, 1891).	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid in respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September, 1901.	Share of each Rural District having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5.	Distribution of Share. Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council.	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works.	Reserved.	Observations.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
		£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
TIPPERARY, (North Riding).	Birr No. 2,	812 14 1	9	14	12 16 2	12 6 2	—	—	
	Borrisokane,		14	74	68 9 11	68 5 11	—		
	Nenagh,		30	345	315 9 10	319 5 10	—		
	Roscrea No. 1,		3	10	9 5 2	9 5 9	—		
	Thurles,		66	450	403 13 0	402 13 0	—		
TIPPERARY, (South Riding).	Carrick-on-Suir No. 1,	1,032 8 9	12	99	48 8 5	48 8 6	—	—	
	Cashel,		74	369	180 5 8	180 5 8	—		
	Clogheen,		57	352	172 3 4	172 3 4	—		
	Clonmel No. 1,		32	186	90 15 9	90 19 8	—		
	Cortnahoe,		20	97	47 8 15	47 8 10	—		
	Ballevardagh,		72	303	192 4 5	192 4 5	—		
	Tipperary No. 1,		94	518	301 5 10	301 5 10	—		
TYRONE,	Castlederg,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Clogher,		—	—	—	—	—		

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

	Cookstown,	*4,037 14 5	—	—	—	—	—			
	Dungannon,	1,923 0 11	—	—	—	—	—		5,703 14 11	
	Omagh,	5,960 14 11	20	—	—	—	†Nil.			†Cost of cottages already paid off
	Strabane No. 1,		10	7	5,950 14 11	7 5 0	‡120 0 0			‡Approximate indebtedness.
	Trillick,		—	—	—	—	—			
WATERFORD,	Carrick-on-Suir No. 2		38	310	141 6 4	141 6 4	—			
	Clonmel No. 2,		7	40	20 11 5	20 11 0	—			
	Dungarvan,		24	179	80 1 0	80 1 0	—			
	Kilmacthomas,	1,040 0 0	79	384	171 14 0	171 14 0	—		—	
	Lismore,		60	311	139 1 7	139 1 7	—			
	Waterford No. 1,		170	822	367 11 11	367 11 11	—			
	Youghal No 2,		45	208	110 17 0	110 17 0	—			
WESTMEATH,	Athlone No. 1,		30	187	45 3 11	45 3 11	—			
	Ballymore,		23	204	56 14 0	56 14 0	—			
	Coole,	637 0 2	6	44	12 13 4	12 13 4	—		—	
	Delvin,		94	588	169 5 5	169 5 5	—			
	Kilbeggan,		0	17	4 17 10	4 17 10	—			
	Mullingar,		167	1,100	316 13 3	316 13 0	—			
WEXFORD,	Enniscorthy,		79	348	208 13 7	208 13 7	—			
	Gorey,	1,073 15 0	100	444	266 4 11	266 4 11	—		—	
	New Ross,		72	462	271 0 10	271 0 10	—			
	Wexford,		100	555	332 16 0	332 16 0	—			

* Reserved from previous years.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SCHEDULE showing the SHARE of each RURAL DISTRICT in the residue of the "EXCHEQUER CONTRIBUTION" for 1901–1902—*continued.*

County.	Rural District situated in County.	Share of County.	Number of Cottages provided since the date of the passing of the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891 (5th August, 1891).	Amount of Expenses (to the nearest pound) paid to respect of such cottages during the year ended 29th September, 1901.	Share of each Rural District, having regard to the amount of expenses as in Column 5.	Distribution of Share.			Observations.
						Payable to County Council on behalf of Rural District Council.	Payable to Commissioners of Public Works.	Reserved.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
		£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
WICKLOW,	Baltinglass No. 1	674 19 8	30	230	359 5 0	239 0 0	120 5 0	—	
	Naas No 2,		3	22	33 1 0	22 0 0	11 1 3		
	Rathdown No. 2,		—	—	—	—	—		
	Rathdrum,		38	159	239 0 6	159 0 0	80 0 6		
	Shillelagh,		5	20	43 11 11	29 0 0	14 11 11		
	Total,	*47,212 11 11 36,811 11 1 84,024 3 0	6,578	—	47,975 14 3	30,273 10 2	4,207 13 0	38,942 13 1	

* Reserved from previous years.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,
DUBLIN, 25*th March*, 1902.

H. M. SWAINE,
Secretary.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

LABOURERS (IRELAND) ACTS.

No. 4.—TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized.

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In Progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
CO. ANTRIM.							
Aghalee,	10	-	10	-	—	—	—
Ballycastle,	21	8	13	8	1 5	2 5 4	—
Ballymena,	22	22	-	22	1 1	4 15 4	1 1 8
Ballymoney,	26	16	10	4	1 0	3 9 4	0 18 0
Lisburn,	4	-	2	-	—	—	—
CO. ARMAGH.							
Crossmaglen,	11	9	2	9	0 10½	1 11 6	2 1 0
Lurgan,	17	-	17	-	—	—	—
CO. CAVAN.							
Bailieborough,	82	81	-	81	0 11	15 9 2	18 19 6
Bawnboy,	6	-	-	-	—	—	—
Cavan,	53	49	-	49	0 11¾	10 8 9	33 10 4
Cootehill No. 1,	10	6	8	6	1 0	1 6 0	—
Mullaghoran,	16	16	-	16	0 11	2 18 8	5 18 0
Oldcastle No. 2,	141	130	-	130	0 11	25 16 4	51 15 6
CO. DONEGAL.							
Ballyshannon,	14	-	14	-	—	—	—
Letterkenny,	10	-	-	-	—	—	—
Londonderry No. 2,	4	4	-	4	1 7½	1 6 0	—
Strabane No. 2,	37	16	20	16	1 3	4 6 8	—
Stranorlar,	23	8	13	8	1 0¾	1 14 0	0 5 10
CO. DOWN.							
Moira,	10	-	10	-	—	—	—
CO. FERMANAGH.							
Clones No. 2,	11	-	11	-	—	—	—
Lisnaskea,	23	12	-	12	1 2¼	3 1 11	0 4 8
CO. LONDONDERRY.							
Coleraine,	54	7	47	7	1 0	1 10 4	—
Limavady,	10	6	4	6	1 3	1 12 6	3 5 0
Magherafelt,	12	12	-	12	1 0	2 9 5	—

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In Progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*							
CO. MONAGHAN.					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Carrickmacross, . .	29	29	–	29	1 1	5 14 0	10 18 0
Castleblayney, . .	67	35	–	35	0 11	6 8 4	0 9 4
Clones No. 1, . .	11	–	11	–	—	—	—
Cootehill No. 2, . .	1	1	–	1	1 0	0 4 4	—
Monaghan, ...	14	–	–	–	—	—	—
CO. TYRONE.							
Omagh, ...	120	20	92	20	1 3½	5 2 0	—
Strabane No. 1, . .	40	13	33	16	1 0	2 15 4	—
TOTAL FOR ULSTER, .	885	500	312	488	—	105 6 3	129 6 10
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.							
CO. CLARE.							
Corrofin, ...	9	9	–	9	0 10	1 10 0	—
Ennis, ...	139	138	–	138	0 11½	26 6 1	71 15 6
Ennistymon, . . .	27	26	–	20	1 0	5 12 8	11 15 0
Killadysert, . . .	52	49	–	47	0 11	8 9 1	25 15 9
Kilrush, ...	31	–	–	–	—	—	—
Limerick No. 2, . .	96	75	4	75	0 8	10 14 5	32 0 10
Scariff, ...	35	33	–	30	0 10	5 0 0	34 0 3
Tulla, ...	134	109	–	105	0 8	13 18 9	28 6 4
CO. CORK.							
Bandon, ...	184	172	–	172	1/- & 1/3	36 17 0	56 6 4
Bantry, . . .	7	7	–	7	0 10¾	1 6 10	8 9 2
Charleville, ...	152	102	–	102	0 9	16 12 8	3 6 6
Clonakilty, ...	267	208	30	203	0 10½	33 18 2	139 0 5
Cork, ...	560	369	–	369	0 10	66 12 6	86 18 6
Dunmanway, . . .	313	300	1	294	0 11	50 4 5	22 1 9
Fermoy, ...	409	271	70	269	0 7½	33 12 4	52 1 4
Kanturk, ...	326	322	–	317	0 8½	45 4 7	181 9 6
Kinsale, ...	102	24	41	24	1 0½	5 9 4	14 14 2

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In Progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*continued.*							
CO. CORK—*continued.*					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Macroom, ...	435	389	-	385	6¼*d.* & 8½*d.*	52 14 2	473 6 10½
Mallow, ...	282	169	88	169	10*d.* & 1/6	38 17 2	1 0 11
Midleton, ...	335	198	117	198	1 0	42 18 0	177 19 6
Millstreet, . .	207	123	-	123	0 6½	14 7 0	35 4 7
Mitchelstown No. 1, .	124	121	-	120	0 10½	23 0 0	—
Skibbereen, ...	290	226	-	226	8*d.* & 11*d.*	33 15 8	214 3 6
Skull, ...	41	33	1	32	0 9½	5 14 10	139 15 2
Youghal No. 1, . .	184	146	30	146	0 10¼	25 10 0	62 10 3
CO. KERRY.							
Dingle, ...	10	-	-	-	—	—	—
Killarney, ...	131	122	-	119	0 10½	22 11 2½	75 5 6
Listowel, ...	337	227	60	226	7*d.* & 10*d.*	40 19 7	123 3 7
Tralee, ...	223	156	-	156	0 7	19 18 3	40 2 5
CO. LIMERICK.							
Croom, ...	285	241	1	241	0 10	41 1 1	28 6 10
Glin, ...	40	40	-	40	0 9¼	6 5 3½	43 1 5
Kilmallock, ...	796	555	-	555	0 9¼	93 2 7	43 17 4
Limerick No. 1, . .	503	399	29	398	0 9¼	63 11 6	117 2 10
Mitchelstown No. 2, .	101	87	-	87	0 9¾	15 7 0	—
Newcastle, ...	344	302	26	288	0 10¼	50 0 0	119 17 9
Rathkeale, ...	401	273	-	273	0 7	31 17 0	62 5 0
Tipperary No. 2, . .	153	129	-	129	1 0	27 19 0	55 18 0
CO. TIPPERARY (NORTH RIDING).							
Birr No. 2, ...	7	5	1	5	1 2	1 14 11	4 6 0
Borrisokane, . . .	66	47	1	47	1 0½	9 17 10	19 10 0
Nenagh, ...	308	300	-	298	0 11	55 0 0	50 0 0
Roscrea No. 1, . .	3	3	-	3	1 3	0 15 0	0 9 0
Thurles, ...	133	97	-	97	1 1	21 6 0	7 9 0

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In Progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*continued.*							
CO. TIPPERARY (SOUTH RIDING).					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Carrick-on-Suir No. 1,	24	16	–	16	1 0	3 4 0	7 4 5
Cashel, ...	341	288	2	287	0 9	43 19 7	110 12 2
Clogheen, ...	147	139	–	139	0 10½	26 9 0	40 5 0
Clonmel No. 1, . .	67	63	–	63	0 10½	11 18 10½	9 9 2
Gortnahoe, . . .	37	24	–	24	0 9	3 12 8	5 8 8
Slievardagh, . .	94	89	–	89	6*d.* & 10*d.*	11 5 0	6 6 8
Tipperary No. 1, .	363	309	–	309	1 0	62 0 0	144 10 8
CO. WATERFORD.							
Carrick-on-Suir No. 2,	64	52	–	52	1 0	10 8 0	8 19 1
Clonmel No. 2, . .	22	17	–	17	0 10½	3 4 5½	1 6 6
Dungarvan, . .	71	70	–	70	0 10¾	13 12 9	4 6 9
Kilmacthomas, . .	262	182	–	182	0 7¾	26 1 1	74 2 2
Lismore, ...	151	148	–	148	0 9	24 3 1	89 5 2
Waterford No. 1, .	242	229	7	229	0 10	38 3 4	12 3 6
Youghal No. 2, . .	126	98	15	96	0 10½	16 16 0	24 11 10
TOTAL FOR MUNSTER,	10,608	8,326	524	8,269	—	1,399 9 9	3,201 13 6½
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.							
CO. CARLOW.							
Baltinglass No. 2, .	122	103	10	103	0 11	18 14 0	11 10 0
Carlow, ...	269	156	101	156	0 8½	23 10 1	20 19 0
Idrone, ...	6	6	–	6	0 10	1 1 8	1 3 2
CO. DUBLIN.							
Balrothery, . . .	203	121	72	121	1 0¼	24 14 4	—
Celbridge No. 2, . .	57	29	1	29	1 6½	9 13 11	—
Dublin North, . .	266	162	71	162	1 7¾	54 8 8	32 7 6
Dublin South, . .	186	74	–	74	1 11	31 1 10	0 18 0
Rathdown No. 1, .	26	18	8	18	1 9	6 6 0	—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In Progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
CO. KILDARE.							
Athy No. 1,	192	170	–	170	1/– & 1/7	46 0 0	38 8 11
Baltinglass No. 3,	39	38	1	38	0 11	7 0 0	10 5 1
Celbridge No. 1,	90	52	–	52	1 4	13 18 11	—
Edenderry No. 2,	50	48	4	45	0 10	8 6 1	11 8 0
Naas No. 1,	188	104	–	164	1 0	85 10 8	9 14 0
CO. KILKENNY.							
Callan, No. 1,	90	57	32	57	6*d.* & 10*d.*	7 9 8	18 4 7
Carrick-on-Suir No. 3,	0	2	–	2	1 0	0 8 0	—
Castlecomer,	50	49	–	49	0 10½	9 4 11	—
Ida,	30	24	–	24	0 10	4 6 8	8 0 4
Kilkenny,	139	121	12	121	8*d.* & 11*d.*	21 0 0	15 4 8
Thomastown,	138	119	16	119	6½*d.* & 10½*d.*	16 1 0	—
Urlingford No. 1,	47	34	10	34	0 9	5 2 4	7 8 3
Waterford No. 2,	85	66	10	86	0 10	11 0 0	—
KING'S CO.							
Birr No. 1,	75	67	4	87	1 1½	16 5 0	33 18 9
Cloneygowan,	4	3	–	3	1 0	0 13 0	2 19 0
Edenderry No. 1,	41	38	1	38	0 10	6 17 3	10 7 7
Roscrea No. 2,	9	4	5	4	1 3	1 0 0	—
Tullamore,	140	119	11	115	10*d.* & 1/1	22 8 10	42 11 1
CO. LONGFORD.							
Ballymahon,	112	105	–	105	0 8½	10 0 4½	21 17 4
Granard No. 1,	116	82	–	82	0 11	15 0 8	63 10 0
Longford,	112	109	–	106	0 10¾	19 4 7	63 17 2
CO. LOUTH.							
Ardee No. 1,	134	97	20	97	1 0	19 8 0	25 10 3
Dundalk,	161	160	–	160	0 11½	31 0 0	18 11 7
Louth Rural District of Drogheda Union.	134	126	3	126	0 11	25 0 4	18 13 8

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In Progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*							
CO. MEATH.					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ardee No. 2,	78	57	17	57	0 11	10 9 0	12 7 4
Dunshaughlin,	189	125	–	125	1 0	25 3 0	3 0 0
Edenderry No. 3,	24	22	2	22	0 10	3 19 0	7 18 4
Kells,	330	275	11	272	1 0	59 11 8	84 4 11
Meath Rural District of Drogheda Union.	240	223	9	223	0 11	44 5 0	60 9 4
Navan,	327	291	–	291	0 10	48 10 0	114 5 9
Oldcastle No. 1,	120	106	–	106	0 11	21 1 10	26 15 2
Trim,	365	279	8	279	11*d.* & 1/1	57 18 0	50 0 3
QUEEN'S CO.							
Abbeyleix,	110	97	14	97	1 4½	21 10 6	16 2 6
Athy No. 2,	34	34	–	34	1/- & 1/6	9 10 0	0 11 0
Mountmelick,	163	120	12	120	0 11¾	25 11 4	20 6 4
Roscrea No. 3,	32	19	13	19	1 2	4 16 0	0 19 2
Slievemargy,	105	65	7	65	0 8½	9 17 11	1 13 0
CO. WESTMEATH.							
Athlone No. 1,	31	30	–	30	0 10	6 0 8	—
Ballymore,	78	71	–	71	0 9	11 7 0	23 3 10
Coole,	50	34	–	34	0 11	6 4 8	25 15 7
Delvin,	247	221	4	221	0 10¾	42 12 6	120 17 6
Kilbeggan,	21	18	2	18	10*d.* & 1/-	3 7 2	4 2 11
Mullingar,	402	359	25	358	1 2	84 15 10	284 8 9
CO. WEXFORD.							
Enniscorthy,	340	220	94	220	0 8½	33 4 4	108 8 7½
Gorey,	205	178	17	176	0 9	27 4 4	10 2 9
New Ross,	165	144	–	144	0 10	26 0 0	37 18 8
Wexford,	484	418	–	418	0 9	62 14 0	6 15 9
CO. WICKLOW.							
Baltinglass No. 1,	82	78	8	77	0 11	14 0 0	15 8 2
Naas No. 2,	0	6	–	5	1 0	1 1 8	0 5 0

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE A.—RETURN showing what has been done under Improvement Schemes authorized—*continued*

Rural Districts.	Number of Cottages.				Rents of Cottages.		
	Authorized.	Built.	In progress or Contracted for.	Actually Let.	Average Weekly Rent.	Aggregate Monthly Rent.	Amount of Rent in Arrear.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*					s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
CO. WICKLOW—*con.*							
Rathdown No. 2,	5	1	2	–	—	—	—
Rathdrum,	127	58	48	58	1 0	11 13 8	9 17 7
Shillelagh,	30	21	5	21	0 11¾	4 9 4	6 5 0
TOTAL FOR LEINSTER,	7,723	6,088	685	6,074	—	1,204 11 0½	1,551 3 8½
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.							
CO. GALWAY.							
Ballinasloe No. 1,	8	7	–	7	1 0	1 10 4	6 0 2
Gort,	7	–	–	–	—	—	—
Loughrea,	10	10	–	–	1 4	2 14 0	19 0 0
Portumna,	19	1	–	1	1 0	0 4 4	—
CO. LEITRIM.							
Ballinamore,	9	–	9	–	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Shan. No. 1.	21	17	3	17	0 11	3 5 5	19 0 2
Kinlough,	2	–	–	–	—	—	—
Manorhamilton,	22	17	3	17	1 2	4 6 2	5 12 11
Mohill,	60	42	17	42	1 0¼	9 2 6	8 14 6
CO. ROSCOMMON.							
Ballinasloe No. 2,	1	1	–	1	1 0	0 4 4	0 17 4
Boyle No. 1,	32	17	15	17	1 3½	8 5 0	18 4 0
Carrick-on-Shan. No. 2,	32	19	12	19	0 11	3 11 0	9 2 4
Roscommon,	33	5	28	5	1 0	1 1 8	—
Strokestown,	42	13	–	13	1 0¼	2 13 1	—
CO. SLIGO.							
Boyle No. 2,	5	5	–	5	1 2	1 5 0	2 0 0
Dromore West,	22	22	–	21	1 2	4 16 0	39 7 10
TOTAL FOR CONNAUGHT,	325	176	87	165	—	42 18 10	127 19 3
TOTAL FOR IRELAND,	19,541	15,090	1,608	14,996	—	2,752 5 10½	5,010 3 4

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

LABOURERS (IRELAND) ACTS.

No. 4. TABLE B.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes.

Rural Districts.	No. of Cottages, &c., proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.		
COUNTY ANTRIM.		£
Ballymena,	16,	2,000
Ballymoney,	22,	4,600
Lisburn,	21,	5,200
COUNTY ARMAGH.		
Crossmaglen,	12,	2,200
COUNTY CAVAN.		
Ballieborough,	58,	8,712
Bawnboy,	2,	360
Cavan,	61,	8,345
Cootehill No. 1,	34,	5,440
Cldcastle No. 2,	— 68 additional allotments,	2,630
COUNTY DONEGAL.		
Ballyshannon,	35,	5,900
Letterkenny,	52,	10,000
Strabane No. 2,	63,	12,638
Stranorlar,	17,	3,581
COUNTY DOWN.		
Downpatrick,	32,	6,232
Moira,	18,	4,000
COUNTY FERMANAGH.		
Belleek,	9,	1,700
Clones No. 2,	24,	4,680
Lisnaskea,	65, and 10 additional allotments,	11,920
COUNTY LONDONDERRY.		
Coleraine,	26,	4,921
Limavady,	27,	5,500
Magherafelt,	69,	13,200

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE B.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	No. of Cottages, &c., proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*		£ s. d.
COUNTY MONAGHAN.		
Carrickmacross,	34,	5,569
Castleblayney,	49, and 6 additional allotments,	8,700
Clones No. 1,	17,	3,451
Cootehill No. 2,	12,	1,920
Monaghan,	36, and 2 acres for allotments for villagers.	7,700
COUNTY TYRONE.		
Castlederg,	19,	4,000
Omagh,	43,	7,400
Strabane No. 1,	83,	13,569
Trillick,	5,	927
TOTAL FOR ULSTER,	961, and 84 additional allotments and 2 acres.	177,495
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.		
COUNTY CLARE.		
Corrofin,	12, and 7 additional allotments,	1,900
Ennis,	103, and 103 additional allotments, and 7½ acres for allotments for villagers.	18,827
Killadysert,	7, and 11 additional allotments, and 1 acre for allotments for villagers.	1,275
Kilrush,	27,	3,776
Limerick No. 2,	— 1 additional allotment,	25
Tulla,	48, and 76 additional allotments,	6,615
COUNTY CORK.		
Bandon,	82, and 71 additional allotments,	14,840
Bantry,	50, and 6 additional allotments,	6,266
Clonakilty,	4	560
Cork,	1, and 224 additional allotments,	2,500
Dunmanway,	85, and 181 additional allotments,	12,381
Kanturk,	208, and 208 additional allotments,	39,793
Kinsale,	5,	1,184
Macroom,	— 387 additional allotments,	7,740
Millstreet,	4,	400
Mitchelstown No. 1,	87, and 64 additional allotments,	15,661
Skibbereen,	5, and 193 additional allotments,	5,668

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE B.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	No. of Cottages, &c., proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*		
COUNTY KERRY.		£
Kenmare,	15,	2,000
Killarney,	169, and 117 additional allotments,	24,563
Tralee,	117, and 156 additional allotments,	18,564
COUNTY LIMERICK.		
Croom,	6, and 2 additional allotments,	786
Limerick No. 1,	246, and 306 additional allotments,	45,660
Mitchelstown No. 2,	42, and 65 additional allotments,	8,300
Newcastle,	217, and 259 additional allotments,	42,005
Tipperary No. 2,	146,	20,738
COUNTY TIPPERARY (NORTH RIDING).		
Birr No. 2,	7, and 1 additional allotment,	1,165
Borrisokane,	16, and 2 additional allotments,	2,400
Nenagh,	109, and 40 additional allotments,	17,347
Roscrea No. 1,	12, and 10 acres for allotments for villagers.	3,000
COUNTY TIPPERARY (SOUTH RIDING).		
Carrick-on-Suir No. 1,	20, and 1 additional allotment,	3,346
Cashel,	2,	360
Clogheen,	81, and 84 additional allotments and 1 acre for allotments for villagers.	14,500
Clonmel No. 1,	30,	4,140
Slievardagh,	50,	7,500
Tipperary No. 1,	219, and 135 additional allotments,	45,595
COUNTY WATERFORD.		
Carrick-on-Suir No. 2,	40, and 25 additional allotments,	7,645
Dungarvan,	96, and 31 additional allotments,	17,382
Waterford No. 1,	67, and 169 additional allotments,	14,440
TOTAL FOR MUNSTER,	2,435, and 2,925 additional allotments, and 19½ acres.	440,841

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE B.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	No. of Cottages, &c., proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.		£
COUNTY CARLOW.		
Carlow,	7,	1,197
Idrone,	5,	740
COUNTY DUBLIN.		
Celbridge No. 2,	3,	550
Dublin North,	58,	9,338
Dublin South,	30,	4,500
Rathdown No. 1,	49,	12,000
COUNTY KILDARE.		
Athy No. 1,	126,	17,545
Baltinglass No. 3,	10,	1,700
Celbridge No. 1,	8,	1,300
Edenderry No. 2,	13,	2,236
Naas No. 1,	44,	7,590
COUNTY KILKENNY.		
Callan,	51,	7,140
Castlecomer,	13,	2,080
Ida,	25,	3,700
Waterford No. 2,	39,	6,200
KING'S COUNTY.		
Birr No. 1,	10, and 5 additional allotments,	2,000
Clonegowan,	7,	1,249
Edenderry No. 1,	11,	1,892
Roscrea No. 2,	12,	2,640
COUNTY LONGFORD.		
Ballymahon,	27, and 27 additional allotments.	4,342
Granard No. 1,	34, and 26 additional allotments.	5,935
Longford,	32, and 32 additional allotments,	5,600

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE B.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	No. of Cottages, &c., proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*		
COUNTY LOUTH.		£
Dundalk,	18,	3,510
COUNTY MEATH.		
Dunshaughlin,	52,	9,670
Navan,	31, and 113 additional allotments,	9,280
QUEEN'S COUNTY.		
Abbeyleix,	17,	2,079
Athy No. 2,	1,	160
Roscrea No. 3,	13, and 1 additional allotment,	2,480
COUNTY WESTMEATH.		
Mullingar,	30, and 115 additional allotments,	9,300
COUNTY WEXFORD.		
New Ross,	99,	14,622
Wexford,	98,	10,976
COUNTY WICKLOW.		
Naas No. 2,	5,	1,000
Rathdrum,	56,	8,300
TOTAL FOR LEINSTER,	1,034, and 319 additional allotments.	172,851
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.		
COUNTY GALWAY.		
Ballinasloe No. 1,	9, and 1 additional allotment,	1,902
Loughrea,	18,	3,267
COUNTY LEITRIM.		
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 1,	18, and 1 additional allotment,	3,000
Kinlough,	6,	763
Manorhamilton,	2, and 6 additional allotments,	323

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE B.—RETURN showing what is proposed to be done under New Improvement Schemes—*continued.*

Rural Districts.	No. of Cottages, &c., proposed to be provided.	Estimated Cost.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*continued.*		£
COUNTY ROSCOMMON.		
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2, .	24, and 6 additional allotments,	3,600
Castlerea, ...	68, ...	10,600
COUNTY SLIGO.		
Sligo, ...	55, ...	8,000
TOTAL FOR CONNAUGHT, .	200, and 14 additional allotments.	31,455
TOTAL FOR IRELAND, .	4,630, and 3,342 additional allotments, and 21½ acres.	822,642

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 1.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

STATEMENT showing the number of cases of Infectious Disease and Urban Districts in which the

DISTRICTS.	Number of cases of Infectious Disease					
	Diseases to which the					
	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Diph-theria.	Mem-branous Croup.	Ery-sipelas.	Scarlatina or Scarlet Fever.
RURAL:						
Aghalee,	-	-	1	-	-	-
Antrim,	-	-	14	-	4	15
*Ardee No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Ardee No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ballina,	-	-	-	-	1	-
Ballinasloe No. 1,	-	-	4	-	-	-
Ballymahon,	-	-	6	-	-	1
*Ballymore,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Balrothery,	-	-	3	1	-	10
Bandon,	-	-	3	-	-	3
Bawnboy,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belmullet,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Birr No. 1,	-	-	1	-	2	3
Birr No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Boyle No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Boyle No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Callan,	-	-	4	-	-	1
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	4
Castlebar,	-	-	-	-	1	-
Celbridge No. 1,	-	-	7	-	-	6
Celbridge No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	1
Charleville,	-	-	-	1	-	2
*Clifden,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clonmel No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clonmel No. 2,	-	-	2	-	1	12
Cork,	1	-	3	-	9	63
Croom,	-	-	2	-	-	3
Dingle,	-	-	-	-	-	14
Dublin, North,	-	-	53	-	2	43
Dublin, South,	-	-	5	-	8	14
Dundalk,	-	-	5	-	-	4
Dungarvan,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dunshaughlin,	-	-	-	-	1	1
Edenderry No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	4
Edenderry No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	8
Edenderry No. 3,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ennis,	-	-	-	-	-	9
*Enniskillen	-	-	3	-	-	6
*Enniskillen No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	1
Glin,	-	-	5	-	-	4
Kanturk,	-	-	1	-	-	-
*Kilbeggan,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Killala,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Killarney,	-	-	2	2	2	3
*Kilmacthomas,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kilmallock,	-	-	7	2	1	15
*Limerick No. 1,	-	-	-	-	-	1
Lismore,	-	-	2	-	5	-
Listowel,	-	-	-	1	-	9
Lurgan,	-	-	5	-	4	8
Magherafelt,	-	-	6	-	-	50
Mallow,	-	-	-	-	-	27
*Millstreet,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Mohill,	-	-	-	-	-	1

* Districts in which the Act has been adopted

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(NOTIFICATION) ACT, 1889.

notified during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, in the Rural above Act has been adopted.

notified during the year ended 31st March, 1902.							
Act applies (Section 6).						Other diseases to which the Act has been applied.	TOTAL.
Typhus Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Enteric Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Continued Fever.	Puerperal Fever.		
-	4	-	-	-	-	-	5
-	32	4	-	1	1	9	80
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	4	-	1	-	-	6
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
-	11	-	-	-	-	-	13
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	6	-	-	1	6	27
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	10
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	6	-	-	1	-	-	13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2	5	-	-	-	-	12
-	8	13	-	-	-	1	17
-	-	3	-	-	-	-	7
9	-	9	-	2	-	-	21
-	-	2	-	-	-	4	19
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1	4	-	-	-	-	-	8
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	5	-	-	-	1	-	22
-	3	1	1	1	2	-	84
-	-	10	-	-	-	-	15
9	-	1	-	-	1	-	25
-	5	6	-	-	-	11	125
-	-	4	-	-	1	2	34
-	9	5	-	-	-	-	23
-	1	4	-	-	2	-	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	3	3	-	-	-	-	15
-	-	12	-	-	-	-	21
-	4	-	-	-	-	-	5
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	10
-	28	-	-	-	-	-	29
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	4	2	-	2	-	-	23
-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
-	3	2	-	-	-	-	30
-	2	4	-	-	-	-	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
1	2	2	-	-	-	-	15
-	6	10	-	-	1	-	34
-	29	1	-	-	1	-	37
-	-	16	-	-	-	-	43
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	8	2	-	-	-	-	11

since the publication of the last Report. [*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 1. INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Continued.—STATEMENT showing the number of cases of Infec- in the Rural and Urban Districts in

DISTRICTS.	Number of cases of Infectious Disease					
	Diseases to which the					
	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Diph-theria.	Mem-branous Croup.	Ery-sipelas.	Scarlatina or Scarlet Fever.
RURAL—*continued.*						
Moira,	-	-	3	-	6	13
*Mountbellew,	-	-	-	-	3	-
Naas No. 1,	-	-	5	-	2	5
Naas No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Navan,	-	-	2	-	-	2
*Nenagh,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newcastle,	-	-	1	-	4	54
Newry No. 1,	-	-	2	-	1	-
Newry No. 2,	-	-	4	-	1	5
Newtownards,	-	-	12	-	1	10
Omagh,	-	-	14	-	5	14
*Rathdown No. 1,	-	-	2	-	-	1
*Rathdown No. 2,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rathdrum,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rathkeale,	-	-	1	3	-	10
Roscrea No. 1,	-	-	3	-	-	3
Roscrea No 2,	-	-	-	-	4	7
Roscrea No. 3,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shillelagh,	-	-	1	-	-	6
Skibbereen,	-	-	-	-	-	2
Skull,	-	-	9	-	-	1
*Slievardagh,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sligo,	-	-	3	-	-	16
Strabane No. 1,	-	-	2	-	3	9
Strabane No. 2,	-	-	7	-	-	2
Tipperary No. 1,	-	-	4	-	-	29
Tipperary No. 2,	-	-	-	-	1	-
Tralee,	-	-	-	-	-	3
Trim,	-	-	3	-	1	5
*Tullamore,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Wexford,	-	-	2	-	-	-
Total Rural,	1	-	224	10	73	548
URBAN:						
Athlone,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Athy,	-	-	1	-	-	1
*Ballina,	-	-	2	-	-	-
Ballymena,	-	-	13	1	23	1
Ballymoney	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Bangor,	-	-	36	-	6	7
Belfast,	5	-	334	126	374	327
*Birr,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bray,	-	-	2	-	3	11

* Those marked with an asterisk are the Districts in which the Act has been adopted since the publication of last Annual Report.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(NOTIFICATION) ACT, 1889.

tious Disease notified during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, which the above Act has been adopted.

notified during the year ended 31st March, 1902.							
Act applies (Section 6).						Other diseases to which the Act has been applied.	TOTAL.
Typhus Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Enteric Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Continued Fever.	Puerperal Fever.		
-	14	1	-	-	1	-	38
1	1	1	-	-	-	-	6
-	1	-	-	-	2	-	15
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	5
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	3	3	-	-	-	-	65
-	4	1	-	-	-	-	8
1	9	13	-	-	3	-	36
-	11	6	-	-	3	-	43
-	2	6	-	-	-	-	41
-	3	-	-	-	-	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	1	-	-	1	3	19
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	7
-	-	2	-	-	1	-	14
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	3	-	-	-	-	-	10
6	3	-	-	-	-	1	12
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	11	-	-	-	-	32
-	2	5	-	-	1	-	22
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	10
-	5	11	-	-	-	-	49
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
3	-	8	-	-	-	-	14
-	-	3	-	-	-	2	14
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6
45	239	208	1	9	23	43	1,424
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	9	12	-	-	-	-	23
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
-	2	-	-	-	3	-	43
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2	1	-	-	-	-	52
17	2,449	-	-	1,284	42	-	4,958
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	4	4	-	-	-	-	24

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 1. INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Continued.—Statement showing the number of cases of Infec- in the Rural and Urban Districts in

Districts.	Number of cases of Infectious Disease					
	Diseases to which the					
	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Erysipelas.	Scarlatina or Scarlet Fever.
Urban—*continued.*						
*Carlow,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Carrick-on-Suir,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clonmel,	-	-	1	-	4	3
Coleraine,	-	-	7	-	-	37
*Cootehill,	-	-	3	-	-	-
Cork,	-	-	12	2	40	169
Drogheda,	-	-	-	-	2	1
*Dromore,	-	-	-	-	-	3
Dublin,	3	-	221	8	818	575
*Dundalk,	-	-	12	1	5	22
Dungannon,	-	-	1	-	-	3
*Dungarvan,	-	-	-	-	1	-
Enniscorthy,	-	-	-	-	-	4
Enniskillen,	-	-	-	-	3	10
Galway,	-	-	-	-	-	6
*Killarney,	-	-	1	-	2	1
Killiney and Ballybrack,	-	-	-	-	-	4
*Larne,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Letterkenny,	-	-	1	2	-	1
Limavady,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limerick,	-	-	-	-	-	8
Lisburn,	5	-	2	-	2	27
Londonderry,	-	-	32	-	33	84
Lurgan,	-	-	12	2	2	7
*Monaghan,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Naas,	-	-	-	-	-	1
New Ross,	-	-	-	-	-	1
Newry,	-	-	-	4	11	10
*Omagh,	-	-	2	-	2	7
Pembroke,	-	-	34	1	47	48
Portadown,	-	-	8	1	6	6
Portrush,	-	-	-	-	2	10
Queenstown,	-	-	1	-	-	-
Rathmines and Rathgar,	-	-	27	-	27	90
*Strabane,	-	-	3	-	2	13
Tipperary,	-	-	1	-	-	1
*Tralee,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Trim,	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Tullamore,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrenpoint,	-	-	2	-	2	-
Waterford,	-	-	-	-	2	8
Total Urban,	13	-	771	148	1,424	1,502
Total Rural and Urban,	14	-	995	158	1,497	2,050

* Districts in which the Act has been adopted

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

(NOTIFICATION) ACT, 1889.

tious Disease notified during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, which the above Act has been adopted.

notified during the year ended the 31st March, 1902.							
Act applies (Section 6).						Other diseases to which the Act has been applied.	TOTAL.
Typhus Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Enteric Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Continued Fever.	Puerperal Fever.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	11	-	-	-	1	-	20
-	-	3	-	-	-	-	47
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
7	51	-	-	26	1	9	317
-	3	-	-	-	-	-	6
-	2	-	-	-	-	2	7
27	771	-	1	194	7	478	3,103
-	9	-	-	-	-	-	49
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
-	-	45	-	-	-	-	46
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
-	-	2	-	-	-	1	16
30	9	-	-	-	-	-	45
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	3	-	-	-	-	-	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2	-	-	-	-	-	5
-	184	-	-	-	1	-	221
33	10	-	-	-	-	-	197
-	10	-	-	-	-	-	33
-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1	1	-	-	-	-	1	4
6	11	-	-	-	-	-	42
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
-	44	-	-	21	-	715	910
1	4	15	-	-	-	-	41
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
3	-	7	-	-	-	-	11
-	44	-	-	17	-	-	205
11	4	-	-	-	-	-	33
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	3	12	-	-	-	-	19
10	28	-	-	-	1	2	51
146	3,673	102	1	1,542	56	1,208	10,586
191	3,912	310	2	1,551	79	1,251	12,010

since publication of the last Annual Report

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—Statement of Orders issued under the 232nd Section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the Areas of Charge on which the Special Expenses mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable (*in continuation of Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, pages* 144 *to* 150).

Name of Rural District and Town, Village, or Place.	Date of Order.	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		Area of Charge
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
Abbeyleix Rural District				
Ballinakill,	6th August, 1901,	—	Improving sewerage,	The District Electoral Divisions of Aughmacart, Ballinakill, Ballyroan, Blandsforth, Caher, Castletown, Clash, Clonkeen, Colt, Cullaborough, Cullahill, Cullenagh, Donaghmore, Donore, Dunmore, Durrow, Dysartgallen, Fossy, Grantstown, Kilcoke, Kildellig, Killermogh, Kilnaseer Raheen, Rathdowney, and Timahoe.
Ballinlough,	9th August, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	Do., do.
Cashel,	10th May, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	Do., do.
Kilbrickan,	6th August, 1901,	Enclosing a pump,	—	Do., do.
Rathdowney,	6th August, 1901,	—	Improving sewerage,	Do., do.
Ardee No. 1 Rural District:				
Charlestown,	21st October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Ardee Rural, Clonkeen and Tallanstown
Greenmount,	16th August, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The Castlebellingham Dispensary District.
Athlone No. 2 Rural District:				
Turlaghmore,	4th June, 1901,	Providing a water supply,	—	The Dispensary District of Brideswell
Athy No. 2 Rural District:				
Ballyadams,	7th October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Athy No. 2 Rural District.
Bailieborough Rural District:				
Mullagh,	13th December, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	The Termon Dispensary District.
Ballinamore Rural District				
Ballinamore,	22nd February, 1902,	Improving water supply.	—	The Townlands of Cannaboe and Tully, together with certain portions of the Townlands of Aghadark and Stradermot.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Ballymahon Rural District:				
Ballymahon,	22nd April, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	The Rural District.
Ballymena Rural District:				
Ahoghill,	18th September, 1901,	Improving water supply.	—	The Ahoghill Dispensary District.
Cargan,	18th September, 1901,	Erecting a pump and placing a trough.	—	The Clough Dispensary District.
Ballymoney Rural District:				
Dervock,	5th December, 1901,	—	Carrying out a sewerage scheme.	The Dervock Dispensary District.
Ballyshannon No 1 Rural District:				
Bundoran,	11th February, 1902,	—	Constructing and maintaining certain sewerage works.	Certain portions of the townlands of Drumacrin, Magheracar, and Finner.
Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District:				
Donlevin,	12th October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rural District.
Baltinglass No. 2 Rural District:				
Rathvilly,	12th December, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	The Rural District.
Bandon Rural District:				
Bandon,	15th October, 1901,	—	Constructing new sewers.	The District Electoral Division of Bandon.
Upton,	11th November, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The portion of the Rural District not included in the District Electoral Division of Bandon.
Bantry Rural District:				
Bantry,	22nd June, 1901,	Laying water mains in Marino-street and Chapel-street.	—	The Bantry Dispensary District.
Durrus,	16th April, 1901,	Erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
Birr No. 1 Rural District:				
Ballyegan,	15th August, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Killyon Dispensary District.
Crinkill,	28th October, 1901,	do.	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Birr Rural and Eglish
Gallen,	15th August, 1901,	Deepening a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Ferbane Dispensary District
Harbour-lane, Banagher,	27th August, 1901,	Improving the public well.	—	The Banagher Dispensary District.
Pollagh,	28th October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Ferbane Dispensary District.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—Statement of Orders issued under the 232nd Section of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the Areas of Charge on which the Special Expenses mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—*continued.*

Name of Rural District and Town, Village, or Place.	Date of Order	Purpose for which incurred or to be incurred.		Area of Charge.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
Birr No 2 Rural District:				
Carrig,	3rd October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District
St. Kieran's Well, near Ratheabbin,	10th June, 1901,	Improving St. Kieran's Well	—	do
Borrisokane Rural District:				
Finnoe,	7th May, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rural District.
The Frolic,	Do.,	do.,	—	do
Kyle,	Do.,	do.,	—	do
Carlow Rural District				
Bagenalstown,	7th March, 1902,	Providing a water supply	—	The District Electoral Division of Bagenalstown Urban.
Castlehlayney Rural District:				
Brackagh,	10th February, 1902,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The portion of the Rural District not included in the District Electoral Divisions of Ballybay Rural and Ballybay Urban.
Castlerea Rural District				
Frenchpark,	1st February, 1902,	Providing a water supply.	—	The Rural District.
Celbridge No 1 Rural District:				
Straffan,	28th October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rural District.
Clifden Rural District				
Roundstone,	6th December, 1901,	Providing a water supply	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Benearr, Derryeunlagh Illion, Moyrus, and Roundstone.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Glocheen Rural District.				
Church-street, Cahir,	22nd November, 1901,	—	Opening, cleaning, and extending a sewer.	The Rural District.
Molough,	13th September, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	do.
Tubbrid,	17th June, 1901,	do.,	—	do.
Croom Rural District:				
Ballynee,	17th June, 1901,	Repairing a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rural District.
Crossmaglen Rural District:				
Callyhanna,	10th April, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
Dingle Rural District:				
Castlegregory,	27th January, 1902,	—	Repairing and improving sewers.	The Castlegregory Dispensary District.
John street, Dingle,	30th January, 1902,	Improving water supply	—	The Dingle Dispensary District.
North Dublin Rural District:				
Baldoyle,	27th September, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rural District.
Ballycoolen,	6th June, 1901,	do.,	—	do.
Brenghan,	27th September, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	do.
Dunsoughly,	11th March, 1902,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	do.
Santry,	Do.,	Sinking a well, and erecting a pump.	—	do.
Thormanby-road, Howth,	24th June, 1901,	—	Laying sewer pipes,	do.
South Dublin Rural District:				
Ballyboden,	15th March, 1902,	Improving the drainage of waste water from public fountain.	—	The Rural District.
Crumlin-road and Crossroads,	9th August, 1901,	—	Constructing sewers,	do.
Crumlin,	29th November, 1901,	Replacing a pump and improving a well.	—	do.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—STATEMENT of ORDERS issued under the 232nd Section of the PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the AREA of CHARGE on which the SPECIAL EXPENSES mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—*continued*.

NAME OF RURAL DISTRICT AND TOWN, VILLAGE, OR PLACE	Date of Order.	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		AREA OF CHARGE.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
SOUTH DUBLIN RURAL DISTRICT—*cont.*				
Edmonstown,	9th August, 1901,	Improving an open well,	—	The Rural District.
Firhouse,	Do.,	Constructing a well and pump.	—	do.
Killeen,	Do.,	Improving an open well,	—	do.
Naas-road, Bushelloaf,	Do.,	Constructing a well and pump.	—	do.
Ninth Lock,	Do.,	Do.,	—	do.
Rathfarnham,	15th March, 1902,	Improving the drainage of waste water from two public fountains.	—	do.
Rathfarnham and Whitechurch Electoral Division.	9th August, 1901,	Supplying water by meter to public fountains.	—	do.
Upper Palmerston,	Do.,	Improving a well and pump.	—	do.
DUNDALK RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ravensdale,	11th June, 1901,	Providing a water supply	—	The Rural District.
DUNGARVAN RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ballinard,	27th March, 1902,	Constructing drains,	—	The Rural District.
DUNSHAUGHLIN RURAL DISTRICT:				
Dunshaughlin,	27th August, 1901,	—	Improving sewerage,	The Rural District.
ECCLESBERT No. 2 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Castelan,	11th June, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
Johnstown Bridge,	Do.	do.,	—	do.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

ENNIS RURAL DISTRICT:				
Beheraroan,	30th October, 1901,	—	Cleaning and repairing a sewer.	The Newmarket Dispensary District.
Corlack,	6th September, 1901,	Providing a water supply.	—	do.
ENNISCORTHY RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ferns,	13th August, 1901,	—	Improving the sewerage.	The Rural District.
Kilcotty More,	14th August, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	do.
ENNISTYMON RURAL DISTRICT:				
Kilfenora,	18th June, 1901,	—	Extending the main sewerage drain.	The Rural District
FERMOY RURAL DISTRICT:				
Aghern Upper,	14th September, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Ballynoe Dispensary District and the Fermoy Dispensary District.
Conna,	2nd September, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	The Ballynoe Dispensary District.
Glanworth,	19th March, 1902	Providing a water supply.	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Castlecooke, Glanworth East, Glanworth West, Gortnaskehy, Kilworth, and Leitrim (which District Electoral Divisions now constitute the Kilworth Dispensary District).
Glenagurteen,	5th September, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Ballynoe Dispensary District.
Kilworth,	4th December, 1901,	—	Improving the sewerage	The Kilworth Dispensary District.
Rathcormac,	22nd June, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rathcormac Dispensary District.
GALWAY RURAL DISTRICT				
Clarenbridge,	10th October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
GOREY RURAL DISTRICT:				
Camolin,	4th June, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	The Camolin Dispensary District.
Monamolin,	6th June, 1901,	Providing a water supply.	—	The Killenagh and Wells Dispensary District.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—STATEMENT of ORDERS issued under the 232nd Section of the PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the AREAS of CHARGE on which the SPECIAL EXPENSES mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—*continued.*

NAME OF RURAL DISTRICT AND TOWN, VILLAGE, OR PLACE.	Date of Order	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		AREA OF CHARGE.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
INISHOWEN RURAL DISTRICT:				
Buncrana,	18th February, 1902,	Extension of water-main	Sewerage scheme,	The townland of Ardaravan, with portions of the townlands of Ballymacarry, Ballymacarry Lower, and Tullyarvan
Quay Street, Moville,	15th November, 1901,	—	Making a sewer,	Portions of the townland of Ballynally.
IRVINESTOWN No. 1 RURAL DISTRICT.				
Irvinestown (Castle Street),	1st August, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer	The Irvinestown Dispensary District.
KANTURK RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ceallstown,	15th March, 1902,	Improving and maintaining a supply of water.	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Banteer, Castlecor, Castlemagner, Clonmacen, Gortmore, Greenane, Kanturk, Kilbrin, Nad, Rockeen, and Tincora (now constituting the Kanturk Dispensary District)
Fortigrady,	31st May, 1901,	Sinking a well,	—	The Kanturk Dispensary District.
Freemount,	17th June, 1901,	Providing a pump, and cleaning and deepening a well	Diverting the course of a sewer.	The Milford Dispensary District
Kanturk,	12th October, 1901,	Deepening wells	—	The Kanturk Dispensary District.
King williams-town,	23rd July, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Scherbey Dispensary District.
Lismire,	15th June, 1902,	Sinking a well,	—	The Newmarket Dispensary District.
Lyre,	29th May, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Kanturk Dispensary District.
KELLS RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ardlonon,	3rd October, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	The Rural District.
Newtown,	27th June, 1901,	do.,	—	do.
Toberstown,	3rd September 1901,	Erecting a public pump,	—	do.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Kilkenny Rural District:				
Bonnettstown,	29th November, 1901,	Providing a water supply.	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Donmore, Grange, Kilkenny Rural, Outrath, and St. Canice.
Dunbell,	17th August, 1901,	do.	—	The Gowran Dispensary District.
Gowran,	29th November, 1901,	Improving the water supply	—	do.
Paulstown,	Do.	Repairing and cleaning a pump	—	do.
Killadysert Rural District:				
Labasheeda,	7th February, 1902,	—	Constructing a sewer.	The Rural District.
Killala Rural District:				
Killala (Quay Well),	23rd January, 1902,	Erecting a pump, and covering the well	—	The Rural District.
Kilmacthomas Rural District:				
Annestown,	8th January, 1902,	Erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District
Kill,	25rd December, 1901,	do.	—	do.
Kilmallock No. 1 Rural District:				
Ballingaddy,	8th March, 1902,	Purchasing a well and erecting a pump	—	The Rural District.
Bonnettstown,	4th July, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	do.
Kinsale Rural District:				
Carrigaline,	6th January, 1902,	Providing a water supply.	—	The Rural District.
Letterkenny Rural District:				
Manorcunningham,	22nd February, 1902,	Erecting a pump.	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Kincraigy, Magheraboy, and Manorcunningham (now constituting the Manorcunningham Dispensary District).
Limavady Rural District:				
Ballykelly and Glasvey,	29th August, 1901,	Improving the existing water supply.	—	The Rural District.
Limerick No. 1 Rural District:				
Corcamore,	19th March, 1902,	Providing a water supply	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Ballycumin, Carrig, Clarina, Patrick's Well, and Roxborough (now constituting the Clarina Dispensary District).

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—STATEMENT of ORDERS issued under the 232nd Section of the PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the AREAS of CHARGE on which the SPECIAL EXPENSES mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—*continued.*

NAME OF RURAL DISTRICT AND TOWN, VILLAGE, OR PLACE.	Date of Order.	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		AREA OF CHARGE.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
LISMORE RURAL DISTRICT: Church-lane, Lismore,	28th October, 1901,	—	Constructing sewers,	The Lismore Dispensary District.
LISNASKEA RURAL DISTRICT: Maguiresbridge,	4th April, 1901,	Providing a supply of water	—	The Rural District.
LOUTH RURAL DISTRICT: Ballymakenny,	26th April, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	The Rural District.
LURGAN RURAL DISTRICT: Derrytagh North,	19th March, 1902,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	The District Electoral Divisions of Brownlows Derry, Cornakinnegar, Lurgan Rural, and Montiaghs.
MACROOM RURAL DISTRICT: Macroom,	3rd May, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	The District Electoral Division of Macroom.
MALLOW RURAL DISTRICT: Ballyclough,	20th August, 1901,	Providing a supply of water	—	The Rural District.
Clogher,	21st August, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	do.
Gurtroe,	4th April, 1901,	do.,	—	do.
MANORHAMILTON RURAL DISTRICT: Manorhamilton,	8th March, 1902,	—	Providing a system of sewers.	The townlands of Manorhamilton, Cloneen, Skreeny in the parish of Cloonclare, and Skreeny in the parish of Killesnet.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

MILLSTREET RURAL DISTRICT:				
Roherboy,	7th October, 1901,	—	Constructing a main sewer.	The Rural District.
Knocknagree,	10th June, 1901,	—	do.,	do.
Upper Mill-lane, Millstreet,	27th August, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	do.
MOUNTBELLEW RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ballinrooaun,	10th February, 1902,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
Graigue,	Do.,	Deepening and walling-in two wells,	—	do.
Lower Ballagh,	Do.,	Sinking a well and erecting same.	—	do.
Mountbellew,	Do.,	—	Improving the sewerage.	do.
Mullaghmore,	Do.,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	do.
MOUNTMELICK RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ballybrittas,	17th February, 1900,	—	Improving the sewerage.	The Rural District.
Portarlington,	16th August, 1901,	Cleaning the "Old Canal."	—	do.
MULLINGAR RURAL DISTRICT:				
Killucan,	4th March, 1902,	—	Repairing a sewer.	The Rural District.
Stonehall,	Do.,	Erecting a pump.	—	do.
NAAS No. 1 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Arthurstown Cross Roads,	23rd September, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The portion of the Naas No. 1 Rural District which is not comprised in the District Electoral Division of Newbridge Urban.
Arthgarvan, in the townland of Curragh	Do.,	do.,	—	do. do.
Betaghstown,	5th February, 1902,	do.,	—	do. do.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—STATEMENT of ORDERS issued under the 232nd Section of the PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the AREAS of CHARGE on which the SPECIAL EXPENSES mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—*continued.*

NAME OF RURAL DISTRICT AND TOWN, VILLAGE, OR PLACE.	Date of Order.	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		AREA OF CHARGE.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
NAAS NO. 1 RURAL DISTRICT—*cont.*				
Clone	23rd September, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The portion of the Naas No. 1 Rural District which is not comprised in the District Electoral Division of Newbridge Urban.
Killea Commons,	Do.,	do.,	—	do. do.
Millicent,	Do.,	do.,	—	do. do.
Sarawtown, in the townland of Curryhills.	Do.,	do.,	—	do. do.
NAVAN RURAL DISTRICT.				
Carnistown Schoolhouse,	2nd September, 1901,	Replacing the public pump.	—	The Rural District.
Deanhill,	3rd October, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	do.
Knightstown-road,	15th November, 1901,	do.	—	do.
Knock Cross Roads,	18th September, 1901,	Sinking a public well and erecting a pump.	—	do.
Navan Commons,	11th November, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting pump.	—	do.
Rushwee,	26th November, 1901,	do.	—	do.
NEWCASTLE RURAL DISTRICT:				
Kilmeedy,	17th May, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	The Feenagh Dispensary District.
NEW ROSS RURAL DISTRICT:				
Campile,	4th April, 1901,	Repairing a well,	—	The Rural District.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

OLDCASTLE No 1 RURAL DISTRICT				
Dromera,	11th November, 1901,	Repairing the pump,	—	The Rural District.
Ross,	18th May, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	do.
OLDCASTLE No 2 RURAL DISTRICT.				
Granard-street, Ballyjamesduff,	18th May, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer.	The Ballyjamesduff Dispensary District.
OMAGH RURAL DISTRICT:				
Gortin,	16th December, 1901,	Providing a water supply.	—	The Gortin Dispensary District.
RATHDOWN No. 1 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Eversley, Dundrum,	22nd May, 1901,	—	Repairing an existing sewer.	The Rural District.
RATHDOWN No. 2 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Templecarrig,	30th May, 1901,	Erecting a conduit at Templecarrig Reservoir	—	The Rural District.
RATHDEALE RURAL DISTRICT:				
Anghanish East,	6th July, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	The Rural District.
Kilbrathren,	23rd September, 1901,	Deepening a well,	—	do.
Loughgill,	Do.,	Providing a supply of water	—	do.
ROSCREA No 1 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Clonmore,	23rd January, 1902,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Bourney Dispensary District.
ROSCREA No 2 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ballincor,	4th April, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	The Rural District.
Broona,	Do.,	do.,	—	do
Derrinclare,	Do.	do.,	—	do.
ROSCREA No 3 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Borris-in-Ossory,	10th March, 1902,	—	Making sewers.	The Rural District.
Errill,	6th August, 1901,	—	Making a sewer,	do
Kyle,	7th August, 1901,	Repairing the wall round a pump.	—	do.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—STATEMENT of ORDERS issued under the 232nd Section of the PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACT, 1878, as amended by the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, determining the AREAS of CHARGE on which the SPECIAL EXPENSES mentioned in such Orders, respectively, are chargeable—*continued.*

NAME OF RURAL DISTRICT AND TOWN, VILLAGE, OR PLACE.	Date of Order.	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		AREA OF CHARGE.
		Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
SCARIFF RURAL DISTRICT: Scariff,	23rd July, 1901,	Providing a water supply.	—	The Mount Shannon Dispensary District.
SKILLEAGH RURAL DISTRICT: Coolkenno,	19th July, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
SLIEVEARDAGH RURAL DISTRICT: Beaverstown Cross Roads,	25th April, 1901,	do.,	—	The Rural District.
SLIGO RURAL DISTRICT: Riverstown,	17th February, 1902,	Improving a water supply.	—	The Rural District.
TANDERAGEE RURAL DISTRICT: Quality Hill, Laurelvale,	20th May, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
TOBERCURRY RURAL DISTRICT: Ballinacarrow,	27th September, 1901,	Enclosing a well,	—	The Rural District.
URALES RURAL DISTRICT Abbeydorney,	3rd September, 1901,	Constructing works to improve the water supply.	—	The Rural District.
Scartaglin,	2nd September, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer,	do.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TRIM RURAL DISTRICT:				
Ballinrig,	4th July, 1901,	Building a wall round a pump well.	—	The Rural District.
Doolistown,	16th July, 1901,	Erecting a wall round a well.	—	do.
Enfield,	12th August, 1901,	Repairing a pump well,	—	do
Meadestown,	23rd November, 1901,	Repairing a wall, and concreting round a pump	—	do.
Rathcarron,	11th November, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	do.
Rathcore,	22nd October, 1901,	do,	—	do.
Rathmore,	Do.,	do.,	—	do.
THAM RURAL DISTRICT:				
Monivea,	23rd December, 1901,	Erecting a pump,	—	The Abbey Dispensary District.
Do.,	17th July, 1901,	—	Improving the sewerage.	The Rural District
WATERFORD No 1 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Dunmore, East.	16th May, 1901,	—	Carrying out sewerage works.	The District Electoral Divisions of Killea and Rathmoylan.
Passage East,	10th January, 1902,	Improving the supply of water.	—	The townlands of Carrickaggart, Crooke, Knockparson, Knockroe Newtown, Parkswood Lower, Parkswood Upper, Passage East, and Passage West.
WATERFORD No 2 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Silverne,	24th June, 1901,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The Rural District.
YOUGHAL No 1 RURAL DISTRICT				
Gortros,	3rd March, 1902,	Improving the water supply	—	The Rural District.
YOUGHAL No. 2 RURAL DISTRICT:				
Closhmore,	10th January, 1902,	—	Construction of sewerage works.	The Rural District.
Rhincrew,	6th September, 1901,	Erecting a pump at a public well.	—	do

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 3.—ORDER determining the AREA of CHARGE on which EXPENSES incurred under the Electric Lighting Act, are chargeable as SPECIAL EXPENSES under the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

NAME OF RURAL DISTRICT AND TOWN, VILLAGE, OR PLACE.	Date of Order.	Purpose	Area of Charge.
NAAS No. 1 RURAL DISTRICT:			
Parts of the Rural District as specified in the First Schedule to the Electric Lighting Orders Confirmation (No. 10) Act, 1901.	4th November, 1901.	Electric Lighting.	The townlands of Kildare (in which is included the town of Kildare), Whiteland East, Coilaknock Glebe, Curragh Farm, Bishopland, Crockanore Glebe, South Green, Loughminane, Knockshough Glebe, Leughlloo, and Grey Abbey, all situate in the parish of Kildare. Also that part of the townland of Tully West, lying north of the southern boundary of the field known as the Barn Field, in the occupation of Francis Lee, and also that part of the townland of Tully East, lying north of the southern boundary of Colonel W. H. Walker's holding, both situate in the parish of Tully, and all situate in the Kildare District Electoral Division, in the County of Kildare.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 4.—Statement of Orders issued under Section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, investing Rural Sanitary Authorities with powers given to Urban Sanitary Authorities by certain Sections of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878.

Name of Rural District (1.)	Date of Order (2.)	Sections of Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, declared to be in force (3.)	Contributory Place in which the Section mentioned in the 3rd Column has been declared to be in force (4.)
Antrim,	7th February, 1902,	54 and 105	The Rural District.
Bandon,	25th April, 1901,	49	The District Electoral Division of Bandon.
Bantry,	19th July, 1901	49	The District Electoral Division of Bantry, Urban.
Ballinamore,	6th November, 1901,	50	The townlands of Cannaboo and Tully, and portions of the townlands of Aghadark and Strudermot.
South Dublin,	2nd December, 1901,	52	The townlands of Terenure and Rathfarnham.
Do.,	19th February, 1902,	80	Portions of the townland of Newtown Little
Do.,	do.	80	Portions of the townland of Simmonscourt
Do.,	do.,	80	Portions of the townlands of Oldcorbard, Rathfarnham, Terenure, and Willbrook.
Do.,	3rd January, 1902,	54 and 105	The Rural District
Inishowen,	23rd September, 1901,	80	Portions of the townlands of Ardaraven, Ballymacarry, Ballymacarry Lower, and Tullyarvan.
Do.,	22nd July, 1901,	80	Portion of the townland of Churchland Quarters.
Do.,	19th August, 1901,	87	Portion of the townland of Ballynally.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 5.—Statement of Orders under Section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1900, altering Areas of Charge heretofore declared on which the Special Expenses mentioned in such Orders respectively, are chargeable.

Name of Rural District and Town, Village or Place.	Date of Order	Date of Order altered.	Purposes for which incurred or to be incurred.		Area of Charge
			Water Supply, &c.	Sewerage, &c.	
Armagh.					
Keady,	1st October, 1901,	2nd September, 1875,	Providing a water supply to the Town.	—	The District Electoral Division of Keady Urban
Charlemont,	1st October, 1901,	13th December, 1899,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump.	—	The portion of the Rural District of Armagh which is not comprised in the District Electoral Division of Keady Urban.
Markethill,		12th February, 1900,	Erecting a pump in the Wood Well.	—	
Hamiltonsbawn,		6th November, 1899,	Sinking a well and erecting a pump	—	
Annaghmore,		12th November, 1900,	Do.	—	
Derkley,		Do.,	Providing a water supply.	—	
Ladie Well,		4th January, 1901,	Erecting a pump and trough.	—	
Charlemont,		16th January, 1901,	Erecting a pump.	—	
Aillstragh,		Do.,	Sinking a well, erecting a pump, and placing a trough	—	
		15th May, 1899,	Special expenses (including those under Section 8 of the Post Office Act, 1891), and expenses incurred under the Technical Instruction Act, 1889.	—	
Ballymannon No 1 Bunderan Town,	3rd October, 1901,	13th December, 1894,	Providing a water supply to the Town	—	Portions of the townlands of Drumacrin, Magheracar, and Finner
Bandon: Bandon Town,	15th October, 1901,	15th May, 1899,	—	Sanitary works in the Town.	The portion of the Rural District of Bandon which is not included in the District Electoral Division of Bandon.
Bandon Town,	Do.,	13th September, 1877, & 30th January, 1880.	Providing a water supply in the Town.	Constructing sewers,	The District Electoral Division of Bandon.
Bire No. 1,	24th September, 1901,	15th May, 1899,	Special expenses (including those under Section 8 of the Post Office Act, 1891, and expenses incurred by Rural Sanitary Authorities under the Technical Instruction Act, 1889	—	The Dispensary District in which such place is situate except any portion of such Dispensary District as is comprised in an Urban District.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

CARRICK-ON-SHANNON No. 1: Carrick-on-Shannon Town.	8th February, 1902,	Do.,	Providing a water supply to the Town	—	The townland of Townparks.
CASTLEDERG: Castlederg Village,	17th April, 1901,	15th May, 1899, and 24th September, 1900	Improving the water supply of the Village	—	The Rural District.
CLIFDEN,	9th December, 1901,	15th May, 1893 and 15th June, 1899.	Special expenses (including those under Section 8 of the Post Office Act, 1891), and expenses incurred by Rural Sanitary Authorities under the Technical Instruction Act, 1889, and expenses incurred for the purpose of providing a supply of water to the Villages of Letterfrack and Claddaghduff	—	The Dispensary District in which is situate the place in connection with which any of the original or additional expenses were incurred.
INISHOWEN: Buncrana,	18th February, 1902,	16th May, 1899,	—	Sanitary works,	The townland of Ardaravan, together with portions of the townlands of Ballymacarry, Ballymacarry Lower, and Tullyarvan.
Carndonagh,	Do.,	Do.,	—	Do.,	Portion of the townland of Charnhland, Quarter including Carrick, Carrowtemple, and Moneyshandeery.
Moville,	Do.,	Do.,	—	Do.,	The portion of the townland of Ballynally.
LISMORE: Lismore Town,	29th October, 1901,	19th January, 1875, & 29th September, 1880.	—	Constructing a paved surface channel to a covered sewer, and making of new sewers.	The Lismore Dispensary District.
MANORHAMILTON: Manorhamilton Town,	8th February, 1902,	15th May, 1899,	Waterworks in the Town	—	The townlands of Manorhamilton, Cloonco, Skreeny, in the Parish of Closcolare, and Skreeny in the Parish of Killanet.
NEWTOWNARDS: Comber Town,	17th April, 1901,	Do.,	—	Improving the sewerage,	The townland of Townparks in the Comber District Electoral Division.
OLDCASTLE No. 2: Granard-street, Ballyjamesdoff	22nd July, 1901,	16th May, 1901,	—	Constructing a sewer in Granard-street.	The Rural District.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 1.—TABLE, compiled from weekly returns furnished by Clerks of Unions the week ended the 6th of April, 1901, to the week

Week ended Saturday.	Relief in Workhouses.																
	Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other classes.			Total number in workhouses.	Average weekly cost per head for maintenance (exclusive of clothing).	Deaths.		No. of persons foregoing coloured to work under 16th sec. of 6 & the 3rd and 4th Vic., c. 83.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever patients.	Other cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.			No. during the week.	Weekly rate of mortality per 1,000.	No. of patients, under the 16th sec. of 3 & 7 Vic., c. 92, and the 3rd sec. of 25 and 26 Vic., c. 86.		
															Fever Cases.	Other Cases.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
1901.												s. d.					
April 13,	1,882	2,983	4,822	6,044	656	18,832	18,888	6,661	3,188	12,820	42,174	3 3	378	5·7	21	399	420
13,	1,803	2,983	4,786	5,647	468	18,311	18,774	6,561	6,097	12,678	41,865	3 10½	253	3·2	16	347	363
20,	1,705	2,998	4,696	5,604	658	18,177	18,780	6,542	118	12,660	41,692	3 8½	237	4·2	8	332	350
27,	1,657	2,948	4,616	5,561	474	17,948	18,428	6,112	664	16,495	41,066	3 3	220	4·5	8	386	388
May 4,	1,621	2,903	4,523	2,422	587	17,620	18,187	6,272	6,615	12,890	40,422	3 7	184	4·3	14	321	335
11,	1,564	2,908	4,472	5,457	512	17,674	18,186	6,204	6,046	12,250	40,225	3 7	174	3·7	16	328	345
18,	1,667	2,794	4,461	5,666	437	17,471	17,968	6,210	6,001	12,241	39,845	3 3	221	4·7	18	321	339
25,	1,581	2,803	4,381	5,976	513	17,209	17,795	6,204	2,996	12,206	38,585	3 6½	196	4·2	14	328	342
June 1,	1,518	2,798	4,314	2,975	523	17,152	17,675	6,218	6,010	12,222	39,486	3 6½	167	3·3	26	326	352
8,	1,457	2,862	4,289	5,546	549	16,996	17,545	6,114	6,013	12,127	39,361	3 6½	172	4	28	323	351
15,	1,456	2,812	4,268	2,570	596	16,956	17,540	6,120	6,026	12,146	39,356	3 5	167	3·4	26	316	342
22,	1,582	2,828	4,389	5,426	664	16,960	17,624	6,163	6,029	12,192	39,499	3 6	177	3·3	21	323	354
29,	1,481	2,795	4,276	5,375	595	16,594	17,189	6,086	6,037	12,123	38,963	3 5½	158	4·1	32	317	349
July 6,	1,450	2,779	4,229	5,368	629	16,501	17,130	5,967	5,990	11,966	38,683	3 6½	127	3·7	28	317	345
13,	1,469	2,754	4,223	5,398	511	16,410	17,021	5,917	6,016	11,933	38,500	3 6	152	3·4	20	309	329
20,	1,458	2,756	4,214	5,416	567	16,486	17,047	5,912	6,048	11,962	38,526	3 5	176	3·8	28	328	356
27,	1,460	2,757	4,167	2,345	523	16,486	17,008	5,853	6,070	12,023	38,503	3 5½	155	3	32	308	340
Aug. 3,	1,422	2,754	4,249	2,307	508	15,461	15,964	5,904	6,037	11,941	35,481	3 6½	154	3·5	24	331	355
10,	1,589	2,785	4,374	5,288	631	18,420	19,051	2,948	6,088	12,036	36,656	3 5½	144	2·2	22	541	565
17,	1,540	2,798	4,338	5,195	636	16,504	17,146	5,978	5,056	12,034	38,702	3 6	144	3·2	30	349	379
24,	1,516	2,798	4,308	2,242	586	15,418	16,073	5,984	6,045	12,029	36,559	3 6	135	3	43	348	391
31,	1,598	2,785	4,378	5,244	590	16,469	17,052	6,040	6,067	12,116	38,790	3 6	154	3·4	33	352	388
Sept. 7,	1,598	2,501	4,099	2,236	685	16,563	17,148	6,082	6,092	12,127	38,565	3 6½	140	3·3	36	353	389
14,	1,588	2,858	4,446	5,812	595	16,502	17,157	6,047	5,176	12,217	38,165	3 6	155	3·4	38	348	382
21,	1,743	2,854	4,597	2,327	628	16,614	17,240	6,194	6,186	12,389	39,544	3 6	141	3	37	249	276
28,	1,715	2,806	4,512	5,368	621	16,076	17,294	6,264	6,157	12,421	39,625	3 6½	150	3·2	25	350	375
Oct. 5,	1,732	2,912	4,644	2,394	594	16,727	17,861	6,228	6,178	12,406	39,765	3 6½	117	2·2	32	357	389
12,	1,753	2,913	4,666	5,307	648	16,814	17,462	6,420	6,168	12,588	40,085	3 6½	149	3·2	46	391	461
19,	1,725	2,924	4,722	2,478	601	16,951	17,552	6,508	6,129	12,628	40,378	3 7½	174	3·7	44	405	449
26,	1,700	2,986	4,726	2,469	621	17,180	17,796	6,561	6,162	12,728	40,668	3 7½	181	3·9	51	408	459
Nov. 2,	1,850	2,909	4,759	5,459	623	17,247	17,870	6,558	6,102	12,867	40,988	3 7½	169	3·5	42	416	458
9,	1,868	2,861	4,740	5,472	656	17,853	18,002	6,597	6,502	13,002	41,286	3 7½	181	3·8	38	408	446
16,	1,956	2,985	4,891	5,586	606	17,495	18,104	6,559	6,226	13,175	41,700	3 7½	190	3·7	43	417	460
23,	1,967	2,947	4,964	5,576	505	17,658	18,225	6,970	6,839	13,809	42,048	3 7	193	4	34	418	452
30,	1,953	3,000	4,953	5,535	571	17,596	18,167	7,062	6,845	13,907	42,158	3 7½	185	3·8	38	414	452
Dec. 7,	1,996	2,049	5,042	2,709	552	17,682	18,234	7,184	6,378	13,562	42,550	3 7½	166	3·4	29	423	452
14,	2,067	3,070	5,137	5,735	540	17,860	18,400	7,281	6,406	13,687	42,968	3 8½	210	4·2	25	404	430
21,	2,059	3,067	5,126	5,707	478	17,697	18,175	7,279	6,389	13,668	42,674	3 3	223	4·2	17	428	445
28,	2,235	3,104	5,339	5,706	473	17,620	18,168	7,244	6,358	13,603	42,563	4 1½	256	5·2	16	441	457
1902.																	
Jan. 4,	2,250	3,072	5,322	5,734	499	18,286	18,787	7,259	6,369	13,748	43,531	3 10½	209	4·1	12	413	456
11,	2,221	3,058	5,279	5,622	403	18,461	18,926	7,291	6,460	13,821	43,848	3 8½	152	3·5	14	450	464
18,	2,166	3,021	5,189	5,758	404	18,527	18,621	7,444	6,493	13,937	43,960	3 8	209	4·1	17	432	450
25,	2,153	3,091	5,244	5,344	329	18,585	18,114	7,520	6,498	14,018	44,320	3 8½	211	4·1	15	431	446
Feb. 1,	2,048	3,049	5,092	2,865	513	18,742	19,254	7,564	6,549	14,113	44,864	3 8½	220	4·3	14	434	448
8,	2,121	3,053	5,174	5,580	462	18,864	18,286	7,566	6,555	14,121	44,417	3 8½	224	4·4	17	441	458
15,	2,262	3,086	5,348	5,521	478	19,025	19,503	7,646	6,555	14,201	44,976	3 8	232	5·5	21	441	462
22,	2,147	3,071	5,218	5,992	488	19,089	19,502	7,395	6,524	14,119	44,801	3 8½	281	5·4	21	437	458
Mar. 1,	2,065	3,078	5,138	3,829	468	19,025	19,450	7,516	6,488	14,004	44,421	3 8	298	4·4	20	439	459
8,	1,932	3,062	4,967	5,772	424	18,587	19,661	7,390	6,458	13,848	43,652	3 8½	210	4	10	440	456
15,	1,953	3,050	4,960	5,768	422	15,798	19,212	7,185	5,394	12,576	40,411	3 8	204	4	20	428	448
22,	1,953	2,918	4,873	5,658	409	18,669	19,096	7,205	6,320	13,525	45,152	3 8	126	3·3	23	425	450
29,	1,808	2,924	4,832	5,897	400	18,428	18,868	7,262	6,237	13,499	43,868	3 8½	205	4·1	17	432	449

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

showing the number of persons in receipt of relief, at the close of each week, from ended the 29th of March, 1902, both included.

Included in the who were admit- houses under the 7 Vic., c. 92, and sect. of 25 and 26			No. of Constabulary patients, under the 8th sec. of 24 & 25 Vic., c. 83.			No. of persons sent for treatment to Hospitals not connected with workhouses, under sec. 15 of 6 & 7 Vic., c. 92, sec. 7 of 25 & 26 Vic., c. 83, and sec. 10 of 55 & 56 Vic., c. 217.		No. of Blind and Deaf and Dumb persons maintained in Institutions under sec. 14 of 8 & 7 Vic., c. 92, and Sec. 8 of 41 & 42 Vic., c. 60; and number of Idiots and Imbeciles maintained in Asylums under Sec. 4 of last-mentioned Act.			No. of children in District Schools established under 11 & 12 Vic., chap. 85, sec. 2.	Out-door Relief.													Total number of persons in receipt of out-door relief.	Total number of persons in receipt of relief.
												Under section 1 of 10 Vic., chap. 31.		Under 10 Vic., chap. 31, but not sec. 1, under 11 & 12 Vic., c. 47, sec. 4, and otherwise.		Children under 31 & 32 Vic., chap. 30. Number out at Nurse or Boarded out. Sec. 1.			Children under 31 & 32 Vic., chap. 30. Number in Certified Schools, sec. 3 (5).				
Fever Cases	Other Cases.	Total.				Fever Hospitals.	Other Hospitals.	Blind.	Deaf and Dumb.	Idiots and Imbeciles.		No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
19.	20.	21.				22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38	39.
5	9	15				14	100	397	442	35	415	54,602	54,275	880	1,788	1,220	1,135	2,335	-	13	13	55,380	101,957
5	7	13				11	97	397	445	35	410	54,722	54,172	844	1,751	1,322	1,140	2,322	-	13	13	55,277	101,357
5	8	13				27	104	398	448	34	410	54,781	54,251	879	1,840	1,218	1,142	2,360	-	12	12	55,253	101,278
12	5	18				17	104	398	449	34	409	54,777	54,280	888	1,688	1,217	1,147	2,354	-	12	12	55,350	100,881
1	8	9				20	110	398	451	34	407	54,734	54,128	874	1,874	1,218	1,144	2,362	-	12	12	55,178	100,019
1	8	9				30	112	402	450	34	403	54,751	54,182	887	1,869	1,217	1,146	2,354	-	12	12	55,218	100,169
-	7	7				28	117	401	456	32	404	54,789	54,155	622	1,534	1,219	1,152	2,371	-	12	12	55,075	55,458
-	8	8				29	108	400	455	32	415	54,748	54,194	814	1,501	1,222	1,152	2,374	-	12	12	55,081	55,048
-	7	7				34	114	402	457	32	417	54,708	54,132	582	1,513	1,220	1,158	2,378	-	12	12	55,080	98,253
-	8	8				25	101	401	454	33	415	54,750	54,142	564	1,534	1,225	1,155	2,380	-	12	12	55,058	98,758
5	8	13				17	108	400	456	32	411	54,784	54,085	595	1,515	1,225	1,153	2,378	-	12	12	55,005	98,744
1	5	6				2	105	398	454	32	408	54,724	54,104	811	1,559	1,226	1,145	2,381	-	11	11	55,085	98,851
1	6	7				14	105	402	457	35	410	54,622	54,081	820	1,444	1,230	1,157	2,387	-	11	11	57,908	98,282
1	4	5				15	114	400	458	32	412	54,607	53,931	622	1,469	1,224	1,158	2,378	-	11	11	57,787	97,607
2	1	3				13	120	400	458	32	402	54,655	53,845	625	1,478	1,224	1,150	2,374	-	11	11	57,704	97,797
1	3	4				10	118	400	459	30	407	54,591	53,358	577	1,581	1,213	1,144	2,359	-	11	11	57,607	97,268
-	1	1				15	120	400	459	32	405	54,548	53,842	582	1,409	1,222	1,143	2,365	-	11	11	57,183	97,126
1	2	3				50	125	400	459	32	397	54,458	53,095	606	1,457	1,223	1,147	2,370	-	11	11	56,958	55,540
1	1	2				18	119	401	459	32	398	54,244	52,706	571	1,384	1,220	1,149	2,369	-	11	11	56,414	55,521
2	2	4				17	132	403	458	32	397	53,972	52,857	523	1,254	1,219	1,150	2,369	-	11	11	55,991	55,158
1	6	4				14	126	403	457	32	399	53,731	51,897	581	1,522	1,219	1,156	2,377	-	11	11	55,607	55,829
1	4	5				13	134	403	459	32	397	53,778	51,910	567	1,348	1,218	1,151	2,369	-	11	11	55,285	55,853
-	4	4				14	124	403	459	32	398	53,029	52,157	541	1,314	1,211	1,155	2,358	-	11	11	55,748	55,075
1	8	9				18	120	405	455	32	395	54,004	52,290	586	1,302	1,217	1,152	2,369	-	11	11	55,972	55,530
-	8	8				15	111	402	452	32	393	54,072	52,351	577	1,370	1,218	1,154	2,370	-	11	11	55,202	57,157
1	4	5				13	109	406	448	32	402	54,092	52,655	528	1,238	1,215	1,155	2,368	-	11	11	55,207	97,800
-	4	4				12	108	401	459	33	406	53,834	51,860	648	1,380	1,218	1,152	2,365	-	10	10	55,880	96,811
-	5	5				11	101	401	450	33	402	53,946	51,857	815	1,442	1,213	1,141	2,354	-	10	10	55,662	97,144
-	7	7				8	95	401	447	35	402	53,989	52,020	574	1,315	1,212	1,143	2,355	-	10	10	55,700	97,481
-	4	3				12	100	404	448	35	401	54,065	52,220	555	1,255	1,209	1,149	2,358	-	10	10	55,558	97,812
-	9	9				11	102	400	445	36	400	54,095	52,212	572	1,291	1,206	1,149	2,355	-	10	10	55,288	96,298
1	8	9				12	99	404	445	36	401	54,185	52,488	553	1,315	1,209	1,145	2,354	-	10	10	56,165	96,794
1	10	11				10	105	405	444	34	398	54,169	52,448	545	1,323	1,207	1,148	2,355	-	10	10	55,210	99,506
1	3	4				12	108	404	445	34	399	54,285	52,590	525	1,442	1,205	1,137	2,342	-	10	10	55,284	55,538
1	5	6				11	112	406	442	34	400	54,221	52,889	502	1,478	1,199	1,143	2,342	-	10	10	55,269	100,558
5	4	7				8	117	408	441	35	408	54,951	53,117	540	1,541	1,204	1,132	2,336	-	10	10	57,004	100,855
2	4	6				14	118	408	440	35	407	54,559	53,020	568	1,561	1,208	1,140	2,348	-	10	10	57,582	101,778
3	5	7				22	119	405	448	35	406	54,592	53,589	681	1,819	1,218	1,135	2,353	-	10	10	57,655	101,733
3	7	10				38	106	405	447	35	405	54,572	53,685	640	1,589	1,209	1,138	2,338	-	10	10	57,817	102,081
3	9	12				34	107	406	445	34	402	54,855	53,829	720	1,445	1,155	1,180	2,329	-	10	10	57,818	102,771
1	8	7				31	110	405	445	34	404	54,018	54,072	685	1,733	1,188	1,180	2,328	-	10	10	58,149	102,400
3	7	10				28	109	406	445	33	400	54,963	54,201	700	1,750	1,201	1,155	2,350	-	10	10	58,291	155,510
4	6	10				22	109	405	448	36	405	55,055	54,296	726	1,784	1,198	1,157	2,355	-	10	10	58,427	155,078
4	4	8				15	113	401	446	37	402	55,111	54,547	731	1,837	1,200	1,125	2,325	-	10	10	58,708	154,155
5	7	10				18	115	401	448	37	404	55,209	54,948	818	1,838	1,200	1,125	2,325	-	10	10	59,132	155,001
4	7	11				21	111	401	449	37	412	55,305	55,218	765	1,926	1,192	1,122	2,314	-	10	10	59,458	155,870
3	9	12				18	111	402	451	37	415	55,388	55,295	807	1,927	1,198	1,120	2,318	-	10	10	58,515	105,861
1	8	9				31	107	402	448	36	410	54,754	55,595	840	2,048	1,191	1,121	2,312	-	10	10	58,255	105,870
5	8	13				55	108	402	450	36	410	55,318	55,498	823	2,061	1,191	1,120	2,311	-	10	10	58,560	102,137
3	5	7				22	115	403	450	36	413	55,318	55,429	738	1,869	1,187	1,130	2,317	-	10	10	58,617	104,473
5	5	10				19	120	402	451	37	414	55,379	55,557	785	1,819	1,181	1,134	2,315	-	10	10	58,601	104,128
4	3	10				18	102	405	448	37	413	55,394	55,279	781	1,815	1,186	1,121	2,307	-	10	10	58,411	103,668

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—TABLES, prepared from the weekly relief returns furnished by Clerks of Unions, showing for each of the last seven years the maximum, minimum, and average daily number of persons in the workhouses and on out-door relief, with the average daily number maintained from the poor rate in hospitals, in institutions for afflicted persons, and in the two District Schools established under the Act 11 and 12 Vic., chap. 25, and the per-centage of these average daily numbers on the estimated population of Ireland.

In-door Relief.

YEAR	Maximum number in Workhouses.		Minimum number in Workhouses.		Average daily number in receipt of in-door relief.		
					In Workhouses.	In Hospitals, Institutions, and District Schools.	Per-centage on population
1895-96,	43,219,	on 16 March, 1895	37,620,	on 29 June, 1895	40,208	1,356	·91
1896-97,	44,440,	„ 30 January, 1897	37,993,	„ 4 July, 1896	40,814	1,415	·93
1897-98,	45,865,	„ 26 February, 1898	38,931,	„ 7 August, 1897	41,774	1,420	·95
1898-99,	45,686,	„ 28 January, 1899	40,575,	„ 13 „ 1898	42,728	1,448	·97
1899-00,	45,346,	„ 17 February, 1900	39,664,	„ 26 „ 1899	41,980	1,500	·96
1900-01,	43,827,	„ 16 „ 1901	37,304,	„ 1 September, 1900	40,163	1,443	·92
1901-02,	44,976,	„ 15 „ 1902	38,481,	„ 3 August, 1901	41,163	1,420	·95

Out-door Relief.

YEAR.	Maximum number.		Minimum number.		Average daily number.	Per-centage of average daily number on population.
1895-96,	63,971,	on 16 March, 1895	52,021,	on 5 October, 1895	56,619	1·23
1896-97,	57,098,	„ 20 „ 1897	52,401,	„ 10 „ 1896	54,469	1·19
1897-98,	77,187,	„ 26 „ 1898	51,489,	„ 9 „ 1897	57,133	1·25
1898-99,	87,630,	„ 18 June, 1898	53,308,	„ 8 „ 1898	64,604	1·42
1899-00,	61,958,	„ 24 February, 1900	55,326,	„ 7 „ 1899	58,019	1·28
1900-01,	59,746,	„ 16 March, 1901	54,977,	„ 6 „ 1900	57,676	1·28
1901-02,	59,955,	„ 1 „ 1902	55,607,	„ 24 August, 1901	57,551	1·29

From these tables it may be seen that the total daily average number of persons relieved by Boards of Guardians during the year 1901–1902 amounted to 100,134, which is greater than in the preceding year by 862, and represents 1 in every 44 of the population of the country, or 2·2 per cent. at the middle of 1901.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 3.—TABLE containing a classified statement of the number of inmates in workhouses on the first Saturday in each year for the last thirty-one years, with the per-centage of each class on the total number of inmates.

—	Inmates not in Hospital.				Number in Hospital.	Total number in Workhouses.	Per-centage on total number.				
	Able-bodied.		Children under 15 years of age.	Other classes.			Able-bodied.		Children under 15 years of age.	Other classes not in Hospital.	In Hospital.
1.	Males. 2.	Females. 3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	Males. 8.	Females. 9.	10.	11.	12.
6 Jan., 1872	2,265	5,197	12,481	12,303	16,552	48,738	4·6	10·7	25·5	25·2	34
4 ,, 1873	2,331	5,447	12,380	12,695	17,023	49,856	4·7	10·8	24·8	25·5	34·1
3 ,, 1874	2,285	5,280	12,165	12,777	16,666	49,183	4·6	10·7	24·7	26	33·8
2 ,, 1875	2,333	5,190	12,157	12,883	17,212	49,805	4·7	10·4	24·3	25·9	34·5
1 ,, 1876	2,083	4,580	10,874	11,980	16,597	46,214	4·5	9·8	23·7	25·9	35·8
3 ,, 1877	2,107	4,399	10,528	11,947	16,784	45,762	4·6	9·6	23	26·1	36·7
5 ,, 1878	2,510	4,572	11,176	12,803	18,002	49,865	5·1	9·3	22·6	25·9	36·5
4 ,, 1879	2,913	5,118	11,385	13,865	18,088	51,764	5·6	9·9	22	26·8	36·8
3 ,, 1880	3,509	5,769	13,128	14,735	20,319	57,465	6·1	10	22·8	25·7	35·4
1 ,, 1881	3,308	5,515	12,202	14,426	19,858	55,804	6	10	22	25·1	35·8
7 ,, 1882	3,378	5,294	11,412	13,793	19 854	53,731	6·3	9·9	21·2	25·7	36·9
6 ,, 1883	3,288	5,142	11,063	13,832	20,324	53,748	6·1	9·6	20·6	25·9	37·8
5 ,, 1884	3,813	4,874	9,907	13,869	18,821	49,384	5·6	9·8	19·9	28	36·7
3 ,, 1885	2,775	4,641	8,830	13,876	18,287	48,909	5·6	9·5	19·1	28·4	37·4
2 ,, 1886	2,858	4,562	9,086	13,829	17,489	47,774	6	9·5	19	29	36·5
1 ,, 1887	2,906	4,474	8,686	13,842	17,482	47,390	6·1	9·5	18·3	29·2	36·9
7 ,, 1888	3,382	4,534	8,403	13,616	18,351	48,236	6·9	9·4	17·4	28·2	38·1
5 ,, 1889	3,044	4,156	8,128	13,464	17,572	46,864	6·6	8	17·3	29	37·8
4 ,, 1890	2,741	4,076	7,865	12,856	17,515	44,853	6·2	8·1	16·5	29	39·2
3 ,, 1891	2,443	3,755	6,781	12,454	17,158	42,601	5·7	8·9	13·9	29·2	40·3
2 ,, 1892	2,323	3,630	6,534	12,344	17,187	42,018	5·5	8·6	15·3	29·4	40·8
7 ,, 1893	2,572	3,700	6,653	12,513	17,311	42,755	6	8·7	15·8	29·2	40·5
3 ,, 1894	2,676	3,820	6,704	12,738	17,928	43,865	6·1	8·7	13·5	29	40·9
3 ,, 1895	2,478	3,581	6,509	12,603	17,728	42,899	5·8	8·3	15·2	29·4	41·3
4 ,, 1896	2,554	3,478	6,350	12,504	17,305	42,185	6·1	8·2	13·1	29·3	41
2 ,, 1897	2,517	3,438	6,201	12,819	17,695	42,670	5·9	8·1	14·5	30	41·3
1 ,, 1898	2,748	3,478	6,479	12,883	17,971	43,556	6·3	8	14·9	29·3	41·2
,, 1899	2,826	3,354	6,568	12,831	18,987	44,566	6·4	7·8	14·7	28·8	42·6
3 ,, 1900	2,388	3,338	6,058	12,761	19,376	43,920	5·3	7·6	13·8	29·1	44
3 ,, 1901	1,867	2,980	5,746	12,870	18,318	41,881	4·3	7·1	13·7	30·7	43·7
4 ,, 1902	2,250	3,079	5,724	13,746	18,787	43,531	5·2	7·1	13·1	31·3	43

It will be seen by this table that children maintained in the workhouses have decreased in the last thirty years from 25·5 per cent of the total number of inmates to 13·1 per cent, while the persons under treatment in hospital have increased from 34 to 43 per cent.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 4.—The following statement shows the average daily number of the several classes of persons relieved in workhouses during each year ended on the Saturday nearest to the 30th of September from 1872 to 1898, and thenceforward on the Saturday nearest tothe 31st of March, with the average number of deaths per week, and weekly rate of mortality.*

Year.	Estimated population at the middle of the year.	Able-bodied.			Healthy children under 16.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other classes.			Total daily average No. in Workhouses.	Deaths per week.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever	Other cases.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		Average number during week.	Average weekly rate of mortality per 1,000 inmates.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
1872,	5,372,890	1,769	4,628	6,397	11,464	1,039	15,107	16,146	5,140	6,606	11,746	45,753	229	5
1873,	5,327,938	1,881	4,827	6,658	11,681	960	15,448	16,378	5,260	6,734	11,994	46,711	267	5·1
1874,	5,298,979	1,875	4,700	6,575	11,672	893	15,610	16,503	5,454	6,777	12,231	46,961	207	4·4
1875,	5,278,629	1,776	4,505	6,278	11,087	801	15,731	16,522	5,534	6,524	12,056	45,945	221	4·8
1876,	5,277,844	1,679	4,130	5,809	10,164	867	15,666	16,353	5,279	6,097	11,376	43,652	204	4·7
1877,	5,286,880	1,749	3,995	5,744	9,859	700	15,206	16,000	5,269	6,146	11,385	43,594	207	4·7
1878,	5,282,240	2,047	4,448	6,495	10,546	855	16,878	17,733	5,736	6,512	12,248	47,022	227	4·8
1879,	5,268,628	2,409	4,786	7,195	11,125	812	17,798	18,610	6,255	6,811	13,066	49,996	254	5·1
1880,	5,302,648	2,815	5,165	7,980	12,230	1,007	18,936	19,948	6,643	7,250	14,095	54,245	259	4·8
1881,	5,145,770	2,798	4,973	7,788	11,616	822	18,957	19,779	6,485	7,139	13,624	52,789	228	4·3
1882,	5,101,018	2,803	4,737	7,540	10,665	659	18,392	19,251	6,179	6,928	13,107	50,583	204	4
1883,	5,023,811	2,609	4,720	7,389	10,366	783	18,226	19,009	6,459	7,152	13,611	50,315	252	5
1884,	4,974,561	2,323	4,423	5,746	9,299	671	17,409	16,080	6,360	7,140	13,500	47,085	210	4·4
1885,	4,988,568	2,326	4,309	6,635	8,835	502	17,257	17,759	6,328	6,911	13,239	46,468	219	4·7
1886,	4,905,895	2,477	4,254	6,731	8,709	439	16,755	17,244	6,407	7,013	13,420	46,104	204	4·4
1887,	4,857,11[illegible]	2,471	4,167	6,638	8,339	470	16,729	17,199	6,345	6,967	13,312	45,468	194	4·2
1888,	4,801,312	2,657	4,101	6,738	8,002	364	16,836	17,400	6,308	6,770	13,079	45,219	196	4·2
1889,	4,757,385	2,507	3,878	6,395	7,862	368	16,669	17,057	6,220	6,614	12,834	43,838	187	4·2
1890,	4,717,959	2,249	6,764	6,013	7,009	465	16,747	17,212	5,376	6,310	12,383	42,517	202	4·7
1891,	4,680,376	2,054	3,527	5,581	6,518	342	16,498	16,840	5,861	6,114	11,975	40,914	192	4·7
1892,	4,638,808	2,035	3,467	5,502	6,419	392	16,394	16,736	5,815	5,918	11,733	40,497	211	5·1
1893,	4,607,462	2,103	3,557	5,660	6,491	393	16,615	17,008	5,063	5,938	11,001	41,160	178	4·3
1894,	4,589,260	2,159	3,505	5,664	6,396	461	16,615	17,076	6,169	5,948	12,118	41,254	190	4·8
1895,	4,559,936	2,110	3,347	5,457	6,209	415	16,701	17,116	6,049	5,747	11,796	40,578	191	4·8
1896,	4,542,061	2,145	3,294	5,439	6,118	379	16,554	16,932	6,094	5,737	11,831	40,320	161	4
1897,	4,529,917	2,163	3,312	5,477	6,146	588	17,020	17,588	6,307	5,799	12,106	41,287	185	4·5
1898,	4,513,478	2,324	3,338	5,662	6,411	640	17,517	18,157	6,488	5,328	12,816	42,840	194	4·3
1899,	4,502,401	2,326	3,280	5,609	6,416	635	17,817	18,452	6,469	5,782	12,251	42,728	190	4·4
1900,	4,469,501	2,096	3,156	5,252	6,015	570	18,021	18,591	6,270	5,852	12,122	41,980	217	5·3
1901,	4,445,630	1,670	2,890	4,560	5,527	558	17,379	17,938	6,250	5,634	11,134	40,156	191	4·7
1902,	4,432,287	1,793	2,919	4,714	5,526	540	17,521	18,061	6,647	6,215	12,862	41,163	189	4·6

* A yearly rate of mortality cannot be accurately determined, as the number of individual persons relieved in workhouses during the course of a year is not ascertainable. This arises from the fact that the same person may be relieved several times during a year, and on each occasion is counted as a separate admission.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 5.—The following table, prepared from weekly returns furnished by Clerks of Unions, exhibits, in the accustomed form, a classification of the causes of death in workhouses in each period of four weeks from the week ended the 9th of March, 1901, to that ended the 8th of March, 1902, inclusive:—

Cause of Death.	In the four weeks ended														Total in previous corresponding period.
	1901.										1902.				
	6th Apr.	4th May.	1st June.	29th June.	27th July.	24th Aug.	21st Sept.	19th Oct.	16th Nov.	14th Dec.	11th Jan.	8th Feb.	8th March	Total.	
Age,	215	188	141	168	133	125	121	106	156	198	229	197	243	2,320	2,081
Apoplexy,	8	12	8	15	2	7	5	3	5	6	9	14	3	82	79
Asthma,	6	7	1	5	4	–	–	2	3	2	4	3	4	41	39
Atrophy,	83	60	61	18	15	21	30	49	40	82	35	29	38	511	1,046
Brain Disease,	28	27	23	29	24	16	23	23	26	28	28	17	19	312	293
Cancer,	14	22	25	16	22	18	18	12	16	24	33	24	18	282	267
Childbirth,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		–	–	–	3
Cholera,	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1
Consumption,	141	112	114	100	101	83	68	79	86	96	1	109	123	1,303	1,264
Convulsions,	9	8	8	8	7	3	6	9	8	7	8	12	8	99	95
Croup,	–	–	–	1	1	1	4	–	–	3	–	2	2	14	8
Diarrhœa,	15	8	5	8	7	12	9	7	9	6	10	7	8	111	96
Dropsy,	10	8	5	6	3	2	1	7	4	6	3	5	3	63	82
Dysentery,	3	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	7	6
Dyspepsia,	–	1	3	1	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	9	21
Epilepsy,	4	1	3	7	5	2	3	2	8	4	5	3	2	44	88
Fever,	17	27	22	23	38	29	52	33	33	23	15	10	10	341	361
Gangrene,	7	3	9	1	–	1	2	4	–	–	–	–	–	27	82
Heart Disease,	109	86	82	67	66	67	70	76	89	85	102	124	144	1,187	988
Inflammation or other disease of															
Bowels,	13	7	12	10	13	11	10	10	18	6	18	12	19	154	91
Kidneys,	16	30	11	11	14	18	15	14	11	14	15	13	14	191	145
Liver,	5	5	3	4	7	3	3	5	2	10	4	3	6	65	83
Lungs,	223	188	156	99	67	67	72	74	110	113	147	172	222	1,711	1,570
Measles,	4	–	4	3	2	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	1	21	35
Paralysis,	40	33	17	26	27	17	20	11	12	31	34	38	40	358	309
Pleurisy,	1	1	4	2	1	2	2	3	5	3	–	–	–	24	13
Rheumatism,	10	5	2	5	3	4	6	4	3	5	3	6	4	65	53
Scarlet Fever,	4	–	1	–	–	1	1	1	3	–	5	3	–	19	24
Scrofula,	3	4	1	3	2	5	3	4	1	3	6	3	3	41	18
Small-pox,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
Ulcer,	9	8	9	10	5	2	3	6	12	5	9	4	6	93	72
Whooping-Cough	4	4	–	3	–	–	1	1	1	–	2	–	1	17	29
Other Diseases,	62	49	32	43	63	59	46	38	43	42	55	47	67	645	662
Total,	1,063	904	756	696	633	577	599	590	710	754	869	873	1,001	10,025	9,950
Total in previous corresponding period.	1,072	874	761	638	572	602	627	662	640	759	717	934	1,122	9,980	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Night-lodgers, or casuals, in workhouses.

No. 6.—The following tabular statement gives the number of night-lodgers, or casuals, relieved in workhouses during each week of the period from the 6th of April, 1901, to the 29th of March, 1902, inclusive.

Week ended Saturday.	Number relieved during the week.				Number in Workhouses at close of week.			
	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.
1901.								
April 6, ...	2,279	692	566	3,537	393	123	90	606
" 13, ...	2,505	774	598	3,877	380	99	94	573
" 20, ...	2,546	808	583	3,937	352	125	120	597
" 27, ...	2,467	882	666	4,015	385	133	86	604
May 4, ...	2,502	836	528	3,866	372	127	85	584
" 11, ...	2,499	923	666	4,088	342	155	120	617
" 18, ...	2,409	883	624	3,916	365	117	88	570
" 25, ...	2,145	799	551	3,405	331	126	74	531
June 1, ...	2,350	814	562	3,726	322	110	67	499
" 8, ...	2,227	802	735	3,824	280	118	93	491
" 15, ...	2,078	790	614	3,482	309	111	76	496
" 22, ...	2,010	697	536	3,252	345	136	97	578
" 29, ...	1,951	716	541	3,208	325	117	87	529
July 6.	1,698	716	593	3,307	322	132	143	597
" 13, ...	2,061	764	625	3,450	324	123	110	557
" 20, ...	2,148	786	575	3,509	321	127	93	541
" 27, ...	2,252	780	645	3,077	281	107	71	459
August 3, ...	2,042	726	594	3,362	320	113	83	522
" 10.	2,241	756	554	3,551	369	125	88	582
" 17, ...	2,337	761	625	3,723	354	117	74	545
" 24, ...	2,099	747	573	3,419	298	113	90	501
" 31, . . .	2,232	785	587	3,604	324	128	79	531
Sept. 7, ...	2,284	816	645	3,745	348	133	95	576
" 14, ...	2,398	831	737	3,966	357	129	103	589
" 21, . . .	2,513	917	754	4,184	424	145	110	679
" 28, . . .	2,634	849	708	4,191	395	136	93	624

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Night-lodgers, or casuals, in workhouses—continued.

Week ended Saturday.	Number relieved during the week.				Number in Workhouses at close of week.			
	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.
1901.								
October 5, . .	2,449	784	601	3,834	431	125	114	670
" 12, . .	2,733	795	659	4,187	422	149	108	679
" 19, . .	2,861	882	703	4,446	424	132	121	677
" 26, . .	2,665	756	537	3,957	361	120	89	570
November 2, . .	2,787	791	639	4,217	444	134	96	674
" 9, . .	2,811	826	640	4,277	414	128	106	648
" 16, . .	2,764	795	602	4,161	392	125	76	593
" 23, . .	2,503	689	474	3,666	409	122	83	614
" 30, . .	2,600	697	511	3,808	394	114	96	604
December 7, . .	2,526	791	579	3,896	434	135	84	653
" 14, . .	2,833	681	535	4,049	406	108	63	577
" 21, . .	2,591	646	486	3,723	398	93	74	570
" 28, .	2,655	645	459	3,759	506	132	71	709
1902.								
January 4, . .	3,122	779	550	4,451	474	132	93	699
" 11, . .	3,082	771	551	4,404	415	107	71	593
" 18, . .	2,864	698	562	4,124	421	110	80	611
" 25, . .	2,955	787	538	4,280	380	112	100	599
February 1, . .	2,780	719	562	4,061	377	121	71	569
" 8, . .	2,660	751	591	4,002	406	121	103	630
" 15, . .	2,921	679	469	4,062	465	130	87	682
" 22, . .	2,910	729	536	4,175	395	115	107	617
March 1, . .	3,015	756	623	4,394	449	136	119	704
" 8, . .	2,980	836	678	4,496	421	129	97	647
" 15, . .	3,080	867	731	4,678	469	127	105	701
" 22, . .	3,187	854	671	4,712	443	136	97	676
29 . .	2,788	741	580	4,109	423	126	102	651

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 7.—The following table shows for the years ended on 29th September, from 1872 to 1898, for the *half-year** ended the 31st of March, 1899, and for the year ended on the 31st of March thenceforward, the number of persons in workhouses at the commencement of each period, the number of admissions, and the number of births and deaths.

—	Number of persons in Workhouses at the commencement of the period.	Number of admissions.						Number of births.	Total of columns 2, 6, and 9.	Number of deaths.
		Number of admissions in Sickness.				Number of other admissions.	Total number of admissions.			
		Suffering from Fever or other infectious disease.	Suffering from other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total.					
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
1872,	40,831	10,249	89,920	2,340	52,809	137,239	180,748	1,958	282,238	11,848
1873,	40,834	8,235	48,747	2,422	54,404	152,078	208,482	1,982	248,298	12,854
1874,	41,448	8,483	99,388	2,573	30,405	159,500	209,908	1,844	253,133	10,735
1875,	42,836	8,015	37,004	2,888	47,067	121,182	169,140	1,759	218,794	11,470
1876,	43,605	6,578	98,570	2,385	45,531	95,070	140,601	1,843	182,743	10,669
1877,	33,778	8,940	39,380	2,520	49,120	108,285	157,355	1,703	198,831	10,798
1878,	40,711	8,110	43,150	2,781	54,041	151,024	205,665	1,726	248,102	11,828
1879,	48,853	8,283	47,502	2,703	58,588	199,705	258,288	1,928	304,069	13,127
1880,	48,158	9,053	50,717	2,383	32,609	254,623	317,288	1,959	367,358	13,473
1881,	47,372	7,222	43,104	2,701	58,027	257,944	315,371	1,301	365,844	11,860
1882,	47,911	7,672	44,091	2,672	54,435	230,181	284,596	1,906	333,818	10,643
1883,	43,433	3,872	45,818	2,891	55,076	201,888	253,962	1,942	303,339	13,184
1884,	44,779	5,891	44,015	3,399	58,105	200,287	253,342	1,842	299,968	10,983
1885,	44,010	4,540	44,527	3,171	52,299	222,455	274,893	1,893	320,550	11,445
1886,	42,938	3,800	41,800	2,887	47,998	288,189	318,165	1,871	980,972	10,862
1887,	42,534	4,068	44,279	2,899	51,244	281,585	342,808	1,782	387,075	10,130
1888,	49,285	4,481	45,747	2,843	53,074	298,530	351,604	1,808	996,397	10,294
1889,	41,383	3,452	45,388	3,282	52,102	274,382	323,484	1,758	369,870	9,731
1890,	41,123	3,904	48,289	3,288	55,400	235,773	291,298	1,808	984,108	10,520
1891,	33,348	2,986	41,359	3,280	47,625	222,928	270,551	1,707	311,604	10,025
1892,	38,305	3,287	45,889	3,425	52,801	229,281	278,882	1,881	318,318	10,998
1893,	38,458	3,497	45,233	3,920	52,650	232,159	284,209	1,721	324,388	3,143
1894,	39,109	3,988	48,220	3,515	55,701	231,486	287,187	1,758	328,094	9,921
1895,	38,873	3,611	49,288	3,256	56,185	210,881	275,036	1,824	318,733	9,929
1896,	38,616	3,383	44,106	3,528	51,102	242,729	293,831	1,723	334,170	8,408
1897,	39,573	4,278	46,869	3,712	54,854	255,484	310,338	1,312	351,828	9,643
1898,	40,148	5,958	55,337	4,157	64,852	209,071	338,923	1,848	375,915	10,154
*1899,	41,478	2,975	25,588	1,393	29,954	129,009	150,588	851	201,892	4,024
1900,	44,624	4,548	89,084	4,140	88,870	248,804	317,474	1,879	363,977	11,514
1901,	43,023	4,797	37,213	4,338	68,348	209,851	275,199	1,813	321,035	10,023
1902,	43,188	4,859	50,207	4,116	37,982	250,534	918,810	1,779	383,483	9,821

* The introduction of particulars relating to the *half-year* ended in March, 1899, in this and some of the other tables in the Appendices, is rendered necessary by the fact that in consequence of changes made in pursuance of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, the local financial year of Boards of Guardians now ends on March 31st instead of September 29th, as formerly.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 8.—EMIGRATION under the Act 12 & 13 Vic., chap. 104, sec. 26, which received the Royal Assent on the 1st of August, 1849.

PERIOD.	Amount authorized to be expended by Sealed Consents.	Number of Persons assisted to emigrate.			
		Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years of age.	Total.
	£ s. d.				
Aug., 1849, to 25 Mar., 1851,	11,151 14 11	561	1,244	787	2,592
Year ended 25 March, 1852,	21,010 5 4½	790	2,644	952	4,386
" " 1853,	14,517 0 11½	492	2,218	1,115	3,825
" " 1854,	12,446 17 6	403	1,202	996	2,601
" " 1855,	24,368 5 2½	159	2,847	798	3,794
" " 1856,	3,618 6 9	64	363	403	830
" " 1857,	2,719 15 1	76	363	363	802
" " 1858,	4,177 10 1½	58	469	302	829
" " 1859,	2,555 16 6	37	270	180	487
" " 1860,	1,729 19 2	45	178	141	364
" " 1861,	1,465 19 11	44	178	125	347
" " 1862,	528 17 4	12	72	38	122
" " 1863,	2,439 10 3	41	317	139	497
" " 1864,	4,770 4 5	123	501	345	969
" " 1865,	2,518 17 11	93	315	438	046
" " 1866,	3,425 9 11	100	360	660	1,120
" " 1867,	2,023 10 0	66	238	459	763
" " 1860,	1,983 9 6	71	263	405	819
" " 1069,	1,838 13 9	71	205	439	715
" " 1870,	1,959 12 5	49	219	449	717
" " 1871,	2,268 9 11	53	226	422	701
" " 1072,	2,092 3 10	34	223	339	596
" " 1873,	1,564 14 8	44	173	364	581
" " 1874,	2,246 3 3	67	323	474	864
" " 1075,	1,247 15 1	36	192	380	608
" " 1876,	991 0 6	38	97	223	358
" " 1877,	556 17 4	13	71	116	200
" " 1878,	338 4 7	15	49	84	148
" " 1879,	551 1 3	32	83	129	244
" " 1880,	721 5 1	55	91	146	292
" " 1881,	3,482 16 0	210	558	546	1,314
" " 1882,	4,211 2 2	295	564	603	1,462
" " 1883,	4,292 16 3½	312	654	690	1,656
" " 1884,	4,346 5 2	417	840	904	2,161
" " 1885,	1,588 5 8	105	309	499	913
" " 1886,	1,153 13 1	64	233	334	631
" " 1887,	1,493 13 8	103	249	386	738
" " 1888,	1,371 0 0	116	262	342	720
" " 1889,	1,319 12 6	122	261	410	793
" " 1890,	879 12 1	85	190	258	533
" " 1891,	880 0 6	73	193	225	491
" " 1892,	1,027 12 8	63	168	198	29
" " 1893,	371 13 9	20	98	119	37
" " 1894,	131 5 0	10	45	33	88
" " 1895,	167 10 0	15	54	42	111
" " 1896,	170 6 9	15	68	16	99
" " 1897,	120 2 8	7	31	25	63
" " 1898,	195 8 0	12	24	23	59
" " 1899,	79 5 0	4	24	18	46
" " 1900,	56 10 0	3	19	12	34
" 31 March, 1901,	72 10 0	6	13	27	46
" " 1902,	29 10 0	7	7	10	24
Total, . . £	161,268 3 5½	5,806	20 858	18,001	44,665

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 9.—RETURN showing the number of persons of unsound mind, and of epileptics

UNIONS.	LUNATICS.								
	Non-epileptic.		Epileptic.		Total.			Non-epileptic.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.									
CO. ANTRIM.									
Antrim,	2	7	–	–	2	7	9	3	5
Ballycastle,	–	2	–	–	–	2	2	3	–
*Ballymena,	62	63	2	–	64	63	127	13	13
Ballymoney,	–	2	–	–	–	2	2	–	1
Belfast,	67	45	–	–	67	45	112	16	12
Larne,	1	9	1	–	2	9	11	3	6
Lisburn,	3	1	–	–	3	1	4	7	22
CO. ARMAGH.									
Armagh,	10	13	–	–	10	13	23	5	7
Lurgan,	19	13	1	2	20	15	35	11	14
CO. CAVAN.									
Bailieborough,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
Bawnboy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	4
Cavan,	4	6	2	4	8	10	16	7	5
Cootehill,	4	6	–	–	4	8	10	1	1
CO. DONEGAL.									
Ballyshannon,	1	2	–	–	1	2	3	–	–
Donegal,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	–	1
Dunfanaghy,	3	4	–	–	3	4	7	–	–
Glenties,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	6
Inishowen,	5	4	–	–	5	4	9	1	1
Letterkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Milford,	–	2	–	–	–	2	2	3	4
Stranorlar,	2	4	–	–	2	4	6	2	–
CO. DOWN.									
Banbridge,	3	6	–	1	3	7	10	6	8
Downpatrick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1
Kilkeel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3
Newry,	5	15	–	–	5	15	20	10	12
Newtownards,	8	23	1	3	9	26	35	12	10
CO. FERMANAGH.									
Enniskillen,	2	6	–	–	2	6	8	7	5
Irvinestown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	3
Lisnaskea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1
CO. LONDONDERRY									
Coleraine,	2	5	–	–	2	5	7	3	1
†Limavady,	3	6	–	2	3	8	11	6	5
†Londonderry,	5	8	–	–	5	3	8	7	7
Magherafelt,	5	8	–	–	5	8	13	6	2

* The numbers in Ballymena workhouse include 34 males and 22 females transferred from Belfast
† The numbers in Limavady workhouse include 3 females, and those in Londonderry workhouse

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

not mentally affected, in each Workhouse on the 31st of December, 1901.

Idiots.					Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots.			Number of Epileptics not mentally affected.			Unions.
Epileptic.		Total.									
M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
											PROVINCE OF ULSTER.
											Co. Antrim.
1	-	4	5	9	6	12	18	-	-	-	Antrim.
-	-	3	-	3	3	2	6	-	-	-	Ballycastle.
2	1	16	13	28	79	76	155	-	-	-	Ballymena.
1	1	1	2	3	1	4	6	-	-	-	Ballymoney.
2	-	18	12	30	85	57	142	15	32	47	Belfast.
1	1	4	9	13	6	18	24	-	-	-	Larne.
2	3	9	25	34	12	26	38	-	4	4	Lisburn.
											Co. Armagh.
1	2	6	9	15	16	27	43	-	1	1	Armagh.
2	1	13	15	28	33	30	63	-	-	-	Lurgan.
											Co. Cavan.
-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	1	2	3	Bailieborough.
1	-	3	4	7	3	4	7	-	-	-	Bawnboy.
3	1	10	6	16	16	16	32	-	-	-	Cavan.
-	-	1	1	2	5	7	12	-	-	-	Cootehill.
											Co. Donegal.
-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	-	-	-	Ballyshannon.
-	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	2	1	3	Donegal.
-	-	-	-	-	3	4	7	1	-	1	Dunfanaghy.
-	-	1	8	9	1	8	9	2	-	2	Glenties.
-	-	1	1	2	6	6	11	-	-	-	Inishowen.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Letterkenny.
-	-	3	4	7	3	6	9	-	-	-	Milford.
-	-	2	-	2	4	4	8	-	-	-	Stranorlar.
											Co. Down.
1	-	7	8	15	10	15	25	-	-	-	Banbridge.
-	-	3	1	4	3	1	4	1	-	1	Downpatrick.
-	-	3	3	6	3	3	6	1	2	3	Kilkeel.
-	2	10	14	24	16	29	44	-	-	-	Newry.
-	2	12	12	24	21	38	59	-	-	-	Newtownards.
											Co. Fermanagh.
-	-	7	6	12	9	11	20	1	1	2	Enniskillen.
-	-	7	3	10	7	3	10	-	1	1	Irvinestown.
-	-	2	1	3	2	1	3	-	-	-	Lisnaskea.
											Co. Londonderry.
-	-	3	1	4	5	6	11	-	-	-	Coleraine.
-	-	6	5	11	9	13	22	-	-	-	Limavady.
1	2	8	9	17	13	12	25	-	-	-	Londonderry.
-	1	6	3	9	11	11	22	-	-	-	Magherafelt.

District Asylum under Section 9 of the Act 38 and 39 Vic., chap. 67.
include 1 male, transferred from Londonderry District Asylum under the same enactment.

Ulster—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 9.—Return showing the number of persons of unsound mind, and of epileptics

Unions.	Lunatics.								
	Non-epileptic.		Epileptic.		Total.			Non-epileptic.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*									
Co. Monaghan.									
Carrickmacross,	–	0	–	–	–	6	6	2	1
Castleblayney,	9	5	–	1	9	5	16	4	6
Clones,	–	4	–	–	–	4	4	2	1
Monaghan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	6
Co. Tyrone.									
Castlederg,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Clogher,	–	2	–	–	–	2	2	4	3
Cookstown,	3	2	–	–	3	2	5	6	1
Dungannon,	1	8	1	–	2	8	10	4	7
Omagh,	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	6	3
Strabane,	7	9	–	1	7	10	17	5	6
Total Ulster,	238	297	8	14	246	311	557	190	201
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.									
Co. Clare.									
Ballyvaghan,	1	3	–	–	1	3	4	2	–
Corrofin,	3	1	–	–	3	1	4	1	3
*Ennis,	35	27	3	1	38	28	66	–	–
Ennistymon,	8	9	–	3	8	12	20	16	7
Killadysert,	11	3	–	–	11	3	14	3	2
Kilrush,	23	25	–	1	23	26	49	–	2
Scariff,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	10	10
Tulla,	7	3	–	1	7	7	14	4	3
Co. Cork.									
Bandon,	5	4	–	–	5	4	9	–	–
Bantry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Castletown,	2	1	–	–	2	1	3	2	1
Clonakilty,	2	6	–	–	2	6	8	2	3
Cork,	62	107	6	15	68	122	190	8	21
Dunmanway,	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–
Fermoy,	1	5	–	–	1	5	6	7	4
Kanturk,	9	19	1	2	10	21	31	6	19
Kinsale,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Macroom,	3	8	2	2	5	10	15	–	–
Mallow,	15	16	–	3	15	18	33	3	10
Midleton,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	16
Millstreet,	4	4	–	1	4	5	9	9	3
Mitchelstown,	1	3	–	–	1	3	4	3	5
Skibbereen,	2	1	–	–	2	1	3	–	3
Skull,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	–	–
Youghal,	2	5	–	–	2	5	7	5	8

*The numbers in Ennis Workhouse include 9 males transferred from Ennis District

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

not mentally affected, in each Workhouse on the 31st of December, 1901—*con.*

Idiots.					Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots.			Number of Epileptics not mentally affected.			Unions.
Epileptic.		Total.									
M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
											PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*
											Co. Monaghan.
-	1	2	2	4	2	8	10	-	2	2	Carrickmacross.
2	1	6	6	12	15	12	27	-	-	-	Castleblayney.
1	-	3	1	4	3	5	8	1	-	1	Clones.
-	2	6	10	16	6	10	16	-	2	2	Monaghan.
											Co. Tyrone.
1	-	2	-	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	Castlederg.
1	-	5	3	8	5	5	10	-	3	3	Clogher.
-	1	6	2	8	9	4	13	3	-	3	Cookstown.
1	-	5	7	12	7	15	22	-	-	-	Dungannon.
-	1	6	4	10	8	4	12	2	1	3	Omagh.
2	2	7	8	15	14	18	32	-	2	2	Strabane.
26	25	216	226	442	462	537	999	30	54	84	Total Ulster.
											PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.
											Co. Clare.
-	-	2	-	2	3	3	6	-	1	1	Ballyvaghan.
2	-	3	3	6	6	4	10	-	1	1	Corrofin.
-	-	-	-	-	38	28	66	-	-	-	Ennis.
3	1	21	8	29	29	20	49	-	-	-	Ennistymon
-	-	3	2	5	14	5	19	1	-	1	Killadysert.
-	-	-	2	2	23	28	51	2	2	4	Kilrush.
1	-	11	10	21	11	10	21	-	-	-	Scariff.
2	-	6	3	9	13	10	23	-	2	2	Tulla.
											Co. Cork.
-	1	-	1	1	5	5	10	1	2	3	Bandon.
-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	Bantry.
-	-	2	1	3	4	2	6	2	-	2	Castletown.
1	3	3	6	9	5	12	17	2	1	3	Clonakilty.
4	-	12	21	33	80	143	223	7	7	14	Cork.
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	Dunmanway.
-	1	7	5	12	8	10	18	-	-	-	Fermoy.
2	-	8	19	27	18	40	58	2	-	2	Kanturk.
-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	Kinsale.
-	-	-	-	-	5	10	15	-	-	-	Macroom.
3	-	6	10	16	21	28	49	-	-	-	Mallow.
2	1	10	17	27	10	17	27	1	-	1	Midleton.
-	-	9	3	12	13	8	21	1	-	1	Millstreet.
-	1	3	6	9	4	9	13	1	-	1	Mitchelstown.
-	-	-	3	3	2	4	6	-	-	-	Skibbereen.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-		Skull.
2	-	7	8	15	9	13	22	-	5	5	Youghal.

Asylum under the Statute mentioned in the note on the two pages immediately preceding.

Munster—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 9.—RETURN showing the number of persons of unsound mind, and of epileptics

UNIONS.	LUNATICS.								
	Non-epileptic.		Epileptic.		Total.			Non-epileptic.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*continued.*									
CO. KERRY.									
Caherciveen,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Dingle,	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	1	5
Kenmare,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Killarney,	1	1	-	-	1	1	2	6	-
Listowel,	3	9	-	-	3	9	12	2	6
Tralee,	4	6	1	2	5	8	13	7	3
CO. LIMERICK.									
Croom,	4	6	4	-	8	6	14	5	3
Kilmallock,	14	21	1	6	15	24	39	4	2
Limerick,	23	47	2	4	25	51	76	15	8
Newcastle,	5	6	-	1	5	7	12	2	1
Rathkeale,	3	1	-	-	3	1	4	5	4
CO. TIPPERARY.									
Borrisokane,	2	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	4
Carrick-on-Suir,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10
Cashel,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8
Clogheen,	1	1	-	-	1	1	2	8	1
Clonmel,	3	4	3	2	6	6	12	4	8
Nenagh,	1	8	1	-	2	8	10	3	6
Roscrea,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4
Thurles,	1	5	-	1	1	6	7	4	-
Tipperary,	15	21	3	3	18	24	42	2	-
CO. WATERFORD.									
Dungarvan,	3	6	1	-	4	6	10	2	1
Kilmacthomas,	1	4	-	-	1	4	5	2	3
Lismore,	2	10	-	2	2	12	14	1	6
Waterford,	-	16	1	1	1	17	18	21	28
TOTAL MUNSTER,	283	426	29	48	312	476	788	192	234
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.									
CO. CARLOW.									
Carlow,	6	8	2	1	6	4	12	6	11
CO. DUBLIN.									
Balrothery,	4	7	-	1	4	8	12	4	-
Dublin, North,	49	92	5	29	54	121	175	6	1
Dublin, South,	59	154	5	5	64	169	233	14	1
Rathdown,	11	29	3	-	14	29	43	-	-
CO. KILDARE.									
Athy,	1	4	-	-	1	4	5	7	1
Celbridge,	1	4	2	1	3	5	8	8	2
Naas,	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	11	13

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

not mentally affected, in each Workhouse on the 31st of December, 1901—*con.*

Idiots. Epileptic. M.	Idiots. Epileptic. F.	Idiots. Total. M.	Idiots. Total. F.	Idiots. Total. T.	Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots. M.	Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots. F.	Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots. T.	Number of Epileptics not mentally affected. M.	Number of Epileptics not mentally affected. F.	Number of Epileptics not mentally affected. T.	Unions.
											PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*continued*
											Co. Kerry.
-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	Caherciveen.
-	-	1	5	6	1	8	9	-	1	1	Dingle.
1	-	1	3	4	1	3	4	-	1	1	Kenmare.
1	2	9	2	11	10	3	13	1	1	2	Killarney.
-	1	2	7	9	5	16	21	-	-	-	Listowel.
-	-	7	3	10	12	11	23	-	4	4	Tralee.
											Co. Limerick.
1	-	6	3	9	14	9	23	-	-	-	Croom.
3	-	7	2	9	22	26	48	-	-	-	Kilmallock.
2	-	17	8	25	42	59	101	-	17	17	Limerick.
1	1	3	2	5	8	9	17	1	-	1	Newcastle.
1	-	6	4	10	9	5	14	-	3	3	Rathkeale.
											Co. Tipperary.
-	-	-	4	4	2	4	6	1	1	2	Borrisokane.
-	1	6	11	17	6	11	17	3	2	5	Carrick-on-Suir.
3	6	6	18	18	5	13	18	1	1	2	Cashel.
-	2	3	3	6	4	4	8	1	1	2	Clogheen.
-	1	4	9	13	10	15	25	-	-	-	Cloumel.
1	-	4	3	7	6	11	17	-	7	7	Nenagh.
-	-	2	4	6	2	4	6	1	-	1	Roscrea.
-	-	4	-	4	5	6	11	1	3	4	Thurles.
1	-	3	-	3	21	24	45	1	2	3	Tipperary.
											Co. Waterford.
2	2	4	3	7	8	9	17	-	-	-	Dungarvan.
-	-	2	3	5	3	7	10	-	2	2	Kilmacthomas.
-	-	1	6	7	3	18	21	2	1	3	Lismore.
1	5	22	33	55	23	50	73	2	2	4	Waterford.
40	23	232	262	494	544	738	1,282	36	71	107	Total Munster.
											PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.
											Co. Carlow.
2	7	10	18	28	18	22	40	-	-	-	Carlow.
											Co. Dublin.
-	-	4	-	4	8	8	16	-	-	-	Balrothery.
3	-	9	1	10	63	122	185	10	4	14	Dublin, North.
7	5	21	6	27	85	175	260	23	28	51	Dublin, South.
3	-	3	-	3	17	29	46	2	-	2	Rathdown.
											Co. Kildare.
1	-	8	1	9	9	5	14	1	1	2	Athy.
1	-	4	2	6	7	7	14	-	-	-	Celbridge.
3	3	14	16	30	14	18	32	3	3	6	Naas.

Leinster—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 9.—RETURN showing the number of persons of unsound mind, and of epileptics

UNIONS.	LUNATICS.								
	Non-epileptic.		Epileptic.		Total.			Non-epileptic.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*									
CO. KILKENNY.									
Callan,	2	3	–	–	2	3	5	5	9
Castlecomer,	2	2	–	–	2	2	4	2	1
Kilkenny,	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	12	33
Thomastown,	6	10	–	–	5	10	16	1	–
Urlingford,	2	5	–	–	2	5	7	1	1
KING'S CO.									
Birr,	5	1	–	4	6	5	11	1	–
Edenderry,	4	7	–	–	4	7	11	2	3
Tullamore,	3	11	–	3	3	14	17	4	14
CO. LONGFORD.									
Ballymahon,	1	3	–	–	1	3	4	2	1
Granard,	1	2	–	–	1	2	3	1	2
Longford,	–	7	–	1	–	3	8	4	–
CO. LOUTH.									
Ardee,	–	3	–	–	–	3	3	6	9
Drogheda,	20	13	5	2	26	15	41	9	5
Dundalk,	2	3	–	4	2	12	14	4	22
CO. MEATH.									
Dunshaughlin,	3	6	–	–	3	6	9	2	4
Kells,	7	9	–	–	7	9	15	4	5
Navan,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	12	15
Oldcastle,	–	2	–	1	–	3	3	3	2
Trim,	3	3	1	1	4	4	8	5	7
QUEEN'S CO.									
Abbeyleix,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	5
Mountmelick,	3	4	2	1	5	5	10	1	5
CO. WESTMEATH.									
Athlone,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Delvin,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	6	4
Mullingar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	7
CO. WEXFORD.									
Enniscorthy,	1	5	–	–	1	5	6	12	16
Gorey,	1	1	–	–	1	1	2	6	4
New Ross,	–	3	–	–	–	3	3	13	25
Wexford,	4	12	2	2	5	14	20	5	3
CO. WICKLOW.									
Baltinglass,	–	1	–	1	–	2	2	6	7
Rathdrum,	4	11	–	–	4	11	15	5	10
Shillelagh,	–	4	–	1	–	5	5	–	1
TOTAL LEINSTER,	209	443	28	58	237	501	738	197	249

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

not mentally affected, in each Workhouse on the 31st of December, 1901—*con.*

Idiots.					Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots.			Number of Epileptics not mentally affected.			Unions
Epileptic.		Total.									
M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
											PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*
											Co. Kilkenny.
1	3	6	12	18	8	15	23	-	-	-	Callan.
-	-	2	1	3	4	3	7	1	3	4	Castlecomer.
-	-	12	33	45	15	33	48	2	2	4	Kilkenny.
-	-	1	-	1	7	10	17	-	-	-	Thomastown.
-	1	1	2	8	3	7	10	-	-	-	Urlingford.
											King's Co.
-	-	1	-	1	7	5	12	-	-	-	Birr.
-	-	2	3	5	6	10	16	-	-	-	Edenderry.
1	1	5	15	20	8	29	37	-	-	-	Tullamore.
											Co. Longford.
-	-	2	1	3	3	4	7	1	2	3	Ballymahon.
-	-	1	2	3	2	4	6	-	-	-	Granard.
-	-	4	-	4	4	8	12	1	-	1	Longford.
											Co. Louth.
2	2	6	11	19	8	14	22	-	2	2	Ardee.
2	-	11	5	16	37	20	57	-	-	-	Drogheda.
1	5	5	27	32	7	39	46	-	-	-	Dundalk.
											Co. Meath.
-	-	2	4	6	5	10	15	-	2	2	Dunshaughlin.
-	1	4	6	10	11	15	26	2	1	3	Kells.
4	-	16	15	31	16	16	32	1	-	1	Navan.
-	2	3	4	7	3	7	10	-	-	-	Oldcastle.
-	1	6	8	14	10	12	22	-	-	-	Trim.
											Queen's Co.
-	-	1	5	6	1	5	6	-	-	-	Abbeyleix.
-	-	1	5	6	6	10	16	1	4	5	Mountmellick.
											Co. Westmeath.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	Athlone.
-	-	6	4	10	6	5	11	1	-	1	Delvin.
-	-	3	7	10	3	7	10	-	1	1	Mullingar.
											Co. Wexford.
-	-	12	16	28	13	21	34	5	6	11	Enniscorthy.
1	1	7	5	12	8	6	14	-	-	-	Gorey.
2	2	20	27	47	20	30	50	-	2	2	New Ross.
2	4	7	7	14	13	21	34	-	-	-	Wexford.
											Co. Wicklow.
-	1	6	8	14	6	10	16	3	-	3	Baltinglass.
1	-	6	10	16	10	21	31	-	1	1	Rathdrum.
-	-	-	1	1	-	6	6	1	1	2	Shillelagh.
37	39	234	288	522	471	789	1,260	59	63	122	Total Leinster.

continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 9.—Return showing the number of persons of unsound mind, and
December,

Unions.	Lunatics.								
	Non-epileptic.		Epileptic.		Total.			Non-epileptic.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.
Province of Connaught.									
Co. Galway.									
Ballinasloe,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	2	2
Clifden,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	4
Galway,	1	2	–	–	1	2	3	–	6
Glennamaddy,	–	1	1	–	1	1	2	3	4
Gort,	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	1
Loughrea,	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	2	6
Mount Bellew,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	6
Oughterard,	2	4	–	–	2	4	6	1	–
Portumna,	1	1	–	–	1	1	2	1	2
Tuam,	3	5	–	1	3	6	9	–	3
Co. Leitrim.									
Carrick-on-Shannon,	2	1	–	–	2	1	6	–	2
Manorhamilton,	–	2	–	–	–	2	2	6	5
Mohill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3
Co. Mayo.									
Ballina,	3	7	1	2	4	9	13	3	5
Ballinrobe,	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	6
Belmullet,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Castlebar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	5
Claremorris,	–	7	–	–	–	7	7	–	–
Killala,	1	1	–	–	1	1	2	5	–
Swineford,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	11	3
Westport,	3	1	–	–	3	1	4	7	3
Co. Roscommon.									
Boyle,	–	3	–	1	–	4	4	10	9
Castlerea,	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	7	4
Roscommon,	6	2	–	–	6	2	6	3	5
Strokestown,	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	6	12
Co. Sligo.									
Dromore West,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	3
Sligo,	4	5	–	–	4	5	9	9	3
Tobercurry,	1	5	2	1	3	6	9	5	4
Total Connaught,	34	50	4	7	38	57	95	102	108

Summary of

Ulster,	238	297	3	14	246	311	557	190	201
Munster,	283	428	29	48	612	476	788	192	234
Leinster,	209	443	28	58	237	501	738	197	249
Connaught,	34	50	4	7	38	57	95	102	108
Total Ireland,	764	1,218	69	127	833	1,345	2,178	681	792

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Epileptics not mentally affected, in each Workhouse on the 31st of 1901—*continued.*

Idiots.					Total Number of Lunatics and Idiots.			Number of Epileptics not mentally affected.			Unions.
Epileptic.		Total.									
M.	F.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
											PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.
											Co. Galway.
-	-	2	2	4	2	3	5	2	3	5	Ballinasloe.
-	-	3	4	7	3	4	7	-	-	-	Clifden.
-	-	-	3	3	1	5	6	1	4	5	Galway.
-	-	3	4	7	4	5	9	2	1	3	Glennamaddy.
-	-	2	1	3	4	1	5	-	3	3	Gort.
-	2	2	8	10	5	8	13	-	-	-	Loughrea.
1	1	2	7	9	2	7	9	-	1	1	Mount Bellew.
-	-	1	-	1	3	4	7	-	-	-	Ongherard.
-	-	1	2	3	2	3	5	-	-	-	Portumna.
-	-	-	3	3	3	9	12	2	2	4	Tuam.
											Co. Leitrim.
-	-	-	2	2	2	3	5	-	1	1	Carrick-on-Shannon.
1	-	7	5	12	7	7	14	-	-	-	Manorhamilton.
-	-	3	2	5	3	2	5	-	1	1	Mohill.
											Co. Mayo.
-	3	3	8	11	7	17	24	-	2	2	Ballina.
-	1	2	4	6	4	4	8	-	-	-	Ballinrobe.
-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	Belmullet.
-	-	6	5	11	6	5	11	-	-	-	Castlebar.
-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	-	3	3	Claremorris.
-	-	5	-	5	6	1	7	1	-	1	Killala.
-	-	11	6	17	11	7	18	3	2	6	Swineford.
-	1	7	4	11	10	5	15	-	-	-	Westport.
											Co. Roscommon.
1	6	11	15	26	11	19	30	3	-	3	Boyle.
2	-	9	4	13	9	6	15	1	-	1	Castlerea.
1	1	4	7	11	10	9	19	-	5	5	Roscommon.
-	-	5	12	18	6	13	19	-	1	1	Strokestown.
											Co. Sligo.
-	-	3	3	6	3	3	5	1	-	1	Dromore West.
1	1	10	9	19	14	14	28	-	-	-	Sligo.
-	-	5	4	9	8	10	18	-	-	-	Tobercurry.
7	15	109	124	233	147	181	328	16	29	45	Total Connaught.
Provinces.											
26	25	216	226	442	462	537	999	30	54	84	Ulster.
40	28	232	262	494	544	738	1,282	36	71	107	Munster.
37	39	234	288	522	471	789	1,260	59	63	122	Leinster.
7	16	109	124	233	147	181	328	16	29	45	Connaught.
110	108	791	900	1,691	1,624	2,245	3,869	141	217	358	Total Ireland.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 10.—TABLE showing the number of Orphans and Deserted Children on the 29th of

UNIONS.		Males.	Females.	Total.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.				
CO. ANTRIM,	Antrim,	2	3	5
	Ballycastle,	–	1	1
	Ballymena,	5	8	13
	Ballymoney,	4	6	10
	Belfast,	97	74	171
	Larne,	2	7	9
	Lisburn,	3	–	3
CO. ARMAGH,	Armagh,	20	12	32
	Lurgan,	28	9	37
CO. CAVAN,	Bailieborough,	6	5	11
	Bawnboy,	1	1	2
	Cavan,	5	7	12
	Cootehill,	8	5	13
CO. DONEGAL,	Ballyshannon,	1	1	2
	Donegal,	1	–	1
	Dunfanaghy,	1	–	1
	Glenties,	9	6	15
	Inishowen,	2	3	5
	Letterkenny,	5	1	5
	Milford,	1	–	1
	Stranorlar,	–	2	2
CO. DOWN,	Banbridge,	13	12	25
	Downpatrick,	–	1	1
	Kilkeel,	–	–	–
	Newry,	2	5	7
	Newtownards,	14	13	27
CO. FERMANAGH,	Enniskillen,	8	9	17
	Irvinestown,	–	4	4
	Lisnaskea,	3	1	4
CO. LONDONDERRY,	Coleraine,	5	9	15
	Limavady,	–	2	2
	Londonderry,	13	4	17
	Magherafelt,	–	–	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

at nurse under the provisions of the Act 61 & 62 Vic., chap. 30, March, 1902.

Unions.		Males.	Females.	Total.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*				
Co. Monaghan,	Carrickmacross,	8	7	15
	Castleblayney,	1	5	6
	Clones,	–	–	–
	Monaghan,	–	–	–
Co. Tyrone,	Castlederg,	–	–	–
	Clogher,	8	8	11
	Cookstown,	–	–	
	Dungannon,	7	7	14
	Omagh,	4	6	10
	Strabane,	10	8	18
	Total,	298	247	545
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.				
Co. Clare,	Ballyvaghan,	–	–	–
	Corrofin,	–	–	–
	Ennis,	2	–	2
	Ennistymon,	–	–	–
	Killadysert,	–	–	–
	Kilrush,	8	6	14
	Scariff,	–	–	–
	Tulla,	–	–	–
Co. Cork,	Bandon,	7	6	13
	Bantry,	–	–	–
	Castletown,	1	2	3
	Clonakilty,	–	–	–
	Cork,	97	102	199
	Dunmanway,	7	5	12
	Fermoy,	10	8	18
	Kanturk,	15	24	39
	Kinsale,	2	2	4
	Macroom,	14	20	34
	Mallow,	7	22	29
	Midleton,	10	12	22
	Millstreet,	8	11	19
	Mitchelstown,	8	6	14
	Skibbereen,	3	1	4
	Skull,	1	–	1
	Youghal,	7	6	13

Munster—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 10.—TABLE showing the number of Orphans and Deserted Children on the 29th of

UNIONS.		Males.	Females.	Total.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*continued.*				
CO. KERRY,	Cahersiveen,	–	–	–
	Dingle,	2	3	5
	Kenmare,	3	6	9
	Killarney,	5	16	21
	Listowel,	1	–	1
	Tralee,	12	14	26
CO. LIMERICK,	Croom,	1	–	1
	Kilmallock,	11	11	22
	Limerick,	36	24	60
	Newcastle,	–	–	–
	Rathkeale,	8	10	18
CO. TIPPERARY, North Riding.	Borrisokane,	–	2	2
	Nenagh,	2	3	5
	Roscrea,	1	–	1
	Thurles,	1	10	11
CO. TIPPERARY, South Riding.	Carrick-on-Suir,	9	1	10
	Cashel,	–	–	–
	Clogheen,	–	–	–
	Clonmel,	26	24	50
	Tipperary,	14	6	20
CO. WATERFORD,	Dungarvan,	7	17	24
	Kilmacthomas,	–	1	1
	Lismore,	14	3	17
	Waterford,	5	13	18
	Total,	365	397	762
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.				
CO. CARLOW,	Carlow,	30	25	55
CO. DUBLIN,	Balrothery,	11	10	21
	Dublin, North,	74	81	155
	Dublin, South,	124	90	214
	Rathdown,	30	8	38
CO. KILDARE,	Athy,	4	9	13
	Celbridge,	13	15	28
	Naas,	15	23	38

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

at nurse under the provisions of the Act 61 & 62 Vic., chap. 30, March, 1902—*continued.*

Unions.		Males.	Females.	Total.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*				
Co. Kilkenny,	Callan,	3	2	5
	Castlecomer,	–	1	1
	Kilkenny,	1	5	
	Thomastown,	5	2	7
	Urlingford,	–	–	–
King's Co.,	Birr,	–	–	–
	Edenderry,	4	2	6
	Tullamore,	–	1	1
Co. Longford,	Ballymahon,	–	–	–
	Granard,	1	–	1
	Longford,	12	4	16
Co. Louth,	Ardee,	3	3	6
	Drogheda,	2	3	6
	Dundalk,	16	12	28
Co. Meath,	Dunshaughlin,	1	–	1
	Kells,	–	1	1
	Navan,	6	10	15
	Oldcastle,	7	8	15
	Trim,	2	8	10
Queen's Co.,	Abbeyleix,	1	2	3
	Mountmellick	4	6	10
Co. Westmeath,	Athlone,	21	18	39
	Delvin,	8	9	17
	Mullingar,	31	34	65
Co. Wexford,	Enniscorthy,	–	–	–
	Gorey,	1	–	1
	New Ross,	19	13	32
	Wexford,	9	7	16
Co. Wicklow,	Baltinglass,	2	3	5
	Rathdrum,	10	10	20
	Shillelagh,	2	6	8
	Total,	471	431	902

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 10.—TABLE showing the number of Orphans and Deserted Children at nurse under the provisions of the Act 61 & 62 Vic., chap. 30, on the 29th of March, 1902—*continued.*

UNIONS.		Males.	Females.	Total.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.				
CO. GALWAY,	Ballinasloe,	1	–	1
	Clifden,	–	–	–
	Galway,	–	6	6
	Glennamaddy,	–	–	–
	Gort,	9	2	11
	Loughrea,	2	2	4
	Mount Bellew,	4	4	8
	Oughterard,	–	–	–
	Portumna,	1	–	1
	Tuam,	13	10	23
CO. LEITRIM,	Carrick-on-Shannon,	–	1	1
	Manorhamilton,	–	–	–
	Mohill,	1	2	3
CO. MAYO,	Ballina,	–	–	–
	Ballinrobe,	–	–	–
	Belmullet,	–	–	–
	Castlebar,	–	–	–
	Claremorris,	–	–	–
	Killala,	–	–	–
	Swineford,	6	3	9
	Westport,	–	–	–
CO. ROSCOMMON,	Boyle,	1	2	3
	Castlerea,	2	6	8
	Roscommon,	9	12	21
	Strokestown,	–	–	–
CO. SLIGO,	Dromore West,	2	–	2
	Sligo,	1	–	1
	Tobercurry,	–	6	6
	Total,	52	56	108
SUMMARY.				
ULSTER,		298	247	545
MUNSTER,		365	397	762
LEINSTER,		471	431	902
CONNAUGHT,		52	56	108
Total Ireland,		1,186	1,131	2,317

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF UNIONS, RURAL DISTRICTS, &c.

T

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return of the Receipts in each Union, with the Expenditure also showing the Expenditure under the Medical Charities, Vaccination, and National School Teachers Acts; the amount of Loans repaid, and the

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief).	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief. Cost of boarded-out Children	Out-Relief. Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Out-Relief. Total.	Expenses of District Schools.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
Province of Ulster.										
Co. Antrim.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Antrim,	5,152	27	0,179	–	1,642	34	1,313	1,347	–	15
Ballycastle,	2,347	33	2,330	100	788	2	158	160	–	32
Ballymena,	0,426	2,075	8,501	–	3,144	03	2,431	2,484	–	132
Ballymoney,	5,333	51	5,384	–	1,467	70	921	991	–	14
Belfast,	63,483	1,743	65,226	12,200	29,907	1,481	383	1,864	–	841
Larne,	5,118	140	0,258	–	1,452	52	923	975	–	52
Lisburn,	8,477	75	8,552	1,050	2,819	19	1,651	1,670	–	83
Co. Armagh.										
Armagh,	7,844	99	7,943	1,200	2,693	222	626	848	–	92
Lurgan,	10,669	236	10,905	250	4,184	253	875	1,128	–	137
Co. Cavan.										
Bailieborough,	4,074	18	4,092	244	1,130	62	698	760	–	16
Bawnboy,	2,763	51	2,814	–	520	15	427	442	–	17
Cavan,	5,022	50	0,072	–	2,297	52	1,244	1,296	–	97
Cootehill,	2,611	87	2,698	–	1,123	69	575	644	–	01
Co. Donegal.										
Ballyshannon,	4,337	127	4,464	150	1,484	9	624	633	–	13
Donegal,	2,100	52	2,152	700	476	–	92	92	–	37
Dunfanaghy,	1,800	2	1,802	–	388	7	52	59	–	–
Glenties,	3,252	42	3,294	–	1,110	93	212	305	–	15
Inishowen,	3,791	27	3,818	–	787	23	728	701	–	–
Letterkenny,	2,214	0	2,220	–	882	37	0	43	–	15
Milford,	2,754	34	2,788	–	717	5	217	222	–	28
Stranorlar,	2,065	31	2,096	–	682	12	89	101	–	1

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

on the RELIEF of the POOR, during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, and Dispensary Houses Acts, the Lunatic Asylums, Registration, Superannuation, TOTAL EXPENDITURE during the Year.

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*										
Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouses	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.	NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
										PROVINCE OF ULSTER.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	CO. ANTRIM.
-	836	46	774	4,662	1,412	12	66	78	-	Antrim.
-	623	47	296	1,916	636	12	24	116	-	Ballycastle.
-	1,175	53	600	7,588	1,438	22	169	206	-	Ballymena.
-	951	55	667	4,145	1,025	18	55	96	-	Ballymoney.
-	11,913	2,983	19,366	66,868	5,424	57	1,049	1,018	94	Belfast.
-	916	72	649	4,110	831	10	76	91	-	Larne.
-	1,217	106	1,492	7,417	2,199	3	105	43	-	Lisburn.
										CO. ARMAGH.
-	1,032	47	1,635	6,347	2,196	0	99	232	-	Armagh.
-	1,215	217	1,614	8,495	1,407	46	123	209	-	Lurgan.
										CO. CAVAN.
-	702	35	580	3,229	753	13	28	41	-	Bailieborough.
-	515	22	263	1,876	614	16	32	45	4	Bawnboy.
-	836	50	419	4,995	1,331	31	67	16	-	Cavan.
-	674	66	461	3,023	826	7	37	85	-	Cootehill.
										CO. DONEGAL.
-	594	62	464	3,250	1,016	20	37	-	-	Ballyshannon.
-	607	18	834	2,064	774	13	37	-	-	Donegal.
-	435	33	102	1,017	572	13	31	166	-	Dunfanaghy.
-	652	20	396	2,498	1,310	33	68	138	-	Glenties.
-	675	22	142	2,377	917	37	60	176	-	Inishowen.
-	473	22	292	1,727	519	5	26	30	-	Letterkenny.
-	610	9	233	1,819	899	16	38	-	-	Milford.
-	572	20	235	1,611	534	17	27	92	-	Stranorlar.

ULSTER—*continued*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*con.*			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 16 and 26 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation.	
	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 16), exclusive of amount shown in Col. 27.	Of Total Expenditure (Col 26), exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 27 and 28.
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.								
Co. Antrim.	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
Antrim,	–	–	6,260	–	500	130,302	0 8½	0 10½
Ballycastle,	3	9	2,740	121	–	46,812	0 2¼	1 1½
Ballymena,	–	2	9,365	–	–	139,200	1 1	1 4¼
Ballymoney,	60	–	5,599	–	–	98,386	0 10	1 1
Belfast,	1,996	409	76,915	10,038	–	1,292,465	0 10½	1 0½
Larne,	95	49	5,262	–	–	125,543	0 7¾	0 10
Lisburn,	238	15	10,020	573	749	192,945	0 8½	0 10¾
Co. Armagh.								
Armagh,	103	1	8,987	582	671	201,232	0 7	0 9¼
Lurgan,	165	5	10,450	250	–	161,014	1 0¼	1 3¼
Co. Cavan.								
Bailieborough,	9	5	4,078	144	–	44,427	1 4¾	1 9¼
Bawnboy,	4	1	2,589	–	–	40,317	0 11¼	1 3½
Cavan,	15	12	6,469	–	–	117,698	0 10¼	1 1¼
Cootehill,	–	1	3,979	–	–	74,429	0 9¾	1 0¾
Co. Donegal.								
Ballyshannon,	44	12	4,372	–	135	52,226	1 3	1 7½
Donegal,	12	–	2,907	656	–	35,281	0 9½	1 3¼
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	1,799	–	–	11,920	1 8½	3 0¼
Glenties	6	1	4,054	–	–	21,744	2 3½	3 8¾
Inishowen,	–	–	3,561	–	–	41,073	1 2	1 8¾
Letterkenny,	–	1	2,308	–	–	32,618	1 0¾	1 5
Milford,	9	14	2,795	–	–	30,486	1 2¼	1 10
Stranorlar,	29	–	2,310	–	–	30,873	1 0½	1 6

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief).	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.			Expenses of District School.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
						Cost of boarded-out Children	Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Total.		
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*										
Co. Down.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Banbridge,	7,900	70	7,970	–	1,880	179	2,675	2,854	–	22
Downpatrick,	4,992	912	5,904	–	1,704	7	529	536	–	55
Kilkeel,	2,471	134	2,605	–	863	–	374	374	–	81
Newry,	9,992	1,011	11,003	–	2,221	55	2,769	2,824	–	135
Newtownards,	8,631	132	8,763	–	2,407	175	2,314	2,489	–	93
Co. Fermanagh.										
Enniskillen,	4,810	79	4,889	1,000	1,729	109	123	232	–	61
Irvinestown,	2,997	54	3,031	–	1,044	15	84	100	–	5
Lisnaskea,	2,240	36	2,276	–	750	15	313	328	–	3
Co. Londonderry.										
Coleraine,	5,481	40	5,521	–	1,323	91	657	748	–	33
Limavady,	2,788	63	2,851	–	1,144	10	–	10	–	27
Londonderry,	5,701	130	5,831	200	2,703	148	53	199	–	72
Magherafelt,	5,290	112	5,402	–	1,479	–	807	807	–	67
Co. Monaghan.										
Carrickmacross,	3,240	21	3,261	–	1,149	90	367	457	–	79
Castleblayney,	5,170	36	5,206	–	1,514	22	890	912	–	56
Clones,	2,335	17	2,352	–	970	–	17	17	–	9
Monaghan,	4,527	71	4,598	–	1,283	–	364	364	–	13
Co. Tyrone.										
Castlederg,	1,660	23	1,683	–	477	–	–	–	–	15
Clogher,	2,744	11	2,755	–	715	50	382	432	–	19
Cookstown,	5,697	112	5,809	–	1,046	–	607	607	–	18
Dungannon,	5,224	92	5,316	–	1,481	94	865	959	–	66
Omagh,	7,069	140	7,209	–	2,142	63	1,291	1,354	–	49
Strabane,	4,038	44	4,080	50	2,270	121	1,082	1,203	–	70
Total Ulster, 1902,	254,627	8,325	262,953	17,144	92,133	3,813	30,808	34,621	–	2,749
Do. do., 1901,	276,215	10,997	287,212	7,599	89,199	3,809	29,862	33,671	–	2,711
Increase,	–	–	–	9,545	2,934	4	945	950	–	38
Decrease,	21,588	2,671	24,259	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Ulster—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*continued.*									
	Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouse.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*										
Co. Down.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Banbridge, . .	–	1,005	57	461	6,279	1,110	17	98	103	–
Downpatrick, . .	–	965	30	697	4,053	1,434	20	85	431	–
Kilkeel, . . .	–	602	30	280	2,230	840	–	59	20	–
Newry, . . .	–	1,309	61	4,382	10,932	1,788	17	115	47	–
Newtownards, . .	–	1,121	99	876	7,085	1,172	2	93	52	–
Co. Fermanagh.										
Enniskillen, . .	–	1,033	45	1,403	4,506	1,045	21	58	68	–
Irvinestown, . .	–	549	–	222	1,920	708	13	27	100	–
Lisnaskea, . . .	–	545	81	300	1,957	706	14	32	29	–
Co. Londonderry.										
Coleraine, . . .	–	806	68	782	3,760	1,106	23	60	318	–
Limavady, . . .	–	753	31	54	2,029	841	8	44	9	–
Londonderry, . .	–	1,195	196	1,815	6,180	2,183	16	146	172	–
Magherafelt, . .	–	827	44	440	3,570	1,032	18	78	67	16
Co. Monaghan.										
Carrickmacross,	–	651	14	154	2,504	535	27	28	59	–
Castleblayney, . .	–	755	71	472	3,780	874	21	55	181	–
Clones, ...	–	476	23	219	1,714	639	23	28	64	–
Monaghan, . . .	–	759	11	204	2,694	1,323	37	56	269	–
Co. Tyrone.										
Castlederg, . . .	–	499	13	117	1,121	399	8	24	38	–
Clogher, . . .	–	535	24	272	1,998	646	5	26	30	–
Cookstown, . .	–	677	51	304	2,713	693	12	45	43	–
Dungannon, . .	–	918	45	479	3,928	1,187	39	70	104	–
Omagh, . . .	–	932	72	394	4,948	1,222	37	73	226	–
Strabane, . . .	–	1,137	106	503	5,289	1,612	24	78	121	–
Total Ulster, 1902, .	–	46,298	5,137	46,414	226,352	49,739	805	3,572	5,425	103
Do. do. 1901, .	–	44,214	4,435	34,035	208,265	46,979	748	3,697	5,177	204
Increase, . .	–	1,084	702	12,379	18,087	2,760	57	–	248	–
Decrease, . . .	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	125	–	96

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*continued.*			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 17 and 25 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation.		Names of Counties and Unions.
Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 17), exclusive of amount shown in Col. 26.	Of Total Expenditure (Col. 25), exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 26 and 27.	
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*
								Co. Down.
-	-	7,607	-	-	162,860	0 9¼	0 11¼	Banbridge.
-	-	6,023	-	-	180,599	0 5½	0 8	Downpatrick.
-	1	3,150	-	-	50,466	0 10½	1 3	Kilkeel.
59	-	12,958	-	-	175,244	1 3	1 5¾	Newry.
58	21	8,483	-	-	167,444	0 10¼	1 0¼	Newtownards.
								Co. Fermanagh.
93	10	5,801	945	-	108,126	0 8	0 10¾	Enniskillen.
-	-	2,768	-	-	52,324	0 8¾	1 0¾	Irvinestown.
-	1	2,742	-	-	59,060	0 8	0 11¼	Lisnaskea.
								Co. Londonderry.
-	-	5,351	-	-	101,215	0 9	1 0¾	Coleraine.
-	-	2,931	-	-	69,864	0 7	0 10	Limavady.
199	-	8,896	935	-	189,866	0 6¾	0 10	Londonderry.
-	96	4,071	-	-	94,303	0 9¼	1 0¾	Magherafelt.
								Co. Monaghan.
40	-	3,193	-	-	55,216	0 11	1 2	Carrickmacross.
-	10	4,921	-	-	79,237	0 11½	1 3	Castleblayney.
-	-	2,468	-	-	62,629	0 8½	0 9½	Clones.
-	18	4,397	-	-	102,437	0 6¼	0 10¼	Monaghan.
								Co. Tyrone.
-	8	1,596	-	-	26,927	0 10	1 2¼	Castlederg.
-	-	2,706	-	-	51,457	0 9¼	1 0½	Clogher.
-	-	3,506	-	-	68,237	0 9½	1 0¼	Cookstown.
101	8	5,437	-	-	111,018	0 8½	0 11¾	Dungannon.
-	1	6,502	-	-	116,302	0 10¼	1 1½	Omagh.
32	9	7,065	-	-	112,796	0 11¼	1 3	Strabane.
3,377	720	290,098	14,244	2,055	5,119,128	0 10	1 0¾	Total Ulster, 1902.
4,194	2,155	271,419	6,030	1,481	5,356,740	0 9	0 11¾	Do. do., 1901.
-	-	18,679	8,214	574	-	0 1	0 1	Increase.
817	1,435	-	-	-	237,612	-	-	Decrease.

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief).	Total receipts, from revenue		In-Maintenance	Out-Relief. Cost of boarded-out Children	Out-Relief. Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Out-Relief. Total.	Expenses of District Schools	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and Cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	16	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.										
Co. Clare.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Ballyvaghan,	2,000	100	2,100	-	748	-	200	200	-	18
Corrofin,	2,351	7	2,358	-	895	-	447	447	-	-
Ennis,	16,698	254	16,952	-	5,519	20	1,652	1,672	-	82
Ennistymon,	6,096	46	6,142	-	2,862	-	477	477	-	78
Killadysert,	2,922	46	2,968	-	1,028	-	641	641	-	1
Kilrush,	8,000	83	8,083	156	3,815	76	2,221	2,297	-	24
Scariff,	3,501	14	3,515	-	1,096	-	418	418	-	20
Tulla,	5,295	24	5,319	-	1,559	-	632	632	-	86
Co. Cork.										
Bandon,	5,658	76	5,728	-	1,912	131	1,176	1,307	-	58
Bantry,	3,189	41	3,230	-	913	-	611	611	-	24
Castletown,	3,408	37	3,445	-	825	8	357	365	-	41
Clonakilty,	3,981	107	4,088	-	1,871	-	1,134	1,134	-	56
Cork,	49,324	301	49,625	1,000	25,006	1,428	8,145	9,573	-	1,339
Dunmanway,	2,984	8	2,892	-	758	74	702	776	-	20
Fermoy,	6,906	151	7,057	-	1,726	125	1,530	1,655	-	93
Kanturk,	8,826	176	8,990	-	2,832	213	2,165	2,378	-	103
Kinsale,	4,808	94	4,902	-	1,480	38	651	689	-	39
Macroom,	6,908	52	6,966	-	1,529	193	1,546	1,739	-	183
Mallow,	9,904	198	16,102	-	3,389	163	1,817	1,980	-	151
Midleton,	10,033	132	10,165	-	4,268	137	1,476	1,613	-	96
Millstreet,	4,055	62	4,117	-	1,233	97	842	939	-	36
Mitchelstown,	4,986	73	5,053	-	1,443	87	595	682	-	117
Skibbereen,	7,248	25	7,273	-	2,243	26	1,209	1,229	-	104
Skull,	1,993	11	2,004	-	602	3	389	392	-	24
Youghal,	6,784	107	6,891	-	2,128	100	994	1,094	-	54
Co. Kerry.										
Caherciveen,	4,259	26	4,285	-	1,099	-	1,461	1,461	-	75
Dingle,	5,170	8	5,178	-	1,505	23	685	708	-	55
Kenmare,	4,649	458	6,167	-	878	65	807	872	-	65

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*continued.*										
Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouses.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.	Names of Counties and Unions.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
										PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	Co. Clare.
3	475	9	284	1,737	141	3	19	30	-	Ballyvaghan.
-	500	24	429	2,295	148	-	3	12	-	Corrofin.
2	1,494	92	1,426	10,287	849	9	40	32	-	Ennis.
-	866	57	532	4,872	497	9	41	154	-	Ennistymon.
3	473	9	205	2,360	304	7	17	142	-	Killadysert.
2	1,203	107	936	8,384	834	24	53	13	-	Kilrush.
3	727	19	249	2,532	480	4	22	88	-	Scariff.
-	678	25	373	3,353	488	-	17	174	-	Tulla.
										Co. Cork.
-	851	38	323	4,499	905	3	35	44	-	Bandon.
-	473	19	354	2,404	582	9	24	-	-	Bantry.
-	519	44	129	1,923	443	7	22	-	-	Castletown.
-	866	44	611	4,582	620	19	43	23	14	Clonakilty.
-	5,929	585	3,854	46,786	5,312	60	329	489	105	Cork.
-	622	24	487	2,687	591	7	25	10	-	Dunmanway.
-	1,319	7	682	5,482	1,196	10	45	57	-	Fermoy.
-	1,431	93	878	7,715	1,065	21	47	93	-	Kanturk.
-	737	71	478	3,494	851	7	30	109	-	Kinsale.
-	1,128	25	790	5,394	1,058	28	48	24	8	Macroom.
-	1,420	60	812	7,812	1,406	19	50	322	4	Mallow.
-	1,248	142	717	8,084	1,072	14	41	97	-	Midleton.
-	714	33	391	3,351	456	11	27	20	-	Millstreet.
-	716	34	407	3,399	609	15	33	57	-	Mitchelstown.
-	805	64	549	4,994	994	20	48	219	-	Skibbereen.
-	410	14	154	1,606	357	3	17	75	-	Skull.
-	1,152	44	703	5,175	933	7	26	15	-	Youghal.
										Co. Kerry.
-	638	54	327	3,704	772	33	44	88	-	Caherciveen.
-	938	52	288	3,556	793	34	40	23	8	Dingle.
-	725	33	378	2,951	722	13	34	197	4	Kenmare.

Munster—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Name of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*con.*			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 16 and 26 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation.	
	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 16), exclusive of amount shown in Col. 27.	Of Total Expenditure (Col. 26) exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 27 and 28.
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.								
Co. Clare.	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
Ballyvaghan,	–	14	1,941	–	–	20,158	1 8¾	1 11½
Corrofin,	*480	10	*2,054	–	–	20,384	2 8	2 5½
Ennis,	118	3	11,336	–	–	74,968	2 9	3 0½
Ennistymon,	–	–	5,573	–	–	37,576	2 7	2 11½
Killadysert,	–	–	2,830	–	–	25,472	1 10½	2 2¾
Kilrush,	9	1	9,318	137	–	53,807	3 0¾	3 5
Scariff,	–	10	3,130	–	–	25,518	1 11	2 4½
Tulla,	–	1	4,033	–	–	33,570	2 0	2 4¾
Co. Cork.								
Bandon,	45	32	5,563	–	–	74,798	1 2½	1 5¾
Bantry,	38	–	3,057	–	–	23,478	2 0½	2 7¼
Castletown,	33	1	2,420	–	–	12,167	3 2	4 0
Clonakilty,	78	27	5,465	–	–	51,625	1 9½	2 1¼
Cork,	472	230	53,363	705	81	380,577	2 5	2 9½
Dunmanway	50	0	8,376	–	–	34,318	1 6¾	1 11½
Fermoy,	148	8	6,946	–	–	105,946	1 0½	1 3¾
Kanturk,	38	55	9,034	–	–	77,870	1 11¾	2 3¾
Kinsale,	34	–	4,525	–	–	60,327	1 2	1 6
Macroom,	203	64	6,822	–	–	65,763	1 7¾	2 1
Mallow,	35	31	9,679	–	–	107,058	1 5½	1 9¾
Midleton,	73	–	9,381	–	–	96,466	1 8	1 11¼
Millstreet,	63	–	3,928	–	–	27,235	2 5½	2 10½
Mitchelstown,	86	–	4,209	–	–	49,848	1 4¼	1 8¼
Skibbereen,	117	35	6,427	–	–	48,329	2 0¾	2 8
Skull,	75	7	2,141	–	–	15,499	2 0¾	2 9¼
Youghal,	56	–	6,212	–	–	50,956	1 8½	2 0½
Co. Kerry.								
Cahersiveen,	125	–	4,766	–	–	26,812	2 9¼	3 6¾
Dingle,	–	–	4,454	–	–	23,437	3 0½	3 9¼
Kenmare,	17	10	3,948	–	–	21,665	2 8¾	3 7¾

* Included in this amount is a sum of £471 repaid to the Commissioners of Public Works under the Seed Supply and Potato Spraying (Ireland) Act, 1898. This has of course been excluded in the calculations of the poundage in Column 31.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief.)	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief. Cost of boarded-out Children.	Out-Relief. Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Out-Relief. Total.	Expenses of District Schools.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	5.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
KERRY—*con.*										
Killarney, ...	9,200	180	9,380	–	3,878	177	1,542	1,719	–	151
Listowel, ...	9,892	220	10,112	–	2,476	4	2,778	2,782	524	353
Tralee, ...	10,164	130	10,294	–	3,571	156	2,077	2,233	–	217
CO. LIMERICK.										
Croom, ...	6,340	144	6,490	–	2,048	4	1,470	1,474	430	105
Kilmallock, . . .	12,540	282	12,828	–	4,087	133	3,193	3,326	802	174
Limerick, ...	30,179	463	30,642	–	11,407	512	4,724	5,236	1,341	397
Newcastle, . . .	6,992	188	7,180	–	2,146	–	1,896	1,896	441	107
Rathkeale, . . .	9,264	159	9,423	–	2,084	167	2,467	2,634	363	71
CO. TIPPERARY, (North Riding).										
Borrisokane, . . .	2,900	45	2,945	–	912	21	353	374	–	28
Nenagh, ...	7,284	153	7,437	–	2,747	28	1,848	1,878	–	63
Roscrea, ...	5,804	60	5,864	–	2,186	6	686	692	–	24
Thurles, ...	7,283	89	7,372	–	2,259	61	2,098	2,159	–	61
CO. TIPPERARY, (South Riding),										
Carrick-on-Suir, .	6,004	52	6,050	–	1,975	91	760	851	–	110
Cashel, ...	7,649	136	7,785	–	2,882	–	2,030	2,030	–	63
Clogheen, ...	5,665	125	5,700	–	2,690	–	665	665	–	42
Clonmel, ...	8,733	76	8,809	–	3,138	394	500	894	–	121
Tipperary, ...	11,690	149	11,839	–	5,122	107	3,363	3,470	–	117
CO. WATERFORD.										
Dungarvan, . . .	7,029	51	7,080	–	1,831	138	1,295	1,433	–	52
Kilmacthomas, . .	4,161	33	4,194	–	1,389	6	420	426	–	2
Lismore, ...	5,484	62	5,546	–	1,758	103	1,051	1,154	–	18
Waterford, ...	16,135	304	16,439	–	5,599	145	2,568	2,714	–	269
Total Munster, 1902,	386,328	5,812	392,140	1,150	141,247	5,255	72,764	78,019	3,901	6,083
Do. do., 1901,	405,284	6,450	411,734	1,600	134,069	4,996	72,288	77,284	3,853	6,491
Increase, ...	–	–	–	–	7,178	259	476	735	48	–
Decrease, ...	18,950	638	19,594	450	–	–	–	–	–	408

MUNSTER.—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*continued.*									
	Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medical and Medical Appliances in Workhouses.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*										
Co. Kerry—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Killarney, . . .	-	1,474	168	1,044	8,434	1,433	54	76	205	-
Listowel, . . .	4	1,118	55	844	8,156	1,373	40	71	133	-
Tralee, . . .	-	1,160	98	1,305	8,384	1,638	41	79	310	-
Co. Limerick.										
Croom, ...	-	1,354	83	513	6,007	655	14	19	62	-
Kilmallock, . .	-	1,923	135	869	11,310	1,570	25	52	221	-
Limerick, . . .	-	3,925	351	2,442	25,099	2,015	80	154	615	46
Newcastle, . . .	-	985	43	478	6,096	912	18	57	17	-
Rathkeale, . . .	5	1,182	92	398	6,799	977	28	36	86	-
Co. Tipperary. (North Riding).										
Borrisokane, . .	-	556	26	97	1,993	500	2	15	32	-
Nenagh, . . .	-	914	83	618	6,331	975	8	46	58	-
Roscrea, . . .	-	1,094	39	615	4,640	923	9	36	268	19
Thurles, . . .	-	1,122	27	386	6,014	1,127	-	45	25	-
Co. Tipperary. (South Riding).										
Carrick-on-Suir, .	-	1,411	52	491	4,890	789	14	40	166	-
Cashel, ...	-	1,402	60	751	7,194	1,077	12	35	114	-
Clogheen, . . .	-	1,085	97	099	5,248	770	1	28	-	16
Clonmel, . . .	-	2,022	88	698	6,961	1,140	1	40	205	-
Tipperary, . . .	-	1,420	128	982	11,239	1,367	46	68	43	27
Co. Waterford.										
Dungarvan, . .	-	1,166	40	640	5,177	791	16	30	334	-
Kilmacthomas, , .	-	771	35	465	3,038	452	9	15	149	-
Lismore, . . .	-	865	19	525	4,389	828	13	25	99	-
Waterford, . . .	-	2,744	157	1,669	13,192	1,742	22	100	199	-
Total Munster, 1902,	22	58,800	3,663	34,330	326,065	48,149	842	2,287	5,959	251
Do. do. 1901,	59	57,399	3,566	32,803	315,524	48,433	831	2,377	5,952	301
Increase, . .	-	1,401	97	1,527	10,541	-	11	-	7	-
Decrease, . .	37	-	-	-	-	284	-	90	-	50

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*con.*			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 17 and 25 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation.		Names of Counties and Unions.
Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 17), exclusive of amount shown in Col. 26.	Of Total Expenditure, (Col. 25) exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 26 and 27.	
23.	24.	20.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.* Co. Kerry—*con.*
238	2	10,442	-	-	81,843	2 0¾	2 0½	Killarney.
92	32	9,897	-	-	69,687	2 4	2 10	Listowel.
72	-	10,024	-	-	90,819	1 10¼	2 3¾	Tralee.
								Co. Limerick.
-	23	6,780	-	-	63,843	1 10½	2 1½	Croom.
280	59	13,523	-	-	139,528	1 7½	1 11¼	Kilmallock.
223	73	28,900	-	-	200,085	2 6	2 10½	Limerick.
55	21	7,176	-	-	63,721	1 11	2 3	Newcastle.
165	21	8,112	-	-	69,613	1 11½	2 4	Rathkeale.
								Co. Tipperary. (North Riding).
-	4	2,546	-	-	41,591	0 11½	1 2¾	Borrisokane.
-	11	7,429	-	-	94,196	1 4¼	1 7	Nenagh.
-	9	5,904	-	-	94,033	0 11¾	1 3	Roscrea.
-	1	7,212	-	-	90,017	1 4	1 7	Thurles.
								Co. Tipperary. (South Riding).
45	-	0,924	-	-	78,681	1 3	1 6	Carrick-on-Suir.
-	35	8,467	-	-	108,500	1 4	1 6¾	Cashel.
10	35	6,114	-	-	63,537	1 7¾	1 11	Clogheen.
379	23	8,749	-	-	72,382	1 11	2 0	Clonmel.
398	-	13,188	-	-	144,417	1 0¾	1 10	Tipperary.
								Co. Waterford.
43	-	0,396	-	-	53,548	1 11¼	2 4¾	Dungarvan.
20	1	3,734	-	-	33,074	1 10½	2 3	Kilmacthomas.
-	13	0,372	-	-	50,243	1 9	2 1¾	Lismore.
-	10	10,265	-	-	157,210	1 8¼	1 11¼	Waterford.
4,422	973	388,948	842	81	3,518,355	1 10¼	2 2½	Total Munster, 1902.
4,781	2,673	380,872	538	1,130	3,516,736	1 9½	2 2	Do. do. 1901.
-	-	3,076	304	-	2,019	0 0¾	0 0½	Increase.
359	1,700	-	-	1,049	-	-	-	Decrease.

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief).	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief. Cost of boarded-out Children	Out-Relief. Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Out-Relief. Total.	Expenses of District Schools.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.										
Co. Carlow.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Carlow, . . .	12,806	145	12,951	–	5,476	356	2,689	3,045	–	180
Co. Dublin.										
Balrothery, . .	7,173	90	7,263	060	1,802	143	1,864	2,007	–	87
Dublin, North, .	69,634	498	70,132	2,500	28,168	1,172	2,214	3,386	–	2,550
Dublin, South, .	73,773	1,040	74,813	7,000	37,539	2,009	3,634	5,643	–	1,321
Rathdown, . .	15,120	875	15,995	3,000	6,140	293	1,196	1,489	–	320
Co. Kildare.										
Athy, ...	8,698	88	8,786	230	3,390	113	1,355	1,468	–	68
Celbridge, . . .	6,883	70	6,953	–	2,292	184	1,357	1,541	–	27
Naas, . . .	8,705	263	8,968	–	3,432	304	1,490	1,710	–	129
Co. Kilkenny.										
Callan, . . .	6,370	19	6,389	–	3,121	34	1,308	1,342	–	70
Castlecomer, . .	3,762	58	3,820	–	1,382	16	565	581	–	22
Kilkenny, . . .	10,522	179	10,701	–	4,930	38	1,835	1,873	–	147
Thomastown, . .	4,177	30	4,207	–	1,499	51	785	836	–	56
Urlingford, . .	4,021	109	4,130	–	1,371	–	497	497	–	23
King's Co.										
Birr, ...	7,379	147	7,526	750	2,717	–	1,038	1,038	–	59
Edenderry, . .	5,208	159	5,367	–	1,962	40	697	743	–	46
Tullamore, . .	10,686	123	10,809	15	4,002	7	2,009	2,016	–	60
Co. Longford.										
Ballymahon, . .	4,739	87	4,826	560	1,709	–	755	755	–	24
Granard, . . .	5,337	45	5,382	–	1,472	7	1,211	1,218	–	111
Longford, . . .	5,444	121	5,565	.	2,003	105	1,106	1,211	–	23
Co. Louth.										
Ardee, . . .	4,773	81	4,854	–	1,624	42	1,035	1,077	–	24
Drogheda, . . .	11,335	434	11,769	500	3,229	33	2,320	2,353	1,009	156
Dundalk, . . .	9,940	104	10,044	470	3,456	192	1,921	2,113	–	177

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*continued.*										
Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouses.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.	Names of Counties and Unions.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
										PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	Co. Carlow.
-	1,961	149	1,273	12,084	1,869	19	73	62	-	Carlow.
										Co. Dublin.
-	1,054	69	1,182	6,201	1,468	3	37	75	-	Balrothery.
-	3,424	1,644	11,742	55,914	4,601	133	497	544	180	Dublin, North.
-	3,806	1,231	18,178	72,716	6,396	108	594	713	-	Dublin, South.
-	2,402	276	6,892	17,519	2,663	20	115	940	-	Rathdown.
										Co. Kildare.
-	1,303	73	638	6,943	1,644	22	49	69	-	Athy.
-	1,002	99	641	5,602	1,144	11	63	251	-	Celbridge.
-	1,845	196	720	7,832	1,885	12	73	73	-	Naas.
										Co. Kilkenny.
-	1,204	45	725	6,507	661	6	31	35	20	Callan.
-	853	79	205	3,116	569	-	22	60	-	Castlecomer.
-	1,692	72	900	9,614	1,369	14	51	16	-	Kilkenny.
-	910	2	408	3,711	660	20	24	-	-	Thomastown.
-	623	48	324	2,886	758	8	23	99	-	Urlingford.
										King's Co.
-	1,236	68	1,516	6,634	1,425	24	48	-	-	Birr.
-	1,062	76	578	4,467	1,382	11	32	171	6	Edenderry.
-	1,240	110	830	8,258	1,138	25	42	383	-	Tullamore.
										Co. Longford.
-	641	18	1,159	4,306	619	9	25	169	-	Ballymahon.
-	732	32	449	4,014	1,114	15	49	132	-	Granard.
-	825	36	800	4,898	528	14	44	39	-	Longford.
										Co. Louth.
-	627	26	342	3,922	922	13	26	141	7	Ardee.
-	1,225	43	1,061	9,073	1,320	20	56	128	36	Drogheda.
-	1,269	34	1,564	8,613	1,319	34	61	92	-	Dundalk.

Leinster.—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*con.*			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 16 and 26 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1862.	Poundage on the Valuation.	
	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 16), exclusive of amount shown in Col. 27	Of Total Expenditure, (Col. 26) exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 27 and 28.
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.								
Co. Carlow.	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
Carlow,	–	64	14,161	–	–	158,858	1 6¼	1 9½
Co. Dublin.								
Balrothery,	110	–	7,894	410	–	105,755	1 1¼	1 5
Dublin, North,	2,938	140	64,947	3,270	115	484,351	2 2	2 6½
Dublin, South,	2,762	177	83,466	7,400	–	811,806	1 7½	1 10½
Rathdown,	204	16	21,483	4,669	12	284,370	0 10¾	1 2¼
Co. Kildare.								
Athy,	49	–	8,776	–	163	107,699	1 3½	1 7¼
Celbridge,	92	–	7,133	–	–	105,821	1 0¾	1 4¼
Naas,	135	–	10,015	–	–	154,713	1 0¾	1 3¾
Co. Kilkenny.								
Callan,	58	5	7,323	–	–	71,695	1 9¾	2 0½
Castlecomer,	53	–	3,820	–	–	32,021	1 11¼	2 4¾
Kilkenny,	–	–	11,064	–	–	100,630	1 11	2 3½
Thomastown,	90	–	4,505	–	–	65,924	1 1½	1 4½
Urlingford,	–	26	3,798	–	–	45,046	1 3½	1 8½
King's Co.								
Birr,	90	11	8,232	912	–	104,055	1 1¼	1 5
Edenderry,	141	39	6,251	–	15	95,547	0 11¼	1 3¾
Tullamore,	309	–	10,155	–	–	84,426	1 11½	2 4¾
Co. Longford.								
Ballymahon,	177	30	5,335	530	78	61,619	1 2¾	1 6½
Granard,	34	–	5,358	–	–	85,930	0 11¼	1 3
Longford,	43	34	6,600	–	–	60,615	1 7½	1 10¼
Co. Louth.								
Ardee,	18	–	5,049	–	–	95,374	0 9¾	1 0¾
Drogheda,	140	28	10,804	450	–	126,105	1 4½	1 7½
Dundalk,	97	–	10,216	732	–	112,268	1 4½	1 8½

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief).	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.			Expenses of District Schools.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
						Cost of boarded-out Children	Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Total.		
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
Co. Meath.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Dunshaughlin, . .	5,114	184	5,296	–	1,531	–	1,022	1,022	569	1
Kells, ...	7,248	137	7,385	–	2,079	9	1,863	1,872	555	72
Navan, . . .	7,400	136	7,536	700	2,531	128	1,999	2,127	863	140
Oldcastle, . . .	5,010	21	5,031	–	1,404	118	1,056	1,174	–	36
Trim, ...	8,274	160	8,434	–	1,035	74	1,920	1,994	369	37
Queen's Co.										
Abbeyleix, . .	5,766	220	6,006	75	1,991	13	1,222	1,235	–	40
Mountmellick, . .	8,382	171	6,553	550	2,190	67	2,049	2,116	–	42
Co. Westmeath.										
Athlone, . . .	6,501	155	6,656	900	2,630	283	773	1,056	–	88
Delvin, . . .	3,720	15	3,735	–	925	113	780	893	–	78
Mullingar, . . .	11,140	140	11,280	40	3,955	447	1,972	2,419	–	82
Co. Wexford.										
Enniscorthy, . .	9,559	90	9,649	–	3,105	–	2,708	2,708	–	85
Gorey, . . .	5,571	95	5,666	900	2,254	3	586	589	–	58
New Ross, . . .	11,681	61	11,742	–	4,355	260	2,430	2,690	–	58
Wexford, . . .	9,496	205	9,701	–	2,828	74	1,516	1,590	–	153
Co. Wicklow.										
Baltinglass, . .	6,216	131	6,347	50	2,095	32	1,503	1,535	–	101
Rathdrum, . .	9,216	88	9,304	550	2,589	133	2,795	2,928	–	18
Shillelagh, . . .	3,024	11	3,035	–	1,183	45	386	431	–	43
Total Leinster, 1902,	419,823	6,785	426,608	10,460	162,301	6,944	59,377	66,321	3,865	6,812
Do. do. 1901,	449,430	5,668	455,098	8,342	161,707	6,393	59,102	65.495	4,308	6,707
Increase, . .	–	1,117	–	11,118	594	551	275	826	–	105
Decrease, . .	29,607	–	28,490	–	–	–	–	–	443	–

LEINSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*continued.*									
	Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouses.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination, and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
Co. Meath.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Dunshaughlin, . .	-	744	49	343	4,259	750	1	15	139	-
Kells, ...	-	1,277	116	908	6,379	848	12	27	318	17
Navan, ...	-	977	80	1,257	7,975	698	7	28	215	-
Oldcastle, . . .	-	757	70	480	3,921	804	23	28	4	-
Trim, ...	-	901	48	735	6,519	907	18	35	266	17
Queen's Co.										
Abbeyleix, . .	-	885	54	519	4,724	1,279	11	34	149	-
Mountmelick, . .	-	1,201	59	1,213	6,821	1,162	10	54	76	-
Co. Westmeath.										
Athlone, ...	-	1,196	51	1,983	7,004	1,240	34	50	32	-
Delvin, ...	-	600	23	271	2,790	589	10	19	85	-
Mullingar, ...	-	1,492	93	1,564	9,605	1,483	30	56	153	-
Co. Wexford.										
Enniscorthy, . .	-	1,294	47	677	7,916	1,326	24	51	126	-
Gorey, ...	-	1,223	62	555	4,741	1,566	12	35	114	-
New Ross, . . .	4	1,175	51	1,088	9,421	1,316	12	66	71	-
Wexford, ...	-	1,023	18	555	6,157	1,203	16	74	58	-
Co. Wicklow.										
Baltinglass,. . .	-	1,130	31	600	5,507	1,027	8	30	32	-
Rathdrum,.. . .	-	1,250	53	478	7,316	1,621	10	64	143	14
Shillelagh, . . .	-	750	40	295	2,752	521	5	18	70	-
Total Leinster, 1902,	4	58,829	5,375	65,652	369,160	53,792	784	2,704	6,249	239
Do. do. 1901,	27	57,942	4,846	49,718	350,750	55,820	693	3,023	6,060	334
Increase, . .	-	887	530	15,934	18,410	-	91	-	189	-
Decrease, . .	23	-	-	-	-	2,028	-	319	-	95

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*con.*			Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 17 and 25 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation		Names of Counties and Unions.
Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 17) exclusive of amount shown in Col. 26.	Of Total Expenditure (Col. 25) exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 26 and 27.	
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.
								PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	Co. Meath.
188	-	5,362	-	-	105,214	0 9¾	1 0¼	Dunshaughlin.
-	18	8,119	-	-	95,157	1 5¼	1 8¼	Kells.
100	-	9,023	702	-	100,385	1 5½	1 8	Navan.
-	1	4,781	-	-	63,817	1 2¾	1 6	Oldcastle.
93	10	7,865	-	-	109,096	1 2¼	1 5¼	Trim.
								Queen's Co.
73	65	6,335	-	-	84,810	1 1¼	1 6	Abbeyleix.
34	35	8,192	872	-	102,109	1 2	1 5¼	Mountmelick.
								Co. Westmeath.
122	14	8,496	1,004	-	90,367	1 4	1 8	Athlone.
-	-	3,493	-	-	53,135	1 0½	1 3¾	Delvin.
255	2	11,584	-	38	100,143	1 2½	1 5¼	Mullingar.
								Co. Wexford.
90	50	9,593	-	-	113,820	1 4¾	1 8¼	Enniscorthy.
261	-	8,729	80	728	81,578	1 1¼	1 5½	Gorey.
-	2	10,888	-	-	105,974	1 9¼	2 0¾	New Ross.
87	-	7,805	-	-	109,831	1 1½	1 4½	Wexford.
								Co. Wicklow.
122	-	6,726	54	-	85,011	1 3½	1 6¾	Baltinglass.
66	29	9,263	-	25	129,038	1 1½	1 5¼	Rathdrum.
26	3	3,405	-	-	36,081	1 8¼	1 10¾	Shillelagh.
9,067	789	442,844	21,075	1,174	4,980,249	1 4¾	1 3¼	Total Leinster, 1902.
8,568	2,390	427,688	3,890	5,314	4,935,480	1 4¾	1 3¼	Do. do. 1901.
499	-	15,156	17,185	-	44,769	-	-	Increase.
-	1,601	-	-	4,140	-	-	-	Decrease.

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians.	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief).	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief. Cost of boarded-out Children	Out-Relief. Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Out-Relief. Total.	Expenses of District Schools.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.										
Co. Galway.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Ballinasloe,	0,226	17	6,243	-	2,027	7	479	486	-	57
Clifden,	4,044	32	4,076	-	1,067	-	227	227	-	97
Galway,	9,520	618	10,038	460	3,769	20	924	944	-	181
Glennamaddy,	2,596	37	2,633	-	882	-	573	573	-	54
Gort,	4,000	107	4,107	366	1,659	57	772	829	-	51
Loughrea,	4,900	31	4,931	-	1,384	20	1,101	1,121	-	48
Mount Bellew,	6,004	22	3,026	1,000	974	60	365	425	-	39
Oughterard,	3,136	42	3,178	-	750	-	144	144	-	76
Portumna,	3,100	31	3,131	-	1,359	7	376	383	-	72
Tuam,	7,884	57	7,941	-	2,368	190	1,642	1,832	-	60
Co. Leitrim.										
Carrick-on-Shannon,	4,485	19	4,504	-	1,047	10	941	951	-	97
Manorhamilton,	4,297	27	4,324	-	1,035	-	429	429	-	57
Mohill,	4,508	22	4,530	-	1,189	31	799	830	-	51
Co. Mayo.										
Ballina,	4,597	29	4,626	-	1,661	-	802	802	-	86
Ballinrobe,	3,508	81	3,589	-	1,225	-	783	783	-	28
Belmullet,	1,984	12	1,996	-	779	-	212	212	-	47
Castlebar,	3,774	19	3,793	-	925	-	783	783	-	98
Claremorris,	3,844	57	3,901	-	1,281	-	800	800	-	91
Killala,	2,520	19	2,532	-	425	-	562	562	-	8
Swineford,	6,079	87	5,166	-	1,756	34	773	807	-	130
Westport,	5,874	22	5,896	-	1,476	-	1,016	1,016	-	119
Co. Roscommon.										
Boyle,	6,385	97	6,482	-	1,697	23	1,354	1,377	-	43
Castlerea,	6,044	271	6,315	-	1,567	40	1,194	1,234	-	99
Roscommon,	4,774	36	4,810	-	2,073	104	817	921	-	78
Strokestown,	3,182	13	3,195	-	1,202	5	807	812	-	37

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*continued.*										
Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouses.	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Act for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Payments under the National School Teachers Act.	Names of Counties and Unions.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
										PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	Co. Galway.
-	982	35	1,302	4,689	1,084	6	36	45	-	Ballinasloe.
-	636	3	455	2,485	863	12	29	107	-	Clifden.
-	1,884	123	1,491	8,392	1,511	26	76	64	-	Galway.
-	562	21	289	2,381	476	6	38	36	-	Glennamaddy.
-	865	58	330	3,792	599	12	21	40	-	Gort.
-	828	23	400	3,604	841	21	36	291	-	Loughrea.
-	631	20	1,119	3,406	627	13	30	143	-	Mount Bellew.
-	576	4	306	1,863	625	17	34	27	-	Oughterard.
-	649	18	185	2,666	380	3	17	-	-	Portumna.
-	1,201	38	534	6,033	1,213	29	64	130	-	Tuam.
										Co. Leitrim.
-	941	16	344	3,396	667	37	29	185	10	Carrick-on-Shannon.
-	761	29	343	2,654	839	26	44	64	-	Manorhamilton.
1	866	36	699	6,572	736	16	41	212	6	Mohill.
										Co. Mayo.
-	950	89	599	4,167	623	16	37	25	-	Ballina.
-	955	65	267	3,323	743	16	33	116	-	Ballinrobe.
-	670	22	299	1,929	739	7	60	24	-	Belmullet.
-	734	14	779	3,333	747	21	47	50	-	Castlebar.
-	841	36	235	3,284	576	13	51	12	-	Claremorris.
-	541	14	188	1,736	357	6	16	109	-	Killala.
-	608	42	353	3,896	955	441	90	23	-	Swineford.
-	1,049	34	352	4,046	1,376	25	72	161	-	Westport.
										Co. Roscommon.
-	910	95	479	4,601	1,092	38	53	20	-	Boyle.
-	831	38	426	4,195	798	33	66	110	-	Castlerea.
6	965	45	308	4,396	542	6	31	108	3	Roscommon.
-	558	41	271	2,921	543	12	28	25	-	Strokestown.

Connaught—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*continued.*				Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 16 and 27 defrayed from Loans.		Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation	
	Payments under the Galway Hospital Act, 1892.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.		Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 16), exclusive of amount shown in Col. 28.	Of Total Expenditure, (Col. 27) exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 28 and 29.
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.									
Co. Galway.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
Ballinasloe,	223	11	-	6,294	-	-	77,912	1 3	1 7½
Clifden,	108	13	-	3,617	-	-	18,662	2 8	3 10½
Galway,	208	169	12	10,460	460	-	67,289	2 4¼	2 11¾
Glennamaddy,	100	50	-	3,087	-	-	31,865	1 5	1 11¼
Gort,	146	44	91	4,745	115	-	42,986	1 8½	2 1¾
Loughrea,	266	36	13	5,308	-	-	75,728	1 0	1 4½
Mount Bellew,	127	10	-	4,358	975	-	40,517	1 2½	1 8
Oughterard,	53	20	1	2,840	-	-	15,783	2 4¼	3 7¼
Portumna,	111	53	5	3,235	-	-	35,460	1 5	1 10
Tuam,	296	143	21	7,929	-	-	77,429	1 6¾	2 0½
Co. Leitrim.									
Carrick-on-Shannon,	-	-	6	4,332	-	-	48,835	1 4¾	1 9¼
Manorhamilton,	-	57	22	3,706	-	-	44,649	1 2¼	1 8
Mohill,	-	-	-	4,585	-	-	39,817	1 9½	2 3¾
Co. Mayo.									
Ballina,	-	119	6	5,013	-	-	49,580	1 8¼	2 0½
Ballinrobe,	-	35	-	4,266	-	-	60,558	1 1¼	1 5
Belmullet,	-	-	21	2,750	-	-	10,839	3 6¾	5 1
Castlebar,	-	-	-	4,198	-	-	47,130	1 5	1 9½
Claremorris,	-	31	-	3,907	-	-	44,037	1 6	1 9½
Killala,	-	-	-	2,225	-	-	20,474	1 8½	2 2
Swineford,	-	173	1	5,182	-	-	41,883	1 10¼	2 5¾
Westport,	-	-	14	5,696	-	-	45,045	1 9½	2 6¼
Co. Roscommon.									
Boyle,	-	47	7	5,858	-	-	75,690	1 2½	1 6¼
Castlerea,	-	-	39	5,238	-	-	75,023	1 1½	1 4¾
Roscommon,	-	-	1	5,084	-	-	64,606	1 4¼	1 7
Strokestown,	-	-	-	3,529	-	-	51,045	1 1¾	1 4½

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	Receipts.			Amount of Loans.	Expenditure.					
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of Guardians	Union Fund (including repayment of Relief.)	Total receipts from revenue.		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief. Cost of boarded-out Children	Out-Relief. Cost of all other out-door relief Expenditure.	Out-Relief. Total.	Expenses of District Schools.	Maintenance of Blind, Deaf and Dumb, and Idiots, in Public Institutions, and cost of Relief in Extern Hospitals.
1.	2.	3.	5.	4.	6.	7.	3.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Co. Sligo.										
Dromore West, .	2,880	32	2,912	–	716	13	612	825	–	26
Sligo, ...	9,000	167	9,167	–	3,816	–	1,222	1,222	–	83
Tobercurry, . .	5,306	55	5,371	–	1,237	50	828	878	–	119
Total Connaught, 1902,	130,451	1,962	132,413	1,826	41,352	671	21,337	22,008	–	2,032
Do. do., 1901,	135,022	2,248	137,270	776	38,752	826	22,244	22,870	–	1,973
Increase, . . .	–	–	–	1,050	2,600	45	–	–	–	59
Decrease, . . .	4,571	286	4,857	–	–	–	907	862	–	–

SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.

Ulster, ...	254,627	8,326	262,953	17,144	92,133	3,813	80,808	34,621	–	2,749
Munster, . . .	386,328	5,812	392,140	1,150	141,247	5,255	72,764	78,019	3,901	5,083
Leinster, . . .	419,823	6,785	426,608	19,460	162,301	5,944	59,377	56,321	3,865	0,812
Connaught, . .	130,451	1,962	132,413	1,826	41,352	671	21,337	22,008	–	2,032
Total Ireland, 1902, .	1,191,229	22,885	1,214,114	39,580	437,033	16,683	184,286	200,969	7,766	17,676
Do. do., 1901, .	1,265,951	25,363	1,291,314	18,317	423,727	15,824	183,496	199,320	8,151	17,882
Increase, . . .	–	–	–	21,263	13,306	859	790	1,649	–	–
Decrease, . . .	74,722	2,478	77,200	–	–	–	–	–	395	206

Connaught—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 11.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of Unions

Names of Counties and Unions.	Expenditure—*continued.*								
	Emigration Expenses.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	Cost of Medicines and Medical Appliances in Workhouses	All other Poor Relief Expenditure.	Total Poor Relief Expenditure.	Expenses under Medical Charities, Vaccination, and Dispensary Houses Acts.	Expenses under Lunatic Asylums Act.	Expenses under Acts for Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Co. Sligo									
Dromore West, . .	-	548	34	303	2,252	511	20	21	18
Sligo, ...	-	1,220	91	1,852	8,284	1,907	65	75	300
Tobercurry, . .	-	699	54	405	3,392	608	40	39	43
Total Connaught, 1902,	7	23,760	1,140	14,815	105,114	22,780	583	1,177	2,493
Do. do., 1901,	10	23,104	1,081	13,698	101,488	22,350	548	1,262	2,242
Increase, . . .	-	656	59	1,117	3,626	430	35	-	251
Decrease, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	85	-

SUMMARY OF

Ulster, . . .	-	45,298	5,167	48,414	226,352	49,739	805	3,572	5,425
Munster, . . .	22	58,800	3,663	34,330	326,065	48,149	842	2,287	5,969
Leinster, . . .	4	58,829	5,376	65,652	369,160	53,792	784	2,704	6,249
Connaught, . .	7	23,760	1,140	14,815	105,114	22,780	583	1,177	2,493
Total Ireland, 1902, .	33	186,687	15,316	161,211	1,026,691	174,460	3,014	9,740	20,136
Do. do., 1901, .	96	182,659	13,928	130,254	976,027	173,582	2,820	10,359	19,431
Increase, . . .	-	4,028	1,388	30,957	50,664	878	194	-	695
Decrease, . . .	63	-	-	-	-	-	-	619	-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Expenditure—*continued.*					Amount of Expenditure included in Columns 17 and 26 defrayed from Loans.			Poundage on the Valuation		
Payments under the National School Teachers Act.	Payments under the Galway Hospital Act, 1892.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Poor Relief.	Other Expenditure.	Valuation in 1902.	Of Expenditure in Relief of the Poor (Col. 17), exclusive of amounts shown in Col 27.	Of Total Expenditure, (Col. 26.) exclusive of amounts shown in Cols. 27 and 28.	Names of Counties and Unions.
22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*continued.*
										Co. Sligo.
-	-	75	7	2,904	-	49	37,201	1 2½	1 6½	Dromore West.
-	-	132	1	10,764	-	-	104,060	1 7	2 0¾	Sligo.
-	-	56	-	4,183	-	-	41,440	1 7¾	2 0¼	Tobercurry.
21	1,638	1,274	268	135,348	1,550	49	1,386,544	1 6	1 11¼	Total Connaught, 1902.
64	1,761	1,301	1,043	132,059	500	149	1,384,316	1 5½	1 10¾	Do. 1901.
-	-	-	-	3,289	1,050	-	2,228	0 0½	0 0½	Increase.
43	123	27	775	-	-	100	-	-	-	Decrease.
PROVINCES.										
108	-	3,377	720	290,098	14,244	2,055	5,119,128	0 9¾	1 0¾	Ulster.
251	-	4,422	973	388,948	842	81	3,518,355	1 10¼	2 2½	Munster.
299	-	9,067	789	442,844	21,075	1,174	4,980,249	1 4¾	1 8¼	Leinster.
21	1,638	1,274	268	135,348	1,550	49	1,388,544	1 6	1 11¼	Connaught.
679	1,638	18,140	2,750	*1,257,238	37,711	3,359	15,004,276	1 3¾	1 7½	Total Ireland, 1902.
953	1,761	18,844	8,261	1,212,038	10,958	8,074	15,192,272	1 3¼	1 6¾	Do. do, 1901.
-	-	-	-	45,200	26,753	-	-	0 0½	0 0¾	Increase.
274	123	704	5,511	-	-	4,715	187,996	-	-	Decrease.

* See note on page 278.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the COUNCILS

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.								
CO. ANTRIM.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Aghalee, ...	–	18	18	–	68	–	507	4
Antrim, ...	1,400	16	1,416	–	348	1	–	185
Ballycastle, . . .	859	34	893	–	160	5	40	17
Ballymena, . . .	575	83	658	–	233	67	54	129
Ballymoney, . . .	445	351	796	1,600	266	62	1,515	131
Belfast, ...	1,244	89	1,333	–	262	45	–	453
Larne, ...	1,121	379	1,500	–	287	90	–	182
Lisburn, ...	405	–	405	–	179	–	76	15
CO. ARMAGH.								
Armagh, ...	1,066	29	1,095	–	396	–	–	551
Crossmaglen, . . .	50	8	58	550	80	–	585	117
Lurgan, ...	150	50	200	–	130	6	66	22
Newry No. 2, . . .	382	2	384	–	223	1	–	28
Tanderagee, . . .	136	–	136	–	56	–	–	43
CO. CAVAN.								
Ballieborough, . .	855	200	1,061	–	190	–	127	99
Bawnboy, . . .	120	–	120	–	86	7	7	26
Castlerahan, . . .	914	290	1,204	–	119	9	203	33
Cavan, ...	694	168	762	443	365	–	326	53
Cootehill No. 1, . .	236	13	249	310	89	–	413	–
Enniskillen No. 2, .	–	4	4	–	48	3	–	1
Mullaghoran, . .	192	28	220	–	38	–	1	16
CO. DONEGAL.								
Ballyshannon, . .	847	97	944	800	101	1	56	131
Donegal, . . .	381	40	421	–	205	12	–	6
Dunfanaghy, . .	136	11	147	–	98	–	–	6
Glenties, . . .	363	2	365	–	208	–	–	4

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

OF RURAL DISTRICTS during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
							PROVINCE OF ULSTER.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	Co. Antrim.
-	-	52	631	488	14,261	0 2¼	Aghalee.
-	56	149	739	-	130,302	0 1¼	Antrim.
7	167	85	481	27	46,812	0 2¼	Ballycastle.
-	56	76	615	-	108,817	0 1¼	Ballymena.
-	427	140	2,541	1,476	80,654	0 3¼	Ballymoney.
-	319	130	1,209	-	40,350	0 7¼	Belfast.
-	495	212	1,265	-	99,415	0 3	Larne.
-	-	133	403	57	76,773	0 1	Lisburn.
							Co. Armagh.
-	137	53	1,187	-	181,100	0 1½	Armagh.
-	25	40	847	570	23,552	0 2¾	Crossmaglen.
-	-	58	282	-	55,071	0 1¼	Lurgan.
-	-	135	387	-	73,753	0 1¼	Newry No. 2.
-	-	36	135	-	23,442	0 1½	Tanderagee.
							Co. Cavan.
-	602	35	1,053	-	44,427	0 5¾	Ballieborough.
-	-	13	139	-	22,947	0 1½	Bawnboy.
-	609	23	906	24	27,256	0 8½	Castlerahan.
-	261	57	1,062	286	107,769	0 1¾	Cavan.
-	37	33	572	400	42,515	0 1	Cootehill No. 1.
-	1	17	70	-	8,350	0 2	Enniskillen No. 2.
-	103	28	185	-	11,944	0 3¾	Mullaghoran.
							Co. Donegal.
-	610	182	1,081	56	25,424	0 9¾	Ballyshannon.
-	159	32	414	-	35,281	0 2¾	Donegal.
13	-	48	163	-	11,920	0 3¼	Dunfanaghy.
22	-	64	300	-	21,744	0 3¼	Glenties.

Co. Donegal—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*								
CO. DONEGAL—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Inishowen,	476	35	511	–	164	2	–	149
Letterkenny,	402	181	583	500	122	5	262	7
Londonderry No. 2,	86	23	109	–	121	7	6	1
Milford,	1,007	48	1,055	–	162	17	–	60
Strabane No. 2,	346	64	410	1,165	106	5	1,347	413
Stranorlar,	390	29	419	1,250	190	–	747	13
CO. DOWN.								
Banbridge,	627	4	631	–	257	57	7	38
Castlereagh,	348	–	348	–	99	–	–	94
Downpatrick,	1,795	59	1,854	–	351	–	18	206
Hillsborough,	424	1	425	–	193	9	–	125
Kilkeel,	568	11	579	–	172	17	–	56
Moira,	41	17	58	–	97	4	26	27
Newry No. 1,	282	314	596	–	181	–	–	22
Newtownards,	496	40	536	–	287	65	–	100
CO. FERMANAGH.								
Belleek,	118	–	118	–	76	2	–	5
Clones No. 2,	190	–	190	560	80	–	628	7
Enniskillen,	550	63	613	–	200	99	–	7
Irvinestown,	400	8	408	–	133	12	–	20
Lisnaskea,	310	38	348	–	145	2	185	24
CO. LONDONDERRY.								
Coleraine,	1,140	38	1,178	2,225	242	65	332	71
Limavady,	440	324	764	600	195	4	731	72
Londonderry No. 1,	184	218	402	–	168	8	10	40
Magherafelt,	430	31	461	–	188	10	30	57

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*continued.*
							Co. Donegal—*con.*
-	171	156	642	-	41,073	0 3¾	Inishowen.
-	-	112	508	213	28,197	0 2½	Letterkenny.
-	7	75	217	-	34,632	0 1½	Londonderry No. 2.
-	235	74	548	-	30,486	0 4¼	Milford.
-	71	84	2,026	1,288	42,641	0 4¼	Strabane No. 2.
-	22	90	1,062	723	30,873	0 2¾	Stranorlar.
							Co. Down.
-	-	137	496	-	116,996	0 1	Banbridge.
-	-	133	328	-	27,139	0 3	Castlereagh.
-	761	195	1,541	-	180,599	0 2	Downpatrick.
-	19	63	414	-	85,717	0 1¼	Hillsborough.
-	212	69	526	-	50,466	0 2½	Kilkeel.
-	11	49	214	-	40,760	0 1¼	Moira.
-	326	116	645	-	53,479	0 2¾	Newry No. 1.
-	243	273	958	-	127,608	0 1¾	Newtownards.
							Co. Fermanagh.
-	8	27	118	-	17,037	0 1¾	Belleek.
-	3	23	741	566	29,280	0 1½	Clones No. 2.
-	68	38	412	-	35,696	0 1¼	Enniskillen.
-	35	23	223	-	36,448	0 1½	Irvinestown.
-	61	81	448	10	59,060	0 1¾	Lisnaskea.
							Co. Londonderry.
44	339	489	1,582	324	81,042	0 3¾	Coleraine.
-	401	73	1,476	680	63,592	0 3	Limavady.
-	-	83	309	-	52,598	0 1½	Londonderry No. 1.
12	-	112	409	-	94,303	0 1	Magherafelt.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								
Co. Monaghan.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Carrickmacross, . .	428	173	601	185	121	-	67	10
Castleblayney, . .	360	69	429	1,000	124	-	2,261	166
Clones No. 1, . . .	160	-	160	600	73	-	609	4
Cootehill No. 2, . .	73	3	70	-	66	-	5	-
Monaghan, . . .	626	8	634	-	196	-	-	56
Co. Tyrone.								
Castlederg, . .	343	1	344	-	124	-	7	368
Clogher, . . .	372	53	425	-	144	3	-	42
Cookstown, . . .	609	523	1,132	-	234	16	-	539
Dungannon, . . .	895	480	1,375	-	227	2	-	405
Omagh, ...	1,690	1,227	2,917	10,000	235	2	10,078	30
Strabane No. 1, . .	560	472	1,032	600	174	7	964	466
Trillick, . . .	168	8	176	-	52	-	-	82
Total Ulster, 1902, .	29,805	6,481	36,286	22,388	9,949	719	22,296	6,033
Do. do., 1901, .	25,825	4,230	30,055	7,181	10,288	789	4,962	5,205
Increase, .	3,980	2,251	6,231	15,207	-	-	17,334	828
Decrease, .	-	-	-	-	339	70	-	-
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.								
Co. Clare.								
Ballyvaghan, . .	643	59	702	-	131	21	-	187
Corrofin, . . .	356	17	373	-	130	5	122	5
Ennis, ...	1,450	334	1,784	40	196	179	153	161
Ennistymon, . .	864	170	1,034	-	112	17	26	103
Killadysert, . . .	508	102	010	-	77	35	49	5
Kilrush, ...	850	4	854	-	200	28	-	39
Limerick No. 2, . .	887	137	1,024	1,080	172	1	1,168	11
Scariff, . . .	470	30	500	-	169	6	20	35
Tulla, ...	376	147	523	-	188	91	52	121

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
EXPENDITURE—*continued.*							
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*
							CO. MONAGHAN.
-	133	49	380	42	52,130	0 1½	Carrickmacross.
-	353	108	3,012	2,240	51,640	0 3½	Castleblayney.
-	-	39	725	552	28,145	0 1½	Clones No. 1.
-	7	55	133	-	28,351	0 1½	Cootehill No. 2.
2	-	184	438	-	95,589	0 1	Monaghan.
							CO. TYRONE.
5	55	43	602	-	26,927	0 5¼	Castlederg.
-	143	94	426	-	51,467	0 2	Clogher.
-	33	236	1,053	-	60,482	0 4¼	Cookstown.
-	-	426	1,059	-	100,830	0 2½	Dungannon.
24	115	616	11,100	10,040	103,246	0 2½	Omagh.
52	87	114	1,864	1,165	56,544	0 3	Strabane No. 1.
-	-	32	166	-	15,876	0 2½	Trillick.
181	7,983	6,351	53,512	21,227	3,399,830	0 2¼	Total Ulster, 1902.
120	9,515	6,269	37,148	5,193	3,392,892	0 2¼	Do. do, 1901.
61	-	82	16,364	16,034	6,938	-	Increase.
-	1,532	-	-	-	-	-	Decrease.
							PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.
							CO. CLARE.
-	217	91	647	-	20,158	0 7¾	Ballyvaghan.
-	55	40	363	-	20,384	0 4¼	Corrofin.
-	959	111	1,759	28	67,701	0 6½	Ennis.
-	336	53	647	-	37,576	0 4¼	Ennistymon.
-	284	162	612	-	25,472	0 5¾	Killadysert.
-	218	90	576	-	48,514	0 2¾	Kilrush.
-	420	121	1,893	1,065	31,713	0 6¼	Limerick No. 2.
-	274	66	570	-	26,548	0 5¼	Scariff.
-	601	27	1,080	-	33,570	0 7¾	Tulla.

MUNSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								
Co. Cork.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bandon,	1,465	565	2,130	–	215	8	127	201
Bantry,	501	165	666	100	163	4	9	156
Castletown,	333	82	415	–	123	56	–	32
Charleville,	507	211	718	1,000	85	7	929	64
Clonakilty,	1,365	456	1,821	1,900	189	11	727	445
Cork,	5,986	1,608	7,594	1,000	733	545	2,953	1,927
Dunmanway,	2,324	636	9,960	900	179	5	281	432
Fermoy,	3,025	390	3,415	3,000	395	78	1,645	383
Kanturk,	3,452	611	4,063	–	379	3	1,863	236
Kinsale,	754	204	958	3,015	192	33	2,605	41
Macroom,	4,086	956	5,049	1,750	477	25	2,588	439
Mallow,	3,850	704	4,554	3,510	480	24	5,532	1,398
Midleton,	2,665	528	3,193	–	389	7	269	521
Millstreet,	702	156	858	–	141	3	46	54
Mitchelstown No. 1,	1,345	423	1,769	–	118	4	326	33
Skibbereen,	1,842	459	2,301	700	205	39	341	1,183
Skull,	478	81	559	400	93	10	41	33
Youghal No. 1,	1,301	348	1,649	1,200	116	11	1,287	39
Co. Kerry.								
Caherciveen,	457	44	501	–	206	1	–	98
Dingle,	430	–	430	–	227	–	–	22
Kenmare,	305	-	305	–	220	39	–	9
Killarney,	1,736	345	2,081	–	353	52	408	73
Listowel,	2,845	711	3,556	4,497	441	152	2,257	722
Tralee,	2,305	347	2,652	–	319	91	587	173
Co. Limerick.								
Croom,	1,802	518	2,320	–	282	8	532	184
Glin,	170	78	248	–	53	4	19	24
Kilmallock,	5,180	1,130	5,310	4,000	364	29	3,718	551

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
Expenditure—*continued.*							
10.	11.	12.	16.	14.	15.	16.	17.
							PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	Co. Cork.
-	1,304	97	1,952	9	74,798	0 6¼	Bandon.
-	186	46	564	-	23,478	0 5¾	Bantry.
-	127	32	370	-	12,187	0 7¼	Castletown.
-	638	30	1,753	831	20,529	0 10¾	Charleville.
-	1,083	106	2,581	577	46,528	0 10½	Clonakilty.
-	3,173	409	9,740	2,402	182,465	0 9¾	Cork.
-	1,540	107	2,544	423	84,318	1 2¾	Dunmanway.
-	2,313	61	4,875	1,400	95,356	0 8¾	Fermoy.
-	1,537	209	4,220	-	77,870	1 1	Kanturk.
-	283	91	6,245	2,555	54,782	0 3	Kinsale.
-	1,974	235	5,739	2,092	60,440	1 2½	Macroom.
-	1,739	303	9,476	5,290	96,113	0 10½	Mallow.
-	1,202	102	2,490	-	90,102	0 6¾	Midleton.
-	503	186	933	-	27,235	0 3¼	Millstreet.
-	1,028	115	1,624	-	32,393	1 0	Mitchelstown No. 1.
-	1,164	279	3,211	1,116	42,606	0 11¾	Skibbereen.
-	386	45	808	19	15,499	0 9	Skull.
-	916	80	2,449	755	26,262	1 8½	Youghal No. 1.
							Co. Kerry.
-	45	19	299	-	28,812	0 2¾	Caherciveen.
-	2	127	378	-	23,437	0 3¾	Dingle.
16	28	73	383	-	21,665	0 4¼	Kenmare.
-	1,169	187	2,242	-	73,011	0 7¼	Killarney.
-	1,557	314	5,443	2,599	56,532	1 0	Listowel.
13	1,067	371	2,621	-	75,956	0 8½	Tralee.
							Co. Limerick.
-	1,551	72	2,629	-	63,843	0 10	Croom.
-	359	58	517	-	6,197	1 3¼	Glin.
-	3,587	168	8,417	2,575	113,909	0 11¾	Kilmallock.

Co. Limerick—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								
Co. Limerick—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Limerick No. 1,	5,185	700	5,945	4,430	494	3	3,626	548
Mitchelstown No. 2,	1,227	225	1,452	–	73	1	254	10
Newcastle,	2,542	622	3,164	3,250	265	32	3,681	120
Rathkeale,	3,082	454	3,538	340	220	72	712	561
Tipperary No. 2,	1,447	298	1,745	–	97	12	280	98
Co. Tipperary (North Riding).								
Birr No. 2,	160	11	171	100	49	–	105	42
Borrisokane,	560	145	705	–	108	–	43	120
Nenagh,	2,080	830	2,916	1,250	248	11	353	296
Roscrea No. 1,	785	113	898	480	108	53	380	332
Thurles,	544	139	683	–	268	24	124	34
Co. Tipperary (South Riding).								
Carrick-on-Suir No. 1,	303	38	348	–	53	10	24	25
Cashel,	1,200	469	1,669	1,700	336	15	2,829	139
Clogheen,	1,104	327	1,431	–	270	32	214	154
Clonmel No. 1,	602	128	730	–	172	3	104	15
Gortnahoe,	367	56	423	570	56	–	621	15
Slievardagh,	930	148	1,078	–	126	–	115	138
Tipperary No. 1,	2,838	898	3,734	–	244	38	855	281
Co. Waterford.								
Carrick-on-Suir No. 2,	510	124	634	–	108	4	30	3
Clonmel No. 2,	290	34	324	–	96	–	43	2
Dungarvan,	1,023	226	1,249	2,290	182	15	131	2,056
Kilmacthomas,	1,066	363	1,429	–	143	–	506	68
Lismore,	1,528	297	1,825	360	224	–	527	453
Waterford No. 1,	2,323	1,005	3,328	4,000	491	54	5,083	742
Youghal No. 2,	784	207	991	2,000	124	3	559	21
Total Munster, 1902,	90,101	20,777	110,878	53,863	13,060	2,014	51,939	16,343
Do. do. 1901,	87,666	19,739	107,405	31,376	12,874	1,567	31,283	14,156
Increase,	2,435	1,038	3,473	22,487	186	447	20,656	2,187
Decrease,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12	13.	14.	15.	15.	17.
							PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	Co. Limerick—*con.*
-	2,198	547	7,416	3,572	98,177	0 9½	Limerick No. 1.
-	541	74	953	-	17,455	1 1	Mitchelstown No. 2.
-	1,539	102	5,739	3,446	63,721	0 8¾	Newcastle.
-	1,966	71	3,602	69	69,613	1 0¼	Rathkeale.
-	747	55	1,289	25	28,586	0 10½	Tipperary No. 2,
							Co. Tipperary (North Riding).
-	24	63	283	93	12,701	0 3½	Birr No. 2.
-	422	21	714	21	41,591	0 4	Borrisokane.
-	1,957	119	2,994	171	85,207	0 8	Nenagh.
3	467	42	1,385	447	37,042	0 6	Roscrea No. 1.
-	647	100	1,197	-	79,865	0 3½	Thurles.
							Co. Tipperary (South Riding).
-	109	29	250	-	15,413	0 3¾	Carrick-on-Suir No. 1.
-	1,383	70	4,772	2,669	104,778	0 4¾	Cashel.
-	752	104	1,616	15	63,537	0 6	Clogheen.
-	365	49	768	-	39,091	0 4¾	Clonmel No. 1.
-	106	46	844	587	12,776	0 4¾	Gortnahoe.
-	493	50	922	-	26,449	0 8¼	Slievardagh.
-	1,777	197	3,392	271	106,158	0 7	Tipperary No. 1.
							Co. Waterford.
-	356	31	532	-	31,082	0 4	Carrick-on-Suir No. 2.
-	111	33	285	-	14,038	0 4¾	Clonmel No. 2.
-	553	74	3,011	1,992	45,371	0 5½	Dungarvan.
-	1,351	76	2,144	-	33,074	1 3½	Kilmacthomas.
-	978	56	2,238	553	50,243	0 8	Lismore.
-	1,495	61	7,926	4,841	61,282	1 0	Waterford No. 1.
-	591	64	1,362	292	22,797	0 11¼	Youghal No. 2.
32	54,751	6,914	145,063	42,810	2,954,121	0 8¼	Total Munster, 1902.
31	54,839	8,193	122,943	22,534	2,964,188	0 8¼	Do. do. 1901.
1	-	-	22,120	20,275	-	-	Increase.
-	78	1,279	-	-	10,067	-	Decrease.

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes
1.	2.	3.	4.	5	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.								
CO. CARLOW.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Baltinglass No. 2, . .	637	231	868	2,375	81	7	2,120	35
Carlow, ...	2,128	314	2,442	1,170	441	7	584	244
Idrone, ...	82	12	94	–	39	4	7	11
CO. DUBLIN.								
Balrothery, ...	1,884	320	2,204	4,100	531	9	1,919	507
Celbridge No. 2, . .	280	150	430	–	105	35	268	51
Dublin, North, . .	2,942	692	3,634	12,374	842	74	11,750	1,233
Dublin, South. . .	2,284	356	2,640	6,830	577	99	3,733	334
Rathdown No. 1. . .	2,061	2,266	4,327	4,000	437	3	2,420	1,132
CO. KILDARE.								
Athy No. 1, ...	1,100	512	1,612	–	239	1	190	209
Baltinglass No. 8, . .	254	84	338	800	43	–	898	23
Celbridge No. 1, . .	650	183	833	727	167	29	763	114
Edenderry No. 2, . .	779	01	840	1,100	108	10	1,046	43
Naas No. 1, ...	3,089	2,125	5,214	2,950	351	117	223	3,876
CO. KILKENNY.								
Callan, ...	637	86	723	500	163	20	301	288
Carrick-on-Suir No. 3,	89	4	93	–	73	7	8	1
Castlecomer, ...	866	111	977	60	155	–	138	45
Ida, ...	220	54	274	–	63	3	49	–
Kilkenny, ...	1,245	232	1,477	2,000	308	27	1,850	226
Thomastown, . . .	764	290	1,054	2,850	223	6	1,852	82
Urlingford No. 1, . .	522	72	594	1,100	86	3	1,117	42
Waterford No. 2, . .	880	106	986	2,000	147	3	2,322	65
KING'S CO.								
Birr No. 1, ...	879	194	1,073	445	253	16	594	187
Cloneygowan, . . .	132	5	137	80	47	1	112	15

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	15.	17.
							PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	CO. CARLOW.
-	505	146	2,894	2,015	24,178	0 8¾	Baltinglass No. 2.
-	910	167	2,353	26	123,171	0 4½	Carlow.
-	37	17	115	-	10,482	0 2¾	Idrone.
							CO. DUBLIN.
-	1,340	237	4,543	1,734	105,756	0 5¼	Balrothery.
-	213	43	715	231	39,662	0 3	Celbridge No. 2.
4	1,334	426	15,663	11,965	79,221	0 11¼	Dublin, North.
-	368	820	5,931	3,652	76,323	0 7¼	Dublin, South.
-	496	303	4,791	2,395	70,899	0 8	Rathdown No. 1.
							CO. KILDARE.
-	960	131	1,730	-	70,693	0 5¾	Athy No 1.
-	188	27	1,179	856	12,208	0 6¼	Baltinglass No. 3.
-	330	64	1,467	648	66,159	0 3	Celbridge No. 1.
-	252	65	1,524	848	40,533	0 4	Edenderry No. 2.
6	2,992	146	7,711	3,481	131,495	0 7¾	Naas No. 1.
							CO. KILKENNY.
-	318	97	1,277	279	45,247	0 5¼	Callan.
-	5	28	123	-	22,393	0 1½	Carrick-on-Suir No. 3.
-	370	143	852	75	32,021	0 5¾	Castlecomer.
-	164	7	286	31	16,121	0 3¾	Ida.
-	648	91	3,150	1,711	82,575	0 4¼	Kilkenny.
128	580	99	2,970	1,622	65,924	0 5	Thomastown.
-	207	57	1,512	974	32,270	0 4	Urlingford No. 1.
-	609	29	3,175	2,285	47,338	0 4½	Waterford No. 2.
							KING'S CO.
-	325	120	1,496	488	82,246	0 3	Birr No. 1
-	23	28	226	66	10,638	0 3½	Cloneygowan.

KING'S CO.—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*								
KING'S COUNTY—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Edenderry No. 1,	299	48	347	1,695	118	8	1,636	80
Roscrea No. 2,	327	13	340	300	91	15	223	38
Tullamore,	1,307	406	1,713	—	203	5	658	436
CO. LONGFORD.								
Ballymahon,	1,048	191	1,239	—	145	53	163	10
Granard No. 1,	519	155	674	—	139	–	16	53
Longford,	816	224	1,040	900	174	–	1,157	5
CO. LOUTH.								
Ardee No. 1,	900	394	1,294	1,200	248	4	1,611	106
Dundalk,	1,404	367	1,771	—	233	2	101	239
Louth,	981	383	1,364	500	155	–	893	17
CO. MEATH.								
Ardee No. 2,	498	213	711	1,250	115	–	1,025	8
Dunshaughlin,	1,252	332	1,584	—	187	39	249	80
Edenderry No. 3,	220	32	258	395	46	3	570	19
Kells,	2,050	734	2,784	4,000	207	10	1,354	65
Meath,	1,801	523	2,324	300	211	9	771	33
Navan,	1,656	491	2,147	1,330	258	67	2,093	248
Oldcastle,	1,027	242	1,269	—	113	3	1,072	209
Trim,	2,785	735	3,520	880	175	53	1,887	154
QUEEN'S COUNTY.								
Abbeyleix,	1,334	313	1,647	200	310	3	600	410
Athy No. 2,	652	112	764	—	131	6	50	138
Mountmelick,	1,779	600	2,379	2,640	348	44	2,495	385
Roscrea No. 3,	293	57	350	2,100	70	32	1,659	39
Slievemargy,	568	139	707	558	123	–	184	51

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*continued.*
							King's County—*con.*
–	178	104	2,124	1,415	39,494	0 4½	Edenderry No. 1.
1	138	53	559	221	31,904	0 9½	Roscrea No. 2.
–	664	99	2,065	536	66,855	0 5½	Tullamore.
							Co. Longford.
18	977	69	1,435	9	40,712	0 8½	Ballymahon.
19	462	24	713	–	48,225	0 3½	Granard No. 1.
–	606	125	2,067	1,058	53,366	0 4½	Longford.
							Co. Louth.
2	630	58	2,659	1,437	70,374	0 4¼	Ardee No. 1.
–	1,263	138	1,976	33	82,317	0 5¾	Dundalk.
–	729	42	1,836	501	33,597	0 8¼	Louth.
							Co. Meath.
–	307	40	1,495	899	25,000	0 5¾	Ardee No. 2.
–	706	118	1,379	2	105,214	0 3¼	Dunshaughlin.
–	115	35	788	431	15,520	0 5½	Edenderry No. 3.
–	1,924	140	3,700	946	91,038	0 7¼	Kells.
–	1,441	54	2,519	319	63,480	0 8¼	Meath.
–	2,161	163	5,590	2,455	93,952	0 8	Navan.
–	744	25	2,166	500	36,561	0 11	Oldcastle.
76	1,965	170	4,480	1,161	107,024	0 7½	Trim.
							Queen's County.
22	664	176	2,185	423	34,810	0 5	Abbeyleix.
–	209	207	741	–	31,270	0 5¾	Athy No. 2.
–	1,439	56	4,767	2,468	91,471	0 6	Mountmellick.
–	140	50	1,990	1,638	25,087	0 3¼	Roscrea No. 3.
–	360	91	809	1[illegible]	24,137	0 8	Slievemargy.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*								
CO. WESTMEATH.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Athlone No. 1,	537	126	663	–	150	23	53	36
Ballymore,	759	135	894	–	56	18	283	1
Coole,	246	45	291	–	53	–	18	9
Delvin,	1,870	626	2,496	250	128	–	706	102
Kilbeggan,	149	40	189	–	56	–	104	9
Mullingar,	5,097	1,011	6,108	2,500	366	88	1,004	2,630
CO. WEXFORD.								
Enniscorthy,	1,185	484	1,669	4,211	272	22	3,548	43
Gorey,	1,297	340	1,637	–	195	19	243	104
New Ross,	1,115	338	1,453	–	197	36	396	107
Wexford,	2,353	737	3,090	140	231	29	478	11
CO. WICKLOW.								
Baltinglass No. 1,	491	199	690	1,055	157	78	1,152	106
Naas No. 2,	239	13	252	50	64	34	9	15
Rathdown No. 2,	460	13	473	1,751	227	5	206	1,672
Rathdrum,	1,668	497	2,105	4,200	460	166	2,169	1,225
Shillelagh,	564	66	630	2,700	131	–	2,608	71
Total Leinster, 1902,	65,956	19,834	85,790	31,200	12,036	1,355	63,398	17,728
Do. do. 1901,	62,326	15,822	78,148	33,807	11,712	1,420	34,630	15,428
Increase,	3,630	4,012	7,042	42,309	324	–	33,768	2,300
Decrease,	–	–	–	–	–	65	–	–
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.								
CO. GALWAY.								
Ballinasloe No. 1,	704	18	722	–	197	31	32	57
Clifden,	472	27	499		247	54	–	14
Galway,	392	172	564	–	413	29	–	63
Glennamaddy,	280	2	282	–	138	–	–	3
Gort,	328	4	332	–	159	2	26	34
Loughrea,	408	175	583	–	276	10	9	288

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
							PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	Co. Westmeath.
-	230	73	555	-	45,509	0 3	Athlone No. 1.
2	657	106	1,123	21	20,907	1 0¾	Ballymore.
-	205	23	313	-	22,192	0 3½	Coole.
48	1,671	126	2,731	542	53,185	0 10	Delvin.
-	81	60	310	01	11,420	0 4½	Kilbeggan.
-	2,657	1,079	7,824	2,624	160,143	0 7¾	Mullingar.
							Co. Wexford.
8	1,131	219	5,243	3,251	105,725	0 4½	Enniscorthy.
-	937	29	1,527	69	81,578	0 4¼	Gorey.
-	947	72	1,755	175	71,097	0 5¼	New Ross.
-	1,965	37	2,751	155	92,677	0 6¾	Wexford.
							Co. Wicklow.
-	438	85	2,015	1,142	48,625	0 4¼	Baltinglass No. 1.
-	41	63	225	29	14,332	0 3¼	Naas No. 2.
-	351	173	2,634	1,802	29,618	0 6¾	Rathdown No. 2.
-	376	187	4,592	3,068	122,545	0 3	Rathdrum.
-	170	39	8,019	2,584	36,081	0 3	Shillelagh.
334	42,855	7,699	150,405	67,400	3,469,593	0 5¾	Total Leinster, 1902.
85	39,041	7,453	109,769	32,003	3,463,843	0 5½	Do. do. 1901.
249	3,814	240	40,636	35,397	5,750	0 0¼	Increase.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Decrease.
							PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.
							Co. Galway.
-	50	135	502	-	59,087	0 2	Ballinasloe No. 1.
-	55	97	467	-	18,662	0 6	Clifden.
-	134	90	729	-	39,945	0 4½	Galway.
-	6	26	173	-	31,865	0 1¼	Glennamaddy.
-	24	587	832	-	42,986	0 4¾	Gort.
24	343	86	1,036	47	76,728	0 3	Loughrea.

Co. Galway—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—RETURN showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c.	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes.	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*								
CO. GALWAY—*con.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Mount Bellew,	360	–	360	–	141	2	–	62
Oughterard,	200	4	264	–	156	1	–	0
Portumna,	424	3	427	–	115	12	1	34
Tuam,	1,732	231	1,963	150	451	49	–	575
CO. LEITRIM.								
Ballinamore,	105	–	105	520	68	5	341	102
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 1.	844	123	967	1,035	138	–	886	321
Kinlough,	140	–	140	–	02	2	8	7
Manorhamilton,	774	44	818	–	168	12	36	59
Mohill,	764	106	870	800	130	10	480	43
CO. MAYO.								
Ballina,	610	53	663	–	197	224	–	15
Ballinrobe,	321	–	321	–	273	5	–	25
Belmullet,	250	1	251	–	120	18	–	11
Castlebar,	601	8	609	200	172	62	–	335
Claremorris,	196	–	100	–	215	14	–	119
Killala,	–	5	5	–	126	70	–	64
Swineford,	196	5	201	–	214	42	–	74
Westport,	498	4	502	–	228	2	–	33
CO. ROSCOMMON.								
Athlone No. 2,	402	7	409	–	161	26	–	20
Ballinasloe No. 2,	218	3	221	–	61	2	–	–
Boyle No. 1,	195	136	331	3,300	119	15	2,760	68
Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2,	243	47	290	1,115	98	1	851	9
Castlerea,	1,024	194	1,218	–	269	43	7	113
Roscommon,	828	11	839	1,000	170	22	532	109
Strokestown,	200	131	331	–	186	13	79	85

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
							PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	
							CO. GALWAY—*con.*
10	42	43	305	-	40,517	0 1¾	Mount Bellew.
-	-	66	232	-	15,783	0 3½	Ongherard.
-	-	117	279	-	35,460	0 2	Portumna.
11	613	262	1,861	180	77,429	0 6¼	Tuam.
							CO. LEITRIM
-	-	26	542	337	17,370	0 2¾	Ballinamore.
-	200	116	1,661	815	26,582	0 7¾	Carrick-on-Shannon No. 1.
-	26	29	133	-	0,765	0 3¼	Kinlough.
-	285	143	703	40	44,649	0 3½	Manorhamilton.
-	165	79	907	246	39,817	0 4	Mohill.
							CO. MAYO.
-	63	210	709	-	41,073	0 4¼	Ballina.
16	37	61	417	-	60,558	0 1¾	Ballinrobe.
-	97	65	311	-	10,839	0 7	Belmullet.
-	11	160	740	176	42,599	0 3¼	Castlebar.
-	-	107	455	-	44,037	0 2½	Claremorris.
7	62	101	420	-	20,474	0 6	Killala.
-	21	78	429	-	41,883	0 2½	Swineford.
-	-	87	350	-	38,481	0 2¼	Westport.
							CO. ROSCOMMON.
-	34	227	468	-	33,043	0 3½	Athlone No. 2.
-	7	61	131	-	10,337	0 3	Ballinasloe No. 2.
-	121	131	3,214	2,755	44,667	0 2½	Boyle No. 1.
-	63	69	1,091	801	22,253	0 3¼	Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2.
-	437	102	971	-	76,023	0 3	Castlerea.
-	137	232	1,202	439	64,606	0 2¾	Roscommon
-	168	45	573	62	61,046	0 2½	Strokestown.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 12.—Return showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the Councils

Names of Counties and Rural Districts.	Receipts.				Expenditure.			
	Money supplied by County Council on demand of District Council.	District Fund Receipts, including rents of labourers' cottages, &c	Total receipts from revenue.	Amount of Loans.	Salaries.	Expenses for Burial Ground purposes	Expenses under the Labourers Acts.	Expenses for Sanitary purposes.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*								
Co. Sligo.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Boyle No. 2, . . .	210	15	225	500	89	15	485	–
Dromore West, . .	589	68	657	35	139	45	79	40
Sligo, ...	1,393	37	1,430	–	299	113	18	119
Tobercurry, . . .	414	–	414	–	172	84	–	32
Total Connaught, 1902,	16,375	1,634	18,009	8,655	6,164	1,035	6,630	2,932
Do. do. 1901,	16,257	2,052	18,309	2,493	6,057	1,056	3,094	2,439
Increase, . .	118	–	–	6,162	107	–	3,536	493
Decrease, . .	–	418	300	–	–	21	–	–
SUMMARY OF								
Ulster, ...	29,805	6,481	36,286	22,388	9,949	719	22,296	6,033
Munster, ...	90,101	20,777	110,878	53,863	13,060	2,014	51,939	16,343
Leinster, ...	65,956	19,834	85,790	81,206	12,036	1,355	68,398	17,728
Connaught, . .	16,375	1,634	18,009	8,655	6,164	1,035	6,630	2,932
Total Ireland, 1902,	202,237	48,726	250,963	166,112	41,209	5,123	149,263	43,036
Do. do. 1901,	192,074	41,843	233,917	79,857	40,931	4,832	73,969	37,228
Increase, . .	10,163	6,883	17,046	86,255	278	291	75,294	5,808
Decrease, . .	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Rural Districts during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

Expenditure—*continued.*							
Expenses under the Superannuation Acts.	Repayment of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total Expenditure.	Amount of Expenditure included in Col. 13 defrayed from Loans.	Valuation in 1902.	Poundage on the Valuation of the Expenditure, exclusive of the amounts shown in Col. 14.	Names of Counties and Rural Districts.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
							PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*
£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	Co. Sligo.
-	12	105	706	485	31,023	0 1¾	Boyle No. 2.
-	78	105	486	60	37,201	0 2¾	Dromore West.
-	103	313	965	-	81,855	0 2¾	Sligo.
-	31	301	620	-	41,440	0 3½	Tobercurry.
68	3,324	4,467	24,020	6,492	1,369,136	0 3¼	Total Connaught, 1902.
38	3,601	5,043	21,328	3,241	1,367,885	0 3¼	Do. do. 1901.
30	-	-	3,292	3,251	1,251	-	Increase.
-	277	570	-	-	-	-	Decrease.

PROVINCES.

181	7,983	6,351	53,512	21,227	3,399,880	0 2¼	Ulster.
32	54,761	6,914	145,063	42,810	2,954,121	0 8¼	Munster.
334	42,855	7,699	150,405	67,400	3,469,593	0 5¾	Leinster.
68	3,324	4,467	24,620	6,492	1,369,136	0 3¼	Connaught.
615	108,923	25,431	373,600	137,929	11,192,680	0 5	Total Ireland, 1902.
274	106,996	26,958	291,188	62,971	11,188,808	0 5	Do. do. 1901.
341	1,927	-	82,412	74,958	3,872	-	Increase.
-	-	1,527	-	-	-	-	Decrease.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—Return of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Explanatory Note.—The figures in cols. 2, 6, 9, and 13 of the following table represent the numbers of the year, but those in cols. 4 and 10 do not represent so many individual persons, inasmuch as accordingly. The average number of individual persons maintained in

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out Children.			All other
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.								
ANTRIM.								
Antrim,	139	4	2,054	2,197	6	–	8	320
Ballycastle,	75	2	272	349	–	1	1	20
Ballymena,	355	6	2,980	3,341	8	6	13	830
Ballymoney,	148	8	1,650	1,812	7	5	12	260
Belfast,	3,359	247	15,662	19,268	209	16	225	61
Larne,	195	10	1,799	2,004	5	5	10	239
Lisburn,	213	18	4,745	4,070	1	2	3	402
ARMAGH.								
Armagh,	216	15	1,002	1,233	29	5	34	115
Lurgan,	405	25	3,038	3,468	41	5	46	342
CAVAN.								
Bailieborough,	111	2	1,517	1,630	11	–	11	202
Bawnboy,	67	1	307	375	2	–	2	139
Cavan,	258	3	2,007	2,268	10	8	18	411
Cootehill,	79	1	1,315	1,395	16	–	18	168
DONEGAL.								
Ballyshannon,	123	3	794	920	2	–	2	243
Donegal,	42	–	252	294	–	–	–	22
Dunfanaghy,	42	–	256	298	1	–	1	21
Glenties,	108	–	442	550	17	1	18	74
Inishowen,	104	–	463	567	5	2	7	219
Letterkenny,	79	7	871	957	8	–	6	1
Milford,	72	2	314	388	1	–	1	60
Stranorlar,	61	5	460	526	2	–	2	15
DOWN.								
Banbridge,	184	5	2,540	2,729	29	6	35	627
Downpatrick,	193	7	1,235	1,435	1	–	1	118

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902.

persons in workhouses, on outdoor relief, and in public institutions, respectively, at the commencement of the same person may be admitted to relief more than once in a year, and the totals should be viewed each workhouse each day throughout the year is given in the table.

Out-door—*con.*			In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles.			Total of columns 5, 12, and 15.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in		Names of Counties and Unions.
Persons.		Gross Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. sent to institutions during the year.	Total.		Workhouse.	District School.	
No. placed on lists during the year. 10.	Total. 11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
									PROVINCE OF ULSTER.
									ANTRIM.
139	459	465	1	-	1	2,563	51,874	-	Antrim.
46	66	67	2	-	2	418	28,535	-	Ballycastle.
246	1,076	1,089	7	3	10	4,440	124,507	-	Ballymena.
96	356	368	-	-	-	2,180	50,909	-	Ballymoney.
51	112	337	55	19	74	19,579	1,171,593	-	Belfast.
132	371	381	3	-	3	2,388	62,797	-	Larne.
191	593	596	5	-	5	5,577	82,232	-	Lisburn.
									ARMAGH.
90	205	239	2	-	2	1,474	78,843	-	Armagh.
245	587	633	9	-	9	4,110	151,549	-	Lurgan.
									CAVAN.
108	310	321	1	-	1	1,952	37,829	-	Bailieborough.
52	191	193	1	-	1	569	22,577	-	Bawnboy.
350	761	777	5	-	6	3,051	86,425	-	Cavan.
122	290	306	4	1	5	1,706	30,360	-	Cootehill.
									DONEGAL.
74	317	319	1	-	1	1,240	46,409	-	Ballyshannon.
21	43	43	3	2	5	342	18,288	-	Donegal.
10	31	32	-	-	-	330	15,183	-	Dunfanaghy.
117	191	209	1	-	1	760	39,931	-	Glenties.
49	268	275	-	-	-	842	37,423	-	Inishowen.
1	2	8	-	-	-	965	31,590	-	Letterkenny.
38	98	99	2	-	2	489	26,289	-	Milford.
9	24	26	-	-	-	552	28,549	-	Stranorlar.
									DOWN.
144	771	806	-	-	-	3,535	63,620	-	Banbridge.
147	265	266	4	-	4	1,705	54,677	-	Downpatrick.

ULSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—Return of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.		
		Workhouse.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.									
ANTRIM.				£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Antrim, . . .	24	142	-	1,479	163	1,042	4 0	0 5¼	4 5¼
Ballycastle, . .	82	78	-	686	102	788	3 4½	0 8	3 10½
Ballymena, . .	37	341	-	2,693	451	3,144	3 0½	0 6	3 6½
Ballymoney, . .	28	140	-	1,217	250	1,467	3 4¼	0 8¼	4 0½
Belfast, . . .	61	3,210	-	25,370	4,537	29,907	3 0½	0 6½	3 7
Larne, . . .	31	172	-	1,375	77	1,452	3 0¾	0 2	3 2¾
Lisburn, . . .	17	225	-	2,251	568	2,819	3 10	0 11½	4 9½
ARMAGH.									
Armagh, . . .	64	216	-	2,312	381	2,693	4 1¼	0 8¼	4 9½
Lurgan, . . .	44	415	-	3,635	549	4,184	3 4¼	0 6¼	3 10½
CAVAN.									
Bailleborough, .	23	104	-	974	182	1,136	3 7¼	0 7¼	4 2½
Bawnboy, . .	60	62	-	562	58	620	3 6	0 4¼	3 10¼
Cavan, . . .	38	237	-	1,996	301	2,297	3 2¾	0 5¾	3 8½
Cootehill, . .	22	83	-	1,025	98	1,123	4 8¾	0 5¼	5 2¼
DONEGAL.									
Ballyshannon, .	50	127	-	1,310	168	1,484	3 11¾	0 6	4 5¾
Donegal, . . .	62	50	-	415	61	478	3 2¼	0 5½	3 7¾
Dunfanaghy, . .	51	42	-	345	43	388	8 2¼	0 4¾	3 7
Glenties, . . .	73	109	-	961	149	1,110	8 4½	0 6¼	3 10¾
Inishowen, . .	66	103	-	690	97	787	2 7	0 4¼	2 11¼
Letterkenny, . .	33	87	-	732	150	882	3 2¾	0 8	3 10¾
Milford, . . .	68	72	-	583	134	717	3 1¼	0 8½	3 9¾
Stranorlar, . .	45	65	-	555	127	682	3 8¾	0 9	4 0¾
DOWN.									
Banbridge, . .	23	174	-	1,617	263	1,880	3 6¾	0 7	4 1¾
Downpatrick, .	38	150	-	1,499	285	1,764	3 10	0 8¼	4 6¼

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902.—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out children.			All other persons.
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								
DOWN—*con.*								
Kilkeel,	85	4	1,848	1,937	-	-	-	88
Newry,	242	5	4,112	4,359	13	1	14	713
Newtownards,	292	19	2,176	2,487	22	7	29	542
FERMANAGH.								
Enniskillen,	203	7	930	1,140	18	2	20	21
Irvinestown,	94	8	449	551	4	-	4	26
Lisnaskea,	66	6	1,171	1,243	6	-	6	111
LONDONDERRY.								
Coleraine,	148	6	669	823	14	2	15	164
Limavady,	107	5	1,376	1,488	2	-	2	-
Londonderry,	287	17	3,476	3,780	19	-	19	18
Magherafelt,	149	6	1,161	1,336	-	-	-	189
MONAGHAN.								
Carrickmacross,	116	5	1,709	1,830	19	8	27	94
Castleblayney,	150	11	1,845	2,006	6	-	6	288
Clones,	84	6	885	975	-	-	-	1
Monaghan,	144	2	1,657	1,803	-	-	-	75
TYRONE.								
Castlederg,	50	-	341	391	-	-	-	-
Clogher,	92	6	988	1,086	11	1	12	96
Cookstown,	120	3	730	853	-	-	-	94
Dungannon,	151	10	1,831	1,992	17	2	19	232
Omagh	211	6	1,817	2,034	8	3	11	307
Strabane,	250	25	2,271	2,546	20	1	21	263
Total Ulster, 1902,	9,669	528	77,443	87,640	588	86	674	8,351
Do. do., 1901,	9,526	572	71,788	81,986	567	146	713	8,358
Increase,	43	-	5,655	5,654	21	-	-	-
Decrease,	-	44	-	-	-	60	39	107

ULSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Out-door—*con.* All other persons—*con.* No. placed on lists during the year.	Out-door—*con.* All other persons—*con.* Total.	Out-door—*con.* Gross Total.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. at commencement of the year.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. sent to institutions during the year.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. Total.	Total of columns 5, 13, and 16.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in Workhouse.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in District School.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*									
DOWN—*con.*									
Kilkeel,	26	114	114	3	-	3	2,054	84,422	-
Newry,	493	1,206	1,220	5	1	6	5,585	87,049	-
Newtownards,	230	772	801	7	1	8	3,296	100,014	-
FERMANAGH.									
Enniskillen,	92	113	133	3	-	3	1,276	69,709	-
Irvinestown,	20	46	50	-	-	-	601	81,057	-
Lisnaskea,	58	169	175	-	-	-	1,418	23,476	-
LONDONDERRY.									
Coleraine,	81	265	281	2	-	2	1,106	48,359	-
Limavady,	-	-	2	2	1	3	1,493	42,485	-
Londonderry,	24	42	61	5	2	7	3,848	107,692	-
Magherafelt,	104	293	293	5	-	5	1,634	46,233	-
MONAGHAN.									
Carrickmacross,	61	165	182	3	-	3	2,015	42,090	-
Castleblayney,	269	557	563	3	1	4	2,573	54,329	-
Clones,	20	30	30	-	-	-	1,005	28,984	-
Monaghan,	66	141	141	1	-	1	1,945	50,500	-
TYRONE.									
Castlederg,	-	-	-	1	1	2	393	16,180	-
Clogher,	42	138	150	1	-	1	1,237	24,660	-
Cookstown,	48	142	142	1	-	1	996	45,364	-
Dungannon,	77	309	328	3	1	4	2,324	52,547	-
Omagh,	163	470	481	4	-	4	2,519	73,840	-
Strabane,	119	382	403	3	2	5	2,954	89,150	-
Total Ulster, 1902,	4,480	12,731	13,405	159	35	194	101,239	3,405,129	-
Do. do. 1901,	4,530	12,888	13,601	166	33	199	95,786	3,290,803	-
Increase,	-	-	-	-	2	-	5,453	114,321	-
Decrease,	50	157	196	7	-	5	-	-	-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.			Names of Counties and Unions.
	Workhouse.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.	
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
									PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*
			£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	DOWN—*con.*
18	94	–	847	16	863	3 5¼	0 0¾	3 6	Kilkeel.
20	239	–	1,898	323	2,221	3 0½	0 6¼	3 6¾	Newry.
40	274	–	2,143	264	2,407	3 0	0 4½	3 4½	Newtownards.
									FERMANAGH.
61	191	–	1,492	237	1,729	5 0	0 5¾	8 5¾	Enniskillen.
56	85	–	931	113	1,044	4 2¼	0 6¼	4 8½	Irvinestown.
19	64	–	666	84	750	3 11¾	0 6	4 5¾	Lisnaskea.
									LONDONDERRY.
59	133	–	1,099	224	1,323	3 2¼	0 7¾	3 10	Coleraine.
29	116	–	981	163	1,144	3 2¾	0 6½	3 9¼	Limavady.
28	295	–	2,210	493	2,703	2 10½	0 7¾	3 6¼	Londonderry.
35	127	–	1,283	196	1,479	3 10½	0 7¼	4 5¾	Magherafelt.
									MONAGHAN.
23	115	–	1,047	102	1,140	3 5¾	0 4	3 9¾	Carrickmacross.
27	140	–	1,340	168	1,514	3 5½	0 5¼	3 10¾	Castleblayney.
30	79	–	891	79	970	4 3¾	0 4½	4 8¼	Clones.
28	138	–	1,137	146	1,283	3 1¾	0 5	3 6¾	Monaghan.
									TYRONE.
41	44	–	426	51	477	3 8¼	0 5¼	4 1½	Castlederg.
23	68	–	629	87	716	3 6¾	0 6	4 0¾	Clogher.
53	124	–	953	93	1,046	2 11¼	0 3½	3 2¾	Cookstown.
26	144	–	1,286	175	1,461	3 5¼	0 5½	3 10¾	Dungannon.
36	202	–	1,788	354	2,142	3 4¾	0 8	4 0¾	Omagh.
35	244	–	1,925	345	2,270	3 0¼	0 6½	3 6¾	Strabane.
39	9,329	–	79,266	12,867	92,133	3 3¼	0 6¼	3 9½	Total Ulster, 1902
40	9,016	–	77,079	12,120	89,199	3 3¼	0 6¼	3 9½	Do. do. 1901.
–	313	–	2,187	747	2,934	–	–	–	Increase.
1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Decrease.

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—Return of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out children.			All other
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.								
Clare								
Ballyvaghan,	79	3	601	683	–	–	–	71
Corrofin,	74	3	989	1,066	–	–	–	125
Ennis,	482	21	1,498	2,001	2	–	2	523
Ennistymon,	249	13	1,015	1,277	–	–	–	254
Killadysert,	84	2	218	304	–	–	–	165
Kilrush,	330	5	997	1,332	10	–	16	849
Scariff,	103	1	369	473	–	–	–	130
Tulla,	144	1	350	495	–	–	–	148
Cork.								
Bandon,	184	8	1,823	2,010	15	4	19	365
Bantry,	87	2	705	794	–	–	–	259
Castletown,	73	8	409	485	8	–	3	139
Clonakilty,	199	4	742	945	–	–	–	343
Cork,	2,424	98	10,866	13,188	212	21	233	2,317
Dunmanway,	82	1	655	738	12	1	13	254
Fermoy,	220	7	3,241	3,468	10	4	20	444
Kanturk,	316	12	1,354	1,082	33	14	47	653
Kinsale,	197	2	1,157	1,356	9	1	10	129
Macroom,	152	8	1,046	1,206	33	–	33	487
Mallow,	274	12	1,590	1,876	29	1	30	586
Midleton,	356	18	2,235	2,600	25	4	29	434
Millstreet,	148	4	1,093	1,243	17	5	22	276
Mitchelstown,	153	4	1,195	1,352	13	1	14	177
Skibbereen,	221	4	1,027	1,252	7	–	7	580
Skull,	67	1	408	478	1	–	1	153
Youghal,	262	10	1,617	1,889	9	6	15	291
Kerry.								
Cahersiveen,	96	1	390	487	–	–	–	524
Dingle,	160	6	636	802	5	3	8	302
Kenmare,	82	8	547	632	9	–	9	406

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Out-door—*con.* persons. No. placed on lists during the year. 10.	Out-door—*con.* persons. Total. 11.	Out-door—*con.* Gross Total. 12.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. at commencement of the year. 13.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. sent to institutions during the year. 14.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. Total. 15.	Total of columns 5, 12, and 15. 16.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in Workhouse. 17.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in District School. 18.	Names of Counties and Unions. 19.
									PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.
									CLARE.
49	120	120	1	–	1	804	27,321	–	Ballyvaghan.
32	157	157	–	–	–	1,223	29,938	–	Corrofin.
230	753	755	1	1	2	2,758	170,390	–	Ennis.
198	452	452	5	–	5	1,734	87,459	–	Ennistymon.
46	211	211	–	–	–	515	30,705	–	Killadysert.
839	1,688	1,704	1	–	1	3,037	116,852	–	Kilrush.
84	214	214	1	–	1	688	36,019	–	Scariff.
64	212	212	6	–	6	713	51,929	–	Tulla.
									CORK.
259	624	643	4	–	4	2,657	61,994	–	Bandon.
115	374	374	–	1	1	1,169	30,440	–	Bantry.
67	206	209	–	2	2	696	25,183	–	Castletown.
209	552	552	1	1	2	1,499	72,477	–	Clonakilty.
2,833	5,150	5,383	108	10	118	18,689	875,718	–	Cork.
156	410	423	1	–	1	1,182	26,560	–	Dunmanway.
420	864	884	7	–	7	4,359	71,922	–	Fermoy.
488	1,141	1,188	5	1	6	2,878	102,914	–	Kanturk.
157	286	298	2	–	2	1,654	63,506	–	Kinsale.
150	637	670	5	–	5	1,881	54,638	–	Macroom.
462	1,047	1,077	7	–	7	2,960	95,918	–	Mallow.
443	877	906	4	–	4	3,519	128,604	–	Midleton.
118	394	416	4	–	4	1,663	49,781	–	Millstreet.
115	292	308	3	1	4	1,662	52,766	–	Mitchelstown.
271	851	858	9	1	10	2,120	82,005	–	Skibbereen.
101	254	255	2	–	2	738	23,027	–	Skull.
266	557	572	3	–	3	2,464	83,168	–	Youghal.
									KERRY.
288	812	812	5	–	5	1,304	36,771	–	Caherciveen.
117	419	427	4	–	4	1,233	58,518	–	Dingle.
40	445	455	4	–	4	1,091	30,524	–	Kenmare.

MUNSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.		
		Workhouse.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28	29.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*									
CLARE.				£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Ballyvaghan,	40	75	–	631	117	748	3 2¾	0 7¼	3 10
Corrofin,	28	82	–	759	136	895	3 8½	0 7¾	4 2¼
Ennis,	85	467	–	4,555	964	5,519	3 9	0 0½	4 6½
Ennistymon,	68	240	–	2,423	439	2,882	3 10½	0 8½	4 7
Killadysert,	101	84	–	882	140	1,028	4 0¼	0 8	4 8¼
Kilrush,	88	320	–	3,478	337	3,815	4 2	0 4¾	4 6¾
Scariff,	76	99	–	987	109	1,096	3 10	0 5	4 3
Tulla,	105	142	–	1,310	240	1,559	3 8½	0 8	4 2½
CORK.									
Bandon,	31	170	–	1,668	244	1,912	3 0¼	0 6½	4 3¾
Bantry,	38	83	–	783	130	913	3 7¼	0 7¼	4 2½
Castletown,	52	69	–	736	89	825	4 1	0 6	4 7
Clonakilty,	77	199	–	1,574	297	1,871	3 0½	0 7	3 7½
Cork,	66	2,399	–	21,920	3,086	25,008	3 6	0 6	4 0
Dunmanway,	36	73	–	648	110	758	3 5	0 7	4 0
Fermoy,	21	197	–	1,485	241	1,726	2 10¾	0 5½	3 4¼
Kanturk,	61	282	–	2,470	362	2,832	3 4¼	0 6	3 10¼
Kinsale,	47	174	–	1,442	38	1,480	8 2¼	0 1	3 3¼
Macroom,	45	150	–	1,436	93	1,529	3 8¼	0 2¾	3 11
Mallow,	51	263	–	2,847	542	3,389	4 1¾	0 0¼	4 11¼
Midleton,	49	352	–	3,594	674	4,268	3 11	0 8¾	4 7¾
Millstreet,	40	136	–	1,037	196	1,233	2 11	0 8½	3 5½
Mitchelstown,	39	145	–	1,215	228	1,443	3 2¾	0 7¼	3 10
Skibbereen,	85	225	–	1,971	272	2,243	3 4½	0 5½	3 10
Skull,	48	63	–	528	74	602	8 2½	0 5½	3 3
Youghal,	44	228	–	1,884	244	2,128	3 2	0 5	3 7
KERRY.									
Caherciveen	76	101	–	973	126	1,099	3 8½	0 5¾	4 2¼
Dingle,	73	160	–	1,337	168	1,505	3 2½	0 4¾	3 7¼
Kenmare,	48	84	–	764	114	878	3 8	0 6¼	4 0¼

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out Children.			All other Persons.
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								
KERRY—*con.*								
Killarney,	324	14	1,135	1,473	26	–	26	485
Listowel,	275	16	1,353	1,644	1	–	1	897
Tralee,	369	20	2,409	2,789	25	2	27	945
LIMERICK.								
Croom,	222	5	1,943	2,170	1	–	1	400
Kilmallock,	457	23	2,085	2,565	21	2	23	765
Limerick,	1,231	42	5,450	6,729	56	14	70	1,544
Newcastle,	238	11	742	991	–	–	–	452
Rathkeale,	233	12	1,300	1,545	18	–	18	511
TIPPERARY (North Riding).								
Borrisokane,	100	1	1,461	1,562	3	2	5	93
Nenagh,	267	5	1,482	1,754	4	7	11	462
Roscrea,	188	4	2,582	2,774	1	–	1	168
Thurles,	242	10	2,208	2,460	12	–	12	443
TIPPERARY (South Riding).								
Carrick-on-Suir,	243	15	3,235	3,493	10	2	12	252
Cashel,	284	10	1,986	2,280	–	–	–	556
Clogheen,	210	10	3,155	3,375	–	–	–	214
Clonmel,	351	16	2,401	2,768	49	9	58	215
Tipperary,	428	28	3,082	3,538	17	5	22	527
WATERFORD.								
Dungarvan,	212	9	2,016	2,237	23	1	24	522
Kilmacthomas,	157	13	2,738	2,908	1	–	1	112
Lismore,	173	0	2,238	2,417	18	5	23	326
Waterford,	743	51	5,615	6,409	18	1	19	838
Total Munster, 1902,	14,234	573	89,195	104,002	770	115	885	22,280
Do., do. 1901,	14,549	607	78,157	93,313	731	152	883	20,927
Increase,	–	–	11,038	10,689	39	–	2	1,353
Decrease,	315	34	–	–	–	37	–	–

MUNSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—Return of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	Out-door—*con.* All other persons—*con.* No. placed on lists during the year.	Out-door—*con.* All other persons—*con.* Total.	Out-door—*con.* Gross Total.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. at commencement of the year.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. sent to institutions during the year.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. Total.	Total of columns 5, 13, and 16.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in Workhouse.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in District School.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*									
KERRY—*con.*									
Killarney,	525	1,010	1,036	6	–	6	2,515	110,128	–
Listowel,	613	1,510	1,511	9	3	12	3,107	91,671	14,867
Tralee,	1,304	2,249	2,276	12	–	12	5,077	127,766	–
LIMERICK.									
Croom,	243	643	644	7	–	7	2,821	65,602	9,916
Kilmallock,	668	1,433	1,456	9	–	9	4,030	140,176	16,985
Limerick,	1,336	2,880	2,950	23	2	25	9,704	404,711	31,488
Newcastle,	232	684	684	7	1	8	1,683	69,311	10,913
Rathkeale,	248	759	777	5	1	6	2,328	67,731	6,589
TIPPERARY (North Riding).									
Borrisokane,	35	128	133	1	–	1	1,696	29,920	–
Nenagh,	466	928	939	3	–	3	2,696	92,495	–
Roscrea,	145	313	314	4	9	13	3,101	66,349	–
Thurles,	337	780	792	6	–	6	3,258	79,110	–
TIPPERARY (South Riding).									
Carrick-on-Suir,	556	808	820	–	1	1	4,314	81,674	–
Cashel,	953	1,509	1,509	4	–	4	3,793	100,427	–
Clogheen,	160	374	374	8	–	3	3,752	83,054	–
Clonmel,	173	388	446	8	–	8	3,222	115,845	–
Tipperary,	991	1,688	1,710	4	1	5	5,253	151,006	–
WATERFORD.									
Dungarvan,	522	1,044	1,068	4	–	4	3,309	74,870	–
Kilmacthomas,	229	341	342	–	–	–	3,250	51,161	–
Lismore,	247	573	596	8	–	3	3,016	63,165	–
Waterford,	1,129	1,967	1,966	12	1	13	3,408	266,620	–
Total Munster, 1902.	19,729	42,009	42,894	323	37	360	147,256	4,919,835	90,758
Do. do. 1901,	22,815	43,742	44,625	330	64	394	138,332	4,869,852	91,749
Increase,	–	–	–	–	–	–	8,924	49983	–
Decrease,	3,086	1,733	1,731	7	27	34	–	–	991

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.			Names of Counties and Unions.
	Workhouse.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.	
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
			£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*
									KERRY—*con.*
75	302	-	3,561	317	3,878	4 6¼	0 5	4 11½	Killarney.
55	251	41	2,206	270	2,476	3 4½	0 5	3 9½	Listowel.
46	350	-	3,031	340	3,371	3 3¾	0 4½	3 8¼	Tralee.
									LIMERICK.
30	180	27	1,704	344	2,048	3 7¾	0 8¾	4 4½	Croom.
55	384	47	3,541	546	4,087	3 6½	0 6½	4 1	Kilmallock.
60	1,109	86	10,226	1,181	11,407	3 6½	0 4¾	3 11¼	Limerick.
70	190	30	1,820	326	2,145	3 8	0 8	4 4	Newcastle.
44	185	18	1,915	169	2,084	3 11½	4¼	4 3¾	Rathkeale.
									TIPPERARY (North Riding).
19	82		814	98	912	3 9¾	0 5½	4 3¼	Borrisokane.
53	253	-	2,397	350	2,747	3 7½	0 6½	4 2	Nenagh.
24	182	-	1,846	340	2,186	3 10¾	0 8½	4 7¼	Roscrea.
32	217	-	1,978	281	2,259	3 5	0 5	4 0	Thurles.
									TIPPERARY (South Riding).
23	224	-	1,711	264	1,975	2 11½	0 5½	3 4¾	Carrick-on-Suir.
44	275	-	2,466	416	2,882	3 5¼	0 7	4 0¼	Cashel.
25	227	-	2,310	380	2,690	3 10¾	0 7¾	4 8¼	Clogheen.
42	317	-	2,682	456	3,138	3 3	0 6½	3 9½	Clonmel.
43	414	-	4,408	714	5,122	4 1	0 8	4 9	Tipperary.
									WATERFORD.
33	205	-	1,660	171	1,831	3 1¼	0 3¾	3 5	Dungarvan.
21	167	-	1,272	117	1,389	2 11	0 3¼	3 2¼	Kilmacthomas.
26	173	-	1,523	235	1,758	3 4½	0 6¼	3 10¾	Lismore.
42	730	-	5,080	619	5,699	2 8	0 4	3 0	Waterford.
47	13,479	249	123,488	17,759	141,247	3 6¼	0 6	4 0¼	Total Munster, 1902.
52	13,342	252	119,701	14,368	134,069	3 5¼	0 5	3 10¼	Do. do. 1901.
-	137	-	3,787	3,391	7,178	0 1	0 1	0 2	Increase.
5	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Decrease

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out Children.			All
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.								
CARLOW.								
Carlow,	373	20	1,587	1,980	44	11	55	756
DUBLIN.								
Balrothery,	144	7	2,603	2,754	20	3	23	396
Dublin, North,	2,994	78	13,254	16,326	149	17	166	1,491
Dublin, South,	3,776	126	13,347	17,249	220	27	247	2,496
Rathdown,	534	19	3,381	3,934	35	3	38	316
KILDARE.								
Athy,	307	13	1,876	2,196	14	5	19	407
Celbridge,	165	6	2,391	2,562	34	6	40	300
Naas,	318	13	4,864	5,195	38	16	54	351
KILKENNY.								
Callan,	253	10	3,091	3,354	5	–	5	368
Castlecomer,	112	9	1,803	1,024	4	–	4	174
Kilkenny,	386	19	3,173	3,578	6	–	6	537
Thomastown,	146	6	2,733	2,885	5	5	10	198
Urlingford,	100	8	1,137	1,245	–	–	–	136
KING'S CO.								
Birr	233	0	1,097	1,336	–	–	–	265
Edenderry	160	12	1,103	1,281	5	3	8	162
Tullamore,	342	9	3,731	4,082	1	–	1	419
LONGFORD.								
Ballymahon,	139	5	2,605	2,749	–	–	–	196
Granard,	148	3	1,068	1,219	1	–	1	379
Longford,	208	10	2,441	2,659	14	4	18	322
LOUTH.								
Ardee,	156	7	1,136	1,299	9	–	9	235
Drogheda,	318	9	3,991	4,318	6	–	6	678
Dundalk,	310	11	3,906	4,227	27	4	31	718

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902.—*continued.*

Out-door—*con.* other persons. No. placed on lists during the year. 10.	Out-door—*con.* other persons. Total. 11.	Out-door—*con.* Gross Total. 12.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. at commencement of the year. 13.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. No. sent to institutions during the year. 14.	In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles. Total. 15.	Total of columns 5, 12, and 15. 16.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in Workhouse. 17.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in District School. 18.	Names of Counties and Unions 19.
									PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.
									CARLOW.
849	1,605	1,660	8	2	10	3,650	130,950	-	Carlow.
									DUBLIN.
480	876	899	6	-	6	3,659	49,808	-	Balrothery.
2,120	3,611	3,777	73	9	82	20,185	1,033,706	-	Dublin, North.
2,236	4,732	4,979	84	6	90	22,318	1,349,780	-	Dublin, South.
1,184	1,500	1,538	28	4	32	5,504	179,292	-	Rathdown.
									KILDARE.
631	1,028	1,047	4	-	4	3,247	99,523	-	Athy.
336	636	676	1	-	1	3,239	56,631	-	Celbridge.
438	789	843	9	-	9	6,047	108,655	-	Naas.
									KILKENNY.
218	586	591	1	-	1	3,946	84,236	-	Callan.
117	291	295	2	-	2	2,221	42,178	-	Castlecomer.
637	1,174	1,180	6	3	9	4,767	138,871	-	Kilkenny.
346	544	554	4	-	4	8,443	49,410	-	Thomastown.
842	478	478	1	1	2	1,725	38,475	-	Urlingford.
									KING'S CO.
189	454	454	-	-	-	1,790	79,235	-	Birr.
287	449	457	2	1	3	1,741	57,968	-	Edenderry.
323	742	743	2	1	3	4,828	115,602	-	Tullamore.
									LONGFORD.
208	404	404	1	-	1	3,154	51,832	-	Ballymahon.
190	569	570	7	-	7	1,796	50,482	-	Granard.
109	431	449	2	-	2	3,110	70,995	-	Longford.
									LOUTH.
180	415	424	-	-	-	1,723	56,543	-	Ardee.
435	1,113	1,119	11	1	12	5,449	96,691	16,034	Drogheda.
645	1,363	1,304	3	-	3	5,624	112,748	-	Dundalk.

LEINSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—Return of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.		
		Workhouse.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.									
Carlow.				£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Carlow, . . .	06	359	–	4,807	669	5,476	5 1¾	0 3½	5 10¼
Dublin.									
Balrothery, . .	18	136	–	1,502	300	1,802	4 2¾	0 10	5 0¾
Dublin, North, .	63	2,832	–	25,165	3,003	28,168	3 5	0 4¾	3 9¾
Dublin, South, .	78	3,698	–	33,955	3,584	37,539	3 6¼	0 4½	3 10¾
Rathdown, . .	46	491	–	5,094	1,040	6,140	3 11¾	0 9¾	4 9¼
Kildare.									
Athy, . . .	45	273	–	3,055	335	3,390	4 3½	0 5¾	4 9¼
Celbridge, . .	22	155	–	2,048	244	2,292	5 0¾	0 7½	5 8
Naas, . . .	21	298	–	3,177	255	3,432	4 1	0 4	4 5
Kilkenny.									
Callan, . . .	25	231	–	2,853	268	3,121	4 9	0 5¼	5 2¼
Castlecomer, . .	22	116	–	1,228	154	1,382	4 1	0 6	4 7
Kilkenny, . .	39	381	–	4,293	037	4,930	4 4	0 7¾	4 11¾
Thomastown, .	17	135	–	1,376	123	1,499	3 10¾	0 4¼	4 3
Urlingford, . .	31	105	–	1,237	134	1,371	4 0	0 5¾	4 11¾
King's Co.									
Birr, . . .	59	217	.	2,484	233	2,717	4 4½	0 5	4 9½
Edenderry, . .	45	159	–	1,758	204	1,962	4 3	0 5¾	4 8¾
Tullamore, . .	28	317	–	3,568	434	4,002	4 3¾	0 6¼	4 10
Longford.									
Ballymahon, . .	19	142	–	1,485	224	1,709	4 0¼	0 7½	4 7½
Granard, . .	41	138	–	1,367	105	1,472	3 9¼	0 3¾	4 0¾
Longford, . .	27	195	–	1,850	153	2,003	3 7¾	0 3½	3 11¼
Louth.									
Ardee, . . .	44	155	–	1,434	190	1,624	3 6¼	0 5¾	4 0¼
Drogheda, . .	22	265	44	2,827	402	3,229	4 1	0 7	4 8
Dundalk, .	27	309	–	3,038	418	3,458	3 9¼	0 6	4 3¼

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out Children.			All other Persons.
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.—*con.*								
MEATH.								
Dunshaughlin,	129	8	2,662	2,797	2	-	2	183
Kells,	186	6	1,322	1,514	1	-	1	374
Navan,	242	13	2,918	3,173	11	6	17	413
Oldcastle,	102	8	2,397	2,507	17	1	16	261
Trim	198	13	1,830	2,041	13	4	17	406
QUEEN'S CO.								
Abbeyleix,	147	6	2,211	2,364	1	2	3	250
Mountmellick,	214	4	2,431	2,649	12	3	15	480
WESTMEATH.								
Athlone,	227	15	2,259	2,501	39	12	51	223
Delvin,	98	2	2,324	2,424	17	3	20	174
Mullingar,	298	8	2,993	3,299	65	13	76	429
WEXFORD.								
Enniscorthy,	295	17	2,014	2,326	-	-	-	730
Gorey,	227	9	1,902	2,138	1	-	1	162
New Ross,	464	22	5,497	5,983	35	7	42	692
Wexford,	304	12	2,263	2,579	16	3	19	645
WICKLOW.								
Baltinglass,	165	7	577	749	7	-	7	361
Rathdrum,	251	10	3,050	3,311	19	4	23	709
Shillelagh,	100	2	1,589	1,691	10	1	11	111
Total Leinster, 1902,	15,275	566	116,557	132,398	903	163	1,066	17,903
Do. do. 1901,	14,976	551	98,017	113,544	850	175	1,025	19,328
Increase,	299	15	16,540	18,854	53	-	41	-
Decrease,	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	1,425

LEINSTER—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	Out-door—*con.*			In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles.			Total of columns 5, 13, and 16.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in	
	All other persons—*con.*		Gross Total.						
	No. placed on lists during the year.	Total.		No. at commencement of the year.	No. sent to institutions during the year.	Total.		Workhouse.	District School.
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*									
MEATH.									
Dunshaughlin,	151	334	336	-	-	-	3,133	37,862	5,353
Kells,	158	532	533	3	-	3	2,050	53,693	6,475
Navan,	431	844	861	3	2	5	4,039	71,999	14,821
Oldcastle,	364	625	643	2	-	2	3,152	35,246	-
Trim,	267	673	690	1	-	1	2,732	55,763	14,096
QUEEN'S CO.									
Abbeyleix,	144	394	397	1	0	7.	2,708	58,569	-
Mountmellick,	421	901	916	2	-	2	3,567	68,047	-
WESTMEATH.									
Athlone,	56	279	330	2	2	4	2,835	32,741	-
Delvin,	117	291	311	3	-	3	2,738	34,038	-
Mullingar,	326	755	833	2	1	3	4,135	103,953	-
WEXFORD.									
Enniscorthy,	243	973	973	5	-	5	3,304	104,464	-
Gorey,	90	252	253	4	-	4	2,395	74,964	-
New Ross,	715	1,407	1,449	1	-	1	7,438	152,048	-
Wexford,	434	1,079	1,098	9	-	9	3,686	105,843	-
WICKLOW.									
Baltinglass,	190	551	558	4	-	4	1,311	53,717	-
Rathdrum,	221	930	953	1	-	1	4,265	83,622	-
Shillelagh,	60	171	182	3	1	4	1,377	39,123	-
Total Leinster, 1902,	16,878	34,731	35,847	301	40	341	168,586	5,269,303	56,779
Do. do. 1901,	16,937	36,265	37,290	287	39	326	151,160	5,123,927	62,144
Increase,	-	-	-	14	1	15	17,426	145,376	-
Decrease,	59	1,484	1,443	-	-	-	-	-	5,365

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.			Names of Counties and Unions.
	Workhouse.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.	
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
									PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*
			£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	MEATH.
14	104	15	1,399	132	1,531	5 2	0 5¾	5 7¾	Dunshaughlin.
35	147	18	1,862	217	2,079	4 10¼	0 6¾	5 5	Kells.
23	197	40	2,251	280	2,531	4 4½	0 5½	4 11	Navan.
14	97	–	1,346	58	1,404	5 4	0 2¾	5 6¾	Oldcastle.
27	153	38	1,609	286	1,935	4 2¼	0 8	4 10¼	Trim.
									QUEEN'S CO.
25	160	–	1,690	301	1,991	4 0½	0 8½	4 9	Abbeyleix.
26	186	–	1,996	194	2,190	4 1¼	0 4¾	4 6	Mountmelick.
									WESTMEATH.
33	227	–	2,205	425	2,630	3 8¾	0 8½	4 5¼	Athlone.
14	93	–	765	160	925	3 1¾	0 7¾	3 9½	Delvin.
32	285	–	3,415	539	3,955	4 7	0 8¾	5 3¾	Mullingar.
									WEXFORD.
45	286	–	2,741	364	3,105	3 3	0 5¾	4 1¾	Enniscorthy.
35	205	–	2,072	182	2,254	3 10½	0 4	4 2½	Gorey.
25	417	–	3,816	539	4,355	3 6	0 6	4 0	New Ross.
41	290	–	2,495	333	2,828	3 3½	0 5¼	3 8¾	Wexford.
									WICKLOW.
72	147	–	1,714	381	2,095	4 5½	1 0	5 5½	Baltinglass.
25	229	–	2,276	313	2,589	3 9¾	0 6¼	4 4	Rathdrum.
23	107	–	1,050	138	1,188	4 0	0 5	4 5	Shillelagh.
40	14,437	155	144,364	17,937	162,301	3 10	0 5½	4 3½	Total Leinster, 1902.
45	14,038	170	143,692	18,015	161,707	3 11	0 6	4 5	Do. do. 1901.
–	399	–	672	–	594	–	–	–	Increase.
5	–	15	–	78	–	0 1	0 0½	0 1½	Decrease.

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out children.			All other
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.								
GALWAY.								
Ballinasloe,	220	7	1,870	2,097	2	1	1	151
Clifden,	101	5	281	387	–	–	–	79
Galway,	354	17	1,889	2,260	6	1	7	347
Glennamaddy,	82	2	1,589	1,673	–	–	–	165
Gort,	102	6	2,101	2,329	14	–	14	244
Loughrea,	116	4	1,042	1,162	1	3	4	329
Mount Bellew,	70	1	1,755	1,826	10	1	11	98
Oughterard,	81	–	210	297	–	–	–	84
Portumna,	131	2	1,059	1,192	1	–	1	127
Tuam,	175	2	1,122	1,299	23	4	27	487
LEITRIM.								
Carrick-on-Shannon,	126	2	1,870	2,004	1	–	1	276
Manorhamilton,	106	3	1,022	1,131	–	–	–	155
Mohill,	125	–	1,966	2,091	4	1	5	268
MAYO.								
Ballina,	162	7	690	859	–	–	–	477
Ballinrobe,	118	4	1,130	1,252	–	–	–	235
Belmullet,	70	12	193	281	–	–	–	98
Castlebar,	69	2	943	1,014	–	–	–	318
Claremorris,	114	1	1,437	1,552	1	–	1	283
Killala,	38	–	229	267	–	–	–	236
Swineford,	180	1	1,269	1,450	5	5	10	367
Westport,	148	1	948	1,097	–	–	–	537
ROSCOMMON.								
Boyle,	205	5	1,262	1,472	3	–	3	439
Castlerea,	161	6	2,214	2,381	10	3	13	386
Roscommon,	203	5	2,509	2,717	22	5	27	215
Strokestown,	118	1	1,335	1,454	2	–	2	200

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Out-door—*con.* persons.			In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles.			Total of columns 5, 12, and 15.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in		Names of Counties and Unions.
No. placed on lists during the year.	Total.	Gross Total.	No at commencement of the year.	No. sent to institutions during the year.	Total.		Workhouse.	District School.	
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
									PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.
									GALWAY.
348	499	500	2	1	3	2,600	80,191	-	Ballinasloe.
302	381	381	5	-	6	773	37,035	-	Oliffden.
285	632	639	3	3	6	2,905	125,612	-	Galway.
46	211	211	2	-	2	1,886	31,295	-	Glennamaddy.
126	370	384	1	-	1	2,714	55,647	-	Gort.
274	603	607	5	-	5	1,774	42,857	-	Loughrea.
143	241	252	3	-	3	2,081	26,447	-	Mount Bellew.
122	206	206	3	-	3	506	25,207	-	Oughterard.
123	250	251	4	-	4	1,447	43,804	-	Portumna.
162	649	676	3	-	3	1,978	64,024	-	Tuam.
									LEITRIM.
176	452	453	5	1	6	2,463	41,610	-	Carrick-on-Shannon.
43	198	198	3	1	4	1,333	32,814	-	Manorhamilton.
207	475	480	3	-	3	2,574	42,754	-	Mohill.
									MAYO.
74	551	551	2	-	2	1,412	54,876	-	Ballina.
121	356	356	1	-	1	1,609	43,656	-	Ballinrobe.
255	353	353	2	-	2	636	27,708	-	Belmullet.
215	533	533	6	1	7	1,554	30,186	-	Castlebar.
144	427	428	6	-	6	1,986	40,254	-	Claremorris.
178	414	414	-	-	-	681	12,945	-	Killala.
330	697	707	6	-	6	2,163	60,481	-	Swineford.
437	274	274	7	3	10	2,081	54,848	-	Westport.
									ROSCOMMON.
325	764	767	3	-	3	2,242	69,253	-	Boyle.
137	523	536	8	-	8	2,925	54,579	-	Castlerea.
118	333	360	6	-	6	3,083	69,446	-	Roscommon.
133	333	335	2	-	2	1,791	38,194	-	Strokestown.

CONNAUGHT—*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.		
		Work-house.	District School.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.									
GALWAY.				£	£	£	s. d	s. d.	s. d.
Ballinasloe,	33	220	–	1,865	102	2,027	3 3	0 3½	3 5½
Clifden,	96	102	–	951	106	1,067	3 7¾	0 4¾	4 0½
Galway,	56	344	–	3,465	304	3,769	3 10½	0 4	4 2½
Glennamaddy,	19	85	–	784	98	882	3 5	0 6¼	3 11¼
Gort,	24	152	–	1,522	137	1,659	3 10	0 4	4 2
Loughrea,	37	117	–	1,311	73	1,384	4 3½	0 2¾	4 6¼
Mount Bellew,	14	72	–	829	145	974	4 4¾	0 9	5 1¾
Oughterard,	85	69	–	599	57	756	3 10¾	0 3¾	4 2½
Portumna,	87	120	–	1,220	139	1,359	3 10¾	0 5¼	4 4
Tuam,	40	175	–	2,171	197	2,368	4 9	0 5½	5 2¼
LEITRIM.									
Carrick-on-Shannon,	21	114	–	967	80	1,047	3 3	0 8¼	3 6¼
Manorhamilton,	29	90	–	879	166	1,035	3 9	0 7¾	4 4½
Mohill,	20	117	–	1,028	161	1,189	3 4½	0 5¾	3 10¾
MAYO.									
Ballina,	54	150	–	1,482	179	1,661	3 9¼	0 5½	4 2¾
Ballinrobe,	36	120	–	1,109	116	1,225	3 6¾	0 4½	3 11¼
Belmullet,	99	76	–	684	95	779	3 5¼	0 5¾	3 11¼
Castlebar,	30	83	–	821	104	925	3 9¼	0 5¾	4 3½
Claremorris,	26	110	–	1,157	124	1,281	4 0¼	0 5¾	4 5½
Killala,	48	35	–	365	60	425	3 11½	0 7¾	4 7¼
Swineford,	42	166	–	1,542	214	1,756	3 6¾	0 6	4 0¾
Westport,	50	150	–	1,306	170	1,475	3 4	0 5¼	3 9¼
ROSCOMMON.									
Boyle,	47	190	–	1,544	153	1,697	3 1½	0 3¾	3 5¼
Castlerea,	23	150	–	1,424	143	1,567	3 7¾	0 4½	4 0¼
Roscommon,	26	190	–	1,783	290	2,073	3 7¼	0 7	4 2¼
Strokestown,	26	105	–	1,066	135	1,202	3 10¾	0 5	4 4¾

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	In Workhouse.				Out-door.			
					Boarded-out Children.			All other persons.
	No. of persons at commencement of the year.	No. of births during the year.	No. of admissions during the year.	Total.	No at commencement of the year.	No. placed out at nurse during the year.	Total.	No. at commencement of the year.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*								
SLIGO.								
Dromore West,	63	2	581	646	2	-	2	231
Sligo,	404	13	1,752	2,169	-	-	-	414
Tobercurry,	102	1	981	1,084	7	-	7	280
Total Connaught, 1902,	4,010	112	35,321	39,443	112	24	136	7,526
Do. do., 1901,	3,872	83	28,237	32,192	106	28	134	7,589
Increase,	138	29	7,084	7,251	6	-	2	-
Decrease,	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	63
SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.								
ULSTER,	9,669	528	77,443	87,640	588	86	674	8,251
MUNSTER,	14,234	573	89,195	104,002	770	115	885	22,280
LEINSTER,	15,275	566	116,557	132,398	903	163	1,066	17,903
CONNAUGHT,	4,010	112	35,321	39,443	112	24	136	7,526
Total Ireland, 1902,	43,188	1,779	318,518	363,483	2,373	388	2,761	55,960
Do. do., 1901,	43,023	1,813	276,199	321,035	2,254	501	2,755	56,202
Increase,	165	-	42,317	42,448	119	-	6	-
Decrease,	-	34	-	-	-	113	-	242

continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 13.—RETURN of the numbers relieved under the Poor Relief Acts, the expenditure for provisions, necessaries, and clothing of during the year ended the

Names of Counties and Unions.	Out-door—*con.*			In Institutions for Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Idiots and Imbeciles.			Total of columns 5, 13, and 16.	Collective number of days for all persons relieved during the year in	
	All other persons—*con.*		Gross Total.	No. at commencement of the year.	No. sent to institutions during the year.	Total.		Work-house.	District School
	No. placed on lists during the year.	Total.							
10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*									
Co. SLIGO.									
Dromore West,	152	383	385	-	-	-	1,031	23,207	-
Sligo,	583	997	997	6	-	6	3,172	142,817	-
Tobercurry,	134	414	421	5	-	5	1,510	35,852	-
Total Connaught, 1902,	5,693	13,219	13,355	102	10	112	52,910	1,407,599	-
Do. do. 1901,	7,289	14,878	15,012	96	17	113	47,317	1,358,125	-
Increase,	-	-	-	6	-	-	5,593	48,474	-
Decrease,	1,596	1,659	1,657	-	7	1	-	-	-

SUMMARY OF

ULSTER,	4,480	12,731	13,405	159	35	194	101,239	3,405,129	-
MUNSTER,	19,729	42,009	42 894	323	37	360	147,256	4,919,835	90,758
LEINSTER,	16,878	34,781	35,847	301	40	341	168,586	5,269,303	56,779
CONNAUGHT,	5,693	13,219	13,355	102	10	112	52,910	1,407,599	-
Total Ireland, 1902,	46,780	102,740	105,501	885	122	1,007	469,991	15,001,866	147,537
Do. do., 1901,	51,571	107,773	110,528	879	153	1,032	432,595	14,643,712	153,893
Increase,	-	-	-	6	-	-	37,396	358,154	-
Decrease,	4,791	5,033	5,027	-	31	25	-	-	6,356

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

in and out of the workhouses, and in public institutions, together with workhouse inmates, and the average weekly cost per head, 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Average number of days of relief in respect of each total in column 5.	Average daily number of persons in		Cost of provisions, necessaries, and clothing.			Average weekly cost per head.			Names of Counties and Unions.
	Workhouse.	District School	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.	
20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.
									PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*
			£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	SLIGO.
36	64	–	664	52	716	4 0	0 3¾	4 3¾	Dromore West.
66	391	–	2,945	871	3,816	2 10¾	0 10¼	3 9	Sligo.
33	98	–	1,109	128	1,237	4 4	0 6	4 10	Tobercurry.
36	3,856	–	36,702	4,650	41,352	3 7¾	0 5½	4 1¼	Total Connaught, 1902.
42	3,724	–	34,671	4,081	38,752	3 7	0 5	4 0	Do. do., 1901.
–	132	–	2,031	569	2,600	0 0¾	0 0½	0 1¼	Increase.
6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Decrease.

PROVINCES.

			£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
39	9,329	–	79,266	12,867	92,133	3 3¼	0 6¼	3 9½	ULSTER.
47	13,479	249	123,488	17,759	141,247	3 6¼	0 6	4 0¼	MUNSTER.
40	14,437	155	144,364	17,937	162,301	3 10	0 5½	4 3½	LEINSTER.
36	3,856	–	36,702	4,650	41,352	3 7¾	0 6½	4 1¼	CONNAUGHT.
41	41,101	404	383,820	53,213	437,033	3 7	0 6	4 1	Total Ireland, 1902.
46	40,120	422	375,143	48,584	423,727	3 7	0 5½	4 0½	Do. do., 1901.
–	981	–	8,677	4,629	13,306	–	0 0½	0 0½	Increase.
6	–	18	–	–	–	–	–	–	Decrease.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 14.—CLASSES RELIEVED in WORKHOUSES, and in PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS during each of the half-years ended the 30th of September, 1901, and 31st of March, 1902.*

	Classes relieved. (1.)			No. in the half-year ended 30th September, 1901. (2.)	No. in the half-year ended 31st March, 1902. (3.)
	ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.				
1	Adults,	Married couples,	Males,	6,232	6,965
2			Females,	6,232	6,965
3		Other males,		64,323	78,868
4		Other females,		29,764	27,416
5	Children under 15, of able-bodied inmates,		Legitimate,	21,675	21,102
6			Illegitimate,	4,837	4,198
	NOT ABLE-BODIED.				
7	Adults,	Married couples,	Males,	565	576
8			Females,	565	576
9		Other males,		30,526	29,049
10		Other females,		18,893	17,915
11	Children under 15,	Of parents not able-bodied being inmates	Legitimate,	1,695	1,699
12			Illegitimate,	529	446
13		Orphans, or other children relieved without parents,		6,913	6,567
	LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.				
14	Adult males,			1,736	1,667
15	Adult females,			2,358	2,293
16	Children under 15,			74	66
17	Total number of males,			103,382	117,145
18	Do. females,			57,812	55,165
19	Do. children under 15,			35,723	34,078
20	Total in Workhouses,			196,917	206,388
21	Relief in institutions for the Blind,		Males,	160	161
22			Females,	266	265
23	Relief in institutions for the Deaf and Dumb,		Males,	245	228
24			Females,	245	236
25	Relief in Asylums for Idiots and Imbeciles,		Males,	23	26
26			Females,	15	21
	Total in Institutions,			954	939
	Total in Workhouses and Institutions,			197,871	207,327

* The number of each class, as given in columns 2 and 3 of this table, includes the individuals at the beginning of each half-year with the admissions during the half-year. As to the admissions, see the last paragraph of the note on page 314.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 15.—CLASSES afforded RELIEF out of the WORKHOUSES during each of the half-years ended the 30th of September, 1901, and 31st of March, 1902.*

	Classes relieved. (1.)		Number in the half-year ended 30th Sept., 1901. (2.)	Number in the half-year ended 31st March, 1902. (3.)
	UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, SEC. 1.			
1	Adult males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,		9,337	9,406
2	Families of adult males under heading 1,	Wives,	4,111	4,152
3		Children under 15,	1,508	1,532
4	Adult males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,		2,946	3,256
5	Families of adult males under heading 4,	Wives,	1,986	2,319
6		Children under 15,	6,066	6,769
7	Adult women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,		22,738	23,122
8	Children under 15, of women under heading 7,	Legitimate,	212	315
9		Illegitimate,	23	24
10	Adult women relieved in cases of sickness or accident,		1,840	1,883
11	Children under 15, of women under heading 10,	Legitimate,	1,352	1,536
12		Illegitimate,	62	69
13	Able-bodied widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them,		3,296	3,157
14	Children under 15, dependent on widows under heading 13,		10,670	10,307
15	Lunatics, Insane persons, and Idiots,	Males,	117	126
16		Females,	95	87
17		Children under 15,	67	53
	Total,		66,426	68,113
	UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, BUT NOT SEC. 1.			
18	Adult males, married or single,		–	–
19	Families of adult males under heading 18;	Wives,	–	–
20		Children under 15,	–	–
21	Able-bodied women,	Unmarried,	–	–
22		Widows not relievable under sec. 1,	–	–
23	Children of women under headings 21 and 22,	Legitimate,	–	–
24		Illegitimate,	–	–
	Total,		–	–
	Families relieved without husband or father.			
25	Husband or father in Gaol,	Wives,	–	–
26		Children under 15,	–	–
27	Husband or father on service in Army or Navy,	Wives,	–	–
28		Children under 15,	–	–
29	Deserted by husband or father,	Wives,	–	–
30		Children under 15,	–	–
31	Orphans and children relieved without either parent,		–	–
32	Number of persons relieved provisionally,		10,742	10,729
	Total,		10,742	10,729
33	Number relieved under 11 & 12 Vic., c. 47, sec. 4,		30	4
34	Orphans or Deserted children out at nurse under 61 and 62 Vic., cap. 30,		2,838	2,514
	Total (Nos. 1 to 34 inclusive),		80,036	81,360

* The number of each class, as given in columns 2 and 3 of this table, includes the individuals at the beginning of each half-year, with the numbers placed on the outdoor relief lists during the half-year.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 16.—SUMMARY of RETURNS from Clerks of unions, showing for each Province and for all Ireland the number of persons admitted to the workhouses during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, distinguishing the number admitted in sickness; also the number of births and deaths in the workhouses during the year.

PROVINCES.	Number of persons admitted during the year.						No. of births in the workhouses during the year.	No. of deaths in the workhouses during the year.
	Number admitted in sickness.				Number admitted who were not sick.	Total number admitted during the year.		
	Suffering under Fever or other dangerous infectious disease.	Suffering under other diseases.	Suffering from accidental injury.	Total number admitted in sickness.				
ULSTER, . .	2,049	15,436	1,151	18,636	58,807	77,443	528	2,557
MUNSTER, . .	954	18,935	1,188	21,077	68,118	89,195	573	3,112
LEINSTER, . .	1,245	21,095	1,303	23,703	92,854	118,557	566	3,367
CONNAUGHT, . .	411	3,741	414	4,566	30,755	35,321	112	845
TOTAL IRELAND,	4,659	59,207	4,116	67,982	250,534	318,516	1,779	8,681

No. 17.—SUMMARY of RETURNS showing for each Province and for all Ireland the number of sick persons who received medical treatment in workhouse hospitals and fever hospitals during the year ended 31st March, 1902.

PROVINCES	Under treatment at the commencement of the year.				New cases.				Total cases treated in hospitals during the year.			
	Fever or other infectious disease.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other infectious disease.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.	Fever or other infectious disease.	Other diseases.	Accidentally injured.	Total.
ULSTER, . .	153	3,918	138	4,209	2,423	17,761	1,203	21,890	2,576	22,682	1,341	26,599
MUNSTER . .	117	5,868	149	6,134	1,188	25,284	1,357	27,827	1,303	31,152	1,506	33,961
LEINSTER, . .	165	6,060	129	6,354	1,527	26,785	1,421	29,733	1,692	32,845	1,550	36,087
CONNAUGHT, .	60	1,462	68	1,590	436	5,170	442	6,048	496	6,632	510	7,638
TOTAL IRELAND,	495	17,308	484	16,287	5,572	75,008	4,423	84,998	6,067	93,311	4,907	104,285

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 18.—Glin and Trim District Schools.

A.—Statement showing the receipts and expenditure of the Boards of management of Glin and Trim District Schools during the year ended the 31st March, 1902.

District School.	RECEIPTS.				EXPENDITURE.					
	Money supplied by Guardians of contributory Unions on demand.	Parliamentary Grant.	Other Receipts.	Total Receipts.	Provisions and necessaries.	Clothing.	Salaries and rations of Officers.	Other Expenditure.	Total Expenditure.	Poundage of expenditure on valuation of contributory unions.
1	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.
Glin, . . .	3,385	373	249	4,007	1,431	394	1,376	623	3,824	0 1½
Trim, .	4,136	157	183	4,476	1,321	661	929	927	3,838	0 1¾

B.—Statement showing the numbers relieved in the District Schools, together with the average weekly cost per head, during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

District School.	Number of children at commencement of year.	Number of admissions during the year.	Total.	Collective number of days for all children relieved in the schools during the year.	Average number of days of relief in schools in respect of each total in column 4.	Average daily number of children in each school.	Average weekly cost per head.		
							Provision and necessaries.	Clothing	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
							s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Glin, . .	249	58	307	90,758	296	249	2 2½	0 7¾	2 9¾
Trim, . .	163	38	201	56,779	249	155	3 3½	1 7½	4 10¾

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

GALWAY HOSPITAL (Act 55 & 56 Vict., ch. cxxvii.)

No. 19.—Statement showing the receipts and payments of the Board of Management of the Galway Hospital, and the number of patients treated in the Hospital, during the year ended the 31st March, 1902, compared with similar particulars in the preceding year.

Year ended the 31st of March.	Receipts.						Payments.			Number of Patients treated in the Hospital.			Average daily number of patients in the Hospital.
	Maintenance.			Payments by Contributory Unions under s. 12.	Other Receipts.	Total.	Clothing and Establishment Charges.	Other Payments	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
	General Patients.	Union Patients.	Admiralty Patients.										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£				
1902	279	248	32	1,477	27	2,163	1,544	560	2,104	331	276	607	34
1901	102	185	19	1,684	37	2,026	1,284	638	2,922	303	218	521	31
Increase ...	180	63	12	—	—	137	260	—	—	28	58	86	3
Decrease ...	—	—	—	107	12	—	—	378	118	—	—	—	—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 20.—STATEMENT showing the Balances of Loans due by Boards of Guardians to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the close of the financial year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

Names of Counties and Unions.	Under the Dispensary Houses Act.	Under Seed Supply Acts.	Under the Arrears of Rent Act, 1882, for Emigration purposes.	For Workhouse Buildings and Improvements.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.					
	£	£	£	£	£
Co. Antrim.					
Antrim,	-	-	-	-	-
Ballycastle,	-	-	-	98	98
Ballymena,	-	-	-	-	-
Ballymoney,	853	-	-	-	853
Belfast,	6,341	-	-	25,661	32,002
Larne,	836	-	-	280	1,116
Lisburn,	2,627	-	-	638	3,265
Co. Armagh.					
Armagh,	1,640	-	-	1,004	2,644
Lurgan,	2,350	-	-	240	2,590
Co. Cavan.					
Bailieborough,	-	-	-	238	238
Bawnboy,	-	-	-	-	-
Cavan,	521	-	-	-	521
Cootehill,	-	-	-	-	-
Co. Donegal.					
Ballyshannon,	679	-	-	-	679
Donegal,	-	-	-	688	688
Dunfanaghy,	-	-	-	-	-
Glenties,	82	-	-	-	82
Inishowen,	-	-	-	-	-
Letterkenny,	-	-	-	-	-
Milford,	30	-	-	-	30
Stranorlar,	-	-	-	275	275
Co. Down.					
Banbridge,	-	-	-	-	-
Downpatrick,	-	-	-	-	-
Kilkeel,	-	-	-	-	-
Newry,	1,174	-	-	-	1,174
Newtownards,	1,186	-	-	-	1,186
Co. Fermanagh.					
Enniskillen,	659	-	-	980	1,639
Irvinestown,	-	-	-	-	-
Lisnaskea,	-	-	-	-	-
Co. Londonderry.					
Coleraine,	-	-	-	-	-
Limavady,	-	-	-	-	-
Londonderry,	505	-	-	2,901	3,406
Magherafelt,	-	-	-	-	-
Co. Monaghan.					
Carrickmacross,	632	-	-	-	632
Castleblayney,	-	-	-	-	-
Clones,	-	-	-	-	-
Monaghan,	-	-	-	-	-
Co. Tyrone.					
Castlederg,	-	-	-	-	-
Clogher,	-	-	-	-	-
Cookstown,	-	-	-	-	-
Dungannon,	1,245	-	-	227	1,472
Omagh,	-	-	-	-	-
Strabane,	-	-	-	-	-
Total Ulster,	21,360	-	-	33,230	54,590

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 20.—STATEMENT showing the Balances of Loans due by Boards close of the financial year

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Under the Dispensary Houses Act.	Under Seed Supply Acts.	Under the Arrears of Rent Act, 1882, for Emigration purposes.	For Workhouse Buildings and Improvements.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.	£	£	£	£	£
CO. CLARE.					
Ballyvaghan,	-	-	59	-	59
Corrofin,	122	-	-	-	122
Ennis,	-	-	-	300	300
Ennistymon,	-	-	-	-	-
Killadysert,	-	-	-	-	-
Kilrush,	-	-	-	193	193
Scariff,	-	-	-	-	-
Tulla,	-	-	-	-	-
CO. CORK.					
Bandon,	610	-	-	-	610
Bantry,	750	-	-	-	750
Castletown,	-	-	-	-	-
Clonakilty,	750	-	-	423	1,173
Cork,	3,510	-	-	1,300	4,810
Dunmanway,	584	-	-	-	584
Fermoy,	1,570	-	-	50	1,620
Kanturk,	519	-	-	-	519
Kinsale,	534	-	-	-	584
Macroom,	965	-	-	539	1,504
Mallow,	469	-	-	-	469
Midleton,	950	-	-	-	950
Millstreet,	903	-	-	-	903
Mitcheletown,	1,557	-	-	-	1,557
Skibbereen,	-	-	6	400	406
Skull,	1,118	-	-	-	1,118
Youghal,	499	-	-	-	499
CO. KERRY.					
Caherciveen,	-	-	791	-	791
Dingle,	-	-	-	-	-
Kenmare,	269	-	-	-	269
Killarney,	1,225	-	-	575	1,800
Listowel,	1,534	-	-	113	1,647
Tralee,	975	-	-	-	975
CO. LIMERICK.					
Croom,	-	-	-	-	-
Kilmallock,	4,868	-	-	-	4,868
Limerick,	3,291	-	-	-	3,291
Newcastle,	1,033	-	-	-	1,033
Rathkeale,	2,219	-	-	-	2,219
CO. TIPPERARY. (North Riding).					
Borrisokane,	-	-	-	-	-
Nenagh,	-	-	-	-	-
Roscrea,	-	-	-	-	-
Thurles,	-	-	-	-	-
CO. TIPPERARY. (South Riding).					
Carrick-on-Suir,	851	-	-	-	851
Cashel,	-	-	-	-	-
Clogheen,	156	-	-	-	156
Clonmel,	503	-	-	9,030	9,533
Tipperary,	498	-	-	488	986
CO. WATERFORD.					
Dungarvan,	954	-	-	-	954
Kilmacthomas,	375	-	-	-	375
Lismore,	-	-	-	-	-
Waterford,	-	-	-	-	-
Total Munster,	34,216	-	856	13,411	48,483

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

of Guardians to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the ended the 31st of March, 1902—*continued.*

Names of Counties and Unions.	Under the Dispensary Houses Act.	Under Seed Supply Acts.	Under the Arrears of Rent Act, 1882, for Emigration purposes.	For Workhouse Buildings and Improvements.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.	£	£	£	£	£
Co. Carlow.					
Carlow,	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Dublin.					
Balrothery,	1,575	–	–	648	2,223
Dublin, North,	5,248	–	–	21,660	26,908
Dublin, South,	5,825	–	–	16,638	22,463
Rathdown,	1,455	–	–	2,937	4,392
Co. Kildare.					
Athy,	1,333	–	–	–	1,333
Celbridge,	400	–	–	1,700	2,100
Naas,	1,548	–	–	–	1,548
Co. Kilkenny.					
Callan,	–	–	–	–	–
Castlecomer,	–	–		38	38
Kilkenny,	–	–		–	–
Thomastown,	1,311	–	–	–	1,311
Urlingford,	–	–	–	–	–
King's Co.					
Birr,	904	–		1,325	2,229
Edenderry,	2,356	–	–	–	2,356
Tullamore,	2,007	–	–	2,925	4,932
Co. Longford.					
Ballymahon,	2,468	–	–	736	3,204
Granard,	573	–	–	–	573
Longford,	702	–	–	–	702
Co. Louth.					
Ardee,	246	–	–	–	246
Drogheda,	1,006	–	–	650	1,656
Dundalk,	1,560	–	–	394	1,954
Co. Meath.					
Dunshaughlin,	3,045	–	–	–	3,045
Kells,	–	–	–	–	–
Navan,	1,079	–	–	679	1,758
Oldcastle,	–	–		–	–
Trim,	1,632	–	–	–	1,632
Queen's Co.					
Abbeyleix,	565	–	–	262	827
Mountmellick,	–	–	–	926	926
Co. Westmeath.					
Athlone,	–	–	–	2,448	2,448
Delvin,	–	–	–	–	–
Mullingar,	4,404	–	–	–	4,404
Co. Wexford.					
Enniscorthy,	1,606	–	–	–	1,606
Gorey,	3,370	–	–	937	4,307
New Ross,	–	–	–	–	–
Wexford,	1,483	–	–	–	1,483
Co. Wicklow.					
Baltinglass,	1,110	–	–	580	1,690
Rathdrum,	1,188	–	–	–	1,188
Shillelagh,	–	–	–	397	397
Total Leinster,	49,999	–	–	55,880	105,879

continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 20.—STATEMENT showing the Balances of Loans due by Boards of Guardians to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the close of the financial year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

NAMES OF COUNTIES AND UNIONS.	Under the Dispensary Houses Act.	Under Seed Supply Acts.	Under the Arrears of Rent Act, 1882, for Emigration purposes.	For Workhouse Buildings and Improvements.	Total.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.					
	£	£	£	£	£
CO. GALWAY.					
Ballinasloe,	-	-	-	108	108
Clifden,	538	-	-	-	538
Galway,	449	-	3	998	1,450
Glennamaddy,	906	-	-	-	906
Gort,	513	-	-	359	872
Loughrea,	-	-	11	477	488
Mountbellew,	-	-	-	992	992
Oughterard,	302	-	-	-	302
Portumna,	-	-	-	-	-
Tuam,	1,035	-	-	461	1,496
CO. LEITRIM.					
Carrick-on-Shannon,	-	-	-	-	-
Manorhamilton,	872	-	-	-	872
Mohill,	-	-	-	-	-
CO. MAYO.					
Ballina,	613	16	-	-	629
Ballinrobe,	608	-	-	-	608
Belmullet,	391	481	-	-	872
Castlebar,	-	-	-	-	-
Claremorris,	577	-	-	-	577
Killala,	-	-	-	-	-
Swineford,	2,231	-	-	-	2,231
Westport,	-	-	-	-	-
CO. ROSCOMMON.					
Boyle,	803	-	-	-	803
Castlerea,	-	-	-	-	-
Roscommon,	-	-	-	-	-
Strokestown,	-	-	-	-	-
CO. SLIGO.					
Dromore West,	918	-	-	-	918
Sligo,	1,758	-	-	-	1,758
Tobercurry,	811	-	-	-	811
Total Connaught,	13,325	497	14	3,395	17,231
SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.					
ULSTER,	21,360	-	-	33,230	54,590
MUNSTER,	84,216	-	856	13,411	48,483
LEINSTER,	49,999	-	-	55,880	105,879
CONNAUGHT,	13,325	497	14	3,395	17,231
TOTAL IRELAND,	118,900	497	870	105,910	226,183

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 21.—STATEMENT showing the Balances of Loans due by Rural District Councils to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the close of the financial year onded the 31st of March, 1902.

COUNTY.	RURAL DISTRICTS.	Under the Public Health Acts.	Under the Labourers Acts.	Any other Loans.	Total.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.		£	£	£	£
ANTRIM,	Aghalee,	-	-	-	-
	Antrim,	609	-	-	609
	Ballycastle,	1,525	-	-	1,525
	Ballymena,	-	766	-	766
	Ballymoney	5,347	1,600	-	6,947
	Belfast,	2,367	-	-	2,367
	Larne,	6,170	-	-	6,170
	Lisburn,	-	-	-	-
ARMAGH,	Armagh,	920	-	-	920
	Crossmaglen,	-	-	-	-
	Lurgan,	-	-	-	-
	Newry No. 2,	-	-	-	-
	Tandragee,	-	-	-	-
CAVAN,	Bailieborough,	-	6,878	-	6,878
	Bawnboy,	-	-	-	-
	Castlerahan,	-	12,534	-	12,534
	Cavan,	-	6,067	-	6,067
	Cootehill No. 1,	-	1,189	-	1,189
	Enniskillen No. 2,	1	-	-	1
	Mullaghoran,	-	1,860	-	1,860
DONEGAL	Ballyshannon,	8,990	800	-	9,790
	Donegal,	2,327	-	-	2,327
	Dunfanaghy,	-	-	-	-
	Glenties,	-	-	-	-
	Inishowen,	2,677	-	-	2,677
	Letterkenny,	-	500	-	500
	Londonderry No. 2,	-	118	-	118
	Milford,	2,201	-	-	2,201
	Strabane No. 2,	267	1,017	-	1,284
	Stranorlar,	-	1,300	-	1,300
DOWN,	Banbridge,	-	-	-	-
	Castlereagh,	-	-	-	-
	Downpatrick,	11,936	-	-	11,936
	Hillsborough,	120	-	-	120
	Kilkeel,	1,693	-	-	1,693
	Moira,	63	-	-	63
	Newry No. 1,	1,105	-	-	1,105
	Newtownards,	1,977	-	-	1,977
FERMANAGH,	Belleek,	15	-	-	15
	Clones No. 2,	-	560	-	560
	Enniskillen,	260	-	-	260
	Irvinestown,	188	-	-	188
	Lisnaskea,	167	-	-	167
LONDONDERRY,	Coleraine,	4,259	2,225	-	6,484
	Limavady,	5,786	937	-	6,723
	Londonderry No. 1,	-	-	-	-
	Magherafelt,	-	-	-	-
MONAGHAN,	Carrickmacross,	-	2,390	-	2,390
	Castleblayney,	-	5,523	-	5,523
	Clones No. 1,	-	600	-	600
	Cootehill No. 2,	-	141	-	141
	Monaghan,	-	-	-	-
TYRONE,	Castlederg,	359	-	-	359
	Clogher,	1,936	-	-	1,936
	Cookstown,	184	-	-	184
	Dungannon,	-	-	-	-
	Omagh,	218	10,000	-	10,218
	Strabane No. 1,	900	553	-	1,453
	Trillick,	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL,	64,567	57,558	-	122,125

[*Continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 21.—STATEMENT showing the Balances of Loans due by Rural
the close of the finacnial year

COUNTY.	RURAL DISTRICTS.	Under the Public Health Acts.	Under the Labourers Acts.	Any other Loans.	Total.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.		£	£	£	£
CLARE,	Ballyvaghan,	2,901	-	-	2,901
	Corrofin,	54	809	-	863
	Ennis,	704	13,902	-	14,606
	Ennistymon,	2,104	2,641	-	4,745
	Killadysert,	80	4,014	-	4,706
	Kilrush,	2,133	-	-	2,133
	Limerick No. 2,	46	7,330	-	7,376
	Scariff,	-	3,625	-	3,625
	Tulla,	270	8,120	-	8,396
CORK,	Bandon,	5,858	18,679	-	24,537
	Bantry,	1,960	585	-	2,545
	Castletown,	1,728	-	-	1,728
	Charleville,	17	11,619	-	11,636
	Clonakilty,	718	22,217	-	22,935
	Cork,	14,043	39,737	-	53,780
	Dunmanway,	2,579	29,215	-	31,794
	Fermoy,	2,414	39,510	-	41,924
	Kanturk,	-	22,955	-	22,955
	Kinsale,	1,568	5,097	-	6,665
	Macroom,	1,288	35,717	-	37,005
	Mallow,	7,018	30,471	-	37,489
	Midleton,	1,092	22,290	-	23,382
	Millstreet,	-	10,070	-	10,070
	Mitchelstown No. 1,	4,206	13,307	-	17,513
	Skibbereen,	1,819	21,155	-	22,974
	Skull,	1,405	3,531	-	4,936
	Youghal No. 1,	163	19,709	-	19,872
KERRY,	Cahersiveen,	592	-	-	592
	Dingle,	21	-	-	21
	Kenmare,	340	-	-	340
	Killarney,	2,060	8,100	-	10,160
	Listowel,	2,551	27,854	-	30,405
	Tralee,	2,663	11,593	-	14,256
LIMERICK,	Croom,	653	26,394	-	27,047
	Glin,	246	3,998	-	4,244
	Kilmallock,	461	64,520	-	64,981
	Limerick No. 1,	406	41,568	-	41,974
	Mitchelstown No. 2,	820	9,567	-	10,387
	Newcastle,	173	28,488	-	28,661
	Rathkeale,	2,827	27,864	-	30,691
	Tipperary No. 2,	-	12,828	-	12,828
TIPPERARY, (North Riding.)	Birr No. 2,	-	626	-	626
	Borrisokane,	363	4,986	-	5,349
	Nenagh,	-	36,805	-	36,805
	Roscrea No. 1,	0,088	638	-	6,726
	Thurles,	53	12,424	-	12,477
TIPPERARY, (South Riding.)	Carrick-on-Suir No. 1,	-	1,808	-	1,808
	Cashel,	-	29,518	-	29,518
	Clogheen,	-	12,830	-	12,830
	Clonmel No. 1,	-	6,010	-	0,010
	Gortnahoe,	-	2,445	-	2,445
	Slievardagh,	-	9,940	-	9,940
	Tipperary No. 1,	-	29,925	-	29,925
WATERFORD,	Carrick-on-Suir No. 2,	-	6,274	-	6,274
	Clonmel No. 2,	-	1,881	-	1,881
	Dungarvan,	3,510	8,896	-	12,406
	Kilmacthomas,	235	17,664	-	17,899
	Lismore,	1,775	14,187	-	15,962
	Waterford No 1,	8,683	20,419	-	29,102
	Youghal No. 2,	310	13,764	-	14,074
	TOTAL,	91,010	880,719	-	971,729

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

District Councils to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at ended the 31st of March, 1902.

County.	Rural Districts.	Under the Public Health Acts.	Under the Labourers Acts.	Any other Loans.	Total.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.		£	£	£	£
Carlow.	Baltinglass No. 2,	-	12,540	-	12,540
	Carlow,	192	19,069	-	19,261
	Idrone,	-	613	-	613
Dublin,	Balrothery,	1,011	17,167	-	18,178
	Celbridge No. 2,	-	4,964	-	4,964
	Dublin, North,	1,543	32,503	-	34 046
	Dublin, South,	-	10,035	-	10.035
	Rathdown No. 1,	1,890	4,966	-	6,856
Kildare,	Athy No. 1,	-	19,824	-	19,824
	Baltinglass No. 3,	-	4,632	-	4,632
	Celbridge No. 1,	-	7,472	-	7,472
	Edenderry No. 2,	-	6,327	-	6,327
	Naas No. 1,	13,258	18,324	-	31,582
Kilkenny	Callan,	-	7,128	-	7,128
	Carrick-on-Suir No. 3,	-	77	-	77
	Castlecomer,	318	5,228	-	5,544
	Ida,	-	2,913	-	2,913
	Kilkenny,	-	1,5455	-	15455
	Thomastown,	-	14,903	-	14,903
	Urlingford No. 1,	-	4,941	-	4,941
	Waterford No. 2,	-	14,384	-	14,334
King's,	Birr No. 1,	185	5,932	-	6,117
	Cloneygowan,	18	497	-	515
	Edenderry No. 1,	-	4,912	-	4,912
	Roscrea No. 2,	360	945	-	1,305
	Tullamore,	-	13,241	-	13,241
Longford,	Ballymahon,	28	13,539	-	13,567
	Granard No. 1.	481	7.491	-	7,972
	Longford,	-	13,215	-	13,215
Louth,	Ardee No. 1.	1,061	11,572	-	12,623
	Dundalk,	163	23,976	-	24,139
	Louth,	-	15,384	-	15,384
Meath,	Ardee No. 2,	-	7,517	-	7,517
	Dunshaughlin,	-	13,265	-	13,265
	Edenderry No. 3,	-	2,824	-	2,824
	Kells,	-	44,583	-	44,583
	Meath,	-	27,680	-	27,680
	Navan,	171	43,900	-	44,071
	Oldcastle,	-	15,423	-	15,423
	Trim,	-	33,512	-	33,512
Queen's,	Abbeyleix,	1,788	11,197	-	12,985
	Athy No. 2,	60	4,195	-	4,255
	Mountmelick,	8,235	18,185	-	26,420
	Roscrea No. 3,	-	4,739	-	4.739
	Slievemargy,	-	7,595	-	7,595
Westmeath,	Athlone No. 1,	1,007	2,976	-	3,983
	Ballymore,	-	9,059	-	9,059
	Coole,	150	3,476	-	3,626
	Delvin,	-	29,268	-	29,268
	Kilbeggan,	-	1,656	-	1,656
	Mullingar,	10,464	45,921	-	56,385
Wexford,	Enniscorthy,	1,146	24,492	-	25,638
	Gorey,	25	16,638	-	18,663
	New Ross,	313	15,883	-	16,196
	Wexford,	-	87,778	-	87,778
Wicklow,	Baltinglass No. 1,	341	9,556	-	9,897
	Naas No. 2,	116	638	-	754
	Rathdown No. 2,	3,665	251	-	8,916
	Rathdrum,	1,697	7,957	-	9,654
	Shillelagh,	1,135	3,953	-	5,088
	Total,	50,811	778,284	-	829,095

continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 21.—STATEMENT showing the Balances of Loans due by Rural District Councils to the Commissioners of Public Works, or others, at the close of the financial year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

COUNTY.	RURAL DISTRICTS.	Under the Public Health Acts.	Under the Labourers Acts.	Any other Loans.	Total.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.		£	£	£	£
GALWAY,	Ballinasloe No. 1,	180	377	-	557
	Clifden,	772	-	-	772
	Galway,	989	-	-	989
	Glennamaddy,	41	-	-	41
	Gort,	105	-	-	105
	Loughrea,	3,864	578	-	4,442
	Mount Bellew,	460	-	-	460
	Oughterard,	-	-	-	-
	Portumna,	-	-	-	-
	Tuam,	6,614	-	-	6,614
LEITRIM,	Ballinamore,	-	520	-	520
	Carrick-on-Shannon No. 1,	1,875	1,606	-	3,481
	Kinlough,	369	-	-	369
	Manorhamilton,	1,435	1,536	-	2,971
	Mohill,	-	3,184	-	3,184
MAYO,	Ballina,	169	-	-	169
	Ballinrobe,	333	-	-	333
	Belmullet,	1,162	-	-	1,162
	Castlebar,	193	-	-	193
	Claremorris,	-	-	-	-
	Killala,	587	-	-	587
	Swineford,	107	-	-	107
	Westport,	-	-	-	-
ROSCOMMON,	Athlone No. 2,	152	-	-	152
	Ballinasloe No. 2,	-	105	-	105
	Boyle No. 1,	-	4,433	-	4,433
	Carrick-on-Shannon No. 2,	-	1,406	-	1,406
	Castlerea,	5,137	-	-	5,137
	Roscommon,	572	988	-	1,560
	Strokestown,	1,701	-	-	1,701
SLIGO,	Boyle No. 2,	-	717	-	717
	Dromore West,	158	435	-	593
	Sligo,	1,038	-	-	1,038
	Tobercurry,	271	-	-	271
	TOTAL,	28,284	15,885	-	44,169

SUMMARY.

ULSTER,	64,567	57,558	-	122,125
MUNSTER,	91,010	880,719	-	971,729
LEINSTER,	50,811	778,284	-	829,095
CONNAUGHT,	28,284	15,885	-	44,169
TOTAL IRELAND,	234,672	1,732,446	-	1,967,118

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

DISALLOWANCES,

1902.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 22. Statement (in pursuance of section 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., cap. 104) relative to the AUDIT of UNION ACCOUNTS (in continuation of a Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, Appendix E, No. 21).

i. Date to which the accounts of unions have been audited.

The accounts of the unions have been audited up to the 31st of March, 1902, except Ardee, Baltleborough, Baltinglass, Callan, Carlow, Carrickmacross, Castleblayney, Cootehill, Drogheda, Dundalk, Kenmare, Kilkenny, and Thomastown.

ii. Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties debited.

UNIONS.	Period ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount disallowed or found due	Whether paid or in course of recovery.	Observations.—Nature of sums disallowed, &c.
1.	2	3.	4	5.	6.
			£ s. d.		
Antrim, . .	31 March, 1902,	1 Nov., 1902,	73 10 0	Paid, ...	Illegal payment to Solicitor
Ballymena,	31 March, 1902,	10 July, 1902,	0 1 0	In course of recovery, .	Unauthorized out door relief.
Ballyvaughan,	31 March, 1902,	6 October, 1902,	0 2 0	Paid, ...	Excess fee in lunacy case
Baltinglass, .	30 Sept., 1901, .	March, 1902,	0 2 0	Paid, ...	Payment for milk not supplied.
Bantbridge, .	30 Sept., 1901,	24 Jan., 1902,	3 4 0	Paid, ...	Illegal out-door relief.
Bantry, . .	31 March, 1902, .	26 Sept., 1902, .	0 15 0	Not yet paid, . . .	Illegal out-door relief.
" . .	" .	"	10 12 0	Not yet paid, . . .	Illegal out-door relief.
" . .	" .	" .	6 10 0	Not yet paid, . .	Illegal provisional out-door relief
" . .	" .	"	0 0 2	Not yet paid, .	Payment for goods supplied without proper authority.
Belfast, . .	31 March, 1902, .	6 March, 1903,	121 17 6	Paid, ...	Illegal charge by contractor for medicines.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Cahersiveen,	31 March, 1902,	26 July 1902,	0 16 0	Remitted on appeal,	Illegal out-door relief.
"	"	"	0 17 8	Not enforced,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.
"	"	"	22 3 6	Remitted on appeal,	Illegal extras in dietary
Castlerea,	31 March, 1902,	30 July, 1902,	6 0 0	In course of recovery,	Illegal payment to Master of Workhouse.
Castletown,	31 March, 1902,	24 Sept., 1902,	19 17 0	Not yet paid,	Payment for goods supplied without proper authority.
"	"	"	3 0 0	Not enforced,	Payment to Clerk not properly vouched.
"	"	"	3 2 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
Cavan,	30 Sept., 1901,	24 Feb., 1902.	5 14 5	Paid,	Unauthorized payment for goods.
"	"	"	2 17 6	Paid,	Unauthorized payment for goods.
"	"	"	0 6 6	Paid,	Over payment for medicines.
"	31 March, 1902,	6 Nov., 1902,	1 10 0	Appealed against,	Out-door relief expenditure.
Coleraine,	30 Sept., 1901,	21 Jan., 1902,	0 17 6	Paid,	Over payment for farm work.
"	"	"	0 10 11	Paid,	Payment of rates on Dispensary
Cork,	"	6 April, 1902,	0 10 0	Paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
"	"	"	5 10 0	Paid	Illegal out-door relief
"	31 March, 1902,	28 July, 1902,	0 5 0	Paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
"	"	"	0 15 4	Remitted on appeal,	Payment for reporting guardians' proceedings.
Carrick,	31 March, 1902,	1 October, 1902,	142 6 6	Not yet paid,	Payments out of petty cash not accounted for by late Clerk.
"	"	"	70 14 0	Not yet paid,	Payments shown as "allowances" not accounted for by late Clerk.
"	"	"	61 5 4	Remitted on appeal,	Overpayments of salary to late Clerk.
Delvin,	31 March, 1902,	20 Nov., 1902.	3 16 1	Paid,	Overpayment by Clerk.
Downpatrick,	30 Sept., 1901,	22 Nov., 1901,	0 2 0	Paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
Dublin, North,	31 March, 1902,	Nov., 1902,	28 3 0	Paid,	Loss of recoupment of half cost of medicines.
"	"	"	0 0 2	Paid,	Illegal out-door relief.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 22. Statement (in pursuance of Section 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., cap. 104) relative to the AUDIT of UNION ACCOUNTS (in continuation of a Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, Appendix E, No. 21).

i. Date to which the accounts of unions have been audited.

The accounts of all the unions have been audited up to the 31st of March, 1902, except Ardee, Bailieborough, Baltinglass, Callan, Carlow, Carrickmacross, Castleblayney, Cootehill, Drogheda, Dundalk, Kenmare, Kilkenny, and Thomastown.

ii. Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties debited.

UNIONS. 1.	Period ending 2.	Date of Audit. 3.	Amount disallowed or found due. 4.	Whether paid or in course of recovery. 5.	Observations—Nature of sums disallowed, &c. 6.
			£ s. d.		
Dublin, South,	31 March, 1902,	Sept., 1902,	184 11 7	Remitted on appeal.	Interest charged by Treasurer on overdrafts.
Dundalk,	30 Sept., 1901,	May, 1902,	0 11 0	Paid.	Overpayments out of petty cash.
"	"	"	2 18 8	Paid.	Deficiencies in provisions account.
Dunfanaghy,	31 March, 1902,	15 Sept., 1902,	0 4 1	Paid.	Error in charge for postage.
"	"	"	0 5 10	Paid.	Overpayment to attendant.
"	"	"	17 1 7	Appeal pending.	Payment made after statutory period.
Dunmanway,	31 March, 1902,	18 Dec., 1902,	37 10 6	Not yet paid.	Payment for goods supplied without proper authority.
"	"	"	6 12 2	Not yet paid.	Payment for goods supplied without proper authority.
Dunshaughlin,	31 March, 1902,	Sept., 1902,	0 10 0	Paid.	Overpayment by Treasurer.
"	"	"	0 2 0	Paid.	Excess fee in lunacy case.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Enniskillen,	30 Sept., 1901,	17 Jan., 1902,	6 15 0	Not yet paid,	Salary paid to nurse whose appointment had not been sanctioned	
"	"	"	6 15 0	Not yet paid,	Salary paid to nurse whose appointment had not been sanctioned.	
"	31 March, 1902,	11 Nov., 1902,	0 12 2	Paid,	Overpayment for drugs.	
Gort,	31 March 1902,	11 July, 1902,	5 0 0	Remitted on appeal,	Salary paid to Solicitor without authority.	
"	"	"	0 8 0	Paid,	Illegal payment by Relieving Officer.	
Granard,	31 March, 1902,	Sept., 1902,	0 11 6	Remitted on appeal,	Payment made after statutory period.	
"	"	"	0 6 0	Paid,	Overpayment for goods.	
Kenmare,	30 Sept. 1901,	6 Dec., 1901,	27 11 11	Remitted on appeal,	Payments made after statutory period.	
Killadysert,	31 March, 1902,	10 July, 1902,	1 0 0	Remitted on appeal,	Cost of maintenance in workhouse.	
Killala,	31 March, 1902,	12 Aug., 1902,	0 15 0	Remitted on appeal,	Expenditure incurred in cashing paying orders.	
Killarney,	31 March, 1902,	6 Dec., 1902,	1 14 0	Remitted on appeal,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.	
Kilmallock,	30 Sept. 1901,	31 Oct., 1902,	0 11 6	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.	
"	"	"	0 12 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.	
"	"	"	1 10 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief	
"	"	"	3 6 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.	
"	"	"	0 0 7	Not yet paid,	Illegal provisional out-door relief	
"	31 March, 1902	"	12 1 11	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.	
"	"	"	12 0 1	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief	
"	"	"	1 0 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.	
"	"	"	0 10 6	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.	
"	"	"	0 11 10	Not yet paid,	Out-door relief given without proper authority.	
Letterkenny,	30 Sept., 1901,	6 Feb., 1902,	13 7 0	Not yet paid,	Cost of rations given to an officer whose appointment had not been sanctioned.	
Limerick,	31 March, 1902,	Oct., 1902,	0 13 6	Set aside on appeal,	Remission of cost of maintenance in Infirmary.	
Lismore,	31 March, 1902,	3 Dec., 1902,	0 4 6	Appeal pending,	Out-door relief expenditure.	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No 22. Statement (in pursuance of Section 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., cap 104) relative to the AUDIT of UNION ACCOUNTS (in continuation of a Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, Appendix E, No. 21).

i. Date to which the accounts of unions have been audited.

The accounts of all the unions have been audited up to the 31st of March, 1902, except Ardee, Ballieborough, Baltinglass, Callan, Carlow, Carrickmacross, Castleblayney, Cootehill, Drogheda, Dundalk, Kenmare, Kilkenny, and Thomastown.

ii. Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties debited.

UNIONS. 1.	Period ended. 2.	Date of Audit. 3.	Amount disallowed or found due. 4.	Whether paid or in course of recovery. 5.	Observations—Nature of sums disallowed, &c. 6.
			£ s. d.		
Lismore,	31 March, 1902,	1 Dec, 1902,	0 10 0	Appeal pending,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	6 6 4	Appeal pending,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	5 0 0	Appeal pending,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	1 0 6	Appeal pending,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	0 10 0	Appeal pending,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	0 13 0	Appeal pending,	Excess payment by Relieving Officer.
Listowel,	30 Sept., 1901,	9 Mar. & 27 May, 1902.	9 2 0	Not enforced,	Out-door relief not ordered by competent authority.
"	"	"	6 6 6	Appealed against,	Out-door relief not ordered by competent authority.
"	"	"	9 9 0	Appealed against,	Out-door relief not ordered by competent authority.
"	31 March, 1902,	22 & 28 Oct., 1902,	6 1 8	Appealed against,	Provisional out-door relief expenditure.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

"	"	"	10 7 0	Not enforced,		Out-door relief given without proper authority.
"	"	"	10 10 6	Not enforced,		Out-door relief given without proper authority.
"	"	"	10 11 0	Not enforced,		Out-door relief given without proper authority.
"	"	"	11 4 0	Not enforced,		Out-door relief given without proper authority.
"	"	"	9 7 0	Not enforced,		Illegal out-door relief.
Londonderry,	31 March, 1902,	9 Nov., 1902,	4 7 0	Paid,		Illegal payment of rates
Magherafelt,	30 Sept., 1901,	21 Dec., 1901,	0 9 0	Paid,		Overcharge by Relieving Officer
Mallow,	30 Sept., 1901,	10 Oct., 1902,	2 0 0	Not yet paid,		Illegal provisional out-door relief
"	"	"	1 2 0	Not yet paid,		Illegal provisional out-door relief.
"	"	"	10 12 6	Part paid,		Payments made after statutory period.
"	31 March, 1902,	"	1 4 10	Not yet paid,		Payment is made after statutory period.
Manorhamilton,	30 Sept., 1901,	7 Dec., 1901,	0 12 0	Paid,		Overcharge for travelling expenses.
"	31 March, 1902,	21 Oct., 1902,	1 1 0	Paid,		Illegal payment for assistance in surgical operation.
"	"	"	1 12 4	Paid,		Payments made after statutory period.
Milford,	30 Sept., 1901,	31 Jan., 1902,	1 7 3	Paid,		Overpayment to Contractor
Millstreet,	31 March, 1902,	10 Dec., 1902,	1 10 0	Not enforced,		Illegal out-door relief.
"	"	"	0 11 5	Remitted on appeal,		Illegal provisional out-door relief.
Mountmellick,	30 Sept., 1901,	Aug., 1902,	2 12 0	Not enforced,		Payment for maintenance of patient in a Dublin Hospital.
"	"	"	0 10 0	Not enforced,		Cost of conveyance of patient to a Dublin Hospital.
"	"	"	0 0 0	Paid,		Overpayment to a Contractor
Mullingar,	30 Sept., 1901,	Sept. 1902,	1 15 10	Paid,		Illegal charge for maintenance.
Nenagh,	30 Sept., 1901,	May, 1902,	0 11 1	Paid,		Overpayment for goods.
Newcastle,	31 March 1902,	4 Sept., 1902,	28 7 0	Appealed against,		Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	13 7 0	Appealed against,		Out-door relief expenditure.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 22. Statement (in pursuance of section 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., cap. 104) relative to the AUDIT OF UNION ACCOUNTS (in continuation of a Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, Appendix E, No. 21).

i. Date to which the accounts of unions have been audited.

The accounts of all the unions have been audited up to the 31st of March, 1902, except Ardee, Bailieborough, Baltinglass, Callan, Carlow, Carrickmacross, Castleblayney, Cootehill, Drogheda, Dundalk, Kenmare, Kilkenny, and Thomastown.

ii. Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902; and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties debited.

UNIONS. 1.	Period ended 2.	Date of Audit. 3.	Amount disallowed or found due. 4. £ s. d.	Whether paid or in course of recovery. 5.	Observations.—Nature of sums disallowed, &c 6.
Newcastle,	31 March, 1902	4 Sept., 1902,	2 14 0	Appealed against,	Out-door relief expenditure.
New Ross,	30 Sept., 1901,	March, 1902,	0 16 6	Paid,	Unauthorized out-door relief.
"	"	"	0 12 0	Remitted on appeal,	Unauthorised payment to a nurse.
Newry,	"	1 March, 1902,	0 6 6	Appealed against,	Out-door relief granted without authority.
"	31 March, 1902,	30 Sept., 1902,	1 10 0	Paid,	Illegal allowance to Clerk.
"	"	"	0 7 6	Paid,	Deficiencies in clothing and hardware.
Newtownards,	31 March, 1902,	20 Oct., 1902,	0 1 4	In course of recovery,	Amount paid as salary to Relieving Officer after date of his resignation.
Oldcastle,	31 March, 1902,	January, 1903,	1 6 6	Appealed against,	Out-door relief expenditure
Rathdown,	30 Sept., 1901,	11 February, 1902,	0 19 6	Set aside on appeal,	Recoupment of cost of medicines not claimed : surcharged to Clerk.
"	"	"	3 15 0	Paid,	Proceeds of sale of pigs not lodged.
"	"	"	0 10 0	Not enforced,	Item in account not vouched.
"	"	"	1 16 8	Not enforced,	Item in account not vouched.
"	"	"	1 1 0	Paid	Duplicate payment.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Rathdown,	30 Sept., 1901.	11 February, 1902,	44	8	0	Remitted on appeal,	Payments made after statutory period.
"	"	"	184	9	10	Remitted on appeal,	Payments made contrary to accounts order
Rathdrum,	"	6 February, 1902.	0	3	0	Paid,	Overpayment for services of temporary Nurse.
"	"	"	0	14	0	Not enforced,	Payment to Nurse in excess of amount sanctioned.
Scariff,	"	May, 1902,	1	0	0	Paid,	Payment to Master of Workhouse for unauthorised repairs.
"	"	"	0	10	10	Remitted on appeal,	Payment made after statutory period.
Skibbereen,	31 March, 1902,	October, 1902,	10	6	0	Appealed against,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	10	5	0	Appealed against,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	7	3	0	Not enforced,	Out-door relief expenditure.
"	"	"	7	3	0	Not yet paid,	Deficiency in Workhouse stores
Sligo,	31 March, 1902.	Sept., 1902	228	4	1	Remitted on appeal,	Payment for goods supplied contrary to general regulations.
Strabane,	30 Sept., 1901.	16 June, 1902,	0	18	0	Paid,	Overpayment to a Contractor.
"	"	"	0	5	7	Paid,	Item not properly chargeable to rates.
"	31 March, 1902,	27 Oct., 1902,	2	5	0	Paid,	Cost of paging machine not ordered by Guardians.
Thurles,	30 Sept., 1901,	April, 1902	0	0	0	Paid,	Unauthorised out-door relief.
Tipperary,	30 Sept., 1901.	12 Nov., 1902,	127	4	1	Not yet paid,	Payments made after statutory period.
"	31 March, 1902,	"	38	17	2	Not yet paid,	Payments made after statutory period.
"	"	"	4	0	0	Not yet paid,	Payments made without requisite sanction.
"	"	"	21	0	0	Not yet paid,	Deficiency in Workhouse stores.
"	"	4 Nov., 1902,	1	0	0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
"	30 Sept., 1901,	"	0	18	0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
"	"	"	1	0	0	Not yet paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
Tobercurry,	31 March, 1902,	July, 1902,	99	1	0	Not enforced,	Payment on foot of contract not properly entered into.
Tralee,	31 March, 1902,	12 & 15 Dec., 1902,	1	14	0	Not yet paid,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.

(continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 22. Statement (in pursuance of section 20 of 12 and 13 Vic., cap. 104) relative to the AUDIT of UNION ACCOUNTS (in continuation of a Statement in Twenty-ninth Annual Report, Appendix E. No. 21).

i. Date to which the accounts of unions have been audited.

The accounts of all the unions have been audited up to the 31st of March, 1902, except Ardee, Bailieborough, Baltinglass, Callan, Carlow, Carrickmacross, Castleblayney, Cootehill, Drogheda, Dundalk, Kenmare, Kilkenny, and Thomastown.

ii. Sums disallowed or found due on audit of the accounts of unions for the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, and whether recovered or in course of recovery from the parties debited.

UNIONS. 1.	Period ended 2.	Date of Audit. 3.	Amount disallowed or found due. 4.	Whether paid or in course of recovery. 5.	Observations.—Nature of sums disallowed, &c. 6.
			£ s. d.		
Tralee,	31 March, 1902,	15 & 18 Dec., 1902,	0 10 6	Not yet paid,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.
"	"	"	1 9 10	Not yet paid,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.
"	"	"	3 4 0	Not yet paid,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.
"	"	"	1 19 10	Not yet paid,	Illegal provisional out-door relief.
Tulla,	30 Sept., 1901,	April, 1902,	0 10 0	Paid,	Unauthorised payment by Treasurer.
"	"	"	0 14 7	Paid,	Illegal out-door relief.
Urlingford,	31 March, 1902,	18 Nov., 1902,	1 11 3	Remitted on appeal,	Overpayment for goods.
"	"	"	0 10 0	Remitted on appeal,	Payments made after statutory period.
Westport,	"	25 Sept., 1902,	0 10 0	Paid,	Payments made after statutory period.
"	"	"	2 12 0	Remitted on appeal,	Illegal out-door relief.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 23. STATEMENT with respect to Appeals against Disallowances, Surcharges, and Allowances, upon which the Board have given decisions during the year ended the 31st March, 1902.

PUBLIC BODIES.	Disallowances and Surcharges.			Allowances.	TOTAL.
	Sustained.	Remitted.	Set Aside.	Sustained.	
County Councils and Councils of County Boroughs.	16	27	3	1	47
Councils of Boroughs and other Urban County Districts.	5	24	4	-	33
Councils of Rural Districts,	7	17	3	-	27
Boards of Guardians,	16	43	4	-	63
Town Commissioners,	2	1	-	-	3
	46	112	14	1	173

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.

No 24. STATEMENT showing the Superannuation Allowances of County, Union, and Rural District Officers, sanctioned by the Local Government Board which were paid during any portion of the year ended the 31st of March, 1902, and the cases in which the allowances terminated during the year.

NOTE.—The amount of superannuation given in the following tables is in some cases calculated on the salary alone, and in others on the salary and emoluments. In many cases the amount in column 7 includes emoluments.

A.—COUNTY OFFICERS.

County. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age. Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Amount of Annual Salary, or Emoluments. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Clare . . .	Daniel Minogue .	Collector	70	6¾	Permanent infirmity of body.	30 18 4	0 3 9	20 Sept. 1901	
Cork . . .	Philip W. Greene .	do.	55¾	30½	do.	102 13 5	200 0 0	22 Jan. 1901	
Do. . . .	John Sheahan .	do.	47 11/12	27¾	do	51 0 0	30 0 0	14 May, 1901	
Do. . . .	Jeremiah Daly .	do.	66	18¾	do.	47 15 0	26 0 3	23 May, 1901	
Do. . . .	John O'Driscoll .	Deputy County Surveyor	60	12	do.	66 0 3	50 0 0	23 May, 1901	
Do. . . .	Barnabas B. Deane .	Collector . . .	78	46½	Old age	88 12 2	60 0 0	9 June, 1901	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do. . . .	Thomas A. Love .	do.	58¾	18¾	Permanent infirmity of body.	29 13 13	90 0 0	2 Aug. 1901	
Donegal . . .	James Gorman .	do.	68 1/12	32 5/12	Old age	16 10 0	10 14 6	22 Feb. 1901	
Do. . . .	James Conroy .	Assistant Surveyor . .	69 1/12	16	Permanent infirmity of body.	60 0 0	24 0 0	11 Oct. 1900	9 Sept. 1901
Do. . . .	Francis Callaghan .	do.	67¼	41	Old age	90 0 0	50 0 0	17 July, 1900	
Dublin . . .	R. H. Smyth . .	Collector	*—	*—	Under Sec. 115 (14) of the Local Government (I.) Act, 1898.	976 1 11	214 14 4	9 Dec. 1899	
Do. . . .	James Fox . .	do.	*—	*—	do.	911 10 8	80 0 0	9 Dec. 1899	
Kildare . . .	Thomas Cross .	Assistant Surveyor . .	58	28½	Permanent infirmity of body	50 0 0	50 0 0	9 May, 1900	
Limerick . .	Martin W. Carroll .	Collector	63	40	Age and length of service	81 10 4	54 0 10	31 March, 1899	
Tipperary, N.R.	Patrick M'Keogh .	do.	67	23¾	Old age . . .	101 0 10	72 0 0	21 June, 1901	
Do. . . .	Jeremiah J. Nolan .	do.	21½	6½	Permanent infirmity of body	39 19 10	4 0 0	10 Aug. 1901	
Waterford . .	James Halley . .	do.	60	27½	Old age	180 14 5	61 0 0	11 Nov. 1901	
Wexford . .	William Ryan .	Assistant Surveyor . .	71 5/12	23½	do.	90 0 0	40 0 0	9 June, 1900	

Age and length of service not accurately known.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—UNION OFFICERS.

Union. 1	Name of Officer. 2	Office. 3	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary 7. £ s. d.	Superannuation allowance. 8. £ s. d.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
Abbeyleix*	Margaret Bingham	Fever Hospital Nurse	68	12	Permanent infirmity of body	40 0 0	20 0 0	17 June, 1879	
Do.	Mary A. Gowan	Infirmary Nurse	40	$17\frac{1}{12}$	do.	60 12 6	28 0 0	7 May, 1869	
Do.	Henry N. Dudley	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	68	$19\frac{1}{2}$	Permanent infirmity of mind.	112 17 8	55 10 0	25 June, 1900	
Do.	Joseph Barrowes	Clerk of Works	68	$14\frac{1}{2}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	70 13 4	11 17 4	10 April, 1900	
Do.	Sarah Dea	Caretaker of Dispensary District.	46	$8\frac{1}{4}$	Abolition of Office	8 0 0	1 16 0	7 Mar 1902	
Antrim	John Gardner	Master	$64\frac{1}{2}$	$38\frac{1}{2}$	Age and length of service	122 10 0	77 11 0	27 Oct. 1899	
Ardee	Thomas J. Moore	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	$70\frac{1}{12}$	$42\frac{1}{2}$	Old age	198 13 11	130 0 0	8 Dec. 1896	
Do.	Thomas Powderly	Relieving Officer	72	$42\frac{1}{2}$	Age and length of service	52 0 0	34 10 4	16 Nov. 1901	
Armagh	Eleanor Wilkin	Schoolmistress	68	$13\frac{1}{2}$	Infirmity of mind	25 0 0	10 0 0	16 July, 1860	
Do	Joseph Pratt	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	60	$30\frac{3}{4}$	Old age and infirmity	182 6 8	50 0 0	2 Feb 1888	
Do.	Anne Bennett	Infirmary Nurse	$61\frac{1}{2}$	$21\frac{1}{2}$	Old age	60 12 0	18 0 0	31 Oct. 1896	
Do.	Margaret McMaster	Matron	$61\frac{1}{12}$	31	Old age and length of service	100 0 0	40 10 0	9 July, 1898	
Do.	Mary Graham	Schoolmistress	$62\frac{1}{2}$	40	do.	70 0 0	50 0 0	9 July, 1899	
Do.	Thomas Bennett	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer	$61\frac{1}{2}$	$33\frac{1}{12}$	do.	106 11 4	38 16 2	10 Oct. 1899	
Athlone	Margaret Donnelly	Schoolmistress	$44\frac{1}{2}$	$22\frac{1}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	66 15 2	61 18 0	14 May, 1884	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Athy	Kate Ryan	Cook and Laundress	60	15 5/12	do.	24 5 0	6 0 4	4 April, 1880	
Do.	Patrick L. O'Neill	Medical Officer of Workhouse	65 10/12	30	do.	140 0 0	74 13 4	9 Dec. 1897	9 Sept. 1901
Do.	Francis J. Minchin	Apothecary of Workhouse and of Dispensary District.	49 11/12	23	do.	65 0 0	30 0 3	22 July, 1906	
Ballieboro'	Clement Graham	Master	65 11/12	34 1/12	Age and length of service	72 16 9	41 5 5	21 Nov. 1909	
Balline	Bridget M'Loughlin	Infirmary Nurse	65 1/2	36 5/6	Old age	41 0 0	95 0 0	20 Mar 1898	
Ballinasloe	Maria Heenan	Matron	66 1/2	33 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body.	58 0 0	66 10 0	31 Oct. 1888	
Do.	Bernard Joseph	Relieving Officer	90 1/2	21 1/2	do.	20 0 0	8 17 2	12 July, 1899	
Ballinrobe	John Maher	Schoolmaster	62	10	Infirmity of body	60 0 0	10 0 0	23 June, 1906	
Do.	John Keane	Tailor	64	33	Old age and permanent infirmity of mind	50 0 0	16 0 0	8 Oct. 1898	
Do.	Edward M'Guire	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	76 1/12	42 5/12	Age and length of service	150 0 10	92 16 10	14 Dec 1901	
Ballyeastle	Mary A. Scully	Infirmary Nurse	64	12 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	52 4 0	10 0 0	31 July, 1894	
Do.	Mary Johnston	Fever Hospital Nurse	66 1/12	35 1/2	Age and length of service	67 1 4	61 12 5	18 Aug. 1899	
Do.	Charles M'Caughan	Clerk of Union	68 7/12	32 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	103 5 8	62 2 8	21 Feb. 1901	
Do.	Jane King	Schoolmistress	65	40 1/6	Age and length of service	54 4 8	36 2 10	17 Oct. 1901	
Ballymahon	Francis W. Smartt	Medical Officer of Workhouse and Consulting Sanitary Officer.	67 5/12	46 5/12	Old age	90 0 0	60 0 0	18 July, 1890	
Do.	Michael Grumley	Porter	70 1/2	12 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	30 10 2	9 4 2	30 July, 1899	
Do.	Francis W. Smartt	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	67 5/12	42 5/12	Age and length of service	170 0 4	110 10 0	29 Aug. 1899	
Ballymena	Jane Andrews	Schoolmistress	69 2/3	38 5/12	do.	77 7 8	48 19 0	16 May, 1890	
Do.	John Dysart	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	76 2/3	51 1/4	do.	133 0 0	88 16 7	22 June, 1890	

* See also note in the case of Donaghmore Union (the late)

(continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer 2	Office. 3.	Age. Years. 4	Period of service 5	Cause of retirement 6.	Annual Salary 7. £ s. d.	Superannuation allowance 8 £ s. d.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance if terminated 10.
Ballymena—*con.*	Rose A. Wilson	Midwife of Dispensary District	74	29¼	Age and length of service	25 0 0	10 8 4	18 Sept 1899	
Do. . .	James Duncan .	Porter . . .	66 5/12	10 7/12	Permanent infirmity of body	36 9 0	13 0 0	20 Oct. 1900	30 Nov. 1901
Ballymoney .	Mary Stewart .	Matron . . .	79 5/12	47 7/12	Age and length of service	67 19 8	45 2 5	11 Sept. 1899	
Do. . .	John M'Cool .	Master . .	62	38	do. . . .	92 13 8	50 19 6	18 Oct. 1899	
Ballyvaughan . .	Ellen Comyn .	Schoolmistress . .	36	12 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body	41 1 7	10 0 0	25 Jan. 1898	
Do . .	Mary O'Loghlen .	Matron	38 5/12	13 9/12	do.	30 10 0	20 0 0	30 May, 1900	
Balrothery .	William Symes	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	71¼	37	Old age	138 17 1	92 11 4	29 Aug. 1899	1 Aug 1901
Do. . .	Julia M. Campbell	Matron .	56	17¼	Permanent infirmity of body	39 14 4	20 0 0	28 Oct. 1899	
Do . . .	Elizabeth Sarsfield .	Fever Hospital Nurse .	62¼	14½	do. . . .	51 2 0	12 0 0	17 Feb 1891	
Do. . . .	Catherine Warren .	Dispensary Caretaker .	68	17	do.	4 0 0	1 0 0	29 Oct. 1899	
Do. . .	Margaret Doyle	Midwife of Dispensary District.	84	17	do.	25 0 0	11 5 0	11 Mar. 1897	
Baltinglass .	Mary Inglis .	Fever Hospital Nurse	65	13	do.	56 13 4	10 0 0	6 Sept 1897	
Do. . . .	Mary A. Harmon	Schoolmistress	43¼	21½	do.	88 16 0	21 15 0	3 April 1900	
Banbridge .	Marshall Weir .	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	68 11/12	43 7/12	Age and length of service	154 2 4	102 14 10	Aug. 1899	
Bandon . . .	Charles Cooper .	Apothecary of Dispensary District and Consulting Sanitary Officer	52 1/12	26 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body	50 0 0	24 0 8	28 Sept 1897	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	Sarah Matthews	Fever Hospital Nurse	66	29	do.	38 1 16	20 0 0	20 Nov. 1896	
Bawnboy	Wm Mealiffe	Porter	45	60¾	Infirmity of body	60 12 0	60 0 0	15 Jan. 1880	
Do.	John Carson	Master	73 7/12	34¾	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	72 8 0	25 0 0	26 Feb 1899	
Belfast	Catherine Wilkinson	Fever Hospital Nurse	75¾	27 7/12	do.	49 15 0	20 0 0	21 Dec. 1888	
Do	Margaret Halliday	do.	62½	14½	Permanent infirmity of body	44 16 4	20 0 0	27 Jan. 1890	
Do	Mary A. Keenan	Infirmary Nurse and Midwife.	57⅚	17¾	do.	55 19 9	20 10 0	21 Nov. 1892	
Do.	James Shaw	Infirmary Porter	66½	20½	do.	68 2 4	20 0 0	14 July, 1896	
Do.	Jane E. Mains	Midwife of Dispensary District.	62½	25½	do.	40 0 0	60 0 0	28 Dec. 1893	
Do.	Sarah Patterson	Workhouse Hospital Nurse.	67½	14	do.	50 15 4	18 0 0	3 April, 1894	
Do.	Elizabeth Telford	Infirmary Nurse	60½	19½	do.	48 12 0	21 14 11	6 July, 1897	
Do.	Thomas Martin	Agriculturist	56 6/12	30½	do.	109 12 0	60 0 0	28 Sept., 1897	
Do	Mary Thompson	Matron	63 7/12	35 11/12	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	179 8 8	80 0 0	4 Mar. 1898	
Do	George Croker	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	88 1/12	61	do.	980 16 8	81 4 8	12 Jan. 1896	
Do.	John Brown	Office Messenger	60 10/12	30½	Permanent infirmity of body	97 2 10	30 0 0	2 May, 1899	
Do	Robert Gallon	Wardmaster	50¾	26½	do.	87 1 0	40 0 0	10 Nov 1899	
Do.	Andrew M'Connell	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	61	32	Age and length of service	150 0 0	80 0 0	7 Oct. 1898	
Do	Catherine Darrock	Infirmary Nurse	60 1/12	30¾	do.	98 14 11	10 11 7	27 Oct 1890	
Do.	James Rutherford	Gate Porter	70 11/12	21¼	do.	82 1 6	28 14 6	4 Nov. 1899	
Do.	William Gilmore	Hall Porter	74½	20 11/12	do.	84 11 0	28 7 10	20 Nov 1899	
Do.	William R. M'Millan	Master Shoemaker	54 1/12	11¼	Permanent infirmity of body.	99 14 0	20 0 0	20 June, 1900	

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1	Name of Officer. 2	Office. 3	Age, Years. 4	Period of service. 5	Cause of retirement. 6	Annual Salary. 7	Superannuation allowance. 8	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Belfast	Adam S. Weir	Master	43¼	22⅔	Permanent infirmity of mind.	411 3 4	110 0 0	27 Sept. 1900	
Do.	Anne J. Kennedy	School Cook	76	25 11/12	Age and length of service	67 15 2	28 4 7	20 Feb. 1901	
Do.	Mary A. Harris	Probationary Wardmistress	59 5/12	19⅓	Permanent infirmity of body	58 8 0	19 10 0	28 Feb. 1901	
Do.	Margaret Lucas	Hospital Laundress and Bathwoman.	64	16½	do.	59 1 10	16 15 0	28 Feb. 1901	
Do.	Sarah Pettigrew	Infirmary Nurse	64½	19 7/12	do.	63 9 10	26 0 0	23 Feb. 1901	
Do.	Thomas Madden	Assistant Schoolmaster	65	20½	Old age	128 10 11	44 0 0	27 March, 1901	
Do.	Maria Lowry	Wardmistress	59½	20⅓	Permanent infirmity of body	58 8 6	19 10 0	2 May, 1901	
Do.	James Irvine	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	58 7/12	29 11/12	do.	198 10 8	128 9 10	10 Dec. 1901	
Belmullet	Alicia M'Nulty	Matron	40	12 7/12	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	20 0 0	13 0 0	10 Dec. 1890	
Do.	Catherine M'Closkey	Infirmary Nurse	51¾	17½	Permanent infirmity of body	41 0 0	11 0 0	18 Jan. 1887	
Borrisokane	Samuel Russell	Relieving Officer	82½	27	Age and length of service	35 0 0	15 15 0	6 Feb. 1900	
Do.	Norah Moloney	Matron	46 9/12	22 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body	48 3 7	19 0 0	8 July, 1901	
Boyle	Mary Walsh	Fever Hospital Nurse	58¼	24 8/12	do.	50 0 0	30 0 0	19 Sept. 1900	
Caherciveen	John Healy	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	58 9/12	25 1/12	Permanent infirmity of mind and body.	128 19 8	74 1 5	18 Aug. 1898	
Do.	Patrick Lynch	Relieving Officer, Sanitary Sub-Officer, and Collector	63 11/12	18¾	Permanent infirmity of body	48 1 10	13 10 0	11 Aug. 1899	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Callan . . .	James Doyle	Van Driver . . .	72	14 1/12	do. . .	28 7 5	0 0 0	7 Oct. 1896		
Do. . . .	Mary Neary . .	Fever Hospital Nurse .	88	20 1/3	do. . . .	40 18 10	10 10 0	6 Feb. 1899		
Do . . .	Margaret Shanahan	Assistant Nurse	70	21 1/2	Old age . .	34 14 0	10 0 0	5 July, 1901		
Do . . .	Eliza Funcheon	Midwife of Dispensary District.	90	31 1/3	do	12 0 0	8 0 0	18 Oct 1901		
Carlow . . .	John Geogegan	Schoolmaster . .	65	29	Permanent infirmity of body	68 18 4	26 0 0	1 Dec. 1880		
Do. . . .	Richard Lewis .	Relieving Officer . .	71	61	Old age . .	60 0 0	30 16 8	9 Dec 1900		
Do . . .	Joseph Brien .	Master Shoemaker .	75	43 1/2	do.	39 0 0	26 0 0	6 March, 1901	7 Sept. 1901	
Do. . .	Johanna Merna	Fever Hospital Nurse .	69	28 7/12	do.	44 10 0	20 0 0	11 March, 1901		
Carrickmacross	Mary M'Cabe .	Schoolmistress .	61 11/12	24 1/2	Age and length of service	70 0 0	28 0 0	4 Nov 1899		
Do. . . .	Catherine M'Cabe .	Matron .	62	24 1/12	do. . . .	70 0 0	30 0 0	13 Nov. 1899		
Carrick-on-Shannon	Patrick K. Kiernan	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	67 2/3	34 1/3	do. . . .	377 18 6	165 0 0	5 Sept. 1899		
Carrick-on-Suir .	Catherine Kelly .	Assistant Fever Hospital Nurse	65 1/2	17 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	28 5 10	12 0 0	28 Oct 1892		
Do. . . .	Anthony O'Ryan .	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	78 1/2	44 1/2	Old age	130 0 0	86 13 4	2 May, 1896		
Do	Thomas Dunne .	Master . . .	72 1/2	30	Age and length of service	134 16 4	67 8 2	15 Nov 1899		
Cashel .	Marianne Phelan	Matron	41	22	Permanent infirmity of body	60 0 0	20 0 0	4 May, 1870		
Do. .	James Maunsell .	Shoemaker . . .	75	47 1/2	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	57 4 0	38 0 0	19 Feb. 1901		
Do. . .	Margaret Keating	Midwife of Dispensary District	70	10 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	11 5 0	8 0 0	9 Aug 1897		
Do . .	Denis Breen	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub Officer	73	37 1/2	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	60 0 0	40 0 0	17 Jan. 1899		
Do. .	Catherine Kenny	Fever Hospital Nurse .	66	16 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	42 0 0	11 0 0	13 Feb. 1899		
Castlebar .	Mary Maclair .	Matron	66	10 1/2	Infirmity of mind and body	20 0 0	20 0 0	5 June, 1871		

(continued

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Castlebar	Celia Thompson	Schoolmistress	35	11½	Infirmity of body	20 0 0	9 0 0	13 Oct. 1876	
Do.	Sarah Callaghan	Matron	*—	29 3/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	51 5 1	25 0 0	20 Nov. 1900	
Castleblayney	Samuel M'Birney	Clerk	79½	52	Age and length of service	247 0 0	199 10 4	7 July, 1899	29 Mar. 1902
Do.	Thomas Turner	Relieving Officer	61 5/12	30 2/12	do.	95 0 0	17 10 0	1 Dec. 1899	
Castlecomer	Bridget M'Grea	Schoolmistress	65 5/12	28 1/12	do.	53 17 10	23 7 0	20 Feb. 1900	
Do.	Elisa Ring	Fever Hospital Nurse	65 7/12	36 11/12	do.	67 19 0	30 14 0	21 July, 1900	
Castlederg	Andrew T. Love	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	45 3/12	21 3/12	Permanent infirmity of body	103 2 0	95 0 0	29 Aug. 1900	
Castlerea	Wm. Cuppaidge	do.	69	27 1/12	Old age	101 0 0	100 0 0	17 Dec. 1876	
Do.	Michael O'Donnell	Collector	79	48	do.	93 0 0	10 0 0	23 July, 1898	
Cavan	John Byrne	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer.	82	27 3/12	Age and length of service	40 10 0	18 4 0	10 Oct. 1899	
Celbridge	Patrick J. M'Evoy	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	47½	21½	Permanent infirmity of body.	100 0 0	51 0 0	15 Nov. 1899	
Do.	Lucy Prender	Midwife of Dispensary District.	61½	20 5/12	Old age	25 0 0	5 0 0	29 April, 1895	
Do.	Samuel Manning	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	71	37 1/12	do.	284 17 4	189 18 0	11 Sept. 1900	
Do.	Rose German	Midwife of Dispensary District.	51	32 7/12	do.	20 0 0	10 13 4	20 Nov. 1901	
Claremorris	Mary Killeen	Fever Hospital Nurse	68	19 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	31 10 2	11 14 4	19 Jan. 1898	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Clifden	Patrick J. Hart	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	66⅝	26½	do	100 16 8	67 11 3	18 Feb. 1899
Do.	William M'Dermott	Porter	75	34½	Old age	50 0 4	62 0 0	24 Feb. 1893
Do.	Sally King	Porteress of Dispensary	78	48	do.	13 0 0	6 0 0	29 June, 1901
Clogher	Ellen Beatty	Infirmary Nurse	68½	22½	do	40 16 0	12 0 0	17 July, 1893
Do.	M. A. Wright	Matron	64	26 11/12	do	46 0 0	16 0 0	10 Apr 1898
Clonakilty	Edward Hadden	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	87 1/12	28 10/12	Permanent infirmity of body	80 0 0	50 13 4	18 Dec. 1901
Do.	James F. Magner	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	39⅔	16	do.	128 0 4	44 13 1	16 Mar 1902
Clones	Anne Coulson	Matron	67⅔	39¼	Age and length of service	69 2 0	44 18 0	28 Nov. 1899
Do	Eleanor Coulson	Schoolmistress	83	32 1/12	do.	51 10 4	18 17 0	22 Feb. 1901
Clonmel	Michael Ryan	Porter	*—	18½	Permanent infirmity of body	40 16 0	14 1 4	6 May, 1890
Do.	Margaret M'Enerne	Fever Hospital Nurse	62	25 5/12	do	78 8 0	32 13 4	13 Feb. 1897
Do.	Kate Quirke	Infant Nurse	60	20 5/12	do.	68 0 4	18 0 0	11 Mar 1898
Do.	Thomas K. White	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	72¾	48 1/12	Old age	173 0 0	112 0 0	24 Oct. 1898
Do.	Catherine Mara	Midwife of Dispensary District and Caretaker of Dispensary	80	54	do.	20 10 0	13 13 4	27 June, 1901
Do.	Eliza Boland	Matron	61½	20 1/12	do	96 0 0	42 18 0	26 Feb. 1902
Coleraine	Richard L. M'Intire	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	68½	33¼	do.	171 0 11	60 0 0	28 Jan. 1885
Do.	Alexander M'Neary	do.	69	32½	do.	138 10	88 12 10	27 Sept. 1893
Do	Mary Ellis	Infirmary Nurse	60½	28½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	38 14 10	14 17 0	26 Mar 1897
Do.	William Henry	Clerk	83 1/12	42½	Age and length of service	317 18 8	611 18 0	18 Nov 1898

* Age not accurately known.

(continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer 2.	Office. 3	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service 5	Cause of retirement. 6	Annual Salary 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Cookstown	Elizabeth Lappin	Infirmary Nurse	48	14 13/20	Permanent infirmity of body.	36 6 0	5 0 0	17 Aug 1893	
Do.	Isabella M'Cutcheon	Matron	64 1/2	23 5/6	Old age	51 10 0	21 0 0	1 Dec. 1899	
Do.	Rebecca Jackson	Fever Hospital Nurse	50 1/12	24 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body	45 0 0	15 0 0	24 June, 1901	
Cootehill	Jane Taylor	Matron	52 1/2	25	Old age	51 0 8	20 5 0	11 Oct. 1884	
Do.	James Sharpe	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	74 1/2	35	do.	120 0 2	60 0 0	6 Aug. 1859	16 Jan. 1902
Do.	Martha Riddell	Fever Hospital Nurse	67 7/10	34 1/10	Age and length of service	51 17 4	29 7 0	22 July, 1899	
Cork	Anne Mulhare	Wardmistress	66	17 1/2	Infirmity of body	47 6 0	26 5 0	30 Dec. 1575	
Do.	Jane Ryan	do.	61 1/2	24	Permanent infirmity of body.	44 4 0	25 0 0	16 April, 1891	
Do.	Catherine Lynch	Assistant Schoolmistress	45 1/4	17	Permanent infirmity of mind.	65 4 0	23 16 0	7 Oct. 1891	
Do.	Mary A. Desmond	Night Nurse	65	17 1/4	Permanent infirmity of body	57 18 0	11 7 4	14 April 1892	
Do	Ellen Hobbs	Midwife of Workhouse	67 11/12	16 2/3	do	49 0 0	21 5 0	22 Feb 1894	
Do.	John Morrissy	Relieving Officer	60	28 1/2	do.	100 0 0	50 10 0	18 July, 1894	
Do	Elizabeth Murphy	Fever Hospital Nurse	46 17/12	20 1/4	do.	62 0 0	25 16 8	15 Nov 1894	
Do.	Robert Boyden	Engineer	64 5/12	23 3/4	do	97 1 0	35 10 0	15 Mar 1895	
Do.	Rodolph Ryan	Night Watchman	54 1/2	23	do.	60 4 5	28 2 0	17 Dec. 1895	
Do.	Edward Eagar	Mason	56	23 11/12	do.	60 10 6	47 3 9	27 Nov 1896	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	John Madden	Gardener	70	$26\frac{11}{12}$	Old age	50 11 0	21 16 1	4 Apr. 1901	
Do.	Mary Sullivan	Assistant Nurse	65	$28\frac{4}{12}$	do.	31 14 0	38 8 2	11 May, 1901	
Do.	Nathaniel Henry Runciman.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	36 $\frac{7}{12}$	$8\frac{11}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	138 17 10	30 1 10	14 May, 1901	
Do.	Thomas Lester	Tinsmith	75	30	Old age.	52 0 0	33 13 4	12 Sept. 1901	
Do	Jeremiah Cotter	Assistant Clerk	34 $\frac{8}{12}$	$19\frac{8}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	50 0 0	31 8 3	1 Feb. 1902	
Corrolin	John M'Grath	Master and Porter of Workhouse.	33 $\frac{5}{12}$	$8\frac{1}{2}$	do	72 16 7	12 0 0	14 June, 1891	
Croom	Margt. O'Donoghue	Matron	34	$41\frac{4}{12}$	Old age	73 4 8	20 0 3	16 June, 1888	
Do	Jeremiah T Harligan	Medical Officer of Workhouse and Dispensary District.	63	$30\frac{7}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	244 16 1	142 16 5	19 Mar. 1902	
Do.	Patrick Carroll	Master	73	40	Age and length of service.	196 3 8	90 15 3	20 Mar. 1902	
Dolvin	Matthew Wynde	Relieving Officer	73	$41\frac{1}{2}$	Old age.	29 10 0	10 16 4	20 Sept. 1892	30 Sept. 1901
Do.	James King	Clerk	70	$44\frac{11}{12}$	Age and length of service.	137 16 3	33 0 2	31 Feb 1891	
Dingle	Bridget Garvey	Schoolmistress	53 $\frac{2}{12}$	$12\frac{1}{2}$	Permanent infirmity of mind and body.	47 3 0	3 3 3	13 May, 1884	
Do.	Michael Nelligan	Porter	57 $\frac{1}{12}$	$20\frac{11}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	27 0 11	16 10 3	0 Feb 1894	
* Donaghmore (the late)	Annie Johnson	Matron	61 $\frac{2}{12}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	Dissolution of Union	40 0 10	8 16 9	26 Sept. 1899	
Do.	Richard H D Duckworth.	Medical Officer of Workhouse	62 $\frac{3}{12}$	$4\frac{6}{12}$	do	60 0 0	7 5 0	" "	
Do.	Margaret Bergin	Schoolmistress	45	24	do.	47 5 8	26 16 0	" "	
Do.	Patrick Cashin	Porter	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	$11\frac{11}{12}$	do.	35 0 0	11 10 4	" "	
Do.	Eliza Dunne	Infirmary Nurse	58	$9\frac{1}{2}$	do	44 0 3	10 18 6	" "	
Do.	Margaret Dunne	Wardswoman	50	$10\frac{7}{12}$	do.	31 14 0	8 10 3	" "	

* The superannuation allowances granted to the officers of the late Donaghmore union are payable since the 1st April, 1898, by the Abbeyleix and Roscrea unions. *(continued*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
*Donaghmore (the late).	Robert Pearson	Collector	52¾	21 11/12	Dissolution of Union	69 16 0	87 4 0	28 Sept. 1886	
Downpatrick	Robert Cromie	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	80	41 11/12	Old age	145 19 9	97 0 4	28 May, 1894	
Do.	J. W. Montgomery	Clerk	60 3/12	33 9/12	Age and length of service.	276 18 10	205 16 4	22 Dec. 1896	
Do.	James Dickson	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	71 3/12	46 9/12	do	174 4 8	116 2 10	9 April, 1900	
Do.	Elizabeth Nelson	Midwife of Dispensary District.	68	27	Old age	20 0 0	9 0 0	31 Jan. 1901	
Do.	Thomas Gracey	Tailor	63	35 11/12	Age and length of service.	39 0 0	22 16 0	6 Apr. 1901	
Do.	Jessie M'Cartney	Matron	55¾	34 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	69 1 8	30 6 0	12 Dec. 1901	
Drogheda	Patrick M'Guin	Relieving Officer	63¾	36¾	do	69 16 0	21 13 4	14 Feb. 1884	
Do.	Ellen Farrelly	Matron	64	20 7/12	do.	66 0 0	20 0 0	5 Oct. 1886	
Do.	John Warren	Porter	66	18½	do	65 17 6	26 1 4	4 Sept. 1888	
Do.	Marie Tobin	Fever Hospital Nurse	66 5/12	20 5/12	do.	49 18 0	22 10 0	9 Dec. 1890	
Do.	Judith Boylan	Midwife of Dispensary District.	75	17 7/12	do.	20 0 0	11 14 0	8 May, 1894	
Do.	Thomas Dunne	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer.	70	26 4/12	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	72 0 0	43 0 0	14 Sept. 1899	11 Nov. 1901
Dromore, West	Patrick Tiernan	Master	60 5/12	20 7/12	Permanent infirmity of body	78 12 8	20 0 0	23 Sept. 1901	
Dublin, North	Jane Weddick	Matron	63¾	33½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	149 8 3	99 9 10	24 April, 1888	
Do.	Mary A. Allen	Schoolmistress	63¾	28 4/12	Old age and infirmity of body	101 18 6	94 11 0	6 Feb. 1895	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dublin, North—*con.*	Harriett Weddick	Assistant Matron and Workmistress	66 3/4	18 1/2	Permanent infirmity of mind.	61	0	2	60	0	0	27 Feb. 1869
Do.	Eliza Byrne	Laundress	66 1/2	20 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	60	14	0	29	0	10	20 Aug. 1890
Do.	John Griffith	Schoolmaster	66 1/2	35 3/4	Old age	116	17	0	68	19	4	6 June, 1896
Do.	Jane Keogh	Head Schoolmistress	40	26 3/4	Re-arrangement of schools	108	0	0	68	0	0	26 June, 1894
Do.	James Reilly	Collector	45	17 3/4	Permanent infirmity of body	236	11	2	76	17	0	23 Mar. 1895
Do.	Catherine Harris	Midwife of Dispensary District.	60	15 3/12	do.	60	0	0	11	10	0	11 Mar. 1896
Do.	Charles Drake	Porter of Dispensary	70 5/12	21	do.	61	12	0	21	11	2	30 June, 1898
Do.	Alice Byrne	Midwife of Workhouse	66 5/12	11 5/12	do	77	6	10	20	16	0	14 April, 1899
Do.	William Greene	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	66 5/12	9 1/12	do.	126	14	6	31	17	6	6 Mar. 1901
Dublin, South	Eliza Anderson	Assistant Matron	60	25 1/4	Infirmity of mind	60	0	0	60	3	4	30 July, 1897
Do.	John Harney	Car Driver	67	24 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body	60	0	0	24	3	4	19 Dec. 1898
Do.	Charles F. Moore	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	60 1/4	24 5/8	Old age and infirmity of body	156	0	0	68	6	0	10 Apr. 1899
Do.	Anne Robinson	Schoolmistress	40	15 3/8	Infirmity of mind	90	0	0	60	0	0	7 Apr. 1893
Do.	John Shortt	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	60	29	Permanent infirmity of body	260	0	0	160	13	6	23 June, 1893
Do.	Anne Ennis	Wardmistress	64 11/12	21 3/4	do	71	4	0	42	14	4	7 Oct. 1896
Do.	Robert Foster	Master's Clerk	50	14	do	50	0	0	61	0	0	29 July, 1897
Do.	Mary Yarnel	Female Lunatic Keeper	45	24 5/12	do	67	16	6	60	17	10	4 Oct. 1898
Do.	George S. Burnside	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health	60	20 5/12	do	163	16	0	95	5	2	28 Nov. 1898
Do.	Catherine Whyte	Infirmary Night Nurse	54 5/12	12 5/12	do.	42	16	0	14	6	4	31 Aug. 1899

* The superannuation allowances granted to the officers of the late Donaghmore union are payable by the Abbeyleix and Roscrea unions.

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Dublin, South—*con.*	Catherine Bentley	Midwife of Dispensary District	$74\frac{6}{12}$	$10\frac{1}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body	80 0 0	8 0 0	8 Jan. 1900	
Do.	Emma Jessop	Schoolmistress	38	$32\frac{5}{12}$	do.	90 0 0	90 0 0	19 Nov. 1900	
Do.	Mary Anderson	Machinist	$40\frac{10}{12}$	$13\frac{4}{12}$	do	39 0 0	13 0 0	27 Mar. 1901	
Do.	George Whiteside,	Assistant Clerk.	$61\frac{2}{12}$	$23\frac{6}{12}$	do.	188 0 0	94 2 4	30 June, 1901	
Do	Thomas Murphy,	Messenger,	70	$21\frac{11}{12}$	do	41 12 0	21 9 10	6 Nov 1901	
Dundalk	John Browne	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	$76\frac{1}{2}$	$35\frac{3}{4}$	Old age	25 2 10	100 0 0	2 July, 1888	30 June, 1901
Do.	Ellen M'Creedy	Fever Hospital Nurse	67	$18\frac{1}{2}$	Permanent infirmity of body	43 10 0	10 0 0	18 Aug 1891	
Do.	Catherine Haughey	Midwife of Dispensary District.	70	$22\frac{3}{4}$	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	18 0 0	3 2 4	17 Aug. 1895	
Do	Patrick M'Grane	Porter	70	$23\frac{11}{12}$	do.	67 13 4	10 0 0	1 April, 1896	7 Aug. 1901
Do.	Bernard A. M'Ginity	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	60	$14\frac{4}{12}$	Abolition of office	181 0 0	90 10 0	6 June, 1890	
Dunfanaghy	John W. Benson	Relieving Officer	$78\frac{1}{12}$	$25\frac{1}{4}$	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	30 0 0	17 10 0	3 March, 1898	
Do.	Fanny O'Donnell	Fever Hospital Nurse	58	$1\frac{1}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body	32 0 0	5 0 0	21 Mar 1898	
Do.	Margaret M'Ginley	Infirmary Nurse	70	16	do.	28 0 2	5 0 0	21 Sept. 1898	
Do.	Lancaster Joyce	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	$64\frac{1}{12}$	34	Age and length of service	139 0 0	71 13 1	4 Aug. 1899	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dungannon	Rose O'Neill	Infirmary Nurse	56 1/12	25 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	46 0 7	18 0 0	11 Oct 1897	
Do.	William Leatham	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	53 1/2	23	do.	185 15 7	85 16 0	17 Oct. 1899	
Do.	Margaret Tackaberry	Matron	57 1/12	29	do.	61 8 6	26 0 0	28 Apr 1899	28 May, 1901
Dungarvan	Ambrose Hunt	Medical Officer of Workhouse	67	28	do	120 0 0	80 0 0	28 Feb 1851	
Do.	Matthew F. Shine	Master	60 1/2	31 1/2	do.	120 0 0	88 18 0	1 Nov 1889	
Do.	Mary F. Shine	Matron	57 1/2	37 5/12	do.	77 0 0	47 9 8	1 Nov. 1889	
Do.	Edward E. Walsh	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	40	11 2/12	do.	145 4 8	80 16 0	10 Nov 1898	
Do.	John Mahoney	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub Officer	78 11/12	43 11/12	Age and length of service	78 0 0	60 16 4	4 Nov 1900	
Do.	John Wade	Shoemaker	67 10/12	33	do.	42 8 0	23 8 7	27 June 1900	
Do.	William Meade	Tailor	70	31	Old age	28 18 2	14 18 8	20 Mar. 1901	
Dunmanway	Johanna Donovan	Infirmary Nurse	70	10	Permanent infirmity of mind.	29 8 6	10 0 0	16 Dec. 1900	
Dunshaughlin	Mary Carolan	do	60	26	Permanent infirmity of body	38 6 4	28 0 7	10 Apr 1890	
Do.	John M'Donnell	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer	74	34 1/12	Old age	30 0 0	20 0 0	2 May, 1890	
Do.	Michael Delaney	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	60	29 1/2	Abolition of office	130 0 0	54 10 0	30 May, 1890	
Do.	Mary Dowd	Fever Hospital Nurse	60	13 1/12	Permanent infirmity of mind.	38 8 11	10 0 0	22 Nov. 1900	
Edenderry	Mary A. Flynn	Infirmary Nurse	60	16	Infirmity of body	33 18 7	18 0 0	14 Jan 1890	
Do.	William Waters	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	60 1/2	24 3/4	Permanent infirmity of body	100 2 8	70 0 0	4 May, 1889	

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES—UNION OFFICERS—*continued*

Union 1	Name of Officer 2	Office. 3	Age. Years. 4	Period of service. 5	Cause of retirement 6	Annual Salary. 7	Superannuation allowance. 8	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Edenderry—*con.*	Maria Dillon	Matron	58	$27\frac{1}{2}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	61 12 7	32 0 1	8 Apr 1891	
Do.	Hugh Farrell	Master	$60\frac{5}{8}$	$24\frac{1}{2}$	do.	108 9 1	48 0 0	21 Apr. 1899	19 Sept. 1901
Do.	Kate Farrell	Schoolmistress	$44\frac{11}{12}$	$22\frac{5}{8}$	do.	98 11 0	60 0 0	6 Sept. 1895	
Ennis	Mary A. Griffin	Infirmary Nurse	60	10	do.	44 10 0	10 0 0	14 Nov. 1884	
Do.	Patrick Nash	Labour Master	$61\frac{5}{12}$	$26\frac{3}{12}$	do.	50 0 0	21 10 4	17 May, 1900	
Enniscorthy	Bridget Somers	Fever Hospital Nurse	60	16	Old age	60 0 0	6 10 0	28 Oct. 1894	
Do.	Daniel Keohler	Clerk	$63\frac{1}{2}$	$20\frac{1}{4}$	do.	240 0 0	60 0 0	15 Oct. 1898	
Do.	Ellen Murphy	Matron	$65\frac{5}{12}$	$30\frac{1}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	58 0 0	60 0 0	10 Oct. 1897	
Do.	Catherine Kinsella	Assistant Hospital Nurse	$62\frac{7}{12}$	$16\frac{1}{12}$	do.	31 10 10	10 0 0	16 May, 1900	
Do.	Jerome Murphy	Relieving Officer	$62\frac{5}{12}$	$27\frac{1}{12}$	do.	46 9 7	16 0 0	22 Oct 1900	
Enniskillen	Jane Scarlett (now Bell).	Matron	46	$20\frac{1}{2}$	do.	61 0 0	20 0 0	28 Oct. 1880	
Do.	Edward Bagot	Medical Officer of Workhouse	$58\frac{1}{2}$	30	do.	100 0 0	69 16 4	26 April, 1899	9 July, 1901
Do.	Richard Maguire	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer	$70\frac{11}{12}$	$29\frac{5}{12}$	Age and length of service	58 5 0	29 3 1	10 June, 1899	
Do.	Anne Brownlee,	Caretaker of Dispensary,	70	$18\frac{1}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	58 0 0	6 0 0	6 Dec. 1901	
Enniskyrnon	John O'Loghlin	Clerk	71	$40\frac{5}{12}$	Age and length of service	320 12 11	168 16 3	10 May, 1900	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Fermoy	Ellen Crawford	Hospital Nurse	46	23	Infirmity of body	47 0 0	26 0 0	16 April, 1873	
Do.	Cornelius Thompson	Gate Porter	48½	10¾	Permanent infirmity of body	43 11 0	7 6 2	18 June, 1883	
Do.	Hannah Moore	Night Nurse	60	14 5/12	do.	81 8 2	24 10 0	5 Feb. 1887	
Galway	John F. Lynch	Master	77	22½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	120 0 0	64 0 0	28 Mar 1887	
Glenamaddy	Margaret Boyle	Schoolmistress	64¾	25 7/12	Permanent infirmity of body	47 5 7	14 0 0	30 Oct. 1890	
Do.	Maria Keogh	Matron	68 4/12	25 5/12	do.	53 14 1	28 0 0	11 July, 1901	
Glenties	Alexander Hill	Clerk	76 5/12	50 7/12	Old age	240 16 10	160 16 2	23 June, 1900	
*Gilla (the late)	James F. Molony	Collector	65¾	8½	Dissolution of Union	46 5 5	16 0 5	29 Sept. 1891	
Do.	Daniel Fitzgerald	do.	28 7/12	7½	do.	96 3 0	27 4 10	" "	
Do.	Mary Fitzgerald	Night Nurse	74¾	9	do.	24 18 0	7 17 9	" "	
Do.	Mary Sheahan	Infirmary Nurse	56	16 1/12	do.	55 18 5	11 5 7	" "	
Do.	† Charles M'Donnell	Medical Officer of Workhouse	56¾	22	do.	90 5 0	48 0 0	" "	
Do.	Bridget Cullhane (now Holly)	Schoolmistress	26	6¼	do.	41 16 0	11 8 8	" "	
Do.	Johanna Walsh	Matron	51½	19½	do.	51 18 0	33 1 5	" "	
Do.	Patrick Leahy	Master	44¾	17¾	do.	108 3 4	47 18 0	" "	
Gorey	James Metge	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	70	35 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	160 4 11	80 5 0	17 July, 1898	* Mar. 1902
Do.	Julia Fortune	Fever Hospital Nurse	74	28½	Old age	66 4 5	21 0 0	1 Sept. 1897	
Do.	Daniel Behan	Shoemaker	66¾	16¾	Permanent infirmity of body	55 10 0	18 0 0	31 Oct 1900	
Do.	Annie M'Quade	Infirmary Nurse	54	16 11/12	do.	56 18 4	56 0 5	16 Jan 1902	
Gort	Maria Dullea	Matron	54	30	do.	80 4 0	48 0 0	23 Oct 1882	

* The superannuation allowances in the case of the late Gilla union are payable by the Listowel and Ballykeale unions.
† Appointed Medical Officer of Gilla District School Board, the amount paid to him as superannuation allowance is now £40.

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
*Gortin (the late)	Daniel M'Farland	Clerk and Master	39⅔	18 11/12	Dissolution of Union	172 10 2	55 0 0	26 Mar. 1880	
Do.	George K. Given	Medical Officer of Workhouse	42½	13 7/12	do.	60 0 0	20 0 0	" "	
Granard	Thomas Wilson	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	43 1/12	14	Permanent infirmity of body.	141 8 10	80 8 8	21 Dec. 1883	
Do.	Margaret M'Mahon	Schoolmistress	50	24½	do.	44 8 7	22 0 0	22 Feb. 1884	
Do.	James Banks	Schoolmaster	65	10 5/12	do.	62 14 9	20 0 0	11 Sept. 1889	
Inishowen	Thomas C. Gilmore,	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	61½	39⅔	Age and length of service	158 9 4	55 17 5	12 July, 1899	
Do.	Charles Nelson	Master	68½	47½	do.	38 18 3	64 18 2	24 Mar. 1899	
Do.	Bridget Tolan	Caretaker of Female Idiots	60	23¾	Permanent infirmity of body.	28 3 10	10 10 0	11 Mar. 1901	
Irvinestown	Christopher Graham	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	62½	48½	Old age	150 5 8	100 8 8	20 April, 1898	
Kanturk	Mary Aylward	Midwife of Dispensary District.	65½	28¾	Permanent infirmity of body.	25 10 0	11 0 0	11 Nov. 1880	
Do.	William E. O'Keeffe	Schoolmaster	47½	25 5/12	do.	108 16 11	68 8 8	6 Sept. 1880	
Do.	Catherine Sullivan,	Fever Hospital Nurse	60½	14 5/12	do.	48 10 0	18 0 0	10 Feb. 1900	
Kells	John Ringwood	Medical Officer of Workhouse.	51½	25½	do.	110 0 0	64 3 4	2 Nov. 1894	
Do.	Nathaniel Lacy,	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	72½	53½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	209 18 8	209 10 1	16 April, 1900	
Do.	Mary A. Clarke	Midwife of Dispensary District.	58½	33	Permanent infirmity of body.	28 0 0	18 0 0	26 April, 1899	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	Mary A. Langan	Fever Hospital Matron	63 1/12	61	Old age	40	5	2	20	10	0	27 Sept. 1900
Do.	James J. Brady	Relieving Officer	66 11/12	16½	Permanent infirmity of body	46	0	0	16	1	4	29 Jan. 1902
Kenmare	Julia Mulally	Infirmary Nurse	60	21	do	55	0	0	20	0	0	20 Aug. 1887
Do	Richard O'Sullivan	Clerk	76 3/12	34 4/12	Old age	142	13	7	65	0	4	17 June, 1890
Do.	Francis G. Mayberry	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	63½	28	Permanent infirmity of body	120	14	4	62	0	0	13 Aug 1900
Kilkeel	Samuel Ormsby	Master	66¼	37 7/12	Old age	61	5	0	20	0	0	2 June, 1892
Kilkenny	Judith Fennelly	Assistant Fever Hospital Nurse.	70	20 1/12	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	28	0	10	10	0	0	20 July, 1891
Do	Mary Ryan	Fever Hospital Nurse	65	15 7/12	Permanent infirmity of body	23	15	0	0	0	0	1 April, 1892
Killadysert	Daniel Macnamara	Relieving Officer	61 1/12	36½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	30	0	0	20	0	0	10 Dec., 1894
Do.	Alex. M'Mahon,	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	70	48½	do.	140	0	5	66	10	0	6 Nov. 1898
Do.	Anne M'Mahon	Infirmary Nurse	67¾	33	Age and length of service	44	0	6	28	0	4	14 Mar 1900
Killala	William Knox	Master	70	36¾	Old age	61	6	0	66	11	0	17 Dec. 1887
Do.	Andrew Jordan	Relieving Officer	70	20½	Permanent infirmity of body	23	12	10	11	0	0	26 Aug. 1894
Do.	Edward A. Mullins	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	60½	19 7/12	do.	101	0	0	45	0	0	4 Dec 1900
Do.	Margaret Rabbitt	Schoolmistress	60 11/12	39½	do	56	0	0	20	0	0	10 Jan. 1901
Killarney	Ellen Mulligan	Night Nurse	70⅝	17½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	60	0	0	12	0	0	25 Jan. 1895
Do.	Edmond MacSweeny	Clerk	62 7/12	41½	Old age	286	0	0	105	0	0	10 Feb 1896
Kilmacthomas.	John Hally	Relieving Officer	78 3/12	26 5/12	do.	51	4	0	86	2	0	14 Mar 1898
Do.	William Hunt	Clerk	70	48	Age and length of service	184	0	0	120	10	5	6 June, 1890
Kilmallock	Aurelia Nelson	Matron	60½	26½	Permanent infirmity of body	104	0	0	60	0	0	6 May, 1895

* The superannuation allowances granted to the officers of the late Gortin union are payable by the Omagh and Strabane unions.

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age. Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Kilmallock . .	Jane Ormiston .	Midwife of Dispensary District	60	15¼	Permanent infirmity of body and mind.	20 0 0	6 0 0	21 Mar. 1894	
Do. . .	Eliza Hughes . .	Schoolmistress, . .	56 7/12	35½	Permanent infirmity of body	103 7 2	68 0 0	6 May, 1891	
Do. .	Catherine Glanville	Midwife of Workhouse .	57	13½	do. . . .	56 12 4	15 0 0	27 Mar. 1894	
Do. . .	Jane O Shea .	Dispensary Caretaker .	40	10¾	Permanent infirmity of mind.	32 0 0	6 0 0	14 Aug. 1895	
Do. . .	Margaret Quinn .	Midwife of Dispensary District	35	20 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	25 0 0	10 10 0	13 Nov. 1893	
Do. . .	John O'Keeffe .	Schoolmaster . .	42¾	22 1/12	Abolition of office . .	87 7 8	58 0 0	12 Oct. 1890	
Do. . . .	James Glynn . .	Ambulance Driver . .	71	18 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	30 0 0	14 10 0	11 July 1891	
Kilrush . . .	Carroll Daly . .	Relieving Officer . .	69¾	36¾	Old age	42 0 0	26 4 0	10 July, 1894	
Kinsale . . .	Edward B. Dorman	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	68 4/12	35 4/12	do. . . .	137 16 0	91 16 8	5 Jan. 1888	
Do. . . .	Kate Murphy .	Matron	51½	30	Permanent infirmity of body.	68 14 0	37 4 0	21 Jan 1892	
Do. . . .	John Callaghan .	Porter	60¾	10 4/12	do. . . .	37 2 0	12 0 0	8 Mar 1892	
Do. . . .	Mary Callaghan .	Female Searcher . .	80¾	19 4/12	do. . . .	12 11 8	8 0 0	8 Mar. 1892	
Lame . . .	Catherine Hall .	Schoolmistress . .	49¾	23¾	do. . . .	80 7 11	20 0 0	27 Mar. 1892	
Do. . . .	Agnes Craig . .	Assistant Nurse . .	60	21 5/12	Age and length of service	42 10 0	14 17 8	30 Dec. 1899	
Do. . . .	Mary Patterson .	Midwife of Dispensary District.	70	25 5/12	Old age . . .	29 19 0	12 0 0	6 June, 1900	
Do. . .	Eliza Cobain . .	Cook	60	27½	Age and length of service	60 0 0	16 10 0	16 June, 1900	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	William Hay	Clerk	70	28 5/12	Age and length of service.	225 18 8	138 2 0	19 Dec 1901	4 Jan. 1902
Letterkenny	Fanny Kennedy	Schoolmistress	50½	31¾	Permanent infirmity of body.	48 1 2	30 0 0	23 Jan 1901	
Limavady,	David Lynn	Shoemaker	50 11/12	29½	do.	29 3 3	19 10 10	16 Dec. 1901	
Limerick	Honoria Dundon	Hospital Night Nurse	45	20 7/12	do.	20 0 0	20 0 0	12 Nov 1880	
Do.	Mary J Ryan	Assistant Schoolmistress	46	18⅝	Permanent infirmity of mind.	60 17 7	30 0 0	26 June, 1890	
Do.	David Sheahan	Master	49 7/12	23½	Permanent infirmity of mind and body.	318 18 4	90 0 0	26 Oct. 1894	
Do.	Thomas J Gelston	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	55 7/12	32 7/12	Permanent infirmity of body	143 19 3	92 14 10	22 May, 1895	
Do.	Anastatia M. Devoren.	Matron	60	31½	do	134 0 4	90 0 0	22 July, 1895	
Do.	Thomas Lynch	Schoolmaster	34½	13 1/12	Abolition of office	120 0 8	30 0 0	1 Aug. 1895	
Do.	Mary Donnellan	Laundress	43	18 5/12	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	61 4 1	28 0 0	10 Sept. 1895	
Do.	Kate M. Flynn	Schoolmistress	30½	27⅝	Old age	86 1 3	48 0 0	20 Jan. 1896	
Do.	Johanna M'Grath	Fever Hospital Nurse	37	20⅝	Permanent infirmity of body.	60 10 4	25 0 10	27 July, 1896	
Do.	Eliza Fitzgerald	Female Lunatic Keeper	70	36 5/12	Old age	60 11 7	33 0 8	19 Oct. 1897	
Do.	John Daly	Dispensary Porter	35½	10½	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	80 0 0	13 0 0	12 June, 1899	
Do.	Abbey Stamers	Infirmary Nurse	68	19½	Permanent infirmity of body.	68 1 6	26 0 0	27 Oct. 1899	
Do.	Thomas S. Hance	Apothecary of Workhouse	52	21½	do.	192 19 11	78 0 0	7 Aug. 1899	
Do.	Bridget Hogan	Infirmary Night Nurse	71	19 5/12	do.	68 16 0	30 0 0	18 April, 1900	
Lisburn	Rose A. Riddle	Infirmary Nurse	72⅝	31⅝	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	39 18 4	7 18 0	22 Jan. 1900	
Do.	Martin Shaw	Relieving Officer	65½	26½	Age and length of service	88 0 0	88 10 8	6 Aug. 1899	
Lismore	William Flood	Master	61½	41⅝	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	61 16 0	55 0 0	28 Aug 1898	

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer 2	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Lismore—*con.*	Catherine M. Flood	Matron	66 $\frac{4}{12}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	65 15 0	44 10 0	28 Aug. 1894	
Limerick	Harriett Beatty	Schoolmistress	46	8 $\frac{3}{4}$	Infirmity of body	93 0 0	8 0 0	12 June, 1877	
*Listowel	Garrett Fitzmaurice	Relieving Officer	42	17	do	84 0 0	20 3 6	8 Jan. 1863	
Do.	Edmund Walsh	Schoolmaster	27	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	Abolition of office	38 17 8	15 0 0	10 Dec. 1895	
Do.	Margaret Flavia	Dispensary Caretaker	81	41 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age	8 0 0	8 0 0	12 Dec. 1898	
Londonderry	Ellen Cochrane	Matron	53	28	Infirmity of body	68 0 0	35 0 0	10 July, 1873	
Do.	David Stanton	Porter	66 $\frac{1}{2}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	40 4 8	21 9 10	16 Mar. 1899	
Do.	William Allison	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	138 13 1	92 8 8	24 Sept. 1888	
Do.	Mary Shannon	Fever Hospital Nurse	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	30 $\frac{1}{12}$	Old age	43 13 8	31 2 4	14 May, 1897	
Longford	Jane Sewell	do.	61	16 $\frac{1}{4}$	Permanent infirmity of body	88 8 0	10 0 0	10 Dec. 1899	
Do.	Maria Tierney	Midwife of Dispensary District	82 $\frac{1}{2}$	21 $\frac{8}{12}$	do.	30 0 0	3 0 0	26 Jan. 1900	
Do.	John Gallagher	Schoolmaster	55 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	Abolition of Office	83 18 0	30 3 0	18 Aug. 1901	
Loughrea	Finn Cosgrave	Collector	70	40 $\frac{3}{12}$	Old age	84 18 0	83 0 0	27 Mar 1894	
Do.	Maria Stanton	Schoolmistress	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 $\frac{6}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body	98 9 2	30 1 7	28 Feb. 1896	
Do.	Patrick O'Donoghue	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	38 $\frac{7}{12}$	Age and length of service	160 1 8	110 0 10	8 Feb. 1900	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	Patrick M. Egan	Clerk	63½	30	Old age	184 11 0	110 14 7	17 Aug. 1900	
Lurgan	Jane Graham	Fever Hospital Nurse	61	14½	Permanent infirmity of body	84 0 0	21 0 0	17 Jan. 1890	
Do.	Mary J. Harland	Midwife of Dispensary District.	70	21½	Old age	80 0 0	12 10 4	28 Sept. 1899	
Do.	Rose A. Anderson (now M'Clare).	Infirmary Nurse	60⅝	21 1/12	Age and length of service	84 0 0	20 0 0	15 Aug. 1899	
Do.	William Stewart	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	70 11/12	37¾	do.	200 0 0	140 4 0	6 Dec. 1899	
Macroom	Timothy Kelleher	Relieving Officer	65½	27 1/12	Old age	30 14 0	24 0 7	7 April, 1900	
Magherafelt	Hugh Johnston	Master Shoemaker	65	32	Age and length of service	62 10 0	17 6 0	8 June, 1899	
Do.	Robert Gilmore	Relieving Officer	60¼	35½	do.	105 0 0	61 0 0	10 June, 1893	
Mallow	Julia O'Sullivan	Matron	44½	22 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	60 12 10	20 10 10	13 May, 1890	
Do.	John Hanley	Clerk	64	29	do	220 0 11	100 7 0	20 April, 1899	
Do.	Ellen O'Donoghue	Midwife of Dispensary District.	66	24	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	20 0 0	11 0 8	29 April, 1897	
Do.	James Cummins	Cook	67½	19 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body	41 10 11	10 4 0	14 May, 1897	12 Apl. 1901
Do.	Daniel D. O'Brien	Master	57	10 11/12	do.	120 10 10	40 4 0	18 Nov. 1887	
Do.	John Barrett	Collector	71	27 11/12	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	181 0 0	72 10 0	7 April, 1898	
Do	Ellen Welstead	Schoolmistress	69½	36 1/12	Abolition of office	91 0 7	60 10 0	20 Sept. 1900	
Do.	Mary Foley,	Assistant Nurse,	69½	6 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	42 7 10	10 0 0	7 Dec. 1901	25 Nov. 1901
Manorhamilton	Bridget Hedican	Schoolmistress	60	23¾	do	65 3 0	32 11 0	1 Feb. 1894	
Do	Anne Kelly	Night Nurse	60	20½	Old age and permanent infirmity of mind and body	28 10 0	0 0 0	20 Feb. 1897	
Do.	William Armstrong	Porter	61½	30½	Age and length of service	40 13 11	21 10 0	1 Sept. 1900	
Midleton	Margaret Scanlan	Wardmistress	70½	34½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	84 0 0	16 14 0	28 May, 1892	

* See also note in the case of Glin union (the late).

(continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d	£ s. d.		
Midleton—con.	Bridget Twohig	Caretaker of Dispensary	73	28	Old age	0 10 0	3 4 6	18 May, 1899	
Do.	Peter Tattan	Collector	59	20	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	161 0 0	40 0 0	1 Dec. 1897	
Do.	Johanna Lyons	Female Searcher	61	30½	Permanent infirmity of body	60 0 0	12 0 0	30 June, 1900	
Do.	Denis M'Carthy,	Bathman,	70	27½	Old Age,	98 0 0	10 0 0	11 Apl. 1901	
Do.	Margaret Barry,	Caretaker of Dispensary,	70	30	do.	6 10 0	2 6 0	17 June, 1901	
Do.	John Fitzgerald,	Shoemaker,	75	10 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	36 8 0	14 11 2	16 Nov 1901	
Millstreet	Mary Murphy	Infirmary Nurse	42	21¾	do.	39 6 0	20 0 0	20 Sept. 1899	
Mitchelstown	William O'Neill	Medical Officer of Workhouse	70	37	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	100 0 0	66 13 4	7 Oct. 1899	
Mohill	Mary Kerrigan	Fever Hospital Nurse	64½	23⅝	Permanent infirmity of body	35 16 0	12 0 0	5 June, 1899	
Do.	Margaret Geelan	Matron	62¼	23 5/12	do.	60 0 11	20 0 0	23 June 1900	
Do.	Thomas Woodward	Clerk	60	46 5/12	Age and length of service	225 14 0	152 0 10	2 June, 1899	
Do.	James Mahon	Porter	80 5/12	60 1/12	Old age	35 10 10	17 3 4	7 Aug 1900	
Monaghan	Robert Donaldson	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	69¾	66	Permanent infirmity of body	105 0 6	88 10 0	1 April, 1892	
Do.	Jane Hill	Hospital Nurse	60	37½	Old age	40 18 0	95 6 0	30 Dec. 1894	
Do.	James M'Keever	Porter	58½	13⅝	Permanent infirmity of body.	40 0 0	10 0 0	11 Feb. 1898	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	Margaret Johnston	Fever Hospital Nurse	55	30½	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	44 5 0	20 0 0	28 Jan. 1899	
Do.	James Mitchell	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	73½	48½	Permanent infirmity of body.	238 9 7	110 0 0	18 Feb 1898	
Do.	Robert W. Stewart,	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	37 5/12	30	do.	133 10 1	55 5 0	20 Jan 1902	
Mount Bellew	Thomas M'Loughlin	Porter	70½	40 11/12	Old age	39 3 1	15 0 0	18 Jan. 1888	8 Oct. 1901
Do.	Bartholomew Reilly	Clerk	67½	49½	Age and length of service	158 13 4	124 10 2	12 Sept 1900	
Do.	Patrick Carr	Relieving Officer	37 11/12	31 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body	16 12 7	11 1 9	17 April, 1901	
Mountmelick	Margaret Dimond	Matron	54	22½	Infirmity of mind and body.	55 0 0	18 0 0	5 April, 1871	
Do.	Sarah Conroy (now Dunne)	Fever Hospital Nurse	40½	29½	Permanent infirmity of body	43 10 10	28 0 0	5 July, 1883	
Do.	Ellen Molloy	Matron	55 7/12	28	do.	98 13 0	30 0 0	30 Jan 1900	
Mullinger	John N. Pilkington	Relieving Officer	50	24	Infirmity of body	43 0 0	90 0 0	13 July, 1872	
Do.	Francis Kerr	do	53	27	do	50 0 0	53 0 8	20 Mar. 1876	
Do.	Henry Jackson	Master Tailor	50½	25 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	53 0 0	20 0 0	1 Feb 1883	
Do.	Anne English	Matron	55½	27½	do.	68 13 7	45 10 0	18 April, 1888	
Do.	James Egan	Master	35 5/12	40 7/12	Age and length of service	132 0 0	81 7 1	20 Feb. 1902	
Naas	Elizabeth Coonan	Infirmary Nurse	51	16 5/12	Infirmity of body	24 0 0	15 0 0	21 April, 1878	
Do.	Anne Mooney (now Kelly)	Assistant Schoolmistress	27 1/12	8	Abolition of office	25 0 0	3 13 0	13 Feb. 1887	
Do.	Catherine M'Mullen	Midwife of Dispensary District.	50	15½	Permanent infirmity of body	95 0 0	8 0 0	31 July, 1894	
Do.	Peter Farrelly	Relieving Officer	81	12 5/12	do.	31 11 5	0 0 5	9 May 1901	
Do.	William Farrell	Clerk	51	28 11/12	Old age	180 4 0	33 2 2	19 Dec. 1901	
Navan	Thomas Morgan	Porter	50	10½	do.	40 5 0	10 0 0	24 Mar 1888	
Do	Michael Keogan	Relieving Officer	48	5½	do.	25 0 0	5 13 4	25 Nov. 1890	

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation Allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Navan—con.	George Lacy	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	61½	34¾	Old age	378 19 7	188 10 8	23 Apr. 1899	
Do.	Margaret Price	Midwife of Dispensary District.	60	18¼	Permanent infirmity of body	25 0 0	12 1 8	7 Aug 1900	
Nenagh	Mary M'Glynn	Schoolmistress	40	18¾	Infirmity of body	25 0 0	12 0 0	12 Sept. 1872	
Do.	Margaret Carroll	Infirmary Nurse	50	12¾	Permanent infirmity	18 0 0	23 6 8	21 Sept. 1878	
Do.	John Delaney	Shoemaker	87	26½	Age and length of service	32 0 0	22 16 0	28 Jan. 1900	
Newcastle	James Linton	Schoolmaster	32 7/12	11 7/12	Abolition of office	50 1 10	17 0 0	23 Oct, 1900	
New Ross	Andrew E. Barden	Collector	66½	22½	Permanent infirmity of body	110 0 4	30 0 0	17 Feb. 1897	
Do.	Jesse Berney	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer	67	35¼	Old age	42 0 0	28 0 0	29 Sept. 1899	
Do.	Margaret Cushie	Midwife of Dispensary District	69	31¾	do.	20 0 0	18 8 8	4 Oct. 1899	
Newry	Joseph Graham	Porter	42	12 5/12	Infirmity of body,	30 0 0	12 0 0	20 May, 1879	
Do.	Mary A. Hynes	Infirmary Nurse	64 7/12	36½	Old age	44 0 0	20 0 0	7 Mar. 1895	
Do.	Maria Craig	Schoolmistress	57½	20¾	Permanent infirmity of body	30 0 0	15 0 0	23 Nov. 1897	
Nenagh	Edward T. M. Sailes	Schoolmaster	53½	27¾	do.	69 14 0	28 0 0	21 Oct. 1898	
Do.	Sarah A. Sailes	Schoolmistress	49 7/12	28¾	do.	43 14 0	26 0 0	21 Oct. 1899	
Oldcastle	Rose M'Enroe	Midwife of Dispensary District	70	18	do	20 0 0	8 0 0	6 Sept. 1891	
* Omagh	Anne Boothe	Fever Hospital Nurse	41½	11 5/12	do	44 0 0	15 0 0	7 July, 1897	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	Joseph Rodgers	Master	61¾	22¾	Old age	93 0 0	88 0 0	17 Aug 1896
Do.	Mary Rodgers	Matron	60 1/12	20½	do	60 0 0	20 0 0	17 Aug 1896
Do.	Anne J Forbes	Schoolmistress	63¾	25	Permanent infirmity of body	58 0 0	18 0 0	18 Nov 1898
Do.	Andrew M'Master	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	97⅝	29⅝	do	132 5 5	60 0 0	10 Mar. 1899
Do.	Fanny Beattie	Fever Hospital Nurse	43	8	do.	50 0 0	5 0 0	20 Aug 1900
Do.	Wm. L. Crawford	Relieving Officer	53 9/12	25 4/12	do.	69 9 0	20 0 0	29 Jan. 1901
Oughterard	Daniel Walsh	do.	66	19 5/12	Old age and infirmity	17 10 0	5 10 4	19 Feb. 1887
Do.	James Macale	do.	61½	31¾	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	15 0 0	10 10 4	20 July, 1895
Do.	Mary Connecly	Fever Hospital Nurse	60	22¾	Old age	24 0 0	10 0 0	20 Feb. 1900
Rathdown	Sarah Buckley	Matron	62	30	do.	91 0 0	96 8 11	8 June, 1880
Do.	James F. Pollock	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	57	30	Permanent infirmity of body	155 19 4	75 0 0	28 Oct. 1887
Do.	Mary A. Lawless	Infirmary Nurse	54	10 7/12	do.	55 0 0	20 5 4	26 May, 1898
Do.	Mary J. Conway	Nursery Wardmistress	67	29	do.	91 5 0	50 10 0	29 Aug 1893
Do.	William Sutton	Collector	91	22 7/12	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	102 0 0	60 11 0	17 Sept. 1894
Do.	Mary A. Butler	Schoolmistress	47	17	Permanent infirmity of body	67 6 0	37 5 0	17 Sept. 1898
Do.	Anna M. Miley	Fever Hospital Nurse	68	20	Old age and permanent infirmity of body	75 0 0	50 14 0	31 Jan. 1898
Do.	Hugh R. Brew	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	67	10 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	191 7 1	91 0 0	15 Feb. 1898
Do.	Henry P. Browne	do	67	46	Old age and permanent infirmity of body.	174 16 1	116 10 8	28 Mar 1898
Do.	Isaac W. Usher	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	69⅝	31	Permanent infirmity of body	175 14 0	115 10 0	30 Mar. 1899

* See also note in the case of Gortin union (the late).

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary. 7.	Superannuation Allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Rathdown—*con.*	Richard Thompson	Master	60	28 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	220 12 1	140 0 11	20 Aug. 1899	
Do.	Eliza A. Thompson	Matron	49	16	do.	110 0 0	91 0 8	4 Oct. 1899	
Do.	Thomas Cross	Master Baker	72	25 7/12	Old age	78 0 0	41 12 0	6 July, 1901	
Do.	Sylvester Byrne	Master	46	20 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	102 1 0	61 7 0	15 Aug 1901	
Rathdrum	Andrew Byrne	Schoolmaster	63 1/2	25 3/4	Old age	82 0 0	23 0 0	26 April, 1894	
Do.	Isaac Flower	Master	75 1/2	40 1/2	do.	130 2 0	86 13 4	10 July, 1899	
Do	Jane Young	Midwife of Dispensary District.	60 5/12	14 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	20 0 0	9 0 0	15 Aug 1899	
Do.	William Beeves	Nurse	94 5/12	18 5/12	do.	54 2 0	25 0 0	11 April, 1901	
*Rathkeale									
Roscommon	Thomas Ryan	Relieving Officer and Collector.	61	30	Old age	25 0 0	20 0 0	29 April, 1881	
Do	Isabel O'Keeffe	Schoolmistress	44	23	Permanent infirmity of body	42 18 0	22 0 0	10 Nov 1881	
Do.	Lucretia Kelly	Matron	67	27 1/2	Old age	86 0 7	53 2 10	10 July, 1893	
†Roseren	James Gray	Clerk	57 1/2	37	do	183 10 0	122 0 0	23 Jan 1889	
Do.	Margaret M'Kinstry	Matron	62 1/2	30 1/12	do	67 11 4	44 0 0	10 April, 1897	
Do.	John Roe	Relieving Officer	74	18 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	18 0 0	7 4 0	21 Aug. 1900	
Do	Thomas Drought	Collector	47 7/12	46	Old age	62 0 0	62 5 10	25 Jan. 1893	25 Feb 1902

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	Richard Austin	Relieving Officer	74	95 1/12	do.	99 5 0	10 5 4	10 July, 1900
Scariff	Margaret Boland	Matron	60 5/12	49 1/12	Age and length of service	60 0 0	23 6 8	20 Nov. 1899
Do.	Honoria Sheedy	Schoolmistress	56 7/12	38	Permanent infirmity of body	35 0 0	30 0 0	6 July, 1901
Shillelagh	Michael Dowzer	Master	60 2/3	22 1/2	Old age	70 8 1	36 7 8	20 May, 1895
Do.	Mary Joyce	Midwife of Dispensary District	48 3/12	3 3/12	Abolition of office	28 0 0	6 6 4	30 Apr. 1899
Do.	William F Moore	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health	28	11/12	do.	151 17 2	2 10 0	8 June, 1899
Do	Patrick Harte	Farm Steward and Vandriver	74	43 9/12	Old age	21 11 0	14 7 4	27 Nov. 1900
Skibbereen	James E Somerville	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	71	29	do.	149 18 4	90 0 0	24 Aug 1880
Do.	Samuel Jervois	Master	47 3/4	22 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body	111 13 0	62 2 4	18 June, 1898
Do.	Robert E Hadden	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health	45 7/12	23 1/2	do.	172 1 8	62 0 0	21 Oct. 1898
Do.	do	Compounder of Medicine	45 7/12	20 1/2	do.	82 0 0	0 0 0	25 April, 1899
Skull	John Evans	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	73 1/2	43 1/2	Old age	97 1 4	64 14 0	1 Feb 1899
Do.	Mary Sheehan	Dispensary Caretaker	80	10 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body	0 0 0	9 10 0	14 July, 1899
Do.	William Newman	Porter	78 5/12	12 5/12	do.	35 0 0	7 0 0	30 Apr. 1901
Sligo	Sarah MacNeilly	Matron	63 1/2	24 1/2	do.	35 10 0	30 0 0	10 April, 1892
Do.	Andrew Bree	Engine Keeper	77	18	do.	90 7 8	14 0 0	2 June, 1893
Do	Maria Bruen	Fever Hospital Nurse	70	10	do.	80 12 0	16 17 4	28 Nov. 1894
Do	Anne O'Connor	Infirmary Nurse	63 1/2	18	do.	53 10 4	23 0 0	20 Aug 1897
Do	Bridget M'Donnell	Midwife of Dispensary District.	63 3/4	10 3/4	do.	25 3 0	10 5 4	3 Oct 1898

* See also note in the case of Glin union (the late).

† See also note in the case of Donaghmore union (the late).

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Unions 1.	Name of Officer 2.	Office 3.	Age. Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary 7	Superannuation Allowances. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of Allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Sligo—*con.*	Nixon Parke	Clerk and Executive Sanitary officer	51½	23	Permanent infirmity of body	268 10 2	178 0 0	27 Jan. 1899	
Do.	Thomas Callaghan	Ambulance Driver	68	18 19/12	do.	31 14 0	12 8 0	6 Aug. 1901	
*Strabane	Catherine Kelly	Infirmary Nurse	50½	10 7/12	do.	40 3 0	16 0 0	27 July, 1886	
Do.	Margaret Mathews	Schoolmistress	50	20½	do	84 11 0	26 6 0	6 April, 1887	
Do	Marianne Fulton	do	50	12⅔	do.	50 13 0	15 0 0	10 Dec. 1899	
Do.	Samuel Ewing	Relieving Officer	72 3/12	28 11/12	Old age	50 0 0	37 0 0	28 Nov. 1900	
Stranorlar	Ellen Doherty	Fever Hospital Nurse	68	10½	Infirmity of body	10 0 0	6 16 4	20 July, 1874	
Do.	James F Mathews	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	58	22 14/12	Permanent infirmity of body	127 18 0	50 0 0	8 Feb 1899	
Do.	Isabella Hawke	Infirmary Nurse	65	27 8/12	Age and length of service	42 4 4	18 10 11	18 June, 1899	
Do	Isabella Callaghan	Fever Hospital Nurse	70	19 8/12	Permanent infirmity of body	40 0 0	16 0 0	5 July, 1900	
Strokestown	Julia Heran	Infirmary Nurse	61	27 1/12	Old age	60 0 0	26 0 0	31 Jan 1898	
Swineford	Maria Fitzpatrick	Schoolmistress	56	25½	Permanent infirmity of body	69 13 4	28 0 0	16 Jan. 1900	
Thurles	James Ryan	Porter	68	6½	Permanent infirmity of mind and body	42 11 0	11 0 11	22 July, 1890	
Do.	Mary Hartigan	Midwife of Dispensary District.	64	34 8/12	Old age	20 0 0	11 8 8	25 Nov. 1901	
Tipperary	Denis Hogan	Medical Officer of Dispensary District	46½	11½	Permanent infirmity of body	188 16 8	42 6 10	1 April, 1890	
Do.	Eliza Butler	Midwife of Workhouse	60	13 5/12	Abolition of office	16 5 0	8 16 8	6 Mar 1892	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Tobercurry	Patrick F. M'Glein	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	48 1/6	23 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	128 10 0	48 0 0	9 Aug 1880
Do.	James Donohoe	Clerk	73	51 11/12	Age and length of service	176 0 5	116 8 11	27 Mar 1892
Trales	Nanno Murphy	Fever Hospital Nurse	65	20	Old age and infirmity of body	15 0 5	25 0 0	1 Mar 1875
Do.	Thomas Tangney	Tailor	66 1/2	33 3/4	do.	62 0 0	21 0 0	18 Dec. 1883
Do.	Mary O'Sullivan	Schoolmistress	44	21	Permanent infirmity of body.	66 12 0	62 0 0	17 Oct. 1883
Do.	Richard Harold	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	70 1/12	45 5/6	Old age	121 12 10	81 1 10	12 Sept. 1898
Do.	Timothy J. O'Sullivan	Master	60 5/12	21 1/2	Permanent infirmity of body.	155 2 8	56 0 0	24 Jan 1899
Do.	Garrett O'Neill	Carpenter	40	16 1/6	do.	52 0 0	18 4 0	27 Oct. 1899
Do.	Rowland J. Denny	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	51 1/12	26 3/12	do.	171 10 10	80 0 0	6 June, 1901
Do.	James Murphy	Cook and Farm Steward	62	19	do.	46 10 0	12 0 0	13 Mar 1902
Trim	Bridget Moore	Matron	61 1/6	26 1/2	do.	60 4 8	45 0 0	16 June, 1883
Do.	John Moore	Schoolmaster	64 2/3	31 6/7	do.	66 0 0	20 0 0	17 Oct 1884
Do.	Mary Mealiew	Schoolmistress	53 1/2	50 1/4	Abolition of office	71 5 0	60 5 0	4 Feb. 1881
Do.	Catherine Gough	Midwife of Dispensary District.	74	11 1/3	Permanent infirmity of body	26 0 0	7 10 0	26 Aug 1896
Do.	Elizabeth Russell	do.	60 1/4	26 11/12	Old age	23 0 0	10 7 0	7 Sept. 1897
Do.	Laurence M. Sheridan	Clerk	58 1/12	38 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	180 10 10	100 0 0	20 Apr. 1901
Do.	Bernard Fitzpatrick	Relieving Officer	45 5/12	13 1/12	do.	25 0 0	7 14 8	27 July, 1891
Do.	Edward Higgins	do.	60 4/12	27 5/12	do.	39 0 8	22 10 1	23 Dec. 1901
Tuam	Thomas Healy	do	70 1/12	33 5/12	do.	55 0 0	16 10 5	10 July, 1899
Do.	Anne Griffin	Fever Hospital Nurse	53 5/12	16 5/12	Permanent infirmity of body	65 0 0	20 0 0	16 Aug. 1900
Do.	William Flynn	Baker	75	61 1/12	Old age	54 12 0	60 0 0	31 Dec., 1890

* See also note in the case of Gortin nalon (the late).

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 B.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—UNION OFFICERS—*continued.*

Union. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age. Years. 4.	Period of service 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary 7.	Superannuation Allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of Allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Tuam—*con.*	Bridget Browne	Schoolmistress	49 $\frac{10}{12}$	25 $\frac{4}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	70 0 0	21 5 0	11 Apr. 1901	
Do.	John Fore	Relieving Officer	60 $\frac{7}{12}$	18 $\frac{8}{12}$	do.	40 0 0	16 13 4	25 Apr. 1901	
Do.	Edward Holmes	Porter of Dispensary	79 $\frac{1}{12}$	30 $\frac{7}{12}$	Age and length of service	10 0 0	7 5 0	9 June, 1901	
Tulla	Timothy Murphy	Clerk	64 $\frac{11}{12}$	45 $\frac{11}{12}$	do.	178 14 2	115 16 1	22 June, 1899	
Do.	Edward Baker	Master	63 $\frac{1}{4}$	44 $\frac{1}{12}$	do.	80 14 0	53 10 0	30 May, 1900	
Tullamore	Edward Cusack	Porter	79 $\frac{1}{4}$	24 $\frac{6}{12}$	Old age	41 0 0	16 0 0	20 Aug. 1898	30 Oct. 1901
Do.	Henry M. Clarke	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	53 $\frac{11}{12}$	20	Permanent infirmity of body	112 2 0	78 0 0	30 Oct. 1894	
Do.	John Tynan	Schoolmaster	69 $\frac{1}{4}$	22 $\frac{9}{12}$	do.	86 4 0	60 8 0	9 May, 1895	
Do.	James Dunne	Relieving Officer and Sanitary Sub-Officer	67	32 $\frac{8}{12}$	Old age	45 0 0	24 0 0	20 Mar 1900	
Do.	James M'Kenna	Clerk	78	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	Age and length of service	365 16 16	330 7 9	15 Aug 1900	
Urlingford	Robert Thompson	Medical Officer of Workhouse and of Dispensary District.	70 $\frac{7}{12}$	34 $\frac{5}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body	170 17 9	98 18 9	9 July, 1898	
Waterford	Eleanor M Grant	Fever Hospital Nurse	67 $\frac{5}{12}$	30 $\frac{3}{4}$	Old age	70 0 0	30 0 0	2 June, 1890	
Do.	Eliza Ahern	Schoolmistress (Infant School).	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 $\frac{1}{6}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	75 0 0	43 12 0	20 Nov 1890	
Do.	David Delahunty	Porter	63	32	Permanent infirmity of mind and body.	64 0 0	19 10 0	12 Apr 1898	
Do.	Mary M'Grath	Midwife	62	20	Old age	12 0 0	7 4 0	11 Mar. 1890	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Do.	James B Norris-Cuna.	Medical Officer of Dispensary District and Medical Officer of Health.	66 $\frac{5}{12}$	61 $\frac{1}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of mind and body.	163 6 8	70 4 0	11 April, 1900	
Do.	Lawrence Conway, .	Tailor, ...	70	20 $\frac{5}{12}$	Old age, ...	52 0 0	26 0 0	11 April, 1901	
Westport .	James Walsh . .	Master	61 $\frac{3}{4}$	20 $\frac{1}{4}$	do.	84 0 0	65 0 0	1 Mar. 1888	
Do. . . .	Alexander Johnston	Medical Officer of Dispensary District.	64	67 $\frac{5}{12}$	Age and length of service,	166 16 6	112 12 2	2 April, 1900	
Do . . .	Sarah Joyce, .	Midwife of Dispensary District.	46 $\frac{5}{12}$	17 $\frac{7}{12}$	Permanent infirmity of body.	20 0 0	5 0 0	27 Nov 1900	
Wexford . . .	Jane Stone .	Fever Hospital Nurse .	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	44	Age and length of service	50 0 0	36 6 0	16 Aug 1899	
Do. . .	Bridget Scallan .	Matron	72 $\frac{3}{4}$	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	56 2 0	24 4 6	1 Sept. 1899	
Youghal . . .	Catherine Russell, .	Caretaker of Industrial School Buildings.	60	36 $\frac{1}{12}$	Abolition of Office, .	61 4 0	26 16 0	23 Aug. 1901	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24. C.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.—RURAL DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Rural District. 1.	Name of Officer. 2.	Office. 3.	Age, Years. 4.	Period of service. 5.	Cause of retirement. 6.	Annual Salary 7.	Superannuation allowance. 8.	Date of Consent of Local Government Board. 9.	Date of termination of allowance, if terminated. 10.
						£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Abbeyleix	Henry N. Dudley	Medical Officer of Health	58	19 4/12	Permanent infirmity of mind	90 0 0	9 17 0	29 June, 1900	
Ardee, No. 1	Thomas Powderley	Sanitary Sub-Officer	72	20 11/12	Old age	10 0 0	9 0 0	3 Mar. 1902	
Ballinrobe	Edward McGuire	Medical Officer of Health	70 1/12	42 2/12	Age and length of service	25 0 0	16 19 4	14 Dec. 1901	
Ballycastle	Charles M'Caughan	Executive Sanitary Officer.	59 1/12	30 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	12 10 0	6 17 0	19 Mar. 1901	
Castleberg	Andrew T. Love	Medical Officer of Health	49 2/12	21 3/12	do.	13 0 0	9 0 0	29 Aug. 1900	
Castlereagh	James Irvine	do.	58 2/12	20 11/12	do.	4 0 0	2 12 0	11 Mar. 1902	
Delvin	James King	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	70	44 11/12	Age and length of service	72 10 0	48 4 8	21 Feb. 1901	
North Dublin	William Greene	Medical Officer of Health	39 5/12	9 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	15 0 0	9 19 0	9 Mar. 1901	
Enniscorthy	Jerome Murphy	Sanitary Sub-Officer	69 5/12	27 1/12	do.	12 10 0	8 0 0	22 Oct. 1900	
Granard, No. 1	Garrett Farrell	do.	70	29	Old age	90 0 0	10 13 4	17 Aug. 1901	
Kenmare	Francis G. Mayberry	Medical Officer of Health	59 2/12	29	Permanent infirmity of body	99 0 0	19 16 8	10 Dec. 1900	
Killala	Edward A. Mullins	do.	60 4/12	19 2/12	do.	20 0 0	7 0 0	19 Jan. 1901	
Larne	William Hay	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer.	70 1/12	29 1/12	Age and length of service	54 0 10	39 8 7	13 Dec. 1901	24 Dec. 1901
Loughrea	Patrick M. Egan	do.	63 4/12	36	Old age	40 0 0	24 0 0	31 Aug. 1900	
Monaghan	Robert W. Stewart.	Medical Officer of Health,	57	30	Permanent infirmity of body	15 0 0	10 0 0	20 Jan. 1902	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Mountbellew	Patrick Carr	Sanitary Sub-Officer	57 3/12	31 1/12	do.	15 6 0		10 0 0		20 Apl 1901	
Naas [No. 1	Peter Farrelly	do.	81	12 5/12	do.	11 10 1		8 11 0		24 Aug 1901	
Do.	William Farrell	Executive Sanitary Officer	81	29 7/12	Old age	18 0 0		5 18 0		9 Dec. 1901	
Omagh	William L. Crawford	Sanitary Sub-Officer	52	29 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body.	50 15 7		14 0 0		28 May 1901	
Reserve, No. 1	Richard Austin	do.	74	38 7/12	Age and length of service	6 15 0		2 15 0		9 Aug 1900	
Reserve, No 2	do.	do.				8 15 0		1 11 0		9 Aug. 1900	
Reserve, No. 3	do.	do.				0 17 0		0 7 1		9 Aug. 1950	
Strabane, No. 1	Samuel Ewing	do.	72 11/12	20	Old age	60 0 0		35 0 0		31 May 1901	
Tobercurry	James Donohoe	Clerk and Executive Sanitary Officer	70	51 1/12	Age and length of service	60 0 0		40 0 0		27 Mar 1902	
Trim	Laurence M. Sheridan	Clerk	58 1/12	36 11/12	Permanent infirmity of body	104 5 4		50 0 0		29 Apl. 1901	
Do.	Bernard Fitzpatrick	Sanitary Sub-Officer	45 4/12	16 4/12	do.	11 13 0		0 8 4		9 July 1901	
Do.	Edward Higgins	do.	80 7/12	27	do.	11 10 0		5 15 0		30 Jan. 1902	
Tuam	Thomas Healy	do.	70 5/12	38 5/12	Old age	10 0 0		8 10 0		11 Oct. 1900	
Do	John Fure	do.	54 4/12	18 1/12	Permanent infirmity of body	10 15 0		5 0 0		22 Aug. 1901	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 24 D.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES of the officers of the late office of the Dublin Collector-General of Rates which were in force during any portion of the year ended the 31st of March, 1902.

(a.) In respect of offices abolished by Section 66 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898.

County and County Borough.	Name of Officer.	Office.	Annual Superannuation Allowance.	Date of termination of Allowance, if terminated.
			£ s. d.	
Dublin,	Henry R. Perry,	Collector-General,	466 13 4	
"	John K. Rogerson,	Chief Clerk,	368 5 8	
"	James Hurford,	Clerk,	272 5 0	
"	James V. Coyle,	"	240 12 8	
"	Charles G. Warner,	"	172 17 9	
"	William H. Hillyard,	"	186 1 9	
"	William C. Jeffs,	"	164 4 5	
"	Alexander J. Henry,	"	93 7 10	
"	Robert A. Boyd,	"	93 7 10	
"	William Dingle,	Office Keeper,	61 5 6	
"	Andrew W. Ferguson,	Messenger,	38 14 2	
"	Mary Dingle,	Housekeeper,	24 0 0	
"	William Mooney,	Solicitor,	103 6 8	
"	George Wilkinson,	Collector,	324 19 0	
"	Robert A. Dunlop,	"	262 7 4	
"	Robert J. Henchy,	"	245 13 4	
"	James K. Murray,	"	112 9 10	
"	John Phelan,	"	34 8 8	
"	James Sheridan,	"	17 1 8	
"	George Deacon,	"	17 1 8	
"	John Curtin,	Warrant Officer	14 13 4	

(b.) Payable under previous Acts.

"	Michael Bannon,	Collector,	100 0 0	
"	Radulph L. Lambart,	"	124 13 0	
"	Henry T. Hunt,	"	103 0 0	
"	Robert J. Henchy,	"	311 0 1	
"	Hugh M'Intyre,	"	333 8 10	
"	Charles W. Hanlon,	Clerk,	319 11 8	
"	Charles J. M'Neill,	"	180 8 4	
"	Richard G Pilkington,	Inspector,	133 6 8	
"	James T. A. Crofton,	Collector,	342 16 1	
"	Frederick A. Buckley,	"	325 12 4	
"	John S. Joyce,	"	132 2 4	
"	William F. Wilkinson,	"	287 12 10	
"	Edward G. Cotter,	"	289 9 2	26th April, 1901.
"	Henry D. Dowman,	"	297 11 0	
"	William Mooney,	Solicitor,	376 16 9	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDIX F.

TABULAR RETURNS IN CONNECTION WITH RELIEF UNDER THE MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT, 14 and 15 Vic., chap. 68.

[NOTE.—In the following tables the Unions are placed in the Counties and Provinces in which the chief or central place of each is situate. There are several cases, however, in which a Union extends beyond the limits of the County in which it is placed, and in each such case the name or names of the additional County or Counties into which it extends will be found in column 1 of table 2.]

An index to the Dispensary Districts is given at the end of the tables.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

APPENDIX F.

TABLE No. 1.

STATEMENT of ALTERATIONS in DISPENSARY DISTRICTS of Unions in Ireland to the 31st March, 1902, according to the Orders issued in pursuance of sec. 6 of 14 and 15 Vic., chap. 68:—(from the completion of Table No. 1, Appendix F, in the twenty-ninth annual Report).

UNIONS. 1.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS. 2.	Districts abolished. 3.	New Districts. 4.	No. of Medical Officers authorized. 5.	No. of Apothecaries or Pharmaceutical Chemists. 6.	No. of Midwives. 7.	Date of Order. 8.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.							
ANTRIM, .	Crumlin, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	16th August, 1901.
BAILIEBOROUGH, .	Tarmon, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	4th April, 1901.
BALLYSHANNON, .	Belleek, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	29th April, 1901.
COOTEHILL, . .	Cootehill . . .	–	–	–	–	1	7th January, 1902.
	Dawsongrove, . .	–	–	–	–	1	7th January, 1902.
DUNGANNON, . .	Caledon and Ballymagran.	–	–	–	–	1	26th June, 1901.
GLENTIES, . .	Carrick, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	7th January, 1902.
	Doocharry, . .	–	–	–	–	1	28th October, 1901.
	Dungloe, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	28th August, 1901.
INISHOWEN, . .	Malin, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	19th March, 1902.
MONAGHAN, . .	Bragan and Glaslough.	2	–	–	–	–	18th March, 1902.
	Emyvale, . . .	–	1	1	–	2	
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.							
CAHEROIVEEN, .	Glanbehy, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	12th October, 1901.
CORK, ...	Carrigaline, . .	–	–	–	–	1	15th March, 1902.
CROOM, . . .	Castletown, . .	–	–	–	–	1	3rd March, 1902.
MALLOW, . . .	Ballyclogh, . .	–	–	–	–	1	29th April, 1901.
	Rahan, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	29th May, 1901.
RATHKEALE, . .	Askeaton, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	11th February, 1902.
	Pallaskenry, . .	–	–	–	–	1	11th February, 1902.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.							
RATHDRUM, . .	Wicklow, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	6th September, 1901.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 1.—STATEMENT of ALTERATIONS in DISPENSARY DISTRICTS of Unions in Ireland to the 31st March, 1902, according to the Orders issued in pursuance of sec. 6 of 14 and 15 Vic., chap. 68:—(from the completion of Table No. 1, Appendix F, in the twenty-ninth annual Report)—*continued.*

UNIONS. 1.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS. 2.	Districts abolished. 3.	New Districts. 4.	No. of Medical Officers authorized. 5.	No. of Apothecaries or Pharmaceutical Chemists. 6.	No. of Midwives. 7.	Date of Order. 8.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.							
BALLINASLOE, . .	Ballinasloe, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	23rd January, 1902.
CARRICK-ON-SHANNON.	Aughrim, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	13th February, 1902.
GALWAY, . . .	Galway, ...	–	–	–	–	1	8th March, 1902.
SWINEFORD, . .	Kilkelly, . . .	–	–	–	–	1	3rd February, 1902.

SUMMARY OF DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, BY PROVINCES, AS ALTERED BY THE FOREGOING TABLE UP TO THE 31st MARCH, 1902.

PROVINCES.	Number of unions.	Number of dispensary districts.	Population 1901.	Area in statute acres.	Poor Law Valuation in 1902.	Number of Medical Officers.	Number of apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Number of midwives.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
					£			
ULSTER, . .	43	222	1,582,826	5,322,534	5,119,128	238	7	142
MUNSTER, . .	49	216	1,076,188	5,955,027	3,518,355	232	21	134
LEINSTER, . .	39	207	1,152,829	4,839,572	4,980,249	228	15	199
CONNAUGHT, .	28	101	646,932	4,228,195	1,386,544	112	4	55
Total Ireland, .	159	746	4,458,775	*20,345,328	15,004,276	810	47	530

* Exclusive of 487,419 acres under the larger rivers, lakes, and tideways.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLE No. 2.—FINANCIAL and RELIEF RETURNS.—LIST of all DISPENSARY DIS- showing the NUMBER of DISPENSARIES in each, and the EXPENSES of each dis- for the same year,—of the NUMBER of CASES of MEDICAL RELIEF afforded to TICKETS for medical relief cancelled under § 9 of the Act; number of cases of attendance of Medical Officers in BRIDEWELLS or houses of correction.

NOTES ON

Columns 1, 2, 6, 7, and 8, inclusive, are abstracted from the Orders of the Poor Law Commissioners
Columns 3 and 4 are taken from the Reports of the Census Commissioners.
Columns 5, and 9 to 20, inclusive, are abstracted from returns received from the Clerks of unions.
Columns 21 to 27, inclusive, are abstracted from returns received from the Medical Officers of
Column 10.—In various instances in which rent does not appear in this table as part of the annual
former system, or in a court-house, or other public building, the use of which is obtained by the Guardians
also the dispensary is the property of the Guardians, having been built by means of a loan obtained
Columns 6, 12, and 13.—In some instances two dispensary districts, in the same or in different but

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.										
COUNTY OF ANTRIM.								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
ANTRIM, . .	1. Antrim, . .	14,579	5,856	1	1	–	–	53 11 0	10 10 0	–
	2. Connor, . .	21,610	3,636	1	1	–	–	10 8 4	12 0 0	–
	3. Crumlin, .	23,848	3,802	1	1	–	1	19 6 7	6 0 0	–
	4. Doagh, . .	15,292	7,157	2	1	–	–	11 15 0	8 0 0	0 8 8
	5. Randalstown,	20,625	5,329	1	1	–	–	44 11 11	–	–
	6. Templepatrick	21,173	4,132	1	1	–	–	18 8 10	5 0 0	–
		117,127	29,47	7	6	–	1	163 18 8	39 10 0	0 5 8
BALLYCASTLE, .	1. Ballycastle, .	45,206	5,772	2	1	–	–	59 0 2	9 0 0	1 13 9
	2. Croagh, . .	22,665	4,050	1	1	–	–	32 18 9	–	1 13 1
	3. Cushendall, .	34,320	2,864	2	1	–	1	27 7 0	15 0 0	8 0 0
		102,197	12,686	5	3	–	1	119 0 8	24 0 0	8 6 10
BALLYMENA, .	1. Ahoghill, .	14,360	8,015	1	1	–	–	45 0 10	4 10 0	0 3 9
	2. Ballymena, .	8,282	13,375	1	1	1	1	57 8 0	3 0 0	0 12 2
	3. Broughshane,	30,066	5,077	2	1	–	–	22 15 8	14 0 0	0 8 9
	4. Clogh, . .	26,925	8,277	1	1	–	–	9 2 8	10 10 0	0 3 8
	5. Galgorm, .	15,898	7,592	3	1	–	–	53 15 1	18 0 0	0 3 8
	6. Glenwhirry, .	32,711	4,846	2	1	–	–	20 10 8	8 0 0	0 3 8
	7. Portglenone, .	17,205	6,193	2	1	–	–	19 2 1	12 18 6	0 3 9
	8. Toome, . .	15,715	4,707	2	1	–	–	65 4 10	4 5 0	3 19 0
		161,162	53,082	14	8	1	1	292 18 0	73 3 8	5 13 8

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TRICTS in the several Unions in Ireland (arranged in Provinces and Counties);—
pensary district for the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902; with a RETURN,—
patients at dispensaries and at their own homes, respectively; the number of
of VACCINATION; number of DANGEROUS LUNATICS certified; and number of days

---

TABLE NO. 2.

or of the LocalGovernment Board.

dispensary districts.
expenses, the dispensary nf the district is held in a house which was used for a dispensary nnder the
for the purpose, or in a house granted by the proprietor, rent free, or at a nominal rent. In some cases
nnder the Dispensary Houses (Ireland) Ac t, 1879.
adjoining unions, are attended by the same medical officer.

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 [illegible]	9 9 0	–	–	0 12 0	16 7 6	–	0 3 8	199 13 2	648	321	969	–	66	2	–
92 10 [illegible]	5 5 [illegible]	–	–	9 4 0	2 0 0	–	0 19 6	138 6 10	203	96	299	–	90	–	–
84 19 9	4 4 0	–	–	6 12 0	3 17 6	500 0 0	24 0 0	648 19 10	359	263	622	–	76	4	–
92 10 [illegible]	4 4 [illegible]	–	–	16 13 0	4 0 0	–	11 6 3	146 13 9	404	230	634	–	167	–	–
100 0 0	0 5 0	–	–	18 8 0	1 0 0	–	8 1 8	172 4 2	524	256	780	–	134	8	–
92 10 0	2 2 0	–	–	9 8 0	2 17 0	–	5 14 6	135 17 10	157	198	355	–	91	–	–
562 9 9	30 9 0	–	–	61 15 0	27 2 6	500 0 0	66 5 2	1,441 15 7	2,295	1,364	3,659	–	627	9	–
155 0 0	7 7 0	–	–	6 12 0	0 6 0	–	11 12 8	250 13 7	522	278	800	–	133	6	–
120 0 0	7 7 0	–	–	0 8 0	–	–	8 17 0	177 3 10	205	158	363	–	82	–	–
108 14 0	27 19 6	–	–	4 16 0	1 17 0	–	13 6 11	202 1 4	94	115	209	–	82	2	–
383 14 0	42 13 [illegible]	–	–	7 16 0	2 5 0	–	33 16 7	629 18 9	821	551	1,372	–	297	6	–
90 0 0	–	–	–	12 10 0	0 9 0	–	0 18 6	159 18 1	438	364	802	–	128	–	–
190 0 0	5 14 0	55 15 0	25 0 0	35 4 0	2 8 0	–	15 10 10	300 11 0	1,890	658	2,548	–	375	14	–
90 0 [illegible]	33 12 0	–	–	8 0 0	–	–	3 4 4	171 15 7	530	182	712	–	99	1	–
90 0 0	0 6 0	–	–	11 16 0	0 13 0	–	6 4 4	134 15 6	179	87	266	–	134	–	–
90 0 [illegible]	–	–	–	18 4 0	0 16 0	–	9 9 5	190 8 2	463	244	707	–	177	–	–
90 0 [illegible]	4 4 0	–	–	12 0 0	–	–	6 13 1	139 11 5	172	130	302	–	121	–	–
90 0 [illegible]	4 4 0	–	–	10 16 0	0 16 0	–	6 1 7	144 3 11	526	324	[illegible]	–	189	2	–
97 6 0	4 4 0	–	–	8 2 0	1 8 0	–	12 8 4	196 14 2	477	191	668	–	80	–	–
737 3 [illegible]	4 4 0	55 15 0	25 0 0	116 18 0	0 12 6	–	66 10 5	1,437 17 10	4,675	2,180	6,855	–	1253	17	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF ANTRIM—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
BALLYMONEY, .	1. Ballymoney,	21,031	7,524	1	1	–	–	33 17 5	–	0 9 1
	2. Castlequarter,	35,831	4,643	1	1	–	1	39 11 7	15 0 0	0 9 0
	3. Dervock, .	20,719	3,847	1	1	–	–	29 15 10	6 0 0	0 9 0
	4. Dirraw, .	25,972	6,181	2	1	–	–	37 0 11	10 13 4	0 18 5
	5. Portrush and Bushmills, .	16,579	5,981	2	2	–	–	39 3 6	18 0 0	1 11 0
		121,132	28,276	7	6	–	1	170 9 3	49 13 4	3 13 6
*BELFAST, . . (Also in Co. Down.)	1. Belfast Rural,	22,087	11,041	7	11	3	7	641 8 9	175 16 7	100 12 10
	2. Belfast Urban.	14,716	349,180							
	3. Castlereagh, .	12,603	8,045	3	4	1	3	215 18 5	72 0 0	32 12 5
		49,400	368,266	10	15	4	10	857 7 2	247 16 7	133 5 3
LARNE, .	1. Ballycarry, .	14,214	4,073	2	1	–	–	—	16 10 0	–
	2. Ballynure. .	20,307	3,851	1	1	–	–	8 19 3	2 0 0	–
	3. Carrickfergus,	10,702	8,528	1	1	–	1	24 14 6	12 12 0	–
	4. Glenarm, .	36,212	5,219	2	2	–	1	47 1 0	14 0 0	–
	5. Larne, . .	30,366	11,358	1	1	–	–	24 10 10	–	–
		117,801	33,020	7	6	–	2	105 5 9	45 2 0	–
LISBURN, . . (Also in Co. Down.)	1. Annahilt, .	17,347	3,925	1	1	–	–	11 11 1	10 0 0	–
	2. Ballylesson, .	11,961	4,296	1	1	–	–	9 16 5	10 10 0	–
	3. Drumbeg, .	10,379	4,104	1	1	–	–	20 2 9	1 10 0	–
	4. Dunmurry, .	8,953	5,512	1	1	–	–	21 0 4	12 0 0	–
	5. Glenavy, .	19,173	3,417	3	1	–	–	27 13 11	15 0 0	–
	6. Hillsborough,	16,777	5,887	1	1	–	–	21 12 2	15 0 0	–
	7. Knocknadona,	10,525	3,866	3	1	–	–	15 8 9	12 0 0	–
	8. Lisburn, . .	3,055	12,465	1	1	–	1	40 13 6	30 0 0	–
	9. Saintfield, .	12,571	2,991	1	1	–	–	24 11 11	9 0 0	–
		119,041	46,463	13	9	–	1	192 11 0	115 0 0	–
COUNTY OF ARMAGH.										
ARMAGH, . .	1. Armagh, .	13,764	12,693	3	1	–	1	53 5 5	7 0 0	2 0 2
	2. Blackwatertown, . .	16,815	4,231	2	1	–	1	14 5 9	23 6 0	2 0 1
	3. Keady, . .	35,932	9,677	4	1	–	1	14 5 3	7 0 0	2 0 2
	4. Loughgall, .	18,058	6,549	4	1	–	1	13 8 0	12 0 0	3 2 8
	5. Markethill, .	25,361	6,155	4	1	–	1	28 13 5	9 0 0	2 0 1
	6. Rich Hill, .	16,888	4,616	2	1	–	1	24 10 1	6 0 0	3 14 11
	7. Tynan, . .	19,760	3,932	3	1	–	1	31 6 3	10 10 0	2 9 3
		146,573	46,856	22	7	–	7	179 9 7	74 16 0	22 7 4

* Belfast Union—Belfast Rural and Belfast Urban Dispensary Districts.—The figures
Do. Belfast Urban and Castlereagh Dispensary Districts.—The figures

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Relief afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ended 31st March, 1902.										Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 31st March, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1875.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any local Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for year ended 31st March, 1902.		Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.															
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
120 0 0	25 4 0	–	–	16 16 [illegible]	1 13 4	–	11 3 10	211 5 8		814	594	1,406	–	198	1	5
100 0 0	8 6 0	–	15 0 0	7 14 0	1 13 4	–	9 10 11	197 6 10		288	244	532	–	80	1	–
100 0 0	5 5 0	–	–	8 6 0	1 13 4	–	9 8 1	160 15 3		285	204	489	–	83	4	–
100 0 0	7 15 0	–	–	17 12 0	1 13 4	–	11 10 8	187 12 8		258	147	405	–	170	4	–
150 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	32 12 3	3 8 8	–	10 14 4	267 19 9		607	394	1,001	–	471	4	–
570 0 0	59 4 0	–	15 0 0	85 9 3	10 0 0	–	52 14 10	1,025 0 2		2,252	1,583	3,835	–	1002	14	5
1187 10 0	106 11 0	507 10 0	218 14 7	515 10 0	45 9 6	–	552 9 4	4,052 5 7		985	506	1,491	–	223	5	–
										33236	12427	45663	5	6385	42	–
449 15 7	64 4 11	145 0 0	80 7 0	139 18 0	17 17 6	–	153 19 7	1,371 13 5		503	362	865	–	90	–	–
1637 5 7	170 15 11	652 10 0	300 1 7	655 8 0	63 0 0	–	706 8 11	5,423 19 0		34724	13295	48019	5	6698	47	–
80 0 0	–	–	–	5 4 0	–	–	15 19 6	116 13 6		14	46	60	–	76	–	–
80 0 0	–	–	–	11 2 0	–	–	11 19 9	114 1 0		117	61	198	–	90	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	10 0 0	15 5 8	–	–	17 8 4	180 0 8		690	172	862	–	106	3	–
119 6 3	22 0 0	–	–	19 16 0	–	–	12 7 1	227 12 4		112	64	176	–	145	–	–
100 0 0	2 3 1[illegible]	–	–	40 4 0	9 0 0	–	14 17 4	190 16 0		998	307	1,305	–	318	1	–
479 6 3	24 3 10	–	10 0 0	85 13 6	9 0 0	–	72 12 0	831 3 6		1,931	670	2,601	–	735	4	–
100 0 0	3 3 0	–	–	17 4 0	–	–	9 4 2	151 2 3		116	54	170	–	180	–	–
100 0 0	3 8 0	–	–	5 12 0	1 0 0	–	0 4 3	139 5 8		210	228	438	–	77	–	–
75 0 0	–	–	–	6 8 0	1 0 0	749 9 7	36 13 0	892 3 4		238	205	443	–	94	–	–
86 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	13 12 0	–	–	13 0 8	151 19 0		354	2[illegible]	589	–	143	–	–
100 0 0	10 17 0	–	–	14 14 0	–	–	4 8 3	172 11 2		180	[illegible]	230	–	146	–	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	5 18 0	–	–	5 18 3	154 12 5		254	215	469	–	109	1	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	5 19 0	–	–	15 5 1	148 5 10		196	154	350	–	51	–	–
86 0 0	6 6 0	–	31 5 0	[illegible] 6 0	1 0 0	–	11 4 8	232 15 4		1,944	634	1,376	2	263	6	–
75 0 0	7 7 0	–	–	24 8 0	–	–	15 3 3	156 10 2		363	168	531	–	248	1	–
822 0 0	43 6 0	–	31 5 0	121 14 0	3 0 0	749 9 7	120 17 7	2199 5 2		3,155	1,943	5,098	2	1314	5	–
152 9 4	8 8 0	–	[illegible] 6 3	17 18 0	4 0 0	–	25 4 8	295 13 5		2,178	345	2,523	1	196	1	–
121 19 5	–	–	15 3 3	9 0 0	6 0 0	–	5 17 4	198 11 10		421	201	622	–	93	1	–
121 19 5	3 3 0	–	22 1 7	19 14 [illegible]	1 10 0	–	9 2 10	200 16 8		458	112	570	–	194	3	–
121 19 5	9 9 0	–	20 6 7	11 14 [illegible]	4 10 0	–	6 6 8	204 8 4		137	113	250	1	128	–	–
121 19 5	4 4 0	–	26 1 6	12 18 [illegible]	2 5 0	–	10 14 5	217 15 10		280	220	500	–	122	1	–
121 19 5	5 2 0	–	25 15 0	3 6 0	2 0 0	670 14 0	6 4 3	574 5 8		300	119	419	–	45	5	–
121 19 5	6 6 0	–	15 0 [illegible]	7 14 0	2 0 0	–	7 9 5	204 14 4		325	141	466	–	115	–	–
884 5 10	36 12 0	–	149 16 2	82 4 0	22 5 0	670 14 0	73 16 2	2,196 6 [illegible]		4,099	1,251	5,350	2	894	9	–

given in columns 5 to 20, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.
given in columns 5 to 20, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF ARMAGH—*con.*										
LURGAN, . . (Also in Cos. Antrim and Down.)	1. Aghalee, ,	12,317	3,244	1	1	–	–	16 16 10	–	4 11 7
	2. Lurgan, .	14,467	17,808	2	2	–	1	99 14 0	–	4 11 9
	3. Moira, . .	15,441	4,986	1	1	–	–	24 5 8	10 0 0	4 11 9
	4. Portadown, .	11,721	15,620	1	1	–	1	70 9 0	18 0 0	4 11 9
	5. Tartaraghan,	14,145	6,024	1	1	–	–	16 14 9	11 6 8	4 11 9
	6. Waringstown,	11,852	6,036	1	1	–	–	15 16 5	14 0 0	4 11 0
		79,943	53,718	7	7	–	2	234 10 8	53 0 8	27 10 4
COUNTY OF CAVAN.										
BAILIEBORO',	1. Bailieborough	26,069	5,893	1	1	–	1	32 13 3	8 0 0	0 0 4
	2. Kingscourt, .	13,107	2,756	1	1	–	1	57 14 10	8 0 0	0 0 3
	3. Shercock, .	11,276	2,459	1	1	–	–	21 5 10	8 0 0	0 0 3
	4. Termon, . .	21,560	4,402	3	1	–	1	45 11 1	15 0 0	0 17 9
		71,952	15,510	6	4	–	3	157 6 0	39 0 0	0 18 7
BAWNBOY, . (Also in Co. Leitrim.)	1. Ballinamore,	26,005	5,873	1	1	–	1	24 13 11	10 0 0	–
	2. Ballyconnell,	30,694	4,853	1	1	–	–	24 0 1	9 0 0	–
	3. Newtowngore No. 1, . .	16,183	3,014	1	1	–	–	10 18 11	7 10 0	–
	4. Newtowngore No. 2, . .	2,313	328							
	5. Swanlinbar, .	28,901	4,392	2	1	–	1	20 13 0	13 10 0	–
		104,696	18,460	5	4	–	2	80 9 11	40 0 0	–
CAVAN, . .	1. Arvagh, . .	17,074	4,381	1	1	–	–	18 14 5	7 10 0	0 19 11
	2. Ballyhaise, .	19,789	3,770	1	1	–	1	28 2 0	9 0 0	1 11 11
	3. Bellananagh,	22,043	5,017	1	1	–	1	29 0 6	6 0 0	0 19 11
	4. Belturbet, .	21,022	4,892	1	1	–	1	20 10 1	–	0 19 10
	5. Cavan, . .	21,028	6,483	1	1	–	1	7 10 8	16 0 0	1 0 0
	5. Killeshandra,	17,027	3,280	1	1	–	1	13 7 4	6 15 0	0 19 10
	7. Kilnaleck, .	21,246	4,621	1	1	–	–	15 2 0	6 0 0	4 3 11
	8. Stradone, .	21,245	4,549	1	1	–	1	27 2 7	6 10 0	1 19 4
		161,074	36,993	8	8	–	6	160 2 4	57 15 0	12 14 8
COOTEHILL, . (Also in Co. Monaghan.)	1. Cootehill, .	21,216	5,815	2	1	–	1	33 13 7	16 10 0	–
	2. Dawsongrove,	28,236	4,941	1	1	–	1	41 9 2	12 0 0	–
	3. Drum No. 1, .	8,226	1,479	1	1	–	–	25 9 0	5 0 0	–
	4. Drum No. 2, .	21,513	4,320	1				24 4 2	10 0 0	–
	5. Tullyvin, .	20,653	5,499	2	1	–	1	43 16 0	15 10 0	–
		105,844	21,854	7	4	–	3	168 12 5	59 0 0	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.														MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.					Vaccination Expenses.									Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.																				
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	6 5 0	-	-	5 12 0	5 5 4	-	15 13 11	153 4 8	273	209	482	-	73	-	-
233 0 0	21 0 0	-	28 0 0	43 4 0	5 5 4	-	56 5 10	482 0 11	2,134	921	3,055	2	418	11	-
106 0 0	8 3 0	-	-	17 6 0	5 5 4	-	6 17 2	177 8 11	196	235	431	-	119	4	-
80 0 0	17 17 0	-	22 10 0	17 18 0	5 5 4	-	23 19 8	260 10 9	1,679	1,281	2,940	1	179	10	-
100 0 0	6 6 0	-	-	8 14 0	5 5 4		11 1 7	164 0 1	201	126	327	-	125	3	-
100 0 0	6 18 0	-	-	10 16 0	5 5 4	-	12 4 4	169 10 4	310	275	585	1	110	3	-
719 0 0	60 7 6	-	50 10 0	103 10 0	31 12 0	-	126 2 6	1,406 15 8	4,793	3,027	7,820	4	1024	31	-
92 0 0	17 17 0	-	25 0 0	9 2 0	3 3 0	-	7 16 0	195 11 7	356	196	552	-	106	6	-
90 0 0	13 13 0	-	25 0 0	5 14 0	3 3 0	-	7 15 0	211 0 1	681	80	761	-	72	1	-
90 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	4 8 0	3 3 0	-	8 16 0	143 6 1	126	69	195	-	54	1	-
100 0 0	9 9 0	-	17 1 9	5 12 0	3 3 0	-	6 6 0	203 0 7	252	107	359	-	90	-	-
372 0 0	53 11 0	-	67 1 9	24 16 0	12 12 [illegible]	-	25 13 0	752 18 4	1,415	452	1,867	-	322	8	-
105 0 0	2 2 0	-	-	-	0 10 0	-	7 0 0	149 5 11	76	87	163	-	117	6	-
60 0 0	8 8 0	-	-	10 18 0	1 1 0	.	8 17 0	152 11 1	119	108	227	1	135	1	-
90 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	9 14 0	-	-	6 8 [illegible]	136 17 11	83	83	166	-	135	2	-
90 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	32 0 0	-	-	6 13 [illegible]	175 8 0	65	50	115	-	128	1	-
375 0 0	35 14 0	-	-	52 10 0	1 11 0	-	28 18 0	614 2 11	343	328	671	1	515	10	-
100 0 0	6 6 0	-	-	8 18 0	1 10 0	-	4 10 0	148 6 4	143	103	246	-	124	-	-
100 0 0	6 6 0	-	20 0 0	3 14 0	0 15 0	-	6 5 5	175 15 1	95	77	172	-	73	-	-
100 0 0	5 5 0	-	20 0 0	8 18 0	-	-	5 10 0	175 19 5	236	118	354	-	97	-	-
100 0 0	-	-	20 0 0	9 14 0	0 15 0	-	7 3 8	159 8 7	508	178	686	-	118	3	-
120 0 0	6 8 0	-	25 0 0	5 16 0	-	-	2 4 9	183 17 5	230	259	489	-	94	15	-
100 0 0	8 0 0	-	25 0 0	7 6 0	-	-	5 6 10	165 1 0	209	163	372	-	74	4	-
100 0 0	28 7 0	-	-	2 14 0	1 2 6	-	10 3 0	167 12 5	129	62	191	-	64	5	-
100 0 0	6 8 0	-	-	7 18 0	-	-	5 8 [illegible]	155 4 7	130	43	173	-	75	-	-
820 0 0	65 2 0	-	110 0 0	54 16 0	4 2 6	-	46 12 [illegible]	1,331 4 10	1,680	1,003	2,683	-	719	27	-
91 0 0	33 12 0	-	13 6 2	13 8 0	4 5 0	-	19 12 9	225 7 6	240	206	446	-	89	3	-
100 0 0	25 4 0	-	-	6 0 0	1 17 0	-	0 6 [illegible]	136 16 5	177	100	277	1	62	3	-
33 8 8	4 4 0	-	-	2 16 0	1 1 0	-	2 1 3	73 17 11	50	25	75	-	36	1	-
66 13 4	8 8 0	-	-	8 18 0	4 9 0	-	2 7 6	123 0 0	155	105	260	2	72	5	-
86 3 9	50 8 0	-	7 0 2	5 4 0	3 15 0	-	4 19 3	216 16 8	130	83	213	-	84	1	-
377 3 9	121 16 0	-	20 6 4	34 6 0	15 7 0	-	29 7 0	825 18 6	752	519	1,271	3	343	13	-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF DONEGAL.								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
BALLYSHANNON, . . (Also in Co. Fermanagh and Leitrim.)	1. Ballintra, .	18,067	2,058	1	1	–	–	17 11 11	–	–
	2. Ballyshannon,	25,440	7,127	1	1	–	1	47 14 1	–	–
	3. Belleek, . .	31,687	4,374	1	1	–	1	10 14 2	12 0 0	–
	4. Church Hill, .	26,709	1,813	2	1	–	–	21 18 1	8 0 0	–
	5. Kinlough, .	32,425	5,229	1	1	–	–	60 6 9	46 10 0	–
		132,328	20,601	8	5	–	2	167 5 0	66 10 0	–
DONEGAL, . .	1. Donegal, .	43,421	5,279	1	1	–	1	41 10 9	–	–
	2. Dunkineely, .	17,561	3,690	1	1	–	1	19 0 5	8 10 0	–
	3. Lahy, . .	29,492	3,857	1	1	–	1	22 16 4	7 10 0	–
	4. Mountcharles,	33,930	5,416	1	1	–	1	17 14 8	8 0 0	–
	5. Pettigo, . .	36,007	2,238	1	1	–	–	14 17 1	5 0 0	–
		160,411	20,480	5	5	–	4	118 8 3	27 0 0	–
DUNFANAGHY,	1. Crossroads, .	93,463	11,074	2	2	–	1	60 0 4	14 0 0	5 17 8
	2. Dunfanaghy,	32,215	4,707	2	1	–	1	35 11 4	13 0 0	10 11 3
		125,675	15,781	4	3	–	2	95 17 8	27 0 0	18 8 11
GLENTIES,	1. Ardara, . .	44,803	5,003	1	1	–	1	18 8 8	8 0 0	–
	2. Carrick, . .	45,589	5,344	3	1	–	1	50 10 4	17 16 8	3 0 0
	3. Doocharry, ,	49,391	3,819	2	1	–	1	12 3 2	14 0 0	8 0 0
	4. Dungloe, .	51,942	11,382	4	2	–	3	50 2 4	18 1 8	16 0 0
	5. Glenties, .	43,219	3,915	2	1	–	1	48 12 11	0 0 0	–
	6. Killybegs, .	22,530	3,728	2	1	–	2	29 0 10	13 0 0	4 0 0
		257,474	33,191	14	7	–	9	209 7 1	74 18 2	29 0 0
INISHOWEN, .	1. Bunorana, .	35,618	8,031	1	1	–	1	24 5 3	12 0 0	–
	2. Carndonagh, .	36,339	4,762	2	1	–	1	21 11 8	12 0 0	–
	3. Clonmany, .	23,381	4,481	1	1	–	1	16 19 3	5 0 0	–
	4. Malin, . .	26,403	5,763	2	1	–	1	24 7 5	18 0 0	–
	5. Moville, . .	38,877	7,906	2	1	–	1	18 18 4	11 0 0	–
		150,418	28,943	8	5	–	5	106 1 11	58 0 0	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.			Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for year ended 31st March, 1902.							
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	–	–	–	5 2 0	–	–	10 7 11	133 1 10	112	55	17[illegible]	–	49	·	–
95 0 0	11 11 0	–	12 10 0	13 16 0	–	–	81 18 5	215 9 6	463	237	7[illegible]	–	139	5	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	8 16 0	1 0 0	–	19 11 7	161 1 9	136	47	183	–	79	3	–
90 0 0	–	–	–	2 0 0	–	–	10 15 8	132 13 9	67	45	11[illegible]	–	21	–	–
100 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	1 18 [illegible]	–	135 0 0	17 8 1	373 14 10	611	110	721	–	28	3	–
485 0 0	24 3 0	–	12 10 0	31 12 0	1 0 0	135 0 0	93 1 8	1,010 1 8	1,3[illegible]6	494	1,8[illegible]	–	316	11	–
100 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	12 8 0	–	–	–	170 7 9	274	107	381	–	125	7	–
100 0 0	9 11 0	–	23 10 0	8 0 0	–	–	4 4 0	173 1 11	267	126	393	–	101	2	–
100 0 0	11 0 0	–	19 15 10	9 0 0	–	–	4 0 0	174 2 2	476	107	583	–	88	1	–
100 0 0	4 0 0	–	21 0 0	8 2 0	–	–	3 10 0	160 6 8	257	112	369	1	87	–	–
60 0 0	3 3 0	–	–	1 4 0	–	–	2 11 0	86 15 1	61	53	114	–	51	2	–
460 0 0	27 14 0	–	89 5 10	39 0 0	–	–	14 5 6	773 13 7	1,335	505	1,840	1	452	12	–
200 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	31 16 0	0 13 4	–	22 2 1	344 0 5	271	52	323	–	319	6	–
99 19 11	9 9 0	–	30 0 0	11 2 0	0 5 6	–	17 13 8	227 12 8	64	38	102	–	119	3	–
299 19 11	18 18 0	–	30 0 0	43 0 0	0 18 10	–	39 15 9	571 19 1	335	90	425	–	438	9	–
96 7 4	25 4 0	–	10 0 0	12 10 0	0 9 1	–	4 0 5	172 19 4	48	69	117	–	128	1	–
100 0 0	–	–	5 0 0	13 16 0	0 10 0	–	4 4 5	194 17 5	62	50	112	–	139	3	–
100 0 0	–	–	9 7 6	7 8 0	0 14 2	–	4 10 5	154 3 5	330	34	364	–	74	–	–
203 1 2	42 0 0	–	22 13 5	33 16 0	2 4 6	–	15 0 9	405 19 8	352	87	439	–	243	4	–
100 0 0	–	–	30 0 0	7 8 0	–	–	4 10 4	196 11 3	269	60	329	–	51	4	–
100 0 0	18 13 0	–	7 10 0	7 12 0	0 5 2	–	4 10 3	185 5 3	73	56	129	–	68	5	–
702 8 6	86 2 0	–	54 11 1	82 10 0	4 2 11	–	36 16 7	1,309 10 4	1,134	356	1,490	–	703	17	–
120 0 0	11 5 0	–	–	9 10 0	1 10 0	–	4 0 0	182 16 3	240	33	273	–	113	6	–
120 0 0	16 19 0	–	15 0 0	10 14 0	–	–	4 0 0	200 4 8	220	86	306	–	120	11	–
120 0 0	5 6 0	–	–	25 0 0	–	–	6 0 0	178 7 3	154	68	222	1	123	4	–
120 0 0	11 11 0	–	–	9 0 0	0 10 0	–	4 12 0	188 0 6	86	96	182	2	75	6	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	14 16 0	–	–	3 0 0	167 14 4	188	113	301	–	136	7	–
600 0 0	45 3 0	–	15 0 0	69 6 0	2 0 0	–	21 12 0	917 2 11	888	396	1,284	3	567	34	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF DONEGAL—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
LETTERKENNY,	1. Church Hill,	60,137	4,218	1	1	–	1	16 4 8	4 0 0	0 10 1
	2. Letterkenny,	22,490	6,141	1	1	–	1	25 14 2	12 0 0	0 10 1
	3. Manorcunningham,	18,618	2,721	1	1	–	1	20 0 9	–	0 10 0
		101,245	13,080	3	3	–	3	61 19 7	18 0 0	1 10 2
MILFORD,	1. Fannett,	26,817	5,212	1	1	–	1	25 10 0	12 0 0	0 13 5
	2. Kilmacrennan and Milford,	28,658	4,242	2	1	–	–	26 11 9	15 0 0	0 13 4
	3. Rathmelton,	19,553	3,825	1	1	–	1	40 2 5	12 0 0	0 13 5
	4. Rathmullan,	11,838	2,424	1	1	–	–	25 7 5	7 10 0	0 13 4
	5. Rossguill,	24,468	4,556	1	1	–	1	12 5 3	22 10 0	0 13 3
		111,334	20,250	6	5	–	3	129 16 10	69 0 0	3 6 9
STRANORLAR,	1. Cloghan,	53,964	4,573	2	1	–	1	27 10 3	12 0 0	0 7 10
	2. Killygordon,	36,760	3,843	2	1	–	1	26 2 10	14 0 0	0 7 10
	3. Stranorlar,	30,427	5,291	2	1	–	1	28 6 9	14 0 0	0 3 0
		121,151	13,707	6	3	–	3	81 19 10	40 0 0	1 3 8
COUNTY OF DOWN.										
BANBRIDGE, (Also in Co. Armagh.)	1. Ballyward,	24,729	6,186	1	1	–	–	23 8 8	0 4 0	0 8 10
	2. Banbridge,	24,693	14,599	2	1	–	–	38 5 2	26 0 0	0 6 10
	3. Crosgar,	16,269	3,007	2	1	–	–	14 13 3	11 0 0	0 8 10
	4. Dromore,	15,002	0,043	1	1	–	–	19 15 9	10 0 0	0 8 10
	5. Loughbrickland,	26,445	5,471	3	1	–	–	8 18 1	18 10 0	2 10 6
	6. Tandersee,	18,012	6,248	1	1	–	1	49 13 11	13 0 0	2 12 0
		125,150	42,454	10	6	–	1	155 0 10	87 14 0	6 17 10
DOWNPATRICK,	1. Ballynahinch,	28,268	7,284	3	1	–	–	16 5 3	26 10 0	0 19 1
	2. Clough,	23,874	6,230	3	1	–	–	119 12 5	20 0 0	2 5 0
	3. Downpatrick,	18,727	6,513	1	1	–	1	40 14 4	21 4 0	2 1 7
	4. Killough,	17,345	3,609	6	1	–	–	30 6 3	24 15 0	0 19 1
	5. Killyleagh,	25,671	7,449	3	1	–	–	42 0 3	26 0 0	0 19 2
	6. Portaferry,	16,046	4,543	1	1	–	1	44 18 6	17 7 6	0 19 1
	7. Strangford,	17,575	3,236	3	1	–	1	35 11 10	24 17 6	0 19 1
		147,446	38,860	17	7	–	3	322 9 0	160 14 0	10 2 1

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Totals.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	6 2 0	–	25 6 3	7 16 0	–	–	12 6 10	172 7 10	46	43	89	–	79	1	–
100 0 0	10 3 0	–	16 0 0	12 12 9	–	–	4 12 4	181 11 7	264	163	427	–	108	5	–
100 0 0	6 11 0	–	25 0 0	5 0 0	–	–	6 5 10	165 7 7	139	109	248	–	58	–	–
300 0 0	22 16 0	–	66 8 3	25 8 0	–	–	25 5 0	519 7 0	449	315	764	–	245	6	–
100 0 0	3 3 0	–	25 0 0	13 16 0	–	–	7 8 10	187 11 3	109	56	165	–	126	3	–
100 0 0	4 4 0	–	–	8 14 0	–	–	9 13 6	164 16 7	215	105	320	1	93	6	–
100 0 0	13 2 0	–	25 0 0	11 12 0	–	–	7 9 10	209 19 8	367	135	502	–	90	2	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	5 10 0	–	–	5 5 10	150 12 7	67	42	109	–	104	–	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	38 0 0	–	–	6 10 9	186 5 3	297	51	348	–	137	6	–
500 0 0	33 1 0	–	50 0 0	77 12 0	–	–	36 8 9	899 5 4	1,055	389	1,444	1	552	14	–
100 0 0	7 4 0	–	20 0 0	4 6 0	3 3 4	–	0 15 0	175 6 5	101	66	167	–	90	3	–
100 0 0	7 7 0	–	20 0 0	8 1 3	1 13 4	–	–	177 12 3	111	97	208	–	60	1	–
100 0 0	9 2 0	–	20 0 0	12 9 0	2 8 4	–	1 12 0	181 6 1	244	118	362	–	112	5	–
300 0 0	16 13 [illegible]	–	60 0 0	24 16 3	7 5 0	–	2 7 0	534 4 9	456	281	737	–	262	9	–
100 0 0	2 2 [illegible]	–	–	11 2 0	–	–	10 0 6	156 6 0	347	188	535	–	104	–	–
150 0 0	8 8 [illegible]	–	–	10 0 0	–	–	14 17 7	247 19 7	188	369	557	–	110	2	–
100 0 0	4 4 0	–	–	6 16 0	–	–	2 6 11	139 9 0	95	97	192	2	72	1	–
80 0 0	–	–	–	6 12 0	–	–	38 8 10	155 0 5	379	368	747	–	66	2	–
88 6 3	6 6 0	–	–	7 6 0	–	–	9 0 0	140 16 10	143	186	329	–	81	–	–
100 0 0	15 15 0	–	39 13 3	12 6 0	–	–	37 5 9	270 13 11	596	654	1,250	–	126	2	–
618 6 3	36 15 0	–	39 13 3	54 4 0	–	–	111 14 7	1,110 6 9	1,748	1,862	3,610	2	559	7	–
100 0 0	10 10 0	–	–	11 16 0	2 2 11	–	3 10 0	171 13 3	212	255	467	1	143	6	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	10 10 0	2 2 10	–	5 15 11	274 6 2	1,043	323	1,366	–	126	1	–
100 0 0	7 7 0	–	30 0 0	10 10 0	2 2 10	–	12 9 0	226 9 6	194	317	511	–	118	2	–
110 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	0 10 0	2 9 10	–	1 1 5	185 6 7	337	206	543	–	144	1	–
110 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	16 4 0	2 2 11	–	1 7 6	204 19 10	281	161	442	–	153	1	–
100 0 0	1 1 0	–	–	11 16 0	2 2 10	–	1 1 5	179 6 6	422	266	688	1	112	3	–
100 0 0	13 13 0	–	–	6 6 0	2 2 10	–	8 4 5	191 14 8	215	124	339	–	113	3	–
740 0 0	48 6 0	–	30 0 0	73 12 0	16 0 0	–	33 9 6	1,433 13 6	2,704	1,652	4,356	2	908	17	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized: Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year: Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF DOWN—*con.*										
KILKEEL,	1. Bryansford,	21,422	4,824	1	1	–	–	38 16 0	9 0 0	2 5 0
	2. Kilkeel,	47,878	11,624	2	2	–	2	70 11 8	12 6 0	3 19 6
	3. Rostrevor,	12,534	2,683	1	1	–	1	10 11 5	10 0 0	2 5 0
		81,834	19,131	4	4	–	3	119 19 1	31 6 0	6 9 8
*NEWRY, (Also in Co. Armagh.)	1. Ballybot,	5,136	2,374	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	2. Donaghmore,	13,526	2,415	2	1	–	–	11 3 11	10 0 0	–
	3. Forkhill,	11,479	3,206	1	1	–	–	14 0 7	8 10 0	–
	4. Meigh,	13,852	4,482	1	1	–	–	22 10 7	8 0 0	–
	5. Mountnorris,	17,868	3,466	2	1	–	–	3 0 0	15 0 0	–
	6. Mullaghglass,	16,111	7,277	2	1	–	1	10 3 0	9 0 0	–
	7. Newry,	11,418	15,689	1	2	–	1	70 11 9	–	–
	8. Pointzpass,	7,525	1,734	1	1	–	–	18 4 2	8 0 0	–
	9. Rathfriland,	27,834	6,547	2	1	–	–	19 10 7	16 10 0	–
	10. Warrenpoint,	13,222	4,841	2	1	–	1	7 7 1	18 0 0	–
		137,971	52,032	14	10	–	3	177 17 6	93 0 0	–
NEWTOWNARDS,	1. Bangor,	17,017	9,660	1	1	–	–	28 7 4	14 0 0	–
	2. Comber,	16,050	6,370	1	1	–	–	13 17 8	0 0 0	–
	3. Donaghadee,	9,593	5,014	1	1	–	–	21 7 3	7 0 0	–
	4. Grey Abbey,	18,674	5,694	3	1	–	–	57 17 10	16 0 0	–
	5. Kilmood,	14,601	3,096	1	1	–	–	14 18 6	–	–
	6. Newtownards,	17,350	12,080	1	1	–	–	111 11 6	10 0 0	–
		93,880	41,920	8	6	–	–	248 0 1	52 0 0	–
COUNTY OF FERMANAGH.										
†ENNISKILLEN, (Also in Co. Cavan.)	1. Ely,	40,250	4,012	1	1	–	–	11 14 2	1 0 0	–
	2. Enniskillen,	30,628	9,980	1	1	–	1	30 3 3	4 0 0	1 1 11
	3. Florencecourt,	41,502	5,012	1	1	–	1	14 16 0	7 0 0	–
	4. Holywell No. 1,	0,090	918	} 3	1	–	1	52 12 1	11 0 0	–
	5. Holywell No. 2,	40,507	5,024							
	5. Lisbellaw,	10,523	1,758	1	1	–	–	6 0 2	3 15 0	–
	7. Tempo,	24,955	3,930	2	1	–	–	24 1 0	7 0 0	–
		197,615	31,140	9	6	–	3	148 7 10	34 0 0	1 1 11
IRVINESTOWN, (Also in Co. Tyrone.)	1. Clonelly,	7,950	1,097	1	1	–	–	7 0 0	5 0 0	–
	2. Ederney,	31,835	4,839	3	1	–	1	46 0 6	14 10 0	–
	3. Irvinestown,	17,963	3,824	2	1	–	1	24 8 4	7 0 0	–
	4. Trillick,	24,131	4,335	1	1	–	1	17 8 0	6 0 0	–
		81,880	14,095	7	4	–	3	90 17 0	32 10 0	–

* Newry Union—Ballybot Dispensary District.—The particulars for columns
Do. Newry Dispensary District.—See foregoing note.
† Enniskillen Union—Holywell No. 1 and Holywell No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in Carrying out the Vaccination Acts	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of re-vaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	15 15 0	–	–	16 13 0	1 16 4	–	9 5 6	190 12 10	523	397	920	–	127	–	–
200 0 0	106 1 0	–	42 10 0	26 0 0	–	–	20 2 8	481 11 0	580	398	978	4	259	4	–
100 0 0	15 15 0	–	15 0 0	6 16 0	1 13 4	–	5 6 1	167 6 10	129	75	204	–	57	–	–
400 0 0	137 11 0	–	57 10 0	46 14 0	3 6 8	–	34 14 6	839 10 8	1,232	870	2,102	4	443	4	–
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	60	46	106	–	36	1	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	4 10 0	2 0 0	–	3 3 3	150 17 2	322	69	391	–	49	–	–
120 0 0	12 0 0	–	–	6 8 0	2 0 0	–	8 10 0	169 11 7	258	137	395	1	54	6	–
120 0 0	6 0 0	–	–	9 10 0	2 0 0	–	0 10 0	177 16 7	265	100	371	1	70	–	–
120 0 0	6 0 0	–	–	4 10 0	2 0 0	–	8 15 2	159 10 7	121	106	227	–	52	–	–
120 0 0	9 0 0	–	–	13 10 0	2 0 0	–	11 18 6	170 0 11	369	164	533	–	122	–	–
240 0 0	74 19 6	–	28 10 0	27 6 0	8 0 0	–	20 5 4	428 12 7	1,549	822	2,371	1	299	8	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	3 0 0	2 0 0	–	5 10 0	156 14 2	397	249	646	–	28	1	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	12 10 0	2 0 0	–	5 10 0	176 9 7	243	225	468	–	144	6	–
120 0 0	6 0 0	–	25 0 0	9 10 0	2 0 0	–	4 15 0	192 12 1	160	108	268	–	55	–	–
1200 0 0	63 19 6	–	53 10 0	91 1 0	24 0 0	–	34 17 3	1,788 5 3	3,744	2,032	5,776	3	915	19	–
110 0 0	7 1 0	–	–	14 18 6	2 16 4	–	10 11 6	187 11 10	367	619	986	–	185	1	–
100 0 0	11 14 5	–	–	9 13 10	6 13 4	–	6 9 2	155 8 5	241	120	361	4	89	–	–
80 0 0	–	–	–	14 3 2	2 13 4	–	4 0 0	129 3 9	264	130	394	–	132	–	–
125 0 0	11 13 6	–	–	14 17 0	2 13 4	–	10 7 6	238 9 2	971	359	1,333	1	160	–	–
100 0 0	8 14 0	–	–	16 10 2	2 13 4	–	4 0 8	146 16 8	101	119	220	–	81	–	–
150 0 0	9 6 11	–	–	22 6 0	2 13 4	–	8 8 6	314 10 3	2,450	951	3,401	2	220	–	–
665 0 0	48 11 10	–	–	92 10 8	20 0 0	–	45 17 6	1,172 0 1	4,397	1,998	6,395	7	867	1	–
100 0 0	4 4 0	–	–	10 0 0	5 18 6	–	6 1 4	138 18 0	115	92	207	–	83	–	–
100 0 0	2 9 0	–	25 0 0	20 8 0	4 11 6	–	13 10 0	209 16 8	551	372	923	–	255	9	–
100 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	7 18 0	0 8 6	–	4 0 0	154 2 11	91	77	168	–	84	–	–
130 0 0	12 12 0	–	51 2 2	17 16 0	5 6 0	–	6 7 0	267 0 9	18 279	15 76	33 352	– –	15 169	2 5	– –
90 0 0	2 6 0	–	–	2 18 0	1 5 [illegible]	–	–	106 6 6	142	75	217	–	25	1	–
108 0 0	–	–	–	7 19 0	1 5 0	–	0 4 6	148 10 9	80	115	195	–	100	–	–
628 0 0	21 3 0	–	96 2 2	66 19 0	18 16 0	–	30 2 10	1,044 12 9	1,276	619	2,095	–	731	17	–
60 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	3 14 0	–	–	4 16 4	86 16 4	39	21	60	–	44	1	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	20 0 0	7 6 0	–	–	17 12 7	234 2 6	38	69	107	–	116	3	–
120 0 0	27 6 0	–	22 3 2	5 0 0	–	–	5 12 0	211 9 6	140	96	236	–	54	6	–
115 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	6 14 0	–	–	10 19 0	175 16 0	323	166	489	–	58	1	–
415 0 0	39 16 0	–	62 3 2	22 16 0	–	–	38 19 11	708 4 1	510	352	892	–	272	8	–

5 to 20 in this case are included in those given for the Newry Dispensary District.

The figures given in columns 5 to 20, inclusive, relate to the two Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical

Unions	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF FERMANAGH—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
LISNASKEA,	1. Brookboro'	35,197	4,731	1	1	–	1	27 7 7	10 0 0	1 11 7
	2. Derrylin,	26,980	4,874	1	1	–	1	15 15 6	10 0 0	1 11 7
	3. Lisnaskea,	25,417	4,321	1	1	–	1	26 19 1	10 0 0	1 11 7
	4. Maguiresb'dge.	11,114	2,121	1	1	–	2	12 5 0	7 0 0	5 7 11
		98,708	16,047	4	4	–	5	82 7 11	37 0 0	10 2 8
COUNTY OF LONDONDERRY.										
COLERAINE,	1. Aghadowey,	28,041	5,114	1	1	–	1	26 15 11	13 0 0	0 10 1
	2. Articlave,	24,893	3,671	1	1	–	–	18 14 6	15 0 0	0 10 1
	3. Coleraine,	9,294	8,502	1	1	–	1	40 4 8	20 0 0	0 10 1
	4. Garvagh,	25,080	4,305	1	1	–	–	21 1 9	15 0 0	0 10 1
	5. Kilrea,	22,362	5,023	1	1	–	–	38 0 5	11 0 0	0 10 1
	6. Portstewart,	9,110	2,702	2	1	–	–	18 3 7	8 10 0	0 10 1
		118,786	29,917	7	6	–	2	165 0 10	82 10 0	3 0 6
LIMAVADY,	1. Ballykelly,	30,329	4,644	1	1	–	–	26 13 1	10 0 0	0 19 3
	2. Bellarena,	26,040	3,235	1	1	–	–	24 5 11	7 0 0	1 6 9
	3. Dungiven,	42,318	4,642	1	1	–	1	28 5 10	11 0 0	1 7 5
	4. Feeney,	29,653	2,520	1	1	–	–	37 4 1	6 0 0	1 6 9
	5. Limavady,	24,371	5,582	1	1	–	–	40 14 0	10 0 0	1 6 9
		152,711	20,623	5	5	–	1	157 2 11	44 0 0	6 6 11
*LONDONDERRY, (Also in Co. Donegal.)	1. Burt,	20,264	2,848	3	1	–	1	10 13 1	12 2 0	–
	2. Clandy,	30,304	4,742	2	1	–	1	27 14 4	7 0 0	–
	3. Eglinton,	25,291	3,808	2	1	–	1	35 10 6	18 15 0	–
	4. Kilderry,	20,539	2,011	2	1	–	1	50 1 10	15 0 0	2 17 11
	5. Killea,	18,145	3,174	2	1	–	1	27 6 0	6 0 0	3 7 11
	6. Londonderry Rural,	27,413	6,340	3	3	2	2	228 10 11	51 0 0	–
	7. Londonderry Urban,	2,164	39,892							
		144,120	63,505	14	8	2	7	389 13 8	109 17 0	6 5 10
MAGHERAFELT,	1. Bellaghy,	26,352	9,463	2	1	–	–	41 10 1	11 10 0	3 2 0
	2. Draperstown,	41,065	0,343	1	1	–	–	26 4 3	5 0 0	4 0 6
	3. Maghera,	34,799	8,648	2	1	–	–	20 13 1	18 0 0	3 1 0
	4. Magherafelt,	22,496	7,827	2	1	–	–	64 17 0	—	4 17 0
	5. Moneymore,	32,007	6,711	1	1	–	–	26 4 8	10 0 0	6 9 10
		156,719	38,992	8	5	–	–	179 9 1	44 10 0	16 11 1

* Londonderry Union—Londonderry Rural and Londonderry Urban Dispensary

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.			Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.				No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.				
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
116 0 0	17 17 0	-	22 0 0	9 6	2 0 0	-	0 10 0	205 12 2	237	141	378	-	108	1	-
100 0 0	12 12 0	-	25 0 0	10 16 0	-	-	6 1 0	181 18 1	155	103	258	-	110	3	-
100 0 0	2 2 0	-	20 0 0	10 6 0	1 0 0	-	4 10 8	176 9 4	166	172	338	-	68	5	-
80 0 0	9 9 0	-	20 3 2	10 4 0	-	-	0 10 0	144 19 10	305	151	456	1	47	-	-
395 0 0	42 0 0	-	87 3 2	40 14 0	3 0 0	-	11 11 8	708 19 5	863	567	1,430	1	342	9	-
130 0 0	6 6 0	-	30 0 0	9 14 0	3 6 2	-	10 9 4	232 1 6	504	260	624	-	127	-	-
125 0 0	-	-	-	7 18 0	3 6 1	-	7 18 0	178 6 8	280	219	499	-	79	-	-
114 0 0	6 6 0	-	35 0 0	19 18 0	3 6 2	-	32 8 6	271 13 5	626	701	1,327	-	182	12	-
116 0 0	6 6 0	-	-	9 0 0	3 6 1	-	9 13 1	179 17 0	220	163	392	-	118	4	-
100 0 0	9 9 0	-	-	10 2 0	3 6 1	-	18 0 11	190 6 6	422	167	589	-	205	3	-
76 0 0	7 7 0	-	-	7 2 0	3 6 2	-	17 11 7	137 10 5	392	274	666	-	91	-	-
659 0 0	35 14 0	-	65 0 0	63 14 0	19 16 9	-	96 1 5	1,189 17 6	2,513	1,784	4,297	-	802	19	-
100 0 0	6 6 0	-	-	9 4 0	1 7 0	-	11 6 4	165 16 8	496	166	662	-	94	-	-
100 0 0	-	-	-	8 8 0	1 7 0	-	21 16 0	162 5 8	287	140	427	-	60	-	-
100 0 0	-	-	-	6 16 0	1 7 0	-	11 14 4	160 10 7	280	136	416	-	70	2	-
100 0 0	6 6 0	-	-	5 8 0	1 7 0	-	12 11 11	170 3 9	311	92	403	-	58	2	-
105 0 0	-	-	-	9 12 0	1 7 0	-	14 2 3	182 2 0	[illegible]	110	472	-	120	6	1
505 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	37 6 0	6 16 0	-	71 12 10	840 17 6	1,736	644	2,380	-	402	7	1
120 0 0	8 6 0	-	24 5 1	6 6 0	-	-	11 14 2	200 6 4	21[illegible]	98	314	-	77	2	-
120 0 0	7 17 6	-	30 0 0	6 6 0	0 11 0	-	12 14 9	212 2 10	303	211	514	-	87	2	-
120 0 0	-	-	30 0 0	6 14 0	0 7 6	-	10 10 0	224 6 0	37[illegible]	232	611	-	92	-	-
130 0 0	8 8 0	-	26 6 3	9 18 0	0 7 6	-	14 8 6	257 8 2	164	58	222	-	50	-	-
120 0 0	9 9 0	-	25 12 6	7 2 0	0 7 6	-	13 9 11	212 13 10	386	158	544	-	83	4	-
370 0 0	18 18 0	77 0 0	36 0 0	145 16 0	18 19 6	-	82 6 6	1,076 1 11	476 3,668	328 3,733	804 7,401	-	285 1222	- 3	-
980 0 0	50 18 6	77 0 0	219 3 10	184 2 0	20 13 0	-	145 6 3	2,182 19 1	5,692	4,818	10410	-	1896	11	-
132 2 11	2 2 0	-	-	12 14 0	4 0 0	-	6 11 0	213 12 0	265	287	552	-	161	-	-
110 4 9	6 6 0	-	-	11 16 0	2 0 0	-	7 16 6	173 10 2	293	108	401	-	135	8	-
116 17 11	54 12 0	-	-	18 0	4 10 0	-	8 0 6	243 15 0	238	191	429	-	195	7	-
100 15 8	21 0 0	-	-	5 0 0	2 0 0	-	22 2 6	220 12 2	536	231	767	-	84	3	-
116 17 11	4 4 0	-	-	9 12 0	6 0 0	-	4 6 10	180 15 3	304	169	473	-	129	6	-
576 19 2	88 4 0	-	-	57 4 0	18 10 0	-	48 17 6	1,032 4 7	1,636	986	2,622	-	704	16	-

Districts.—The figures given in columns 5 to 20 inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF MONAGHAN.										
CARRICKMACROSS.	1. Carrickmacross,	22,718	5,889	1	1	–	1	0 16 6	10 10 0	0 13 10
	2. Donaghmoyne	25,347	5,748	2	1	–	1	13 11 0	17 0 0	0 13 10
	3. Raferagh,	17,586	3,907	1	1	–	1	5 16 3	–	0 13 10
		65,651	15,544	4	3	–	3	29 3 6	27 10 0	2 1 6
*CASTLEBLAYNEY. (Also in Co. Armagh.)	1. Ballybay,	25,006	6,504	1	1	–	1	52 19 3	6 0 0	1 0 8
	2. Castleblayney,	27,430	7,830	1	1	–	1	27 6 1	10 0 0	1 0 8
	3. Crossmaglen No. 1,	18,083	6,020	2	1	–	1	41 13 5	12 0 0	1 0 8
	4. Crossmaglen No. 2,	5,808	1,100							
	5. Newtownhamilton No. 1,	16,777	4,277	1	1	–	–	17 0 4	8 0 0	1 0 7
	6. Newtownhamilton No. 2,	5,458	884							
		99,526	28,615	5	4	–	3	138 19 1	38 0 0	4 2 7
CLONES, (Also in Co. Fermanagh)	1. Clones,	27,800	8,028	2	1	–	1	39 4 3	16 10 0	1 17 11
	2. Newtownbutler,	21,732	3,843	2	1	–	1	31 10 8	6 0 0	1 16 11
	3. Rosslea,	23,972	3,977	2	1	–	1	13 2 5	12 0 0	1 16 11
		73,504	15,846	6	3	–	3	84 6 4	33 10 0	5 11 9
MONAGHAN,	1. Castleshane,	23,874	5,251	2	1	–	1	53 18 8	10 10 0	–
	2. Emyvale,	35,719	5,907	3	1	–	2	30 6 1	20 0 0	–
	3. Kilmore,	18,327	4,174	3	1	–	1	22 12 11	26 0 0	–
	4. Monaghan,	17,650	7,022	1	1	–	1	30 6 6	16 0 0	–
	5. Scotstown,	29,562	5,347	1	1	–	1	25 13 0	25 0 0	–
		125,132	28,301	10	5	–	6	162 16 11	93 10 0	–
COUNTY OF TYRONE.										
CASTLEDERG,	1. Castlederg & Killeter,	69,052	9,398	2	2	–	–	42 10 0	12 0 0	3 6 1
	2. Drumquin,	22,734	2,391	1	1	–	–	6 6 5	10 0 0	0 16 2
		91,786	11,789	3	3	–	–	48 16 5	22 0 0	4 6 3
CLOGHER.	1. Anghnacloy,	10,176	2,386	1	1	–	1	8 15 0	10 0 0	0 8 3
	2. Ballygawley,	22,494	3,714	1	1	–	–	9 5 8	8 0 0	0 8 3
	3. Clogher,	31,013	4,926	2	1	–	1	10 10 0	12 13 0	0 6 3
	4. Fivemiletown,	25,596	3,290	1	1	–	1	22 13 6	6 0 0	0 6 3
		89,284	14,316	5	4	–	3	60 4 11	36 16 0	1 13 0

* Castleblayney Union.—Crossmaglen No. 1 and Crossmaglen No. 2 Dispensary
Do. Newtownhamilton No. 1 and Newtownhamilton No. 2

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.												MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.		Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.															
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
100 0 0	24 6 0	-	16 14 0	-	4 0 0	-	9 13 4	175 10 6		40	123	169	-	126	9	-
135 0 0	8 8 0	-	11 14 0	10 10 0	2 19 6	-	16 5 8	216 2 9		112	132	244	1	165	4	-
86 10 0	13 13 0	-	6 14 0	6 14 0	1 18 0	-	21 14 3	143 12 4		59	44	103	-	82	-	-
321 10 0	46 4	-	35 2	17 4 0	8 17 6	-	47 16 3	535 5 9		217	299	516	1	313	13	-
120 0 0	11 11 0	-	25 0 0	7 8 0	-	-	5 1 3	231 0 2		404	233	637	-	76	12	-
125 0	8 8 0	-	25 0	13 18 0	-	-	3 0 0	216 12 9		755	275	1,030	2	154	8	-
140 0 0	3 6 0	-	28 0 0	13 10 0	0 8 6	-	16 1 9	257 17 4		332	237	569	-	130	3	-
120 0 0	8 6	-	-	9 8 0	0 8 6	-	6 15 6	171 0 11		164	141	305	-	103	2	-
505 0 0	31 10 0	-	78 0 0	44 4 0	0 17	-	32 16 6	873 11 2		1,655	886	2,541	2	474	25	-
133 0 0	2 2 0	-	20 0 0	19 6 0	2 5 0	-	10 10 8	244 15 10		365	339	704	-	140	5	-
104 0 0	12 12 0	-	20 0 0	29 12 0	5 0 0	-	12 9 8	222 13 3		415	201	616	-	97	4	-
94 0 0	13 13 0	-	20 0 0	8 12 0	5 5 0	-	3 4 8	171 14 0		190	36	226	-	78	6	-
331 0 0	28 7 0	-	60 0 0	57 10 0	12 16 0	-	26 5 0	639 3 1		970	576	1,546	-	315	15	-
																-
111 16 2	22 1 0	-	25 0 0	4 4 0	0 10 0	-	8 18 0	236 17 10		229	134	363	1	106	3	-
92 8 11	158 11 0	-	33 0 0	10 6 0	1 0 0	-	12 17 5	358 8 5		285	58	343	1	101	4	-
111 16 2	3 3 0	-	25 0 0	11 14 0	0 10 0	-	7 2 0	204 18 1		225	90	315	-	71	4	-
121 19 6	9 9 0	-	25 0 0	14 12 0	6 19 7	-	11 1 6	231 6 1		500	285	785	1	146	7	-
120 0 0	72 9 0	-	25 0 0	8 2 0	0 10 0	-	14 5 4	291 0 1		566	113	679	-	110	2	-
558 0 9	265 13 0	-	133 0 0	48 18 0	6 9 7	-	54 4 3	1,322 12 6		1,805	680	2,485	3	534	20	-
200 0 0	9 9 0	-	-	23 12 0	-	-	3 0 0	293 19 1		324	220	544	-	230	4	-
80 0 0	5 5 0	-	-	2 10 0	-	-	-	104 19 7		30	60	90	-	32	2	-
280 0 0	14 14 0	-	-	26 2 0	-	-	3 0 0	398 18 8		354	280	634	-	262	6	-
70 0 11	12 9	-	17 0 0	2 12 0	1 0 0	-	11 9 2	133 14 4		127	80	207	-	41	1	-
90 0 0	6 0 0	-	-	5 14 0	1 0	-	3 14 6	126 2 5		50	43	93	-	77	9	3
110 0 0	6 6 0	-	20 0 0	8 16 0	1 0	-	3 12 6	182 11 6		61	63	144	-	95	-	-
100 0 0	33 12 0	-	25 0 0	5 6 0	1 0	-	9 11 9	[illegible] 13 6		149	143	292	-	72	3	-
370 0 11	60 7 0	-	62 0 0	22 10 0	4 0 0	-	28 7 11	646 1 9		407	329	736	-	285	13	3

Districts.—The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.
Dispensary Districts.— Do. Do. Do.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF ULSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF TYRONE—*con.*										
COOKSTOWN,	1. Coagh,	11,180	8,970	1	1	–	–	24 3 7	7 0 0	1 0 1
	2. Cookstown,	32,979	9,967	1	1	–	–	27 9 1	15 0 0	3 13 2
	3. Pomeroy,	36,524	5,656	1	1	–	–	27 4 11	8 8 0	1 8 11
	4. Stewartstown,	18,037	4,022	1	1	–	–	30 2 10	10 0 0	1 17 2
		96,720	23,615	4	4	–	–	109 0 5	40 8 0	7 19 4
DUNGANNON,	1. Benburb,	17,359	4,298	2	1	–	1	21 8 0	30 14 2	0 15 0
	2. Caledon and Ballymagran,	18,792	3,206	2	1	–	1	15 7 4	16 0 0	1 18 0
	3. Clonavaddy,	31,575	6,087	1	1	–	1	31 18 4	—	1 5 0
	4. Coal Island,	20,322	8,225	1	1	–	1	47 11 2	10 0 0	0 15 0
	5. Dungannon,	22,169	10,747	1	1	–	1	70 4 3	3 4 2	0 15 0
		110,217	32,563	7	0	–	0	195 9 1	09 18 4	0 3 6
OMAGH	1. Dromore,	22,145	3,607	1	1	–	–	28 1 1	11 0 0	0 11 11
	2. Drumquin,	20,698	2,939	2	1	–	–	14 6 7	18 10 0	0 11 11
	3. Fintona,	27,162	5,235	1	1	–	1	10 4 1	7 10 0	0 12 0
	4. Gortin,	55,597	5,765	2	1	–	1	9 10 2	11 0 0	0 12 1
	5. Omagh,	75,081	15,822	3	2	–	1	90 7 6	31 0 0	1 12 9
	6. Sixmilecross,	29,130	5,185	1	1	–	1	13 18 2	9 0 0	2 3 8
		229,813	38,553	10	7	–	4	171 12 7	88 0 0	0 4 4
STRABANE, (Also in Co Donegal.)	1. Castle Finn,	28,532	0,083	2	1	–	2	24 7 11	13 0 0	0 0 0
	2. Dunnamanagh	32,091	4,700	2	1	–	4	30 1 6	12 0 0	3 0 10
	3. Newtown Stewart,	29,265	6,114	2	1	–	2	26 12 2	12 0 0	1 0 0
	4. Plumb Bridge,	55,665	5,125	3	1	–	–	27 7 10	11 1 8	7 8 4
	0. Raphoe,	24,571	4,880	3	1	–	2	92 7 10	21 13 0	0 8 3
	6. Strabane,	19,971	9,457	1	1	–	3	72 0 0	14 0 0	0 13 1
		190,095	35,859	13	6	–	13	273 2 3	83 10 1	12 18 0

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.			Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.							
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 13.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	1 1 0	–	–	7 2 0	1 5 2	–	4 18 0	146 10 4	213	153	366	–	83	1	–
125 0 0	23 2 0	–	–	11 18 0	4 11 9	–	5 9 2	216 3 2	203	350	553	–	220	5	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	10 2 0	1 10 4	–	6 19 0	155 19 8	297	151	448	–	128	1	–
100 0 0	14 14 0	–	–	7 10 0	2 6 9	–	7 9 0	174 0 3	333	206	539	–	81	1	2
425 0 0	38 17 0	–	–	36 18 0	10 0 0	–	24 16 8	692 19 5	1,046	860	1,906	–	612	8	2
110 0 0	5 15 0	–	27 0 0	6 10 0	–	–	17 15 11	220 4 7	266	87	353	–	79	3	1
130 0 0	2 2 0	–	15 13 0	4 10 0	–	–	7 10 0	193 0 10	149	95	244	–	69	5	–
120 0 0	4 4	–	25 0 0	7 0 0	3 0 0	–	13 15 3	206 2 7	321	137	458	–	82	–	–
111 14 0	11 11 10	–	25 0 0	35 14 0	4 0 0	–	24 4 4	270 10 4	699	624	1,323	3	229	3	–
120 0 0	31 10 0	–	25 0 0	21 6 0	2 0 0	–	13 14 0	296 13 11	750	459	1,209	1	213	9	–
591 14 0	55 3 4	–	117 13 0	70 12 0	9 0 0	–	77 0 0	1,186 18 3	2,185	1,402	3,587	4	667	20	1
100 0 0	–	–	–	7 2 0	1 0 0	–	6 15 11	154 10 11	48[illegible]	273	762	–	73	8	–
100 0 0	0 5 0	–	–	4 10 0	–	–	1 14 0	144 17 6	131	111	242	–	36	–	–
100 0 0	4 4 0	–	10 0 0	7 16 0	2 0 0	–	3 4 0	155 10 7	27[illegible]	197	476	–	66	1	–
110 0 0	14 14 0	–	2 0 0	13 4 0	7 1 0	–	8 0 0	170 14 3	111	81	192	–	107	4	–
220 0 0	17 17 0	–	20 0 0	40 12 0	4 0 0	–	6 9 6	436 18 9	781	645	1,426	–	422	22	–
100 0 0	1 1 0	–	15 2 2	7 10 0	1 0 0	–	3 17 6	153 18 0	2[illegible]	160	380	–	78	1	–
730 0 0	43 1 0	–	57 2 2	81 0 0	15 1 0	–	30 9 5	1,222 10 6	2,011	1,467	3,478	–	782	31	–
120 0 0	10 10 0	–	37 5 0	10 10 0	–	–	0 19 3	222 17 2	358	288	646	–	121	1	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	25 7 8	9 12 0	–	–	12 10 0	210 18 6	37[illegible]	171	547	–	92	2	–
125 0 0	9 9 0	–	13 17 0	20 13 0	4 0 0	–	0 16 0	210 12 8	0[illegible]	357	909	1	168	2	–
92 18 5	38 6 6	–	28 15 0	9 0 0	–	–	8 18 0	223 13 9	160	72	232	1	85	–	–
131 16 8	4 4 0	–	39 19 0	7 16 0	–	–	4 2 0	302 7 8	226	270	[illegible]	–	101	2	–
120 0 0	24 3 0	–	47 9 0	19 14 4	2 0 0	–	25 0 2	325 4 7	813	554	1,367	–	222	9	–
709 15 1	92 18 0	–	192 13 2	77 5 4	6 0 0	–	63 6 5	1,011 14 4	2,435	1,718	4,[illegible]	2	789	16	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.										
COUNTY OF CLARE.								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
BALLYVAGHAN,	Ballyvaghan, .	71,058	3,920	3	1	–	–	29 14 2	9 0 0	–
		71,658	3,920	3	1	–	–	29 14 2	9 0 0	–
CORROFIN, .	Corrofin, . .	61,382	4,803	2	1	–	1	18 10 4	1 10 0	–
		61,382	4,803	2	1	–	1	18 10 4	1 10 0	–
ENNIS, . .	1. Crusheen, .	24,835	2,678	3	1	–	–	18 17 8	20 10 0	1 19 7
	2. Ennis, . .	25,268	9,858	2	2	–	1	30 18 0	7 0 0	8 14 9
	3. Killaniv, .	33,221	3,672	2	1	–	–	17 1 9	5 0 0	1 19 7
	4. Newmarket, .	29,428	3,564	2	1	–	–	22 7 0	13 0 0	1 18 4
		112,752	10,772	9	5	–	1	98 4 5	45 10 0	9 12 3
ENNISTYMON,	1. Ennistymon, .	33,907	6,575	2	1	–	1	18 19 5	14 0 0	0 9 9
	2. Miltown Malbay, . .	35,303	0,607	2	1	–	–	10 2 2	18 15 0	0 9 7
	3. Roadford, .	30,409	4,887	3	1	–	–	10 10 4	14 5 0	0 9 7
		99,819	18,069	7	3	–	1	39 11 11	47 0 0	1 8 11
KILLADYSERT, .	1. Ballynacally, .	37,655	5,310	2	1	–	–	10 6 10	0 0 0	–
	2. Labasheeda, .	26,049	3,855	2	1	–	–	7 18 7	12 0 0	–
		63,704	0,165	4	2	–	–	18 5 5	18 0 0	–
KILRUSH, . .	1. Carrigaholt, .	22,794	3,723	1	1	–	–	30 7 4	11 0 0	–
	2. Cragaknock, .	37,476	7,473	2	1	–	–	14 9 2	12 0 0	–
	3. Kilkee, . .	24,822	5,675	1	1	–	1	21 14 11	10 0 0	–
	4. Kilmihil, .	31,927	4,771	2	1	–	–	–	13 0 0	–
	5. Kilrush, .	20,678	7,092	1	1	–	1	45 10 4	–	–
		137,497	28,734	7	5	–	2	112 1 9	46 0 0	–
SCARIFF,	1. Annacarriga, .	19,381	2,995	2	1	–	–	2 15 10	13 0 0	–
	2. Feakle, .	34,848	3,764	3	1	–	–	11 4 5	25 10 0	–
	3. Mountshannon,	32,404	3,686	2	1	–	1	10 14 9	8 10 0	–
		86,633	10,445	7	3	–	1	24 15 1	47 0 0	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.			Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.				No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 18.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.				
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 19 6	140 13 8	367	139	506	–	111	1	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 19 0	140 13 8	367	139	506	–	111	1	–
100 0 0	8 8 0	–	–	9 12 8	8 0 0	–	3 10 0	147 10 7	138	63	201	–	108	3	–
100 0 0	8 8 0	–	–	9 19 3	0 0 0	–	3 10 0	147 10 7	138	63	201	–	108	3	–
110 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	8 2 0	4 0 0	–	3 10 0	170 11 3	297	89	386	–	56	–	–
220 0 0	18 18 0	–	–	22 0 0	10 18 6	–	11 3 10	333 11 1	1,530	562	2,092	1	194	14	–
110 0 0	–	–	–	9 8 0	7 2 0	–	11 7 0	161 18 4	211	46	257	–	105	–	–
110 0 0	–	–	–	19 8 0	0 2 0	–	4 12 6	177 7 10	1,178	166	1,344	–	95	–	–
550 0 0	31 10 0	–	–	55 18 0	28 0 0	–	30 13 4	849 8 6	3,218	863	4,079	1	450	14	–
100 0 0	9 0 0	–	–	13 4 0	2 13 4	–	29 1 0	187 7 8	127	112	239	–	154	4	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	17 18 0	–	–	15 18 1	163 2 10	203	106	309	1	179	4	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	–	–	–	11 12 0	148 5 11	84	66	150	–	66	–	–
300 0 0	18 9 0	–	–	31 2 0	2 13 4	–	56 11 1	496 16 3	414	284	698	1	399	8	–
100 0 0	0 8 0	–	–	20 0 0	0 4 9	–	–	143 3 7	152	71	223	–	203	9	–
120 0 0	6 8 0	–	–	13 10 0	0 8 0	–	1 3 4	161 0 11	182	80	262	2	135	1	–
220 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	33 16 0	0 7 9	–	1 3 4	304 4 6	334	151	485	2	338	8	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	12 8 0	3 0 0	–	2 4 2	158 17 6	431	82	813	–	257	4	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	20 0 0	1 15 0	–	3 18 10	152 1 0	105	116	221	–	215	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	30 14 0	1 14 11	–	8 17 8	195 1 4	267	68	335	–	279	2	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	10 10 0	1 2 8	–	2 16 0	127 9 0	68	51	119	–	108	1	–
100 0 0	9 4 0	–	–	17 10 0	1 18 0	–	26 18 9	200 16 1	497	402	899	–	188	9	2
500 0 0	9 4 0	–	25 0 0	91 0 0	9 7 5	–	41 11 9	834 4 11	1,368	719	2,087	–	1047	18	9
100 0 0	14 8 0	–	–	6 2 0	1 0 0	–	14 10 8	151 16 0	52	44	96	–	82	1	–
130 0 0	–	–	–	10 2 0	1 0 0	–	13 2 8	190 19 2	20	34	54	18	72	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	8 0 0	1 0 0	–	8 11 8	137 2 5	145	73	210	–	82	1	–
330 0 0	14 8 0	–	–	24 10 0	3 0 0	–	36 8 0	479 18 1	217	151	368	18	216	2	–

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF CLARE—*continued.*										
TULLA, . .	1. Kilkishen, .	21,294	2,807	2	1	–	1	4 19 9	9 0 0	0 15 0
	2. Quin, . .	25,519	2,563	2	1	–	–	8 0 2	9 0 0	0 5 0
	3. Tulla, . .	39,615	4,464	4	1	–	–	17 5 8	20 0 0	0 10 0
		86,428	9,834	8	3	–	1	30 5 7	38 0 0	1 10 0
COUNTY OF CORK.										
BANDON, . .	1. Bandon, . .	21,143	7,266	1	1	1	1	44 10 1	1 1 0	2 11 5
	2. Inishannon, .	17,108	2,492	1	1	–	1	7 5 0	8 0 0	0 8 7
	3. Kilbrittain, .	16,094	2,136	1	1	–	–	16 0 10	8 0 0	0 8 7
	4. Murragh, .	22,402	2,949	1	1	–	–	23 17 3	8 0 0	0 8 7
	5. Templemartin,	24,598	3,035	1	1	–	–	7 1 10	6 10 0	0 8 8
		101,345	17,878	5	5	1	2	98 15 0	31 11 0	4 5 10
BANTRY, . .	1. Bantry, . .	24,399	5,818	1	1	–	–	31 12 6	1 16 0	0 14 1
	2. Durrus and Kilcrohane,	24,139	3,215	2	1	–	–	21 6 7	8 0 0	0 14 1
	3. Glengarriff, .	27,639	2,494	2	1	–	–	10 10 5	11 0 0	0 14 1
	4. Kealkill, .	30,677	1,930	1	1	–	–	0 16 7	4 0 0	2 0 0
		106,854	13,457	8	4	–	–	64 6 1	24 16 0	4 2 3
CASTLETOWN, .	1. Castletown, .	39,623	6,069	3	1	–	1	38 7 4	20 0 0	–
	2. Kilcatherine,	33,822	5,109	2	1	–	1	27 14 3	6 11 6	–
		73,445	11,178	5	2	–	2	66 1 7	26 11 6	–
CLONAKILTY, .	1. Clonakilty, .	28,603	7,107	1	1	–	–	27 19 4	5 0 0	–
	2. Rosscarbery, .	27,353	6,075	2	1	–	1	10 2 10	10 0 0	–
	3. Timoleague, .	24,509	5,910	1	1	–	1	33 17 7	–	–
		80,405	19,168	4	3	–	2	71 19 9	15 0 0	–
CORK, . . .	1. Ballincollig, .	17,718	3,676	1	1	–	1	15 9 9	8 0 0	–
	2. Ballygarvan, .	13,928	1,751	1	1	–	1	5 9 7	7 0 0	–
	3. Blarney, . .	22,448	3,559	2	1	–	1	36 9 6	21 10 0	–
	4. Carrigaline, .	8,853	5,818	2	2	–	2	32 17 4	10 14 4	–
	5. Carrignavar, .	22,605	2,191	2	1	–	1	39 10 1	7 0 0	
	6. Cork Rural, .	11,544	16,809	1	2	–	–	13 16 6	18 0 0	–
	7. Cork Urban, .	2,266	78,122	3	7	2	3	*460 17 1	60 0 0	16 19 2
	8. Douglas, . .	10,082	2,825	1	1	–	1	21 1 8	16 0 0	
	9. Dripsey, . .	18,230	2,997	1	1	–	1	20 11 0	8 8 0	–
	10. Queenstown,	7,013	11,710	2	2	1	1	98 14 7	20 0 0	–
	11. Riverstown, .	19,728	3,079	2	1	–	1	30 11 5	12 0 0	–
	12. Whitechurch,	15,317	3,138	2	1	–	1	7 3 4	11 0 0	–
		169,732	133,173	20	21	3	14	782 11 10	199 12 4	16 19 2

* This sum includes the cost of the medicines compounded in the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.															MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.											Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.																					
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Dispensary or Workhouse of Correction, under s. 15.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	8 8 0	–	–	4 18 0	–	–	18 17 4	144 16 1	186	91	277	1	69	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	5 2 0	–	–	13 4 3	185 11 5	259	66	325	–	56	–	–
140 0 0	4 4 0	–	–	8 14 0	–	–	18 2 10	207 18 6	447	63	510	1	108	–	–
340 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	19 12 0	–	–	46 4 5	488 4 0	892	220	1,112	2	223	–	–
100 0 0	7 4 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	9 16 0	8 12 0	–	28 10 4	247 6 10	595	363	958	–	130	–	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	25 0 0	6 8 0	3 12 0	–	18 13 1	172 13 8	164	60	224	–	44	1	–
100 0 0	7 7 0	–	–	4 10 0	3 12 0	–	8 14 8	148 13 1	92	69	161	–	40	–	–
100 0 0	16 18 0	–	–	8 10 0	8 12 0	–	16 7 10	180 11 8	244	96	340	–	77	1	–
100 0 0	1 1 0	–	–	4 16 0	3 12 0	–	31 15 2	155 4 8	118	98	216	–	59	–	–
500 0 0	41 17 0	25 0 0	50 0 0	33 0 0	21 0 0	–	99 1 1	904 9 11	1,213	686	1,899	–	350	2	–
100 0 0	4 4 0		–	14 10 0	0 7 6	–	17 8 1	170 12 2	474	175	649	–	137	7	–
100 0 0	7 16 0	–	–	4 16 0	0 7 6	–	12 4 0	155 4 2	145	36	181	–	58	–	–
100 0 0	6 12 0	–	–	6 0 0	0 7 6	–	10 6 11	144 10 11	427	187	614	–	64	–	–
98 7 0	–	–	–	4 4 0	0 7 6	–	2 0 0	111 16 1	180	32	212	–	55	–	–
398 7 0	18 12 0	–	–	28 10 0	1 10 0	–	41 19 0	582 2 4	1,226	430	1,656	–	314	7	–
140 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	17 4 0	2 0 0	–	12 18 6	255 9 10	535	55	590	–	182	6	–
110 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	14 10 0	2 0 0	–	6 14 11	187 10 8	605	54	659	–	167	–	–
250 0 0	–	–	45 0 0	31 14 0	4 0 0	–	19 13 5	443 0 6	1,140	109	1,249	–	349	8	–
112 10 0	–	–	–	13 6 0	1 0 0	–	5 15 10	165 13 2	484	276	760	–	138	6	–
105 0 0	10 10 0	–	25 0 0	9 2 0	1 0 0	–	12 14 6	183 8 4	150	107	257	–	103	1	–
104 3 4	39 15 0	–	26 0 0	10 18 0	1 13 4	–	10 19 8	277 6 11	125	127	252	–	115	3	–
351 13 4	100 5 0	–	51 0 0	33 8 0	3 13 4	–	29 10 0	626 9 5	759	510	1,269	–	356	9	–
120 0 0	7 7 0	–	26 0 0	4 14 0	–	–	15 15 9	196 8 8	92	92	184	–	53	1	–
120 0 0	18 7 6	–	20 0 0	3 10 0	–	–	20 16 6	195 2 4	74	87	161	–	39	–	–
120 0 0	12 1 6	–	25 0 0	8 14 0	–	–	27 9 1	249 4 3	345	115	460	–	181	–	–
240 0 0	18 12 0	–	43 0 0	13 2 0	–	–	36 14 10	395 0 6	300	308	606	–	168	–	–
120 0 0	18 0 0	–	6 6 0	4 14 0	–	–	103 16 4	299 5 5	186	32	218	–	58	2	–
240 0 0	14 3 8	–	26 0 0	16 16 0	16 0 0	–	19 12 4	362 10 4	1,009	[illegible]	1,515	–	288	4	–
769 0 10	116 7 8	214 14 0	50 0 0	143 0 0	95 0 0	–	250 11 4	2,118 9 11	20615	5,704	26319	2	1639	26	–
120 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	0 18 0	–	–	6 6 6	191 8 0	498	198	694	–	71	2	–
120 0 0	24 3 0	–	25 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	52 10 9	256 0 9	314	118	432	–	59	1	–
[illegible] 0 0	46 1 0	35 0 0	25 0 0	20 10 0	–	–	28 16 1	526 1 8	942	595	1,537	–	255	4	–
120 0 0	64 6 6	–	26 0 0	3 10 0	–	–	18 7 0	271 13 11	263	190	453	–	35	3	–
120 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	3 8 0	–	81 0 0	35 8 1	282 14 5	84	118	202	–	93	–	–
2348 0 10	341 8 6	299 14 0	320 5 0	225 6 0	110 0 0	81 0 0	816 0 4	5,341 18 0	24720	8,063	32783	2	2942	43	–

North City Dispensary for use in the Cork Rural Dispensary District.

rinted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF CORK—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
DUNMANWAY, .	1. Ballineen, .	28,192	4,429	1	1	–	1	33 5 8	9 0 0	–
	2. Coolmonntain,	46,842	4,238	1	1	–	–	14 8 5	–	–
	3. Dunmanway,	28,883	4,654	1	1	–	1	25 4 11	14 5 0	–
		103,917	13,321	3	3	–	2	72 19 0	23 5 0	–
FERMOY, . .	1. Ballyhooly, .	32,026	3,696	2	1	–	1	35 11 0	10 12 0	2 16 7
	2. Ballynoe, .	33,150	3,160	2	1	–	–	51 19 0	9 2 6	2 10 3
	3. Fermoy, .	19,029	8,691	2	1	–	1	88 15 8	3 0 0	1 18 2
	4. Kilworth, .	31,652	4,259	2	1	–	–	2 13 9	12 0 0	1 8 0
	5. Rathcormack .	32,503	2,926	2	1	–	1	19 2 8	5 0 0	1 9 0
		148,360	22,732	10	5	–	3	198 3 7	47 14 3	10 8 6
KANTURK,	1. Boherboy, .	35,152	5,212	3	1	–	1	22 7 7	21 12 0	–
	2. Kanturk, .	47,821	7,022	2	1	1	1	45 13 3	20 0 0	–
	3. Milford, . .	40,053	4,637	2	1	–	1	23 1 10	12 0 0	–
	4. Newmarket, .	62,659	6,310	2	1	–	1	34 3 0	10 0 0	0 10 0
		185,685	23,181	9	4	1	4	125 5 8	69 12 3	0 10 0
KINSALE, .	1. Ballyfeard, .	19,455	2,250	1	1	–	1	8 12 2	8 0 0	0 11 0
	2. Ballymartle, .	10,112	1,821	1	1	–	–	7 18 4	5 0 0	0 10 4
	3. Carrigaline, .	15,078	3,091	2	1	–	1	0 5 4	12 5 0	8 10 9
	4. Courceys, .	13,495	2,287	1	1	–	–	10 8 2	7 0 0	0 10 4
	5. Kinsale, . .	12,511	7,215	1	1	–	1	48 0 11	10 0 0	0 10 5
		79,651	16,673	0	5	–	3	87 4 11	48 3 0	10 12 10
MACROOM, .	1. Cannaway, .	26,043	3,092	1	1	–	–	19 13 1	5 0 0	–
	2. Clonmoyle, .	35,354	4,695	1	1	–	1	18 17 10	15 0 0	–
	3. Inchigeelah, .	32,257	3,555	3	1	–	2	24 9 11	4 15 0	2 6 3
	4. Macroom, .	39,418	6,850	1	1	–	1	67 0 3	10 0 0	–
	5. Sliavereagh, .	45,438	4,806	2	1	–	–	11 9 1	26 3 0	–
		179,108	22,998	8	3	–	4	141 10 2	61 0 0	2 6 3
MALLOW . .	1. Ballyclogh, .	16,904	1,507	2	1	–	1	20 8 0	9 10 0	0 5 11
	2. Buttevant, .	28,981	4,063	3	1	–	1	9 2 9	6 9 0	0 6 0
	3. Doneraile, .	29,783	3,130	2	1	1	1	13 4 1	13 0 0	0 0 0
	4. Kilshannig, .	37,650	4,097	3	1	–	1	32 13 6	18 3 0	0 8 0
	5. Mallow, . .	12,780	5,772	1	1	–	1	50 19 5	20 0 0	0 0 2
	6. Rahan, . .	23,467	2,157	2	1	–	1	9 3 8	5 0 0	0 6 1
		149,565	20,726	13	3	1	3	135 11 5	71 15 0	1 13 2

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.											MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.		Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.															
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
120 0 0	16 4 6	–	15 0 0	7 16 0	3 0 0	–	11 2 6	217 10 8		179	79	258	–	91	1	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	8 0 0	2 0 0	–	23 12 0	176 6 5		184	60	244	–	93	–	–
120 0 0	16 18 0	–	–	10 6 0	1 0 0	–	6 18 10	196 12 9		453	157	610	–	93	6	–
360 0 0	45 10 6	–	15 0 0	26 4 0	6 0 0	–	41 13 4	590 11 10		816	296	1,112	–	277	7	–
120 0 0	56 14 0	–	22 13 8	6 16 0	1 19 0	–	15 18 2	279 1 2		640	140	780	–	95	1	–
120 0 0	23 2 0	–	–	5 0 0	1 10 0	–	25 4 9	238 15 3		499	87	586	–	81	1	–
120 0 0	7 7 0	–	25 0 0	9 2 0	4 16 8	–	27 7 6	289 6 10		328	361	689	1	105	2	–
120 0 0	8 8 0	–	–	6 16 0	–	–	26 13 9	174 19 6		134	90	224	–	76	1	–
120 0 0	18 12 0	–	25 0 0	4 8 0	–	–	26 2 5	213 14 7		267	83	350	–	50	1	–
600 0 0	108 3 0	–	72 13 8	32 2 0	8 6 [illegible]	–	116 6 7	1,195 17 4		1,868	761	2,629	1	407	6	–
121 16 0	12 12 0	–	25 8 2	18 16 0	4 13 6	–	61 0 6	258 6 3		370	122	492	–	148	–	–
118 2 7	20 17 0	21 0 0	30 9 10	19 10 0	8 11 0	–	20 8 8	297 12 4		194	240	434	–	234	7	–
111 16 0	16 17 0	–	29 11 6	12 6 0	3 6 0	–	11 6 2	222 4 6		273	149	422	–	116	1	–
132 2 7	31 6 6	–	35 11 6	22 4 0	6 12 0	–	11 0 10	286 10 4		237	111	348	–	147	7	–
477 17 2	83 12 6	21 0 0	121 0 11	72 16 0	20 2 6	–	73 18 2	1,064 16 5		1,074	622	1,696	–	646	15	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	16 13 4	4 16 [illegible]	1 12 0	–	3 10 0	153 3 6		85	114	199	–	94	2	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	1 0 0	3 6 0	1 12 [illegible]	–	19 7 6	148 6 2		72	55	127	–	37	–	–
102 19 9	10 10 [illegible]	–	19 4 6	5 4 0	1 12 0	–	16 3 8	182 16 2		118	77	195	–	93	–	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	3 10 0	1 12 0	–	12 12 6	151 1 9		64	61	145	–	39	1	–
100 0 0	2 2 0	–	26 10 0	18 8 0	1 12 0	–	2 9 8	215 13 0		1,124	534	1,658	–	157	3	–
502 19 9	40 19 0	–	63 8 0	35 4 0	6 0 0	–	54 3 1	850 16 7		1,463	861	2,324	–	420	5	–
120 0 0	1 1 0	–	–	5 10 0	4 1 [illegible]	–	9 8 0	164 13 10		102	62	164	–	7[illegible]	1	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	25 0 0	7 6 0	5 13 6	–	6 1 6	204 5 10		242	118	360	–	102	6	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	11 5 [illegible]	6 0 0	5 4 6	–	22 15 0	206 7 6		214	57	271	–	67	–	–
120 0 0	15 19 0	–	28 0 0	6 0 0	14 10 6	–	28 4 0	289 13 11		386	254	640	–	164	16	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	5 12 0	7 6 8	–	14 10 0	188 5 7		203	104	307	–	109	–	–
600 0 0	39 1 0	–	62 5 [illegible]	29 10 [illegible]	36 16 11	–	80 18 6	1,053 7 10		1,147	595	1,742	–	521	20	–
120 0 0	5 2 0	–	10 0 0	3 14 0	1 15 0	–	24 15 7	195 10 6		537	138	675	–	105	–	–
120 0 0	10 10 0	–	10 0 0	6 19 0	–	–	50 0 6	212 16 2		316	165	481	–	80	3	–
130 0 0	18 18 0	–	12 10 [illegible]	5 5 [illegible]	–	–	27 13 1	220 16 2		287	172	459	–	79	6	–
130 0 0	6 6 0	–	10 0 0	4 12 0	1 15 0	–	133 6 1	337 8 7		718	113	831	–	67	–	–
120 0 0	8 6 0	–	12 10 0	6 4 0	1 15 0	–	36 14 3	253 11 10		754	432	1,186	1	106	8	1
120 0 0	12 12 [illegible]	–	10 19 5	2 0 0	1 15 0	–	23 16 6	165 14 8		270	103	373	–	66	–	–
740 0 0	56 11 0	–	65 19 5	30 14 0	7 0 0	–	296 10 11	1,405 19 11		2,882	1,123	4,005	1	523	14	1

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF CORK—*continued.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
MIDLETON,	1. Aghada,	19,046	4,485	1	1	-	-	10 1 8	10 0 0	1 16 6
	2. Castlemartyr,	20,583	2,697	1	1	-	1	48 2 8	1 0 0	1 15 1
	3. Cloyne,	10,027	4,248	1	1	-	1	22 9 9	8 0 0	1 18 2
	4. Midleton,	27,449	7,630	2	2	-	1	31 13 2	5 1 0	2 17 4
	5. Walshtownmore East,	28,181	2,183	1	1	-	-	11 17 8	-	0 8 9
		109,266	21,243	0	6	-	3	124 4 4	24 1 0	6 16 0
MILLSTREET,	1. Cullen,	28,393	4,617	2	1	-	-	38 3 11	23 12 0	0 4 10
	2. Millstreet,	40,512	5,898	1	1	-	-	25 15 3	11 5 6	4 0 4
		74,905	10,515	3	2	-	-	63 19 2	34 17 6	4 14 2
*MITCHELSTOWN, (Also in Co. Limerick.)	1. Galbally,	25,593	4,296	2	1	-	-	15 0 8	15 0 0	1 8 1
	2. Kildorrery,	24,532	3,503	2	1	-	1	19 9 0	10 0 0	1 6 0
	3. Mitchelstown No. 1,	23,874	5,153	2	1	-	1	46 19 2	15 0 0	1 6 1
	4. Mitchelstown No. 2,	12,958	1,205							
		86,057	14,157	8	3	-	2	81 6 4	40 0 0	4 4 2
SKIBBEREEN,	1. Dromdaleague,	43,125	6,008	2	1	-	1	28 2 5	10 0 0	1 16 4
	2. Skibbereen,	23,627	6,900	1	1	1	-	55 5 7	20 0 9	1 16 6
	3. Tullagh,	20,980	5,749	3	1	-	-	40 19 5	15 10 0	1 16 4
	4. Union Hall,	27,293	6,439	3	1	-	1	49 4 7	30 10 0	1 16 4
		115,025	25,105	9	4	1	2	182 12 0	76 0 0	7 5 5
SKULL,	1. Goleen,	22,888	3,946	2	1	-	-	23 5 4	16 0 0	-
	2. Skull,	34,281	6,297	2	1	-	-	14 16 11	18 0 9	-
		57,169	10,243	4	2	-	-	38 2 3	34 0 0	-
YOUGHAL, (Also in Co. Waterford.)	1. Ardmore,	13,275	1,889	1	1	-	-	14 9 2	6 0 0	0 1 0
	2. Clashmore,	20,710	2,829	2	1	-	-	12 4 6	10 0 0	0 1 0
	3. Killeagh,	31,808	4,248	3	1	-	1	26 0 5	5 9 0	0 1 0
	4. Ynnghal,	4,831	5,015	1	1	-	1	16 9 4	10 0 0	0 5 0
		70,624	14,881	7	4	-	2	68 14 5	31 0 0	0 8 0

* Mitchelstown Union—Mitchelstown No. 1 and Mitchelstown No. 2 Dispensary

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services. Medical Officers. Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Vaccination Expenses. Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including Cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	8 8 0	-	-	-	2 10 0	-	20 14 10	161 9 0	240	209	509	-	40	2	-
100 0 0	14 17 0	-	20 0 0	3 10 0	3 6 8	-	17 0 3	209 11 8	429	137	566	-	52	2	-
100 0 0	4 1 0	-	20 0 0	-	2 10 0	-	11 12 10	170 11 9	143	236	379	2	83	-	-
200 0 0	15 6 0	-	20 0 0	4 18 0	3 6 8	-	94 8 5	377 10 7	742	500	1,242	-	242	7	-
100 0 0	6 8 0	-	-	2 4 0	3 6 8	-	33 5 9	162 8 5	139	59	198	-	22	-	-
600 0 0	46 16 0	-	80 0 0	10 12 0	15 0 0	-	152 2 1	1,071 11 5	1,693	1,201	2,894	2	439	11	-
120 0 0	6 6 0	-	-	12 8 0	1 12 8	-	27 10 0	229 17 3	610	140	750	-	125	-	-
100 0 0	37 0 3	-	-	18 8 9	0 7 10	-	28 10 6	228 8 7	724	140	864	-	150	5	-
220 0 0	43 6 3	-	-	30 14 9	1 19 6	-	56 9 6	456 0 10	1,334	280	1,614	-	275	5	-
100 0 0	-	-	-	5 18 0	-	-	34 6 3	172 1 0	908	147	1,055	-	80	8	-
100 0 0	8 8 0	-	20 0 0	7 18 0	-	-	18 0 2	182 10 8	135	66	201	-	78	1	-
100 0 0	12 12 0	-	30 0 0	21 18 0	3 0 0	-	23 19 0	254 16 8	577	219	796	-	184	5	-
									53	15	68	-	63	-	-
300 0 0	18 18 0	-	50 0 0	35 12 0	3 0 0	-	76 7 5	609 7 11	1,673	447	2,120	-	405	14	-
120 0 0	3 3 0	-	21 7 1	20 18 0	5 8 0	-	16 3 11	226 16 9	444	133	577	-	205	2	-
120 0 0	0 9 0	15 0 0	-	10 16 0	2 14 0	-	42 0 0	268 1 8	433	179	612	-	118	13	-
125 0 0	4 8 0	-	-	7 10 0	2 14 0	-	6 18 3	213 16 0	453	150	603	-	110	-	-
120 0 0	17 17 0	-	25 0 0	18 8 0	2 1 0	-	20 5 3	285 2 2	416	122	538	-	178	2	-
485 0 0	25 17 0	15 0 0	46 7 1	57 10 0	12 17 0	-	85 7 11	993 16 5	1,746	584	2,330	-	611	17	-
100 0 0	9 9 0	-	-	11 0 0	-	-	6 7 6	168 1 10	128	79	207	1	140	-	-
100 0 0	16 5 8	-	-	23 2 0	-	-	18 10 8	190 15 1	261	71	332	-	232	3	-
[illegible] 0 0	25 14 6	-	-	34 2 0	-	-	24 18 2	358 16 11	389	150	539	1	372	3	-
120 0 0	18 18 0	-	-	3 0 0	-	-	8 9 11	170 9 1	375	74	449	-	84	-	-
150 6 0	88 4 0	-	-	1 18 0	-	-	18 14 4	281 1 10	228	97	325	-	46	-	-
155 0 0	6 8 0	-	25 0 0	3 2 0	0 15 0	-	33 12 4	257 18 0	308	82	390	-	122	2	-
120 8 0	12 1 6	-	25 0 0	4 14 0	4 16 0	-	30 8 8	223 14 1	943	209	1,152	-	201	7	-
545 0 0	125 9 8	-	50 0 0	15 14 [illegible]	5 11 0	-	91 4 10	933 1 9	1,854	462	2,316	-	453	9	-

Districts.—The figures in columns 6 to 20, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF KERRY.										
CAHERCIVEEN,	1. Caher,	47,051	6,401	1	1	-	1	6 9 10	-	0 6 4
	2. Darrynane,	24,884	3,205	2	1	-	1	41 7 10	14 0 0	0 6 5
	3. Emlagh,	65,384	6,174	8	1	-	-	13 12 2	19 10 0	0 6 4
	4. Glanbehy,	50,162	3,962	2	1	-	1	15 14 1	14 0 0	2 15 9
	5. Valencia,	10,649	2,693	2	1	-	-	10 12 1	15 10 0	0 3 1
		198,130	22,435	10	5	-	3	87 16 0	63 0 0	3 17 11
DINGLE,	1. Awenascale,	28,548	3,087	1	1	-	-	35 8 11	9 15 0	-
	2. Castlegregory,	41,383	4,783	2	1	-	-	30 11 3	14 0 0	-
	3. Dingle,	23,049	4,927	1	1	1	1	27 3 3	-	-
	4. Ventry,	33,479	5,477	2	1	-	1	5 18 5	14 0 0	-
		126,459	18,274	6	4	1	2	100 1 10	37 15 0	-
KENMARE,	1. Kenmare,	31,715	3,775	1	1	-	-	27 9 9	-	0 2 0
	2. Kilgarvan,	52,426	3,212	1	1	-	-	16 14 1	9 0 0	0 2 0
	3. Sneem,	58,469	4,504	2	1	-	-	31 4 4	9 0 0	0 2 0
	4. Tuosist,	55,806	3,151	2	1	-	-	32 1 1	15 0 0	0 2 0
		198,416	14,642	6	4	-	-	107 9 3	33 0 0	0 8 0
KILLARNEY,	1. Coom,	77,234	7,862	3	1	-	-	19 7 11	2 5 0	3 3 1
	2. Killarney,	56,490	9,986	1	2	1	1	96 10 4	10 0 0	2 19 1
	3. Killorglin,	53,849	8,861	1	1	-	1	19 9 2	2 0 0	2 19 1
	4. Milltown,	25,090	4,679	1	1	-	-	21 19 11	18 0 0	2 19 0
	5. Molahiffe,	38,767	5,708	2	1	-	-	31 0 0	5 0 0	4 5 4
		251,430	37,096	8	6	1	2	188 15 4	37 5 0	15 5 7
LISTOWEL, (Also in Co. Limerick.)	1. Ballybunnion,	19,642	3,880	1	1	-	-	49 15 4	7 0 0	3 15 3
	2. Ballyduff,	22,770	5,109	1	1	-	-	22 0 2	14 12 9	2 3 2
	3. Ballyhorgan,	38,139	5,175	2	1	-	-	39 17 10	14 5 0	2 3 2
	4. Ballylongford,	27,669	4,240	1	1	-	-	27 5 10	5 5 0	2 3 2
	5. Glin,	24,672	4,301	1	1	-	-	12 8 10	7 0 0	2 3 2
	6. Listowel,	34,003	8,448	1	1	1	1	35 6 0	12 0 0	2 3 2
	7. Tarbert,	23,281	4,541	2	1	-	-	27 14 9	18 0 0	2 3 2
		190,175	35,695	9	7	1	1	214 16 9	78 2 9	16 14 3

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.																MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.										Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
80 0 0	6 6 0	–	20 0 0	7 12 0	–	–	6 1 0	123 15 2	923	55	278	–	72	12	–
90 0	10 10 0	–	15 0 0	10 6 0	–	–	6 0 0	187 12 6	292	122	414	–	110	6	–
102 11 5	6 6 0	–	–	9 6 0	–	–	2 0 0	153 11 11	130	91	221	–	61	–	–
100 0 0	23 1 6	–	2 6 0	–	–	–	9 4 0	167 0 4	157	50	207	–	60	2	–
90 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	11 12 0	–	–	6 17 6	140 0 6	199	73	272	–	74	2	–
462 11 5	52 9 6	–	37 6 0	38 16	–	–	26 2 6	772 0 4	1,001	391	1,392	–	397	22	–
132 2 6	–	–	0 10 0	4 12 0	1 7 6	–	6 15 0	191 10 11	489	140	629	–	85	–	–
132 2 6	9 2 0	–	–	9 6 0	0 16 0	–	2 15 0	198 12 9	310	72	382	–	99	2	–
132 2 6	–	20 6 7	6 6 9	20 12 0	3 14 6	–	16 6 2	228 13 9	574	181	755	–	197	16	–
132 2 6	–	–	6 18 3	13 12 0	–	–	1 15 0	174 6 2	139	63	202	–	160	1	–
528 10 0	9 2 0	20 6 7	15 15 0	48 2 0	5 18 0	–	27 13 9	793 3 7	1,512	456	1,968	–	541	21	–
115 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	10 4 0	–	–	22 4 10	181 6 7	1,037	96	1,133	–	130	6	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	11 16 0	–	–	9 5 6	146 17 4	536	45	581	–	76	–	–
110 0 0	22 17 0	–	–	16 16 0	–	–	14 5 0	201 4 4	194	50	244	–	140	–	–
115 0 0	3 3 0	–	–	5 4 0	–	–	22 7 1	192 17 2	606	12	618	–	95	–	–
440 0 0	32 6 0	–	–	41 0 0	–	–	68 2 2	722 5 5	2,373	203	2,576	–	441	8	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	29 16 0	15 0 0	–	29 19 11	219 11 11	408	182	590	–	302	–	–
205 10 0	20 11 0	50 0 0	31 3 1	32 12 0	10 0 0	–	50 14 10	510 0 4	583	423	1,006	1	265	14	–
150 0 0	15 10 0	–	–	40 7 0	6 0 0	–	12 13 0	247 16 6	891	138	1,029	–	415	6	–
108 0 0	85 0 0	–	–	9 4 0	5 0 0	–	13 5 8	263 6 7	600	136	786	–	160	1	–
100 0 0	3 3 0	–	–	13 6 0	5 0 0	–	99 6 4	191 11 6	240	93	333	–	131	1	–
683 10 0	124 4 0	50 0 0	31 3 1	125 5 0	40 0 0	–	136 1 9	1,432 10 9	2,722	1,022	3,744	1	1373	22	–
100 0 0	31 3 0	–	–	12 18 3	–	–	4 1 9	208 14 7	196	256	452	–	129	1	–
101 13 2	16 2 0	–	–	10 1 0	1 1 0	–	4 11 11	172 11 2	372	212	584	–	122	1	–
101 13 2	14 0 0	–	–	15 6 0	–	–	3 1 10	190 7 0	229	225	454	–	146	–	–
100 0 0	31 10 0	–	–	12 0 0	–	–	9 1 9	187 6 9	229	182	411	–	126	2	–
70 19 10	6 6 0	–	–	16 2 6	–	–	5 19 9	120 19 10	150	145	295	–	162	4	–
101 13 2	30 0 0	40 16 2	31 0 10	26 2 0	–	–	4 9 3	233 7 7	501	256	757	–	264	10	–
130 4 10	9 11 0	–	–	16 18 0	–	–	5 1 9	209 13 6	118	113	231	–	168	1	–
700 4 9	138 12 0	40 13 2	31 0 10	109 7 6	1 1 0	–	36 8 0	1,373 0 5	1,795	1,389	3,184	–	1137	19	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Union.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF KERRY—*continued.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
TRALEE,	1. Ardfert,	38,608	7,000	2	1	–	–	27 4 8	18 0 0	1 10 0
	2. Brosna,	85,789	7,583	4	2	–	–	32 10 5	11 10 0	2 11 0
	3. Castle Island,	60,959	4,853	1	1	–	–	20 14 1	–	2 11 0
	4. Castlemaine,	18,264	2,486	1	1	–	–	51 0 2	10 0 0	1 6 6
	5. Kilgobban,	10,420	819	1	1	–	–	24 12 3	7 0 0	1 9 0
	6. Tralee,	57,775	10,144	1	2	1	2	170 17 8	2 2 0	7 10 6
		221,813	41,885	10	8	1	2	332 19 3	46 12 0	17 0 2
COUNTY OF LIMERICK.										
CROOM,	1. Adare,	25,251	2,992	2	1	–	–	7 8 8	10 0 0	5 12 2
	2. Castletown,	28,162	3,749	2	1	–	1	19 11 10	13 10 0	5 12 4
	3. Croom,	29,911	4,065	2	1	1	–	59 13 10	22 0 0	5 12 1
		83,324	10,806	6	3	1	1	86 12 2	45 10 0	16 16 7
KILMALLOCK, (Also in Co. Cork.)	1. Bruff,	20,721	3,737	1	1	1	1	58 8 0	8 0 0	2 15 7
	2. Bruree,	23,029	2,671	1	1	–	1	13 19 5	–	5 0 3
	3. Charleville,	19,384	4,121	1	1	1	1	59 14 5	–	3 19 8
	4. Hospital,	18,020	4,355	1	1	–	1	33 0 5	9 0 0	2 15 7
	5. Kilfinnane,	37,480	5,855	1	1	1	1	51 4 5	8 0 0	3 10 8
	6. Kilmallock,	25,600	4,812	1	1	–	1	49 3 8	–	3 2 9
		145,150	25,551	6	8	3	8	265 5 2	21 0 0	21 4 3
*LIMERICK, (Also in Co. Clare.)	1. Annacotty,	22,278	4,308	2	1	–	1	10 12 10	27 0 0	1 8 1
	2. Bridgetown,	41,177	4,440	3	1	–	–	30 12 2	81 10 0	1 8 1
	3. Caherconlish,	27,543	4,017	1	1	–	1	21 2 3	3 0 0	1 8 1
	4. Clarina,	22,880	3,606	1	1	–	–	5 5 4	13 10 0	1 8 1
	5. Coolacasey,	27,482	3,152	3	1	–	2	25 9 5	24 10 0	1 8 2
	6. Limerick Rural,	8,400	4,243	1	1	1	1	52 5 5	1 2 2	2 3 5
	7. Limerick Urban,	2,109	38,151		8		2	277 11 3	5 17 10	11 10 4
	8. Murroe,	28,047	4,097	2	1	–	1	29 10 4	29 0 0	1 8 3
		177,911	66,014	13	10	1	8	452 9 0	135 10 0	22 2 5
NEWCASTLE,	1. Abbeyfeale,	37,724	7,430	4	1	–	–	26 8 1	20 0 0	3 14 3
	2. Ardagh,	30,178	4,222	2	1	–	–	13 1 7	19 4 0	1 6 3
	3. Broadford,	37,156	4,712	2	1	–	–	12 3 0	18 0 0	1 6 3
	4. Feenagh,	20,913	2,879	3	1	–	–	9 8 11	15 18 0	1 6 3
	5. Newcastle,	17,896	4,648	2	1	1	–	14 18 4	17 0 0	1 18 11
		143,862	23,891	13	5	1	–	75 17 11	90 0 0	9 11 11

Limerick Union—Limerick Rural and Limerick Urban Dispensary Districts—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services. Medical Officers. Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Vaccination Expenses. Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 10.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
125 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	6 16 0	-	-	42 4 0	231 8 8	130	93	223	2	406	1	-
170 0 0	35 8 8	-	-	17 3 0	2 6 0	-	80 0 0	301 14 1	267	148	415	-	229	-	-
77 18 0	19 19 0	-	4 8 0	9 4 0	1 1 0	-	19 18 9	161 13 10	422	242	664	2	148	9	-
60 0 0	78 0 0	-	-	9 8 0	3 0 0	-	9 0 0	221 16 8	268	54	322	-	97	-	-
50 0 0	-	-	-	1 6 0	-	-	11 9 0	95 18 9	96	42	138	-	7	-	-
211 6 3	90 13 6	40 0 0	43 16 1	19 12 0	-	-	39 6 8	625 1 10	1,607	1,609	3,216	-	275	23	-
694 1 5	236 13 2	40 0 0	46 4 1	63 16 0	6 7 0	-	151 18 11	1,637 13 10	2,790	2,188	4,976	4	1165	33	-
120 0 0	-	-	-	5 16 0	1 9 6	-	21 7 9	171 11 11	150	63	213	-	69	3	-
120 0 0	-	-	0 12 4	0 14 0	1 12 0	-	17 6 6	184 19 0	476	114	590	-	67	2	-
114 19 7	29 3 4	30 0 0	-	10 8 0	4 6 6	-	22 5 10	298 9 2	700	140	640	-	105	2	-
354 19 7	29 3 4	30 0 0	0 12 4	22 18 0	7 8 0	-	61 0 1	655 0 1	1,326	317	1,613	-	241	7	-
115 0 0	12 12 0	15 0 0	25 0 0	8 16 0	1 5 0	-	13 0 6	267 12 1	461	234	695	1	107	-	-
115 0 0	14 14 0	-	24 1 3	4 10 0	5 5 0	-	15 19 2	196 9 1	445	92	538	-	54	1	-
112 0 0	28 7 0	-	22 0 0	10 10 0	1 5 0	-	48 14 0	286 10 1	817	279	1,096	-	120	-	-
115 0 0	22 2 0	-	27 0 0	6 16 0	3 5 0	-	38 13 4	259 14 4	249	274	526	-	93	4	-
140 0 0	13 19 0	15 0 0	25 0 0	12 16 0	3 10 0	-	20 17 0	291 16 10	1,313	273	1,586	-	125	2	-
130 0 0	6 15 0	-	28 0 0	9 2 0	5 10 0	-	46 5 2	277 16 5	877	278	1,155	-	92	8	-
727 0 0	98 9 0	30 0 0	151 1 3	54 12 0	16 0 0	-	183 9 2	1,570 0 10	4,163	1,430	5,593	1	591	15	-
100 0 0	3 3 0	-	30 0 0	4 10 0	6 19 0	-	4 6 10	187 19 9	102	80	162	-	107	3	-
100 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	12 10 0	5 10 0	-	12 10 0	206 12 3	137	78	215	-	125	2	-
100 0 0	16 7 0	-	30 15 9	8 14 0	5 0 0	-	9 12 10	198 19 11	247	117	364	-	99	1	-
100 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	4 16 0	5 0 0	-	6 7 0	151 16 5	19	121	514	-	49	2	-
125 0 0	25 4 0	-	30 0 0	5 0 0	5 6 0	-	3 0 0	244 17 7	184	78	262	-	63	2	-
100 0 0	15 12 0	21 3 0	12 10 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	-	32 0 2	249 3 2	290	109	408	-	45	-	-
347 0 0	44 2 0	112 5 0	37 10 0	111 0 0	36 0 0	-	169 19 7	1,152 16 0	7,382	2,589	9,971	-	987	26	-
100 0 0	12 12 0	-	30 0 0	11 18 0	7 13 0	-	-	222 1 6	294	225	519	-	117	4	-
1,072 0 0	142 4 0	133 8 0	170 15 9	163 0 0	85 8 0	-	237 15 5	2,614 13 7	8,838	3,397	12235	-	1592	40	-
110 0 0	49 5 [illegible]	-	5 7 0	22 10 0	-	-	3 15 0	239 2 6	348	242	590	-	215	2	-
100 0 0	15 15 0	-	-	7 13 3	-	-	8 4 1	163 7 2	195	175	370	-	89	-	-
100 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	9 14 0	-	-	6 4 1	156 19 4	278	141	419	-	83	3	-
100 0 0	14 17 0	-	-	6 16 0	-	-	12 13 5	160 17 10	84	75	159	-	64	6	-
100 0 0	26 5 0	22 2 0	-	6 14 3	-	-	3 4 1	192 0 7	520	258	778	-	75	5	-
510 0 0	121 17 2	22 2 0	5 7 0	53 7 6	-	-	26 3 11	912 7 5	1,425	891	2,316	-	526	10	-

The figures in columns 5 and 7 relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF LIMERICK—*con.*										
RATHKEALE,	1. Askeaton,	22,183	2,820	1	1	-	1	25 15 1	7 0 0	0 13 6
	2. Pallaskenry,	19,944	2,794	1	1	-	1	18 9 10	5 10 0	0 13 6
	3. Rathkeale,	37,804	5,762	2	2	1	1	49 11 0	19 0 0	2 7 3
	4. Shanagolden,	21,956	3,015	2	1	-	-	38 14 9	7 0 0	0 10 0
		101,887	14,991	6	5	1	3	132 11 2	29 10 0	4 7 9
COUNTY OF TIPPERARY. (North Riding.)										
BORRISOKANE,	1. Borrisokane,	27,453	3,358	1	1	-	1	28 10 1	5 0 0	0 0 3
	2. Cloghjordan,	26,962	2,690	1	1	-	1	16 11 3	10 0 0	0 0 6
	3. Terryglass,	27,435	2,484	1	1	-	1	18 4 6	0 0 0	0 0 6
		81,850	8,532	3	0	-	3	62 5 10	21 0 0	1 0 0
NENAGH,	1. Nenagh,	35,509	8,308	2	2	-	-	33 8 11	14 0 0	-
	2. Newport,	44,900	5,253	1	1	-	1	38 3 7	10 0 0	-
	3. Portroe,	30,435	3,948	2	1	-	-	2 12 11	20 0 0	-
	4. Silvermines,	30,740	3,037	1	1	-	1	0 2 9	0 0 0	-
	5. Toomevara,	41,504	4,336	1	1	-	1	15 10 6	10 0 0	-
		183,088	24,932	7	0	-	0	98 18 7	60 0 0	-
ROSCREA, (Also in King's and Queen's Cos.)	1. Borris-in-Ossory,	36,575	3,912	2	1	-	1	19 7 7	0 0 0	-
	2. Bourney,	35,751	3,127	3	1	-	-	17 10 11	7 10 0	-
	3. Roscrea No. 1,	21,789	4,890	1	1	-	-	33 15 0	-	-
	4. Roscrea No. 2,	18,212	1,694	1	1	-	1	4 12 5	6 0 0	-
	5. Shinrone,	37,353	4,116	2	1	-	2	10 17 5	10 10 0	-
		149,680	17,739	9	6	-	4	95 9 10	30 0 0	-
THURLES,	1. Borrisoleigh,	32,064	4,922	2	1	-	1	13 2 9	13 0 0	-
	2. Holycross,	19,579	2,688	1	1	-	-	2 15 8	10 0 0	-
	3. Littleton,	31,958	3,146	2	1	-	-	6 12 8	14 0 0	-
	4. Moyne,	25,730	3,037	6	1	-	1	15 10 2	19 0 0	-
	5. Templemore,	12,722	3,809	1	1	-	1	4 16 2	13 10 0	-
	6. Thurles,	20,490	6,631	1	1	1	1	28 8 8	-	-
		142,543	24,283	10	6	1	4	71 5 1	69 10 0	-
COUNTY OF TIPPERARY. (South Riding.)										
*CARRICK-ON-SUIR, (Also in Cos. Kilkenny & Waterford.)	1. Carrickbeg,	0,248	710	2	2	1	1	47 16 6	5 0 0	0 12 6
	2. Carrick-on-Suir,	26,059	8,084							
	3. Pilltown,	32,120	4,466	3	1	-	1	22 9 5	10 0 0	-
	4. Portlaw,	11,198	1,942	1	1	-	-	17 1 4	9 0 0	-
	5. Rathgormuck,	37,007	2,561	1	1	-	1	24 8 5	-	-
		112,632	17,763	7	5	1	3	111 14 8	24 0 0	0 12 6

* Carrick-on-Suir Union—Carrickbeg and Carrick-on-Suir Dispensary Districts.—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.								MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.				Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments or temporary services.														
12	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22	23.	24.	25	26	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	–	–	–	5 4 0	5 4 0	–	15 1 8	158 18 1	69	117	186	–	50	–	–
100 0 0	8 8 0	–	–	6 8 0	3 15 0	–	19 8 0	162 12 4	253	128	381	–	78	1	–
200 9 0	27 9 0	55 0 0	32 9 0	12 2 0	10 15 0	–	21 10 10	420 15 7	730	274	1,004	–	116	7	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	9 0 0	1 13 0	–	48 1 4	234 11 7	222	109	331	–	80	5	–
520 0 0	45 8 0	55 0 0	32 0 0	32 14 0	21 7 0	–	104 1 8	978 17 7	1,274	628	1,902	–	324	13	–
100 0 0	4 13 [illegible]	–	25 0 0	6 2 [illegible]	2 0 0	–	9 13 10	181 5 7	178	89	267	–	77	1	–
100 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	5 12 8	–	–	14 5 2	170 15 7	168	82	250	1	5[illegible]	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	10 8 0	2 0 [illegible]	–	–	11 15 7	148 7 0	178	90	268	–	27	–	–
300 0 0	4 13 0	–	60 0 0	13 14 9	2 0 0	–	35 14 7	500 8 2	524	261	785	1	163	1	–
195 0 0	15 15 0	–	–	11 7 [illegible]	–	–	13 3 0	282 14 5	817	455	1,272	–	174	–	–
100 0 0	19 19 0	–	25 0 0	7 14 0	–	–	3 17 8	204 13 10	238	114	352	–	117	7	–
100 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	4 4 0	2 0 0	–	0 8 8	141 15 5	65	36	101	–	85	–	–
100 0 0	18 18 [illegible]	–	25 0 0	8 4 3	2 0 0	–	4 4 6	168 9 6	155	55	210	–	[illegible]	–	–
100 0 0	14 14 0	–	25 0 0	8 0 9	–	–	4 9 11	177 15 1	225	104	329	–	107	1	–
695 0 0	81 18 0	–	75 0 0	34 10 6	4 0 0	–	26 1 2	075 8 3	1,500	764	2,264	–	549	8	–
145 0 0	13 18 0	–	25 0 0	8 12 0	–	–	78 11 9	296 4 4	325	110	435	–	59	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	6 4 0	–	–	4 7 0	135 17 11	452	98	550	–	81	–	–
87 0 0	18 12 [illegible]	–	20 0 0	12 0 0	–	–	10 13 8	182 1 2	902	177	1,079	–	95	2	–
65 0 0	6 8 0	–	–	2 6 0	–	–	8 0 0	90 4 5	70	37	107	–	23	–	–
120 0 0	2 2 0	–	43 15 0	8 0 0	–	–	14 5 10	218 10 3	135	76	211	–	86	2	–
517 0 0	40 13 0	–	88 15 0	37 2 0	–	–	113 18 3	922 18 1	1,884	498	2,382	–	344	4	–
120 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	9 10 3	–	–	12 12 3	188 5 3	113	59	172	–	121	4	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	4 16 0	–	–	1 13 4	139 5 0	70	67	137	–	52	–	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	5 12 0	–	–	8 13 4	167 10 0	57	32	89	–	68	–	–
120 0 0	8 6 0	–	–	4 18 0	–	–	8 10 0	174 4 2	141	90	231	–	71	–	–
120 0 0	8 8 0	–	21 2 0	58 2 0	2 0 0	–	17 3 5	242 18 7	280	182	462	–	78	2	–
120 0 0	19 10 0	–	25 0 0	19 18 8	–	–	2 5 10	215 1 0	697	171	868	1	134	3	–
720 0 0	44 14 0	–	68 2 0	102 14 9	2 0 0	–	50 18 2	1127 4 0	1,358	601	1,959	1	522	9	–
189 18 9	7 7 0	–	20 0 0	18 2 0	–	–	12 18 1	299 11 10	758	408	1,166	–	183	5	–
100 0 0	2 12 [illegible]	–	25 0 0	6 14 0	2 0 0	–	19 0 9	197 18 2	255	147	402	–	82	1	–
80 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	4 2 0	–	–	1 8 0	124 1 4	361	143	504	–	71	–	–
90 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	4 10 0	–	–	13 13 8	147 0 11	302	74	376	–	42	–	–
459 18 9	42 0 0	–	45 0 0	31 8 [illegible]	2 0 0	–	51 18 4	783 10 3	1,676	772	2,448	–	378	8	–

The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.* COUNTY OF TIPPERARY—*con.* (South Riding)—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
CASHEL,	1. Cashel,	32,520	5,797	2	1	–	1	29 9 8	18 0 0	0 11 9
	2. Fethard,	29,670	3,865	1	1	–	1	41 11 0	6 0 0	1 0 0
	3. Killenaule,	28,512	3,357	2	1	–	1	38 5 2	13 0 0	0 11 9
	4. Kilpatrick,	31,481	3,895	2	1	–	1	38 10 4	10 0 0	0 11 9
	5. Tullamaine,	33,954	3,248	2	1	–	–	25 5 11	22 0 0	1 0 0
		156,137	20,182	9	5	–	4	173 11 1	69 0 0	3 15 3
CLOGHEEN,	1. Ardfinnan,	41,555	4,460	2	1	–	–	21 1 0	17 10 0	1 15 6
	2. Caher,	33,699	5,732	1	1	–	1	34 4 8	1 0 0	1 15 5
	3. Clogheen,	42,168	5,329	2	1	–	1	99 6 1	19 0 0	1 16 6
		117,422	15,521	5	8	–	2	154 11 0	37 10 0	5 9 6
CLONMEL, (Also in Co. Waterford.)	1. Ballymacarbery,	15,967	1,649	1	1	–	1	9 3 9	5 0 0	0 17 6
	2. Clonmel,	6,767	11,023	1	1	1	1	39 18 4	–	3 9 10
	3. Kilsheelan No. 1,	17,432	1,671	1	1	–	1	33 9 0	5 10 0	1 19 0
	4. Kilsheelan No. 2,	12,191	738				1			
	5. Killinan,	11,139	894	1	1	–	1	0 7 2	8 0 0	1 1 1
	6. Marlfield,	11,897	1,458	2	1	–	1	14 12 10	15 0 0	1 15 2
	7. St. Mary's,	12,315	1,293	1	1	–	1	6 12 6	–	0 12 8
		87,708	18,726	7	6	1	7	110 3 7	33 10 0	9 15 3
TIPPERARY, (Also in Co. Limerick.)	1. Bansha,	41,772	8,931	2	1	–	–	15 19 1	19 10 0	1 15 8
	2. Cappagh,	32,606	4,415	1	1	–	1	55 0 7	10 0 0	2 5 6
	3. Emly,	24,663	4,559	2	1	–	–	15 10 9	24 0 0	2 0 0
	4. Golden,	22,679	2,368	1	1	–	–	17 11 4	6 0 0	1 14 0
	5. Grean,	35,659	6,756	3	1	–	1	50 19 3	30 0 0	1 11 4
	6. Tipperary,	22,608	9,903	1	1	–	1	68 1 3	26 0 0	4 1 10
		179,987	31,932	10	6	–	3	224 5 3	115 10 0	13 14 4
COUNTY OF WATERFORD.										
DUNGARVAN,	1. Dungarvan,	23,441	7,410	1	1	–	1	24 9 4	20 0 0	3 5 11
	2. Ringville,	22,477	2,383	2	1	–	–	18 4 5	–	1 19 9
	3. Seskinane,	30,493	2,549	2	1	–	–	31 8 5	14 0 0	11 2 8
	4. Whitechurch,	17,633	2,624	1	1	–	–	11 7 4	–	2 0 9
		94,044	14,966	6	4	–	1	85 9 6	34 0 0	15 9 1

* Clonmel Union—Clonmel and St. Mary's Dispensary Districts.—One Apothecary
Do. Kilsheelan No. 1 and Kilsheelan No. 2 Dispensary Districts.

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.															MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.					Vaccination Expenses.		Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.			No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.													
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.				Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.				
12.	13.	14.	15.		16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	25 0 0		13 6 0	–	–	13 14 0	229 10 5	446	235	881	–	135	1	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	28 16 3		12 0 0	–	–	7 12 4	226 6 7	273	204	477	–	94	–	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	20 0 0		8 4 0	–	–	10 0 5	217 10 4	610	147	457	–	80	1	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	–		10 8 0	–	–	21 6 10	207 8 11	185	109	294	–	[illegible]	1	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	0 8 10		–	–	–	9 0 0	196 3 9	192	103	295	–	50	1	–
600 0 0	44 2 0	–	83 5 1		41 18 0	–	–	61 10 7	1,077 2 0	1,406	798	2,204	–	448	4	–
123 3 2	–	–	–		12 4 0	4 3 0	–	32 0 3	211 17 11	264	86	350	–	92	–	–
123 3 2	8 6 0	–	24 7 10		12 14 0	5 0 0	–	38 0 11	246 13 1	457	141	598	1	113	–	–
120 16 1	14 14 0	–	20 0 0		10 16 0	5 14 0	–	25 4 2	317 10 10	880	158	988	–	96	–	–
367 4 5	21 0 0	–	44 7 10		35 16 0	14 17 0	–	95 5 4	778 1 10	1,551	385	1,936	1	301	–	–
120 0 0	8 8 0	–	–		2 4 0	0 15 0	–	11 17 8	153 0 6	217	71	288	–	33	–	–
140 0 0	8 6 0	43 8 8	28 12 4		12 14 0	9 2 0	–	17 13 2	301 4 4	483	308	791	–	161	–	–
140 0 0	–	–	24 15 5		8 10 0	0 8 0	–	11 14 4	226 8 9	311 107	107 59	416 166	– –	30 16	2 –	– –
50 0 0	8 8 0	–	2 5 0		4 0 0	–	–	13 2 5	93 6 8	71	46	117	–	18	–	–
136 0 0	9 9 0	–	23 18 4		11 4 0	2 1 0	–	21 17 6	235 16 0	125	40	165	–	25	–	–
100 0 0	3 3 0	8 11 4	4 14 7		2 8 0	1 9 0	–	2 18 9	130 9 10	27	40	67	–	19	–	–
686 0 0	30 9 0	52 0 0	84 3 8		41 0 0	13 13 0	–	79 6 7	1,139 18 1	1,341	671	2,012	–	308	2	–
110 0 0	–	–	–		8 8 0	–	–	15 5 0	171 0 9	332	86	418	–	65	–	–
96 0 0	2 2 0	–	–		10 6 0	–	–	23 12 2	199 11 3	619	123	442	–	81	4	–
100 0 0	44 2 0	–	–		10 2 0	–	–	28 3 3	225 4 0	271	139	410	–	90	–	–
100 0 0	12 12 0	–	–		4 0 0	–	–	11 19 6	153 16 10	200	76	276	–	38	2	–
145 0 0	14 14 0	–	10 15 0		18 16 0	–	–	23 4 1	294 19 8	645	232	877	–	169	2	–
110 0 0	37 18 0	–	19 8 8		24 12 0	–	–	32 9 9	322 9 8	777	534	1,311	–	142	14	–
661 0 0	111 8 0	–	30 3 8		76 8 0	–	–	134 13 9	1367 2 0	2,544	1,190	3,734	–	685	23	–
120 0 0	–	–	25 0 0		12 0 0	3 0 0	–	25 8 6	233 3 9	242	393	635	–	154	12	–
120 0 0	–	–	–		4 10 0	3 15 0	–	30 19 5	179 8 7	212	68	280	–	78	–	–
120 0 0	–	–	–		6 18 0	3 0 0	–	23 7 5	209 18 6	217	44	261	–	59	–	–
120 0 0	14 14 0	–	–		4 12 0	3 15 0	–	11 16 11	168 6 0	197	76	275	–	55	–	–
480 0 0	14 14 0	–	25 0 0		28 0 0	13 10 0	–	91 13 8	790 14 10	868	583	1,451	–	341	12	–

acts for these two Dispensary Districts.
The figures given in columns 5, 6 and 7, and in columns 9 to 20 inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF WATERFORD—*con.*										
KILMACTHOMAS,	1. Bunmahon, .	23,639	2,922	3	1	–	–	32 3 8	23 10 0	–
	2. Kilmacthomas	40,839	4,187	3	1	–	1	38 12 10	18 0 0	–
		64,478	7,109	0	2	–	1	70 16 6	41 10 0	–
LISMORE, . .	1. Ballydaff, .	28,714	2,653	1	1	–	1	13 7 1	2 0 0	0 17 5
	2. Cappoquin, .	26,210	3,842	1	1	–	1	22 14 3	3 0 0	1 5 2
	3. Lismore, . .	26,021	4,143	1	1	–	1	29 6 11	–	0 17 5
	4. Tallow, . .	16,103	2,635	2	1	–	1	15 2 0	9 0 0	0 17 5
		97,048	13,273	5	4	–	4	85 10 8	10 0 0	3 17 5
*WATERFORD, . (Also in Co. Kilkenny.)	1. Kilmakevoge,	30,770	4,202	3	1	–	3	83 8 5	27 0 0	0 4 4
	2. Kilmeaden, .	10,210	2,304	1	1	–	–	19 4 9	8 0 0	0 4 4
	3. Tramore, .	13,135	3,328	1	1	–	–	28 11 3	14 0 0	0 4 4
	4. Ullid, . .	26,516	5,661	3	1	–	2	42 18 5	21 0 0	0 4 4
	5. Waterford Rural,	15,089	1,797	2	2	–	2	105 9 6	29 15 0	0 7 10
	6. Waterford Urban,		26,709							
	7. Woodstown, .	20,997	4,030	3	1	–	2	34 13 8	24 10 0	0 4 4
		125,717	48,091	13	7	–	9	264 6 0	124 5 0	1 9 5
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER.										
COUNTY OF CARLOW.										
†CARLOW, . . (Also in Queen's Co.)	1. Bagenalstown,	16,855	3,538	1	1	–	1	14 15 5	10 0 0	1 0 0
	2. Ballickmoyler and Newtown	29,671	3,861	2	1	–	1	31 14 4	24 0 0	11 17 6
	3. Borris, . .	26,376	3,607	1	1	–	1	8 18 6	9 0 0	1 15 0
	4. Carlow No. 1, .	19,867	8,821	1	1	1	–	96 13 11	13 0 0	5 7 3
	5. Carlow No. 2, .	7,334	851							
	6. Clonegal, .	14,787	1,782	2	1	–	2	3 16 2	7 0 0	1 0 0
	7. Fennagh and Myshall, .	31,716	3,687	3	1	–	1	15 1 7	28 0 3	1 0 0
	8. Leighlinbridge	20,100	3,083	1	1	–	1	11 3 2	10 0 0	1 5 0
	9. Tullow, . .	33,236	5,208	1	1	–	1	27 3 7	–	1 0 0
		199,942	34,438	12	8	1	8	209 11 3	106 0 3	24 4 9
COUNTY OF DUBLIN.										
BALROTHERY, .	1. Balbriggan, .	18,253	4,298	2	1	–	2	38 19 6	8 0 0	7 14 7
	2 Holmpatrick,	7,127	2,896	1	1	–	1	40 19 2	2 10 0	1 14 10
	3. Kilsallaghan,	25,026	2,093	3	1	–	2	6 0 6	9 15 0	2 11 9
	4. Lusk, .	12,059	3,115	2	1	–	1	13 10 5	13 0 0	1 14 9
	5. Malahide, .	6,913	2,437	2	1	–	1	25 14 8	10 0 0	2 16 4
	6. Swords, . .	14,694	3,307	2	1	–	1	25 12 8	4 0 0	2 11 4
		84,072	18,146	12	6	–	8	156 16 11	47 5 0	19 3 7

* Waterford Union—Waterford Rural and Waterford Urban Dispensary
† Carlow Union—Carlow No. 1 and Carlow No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	11 11 0	–	–	5 13 3	1 16 0	–	55 5 4	230 2 3	393	133	526	–	60	–	–
100 0 0	6 5 0	–	28 0 0	9 14 0	1 17 0	–	19 9 3	221 19 1	491	122	613	–	85	5	–
200 0 0	17 17 0	–	28 0 0	15 10 3	3 13 0	–	74 14 7	452 1 4	884	255	1,139	–	145	5	–
120 0 0	4 4 0	–	25 0 0	3 18 0	0 15 7	–	6 1 2	161 3 3	351	40	391	–	39	1	–
120 0 0	5 2 0	–	25 0 0	3 2 0	0 8 11	–	5 19 2	191 11 11	137	91	228	–	104	2	–
120 0 0	6 3 0	–	16 0 0	–	1 3 4	–	7 19 3	181 9 11	321	84	405	–	80	7	–
120 0 0	45 3 0	–	30 0 0	2 18 0	0 15 8	–	50 1 0	273 17 7	410	139	549	–	36	–	–
480 0 0	60 12 0	–	96 0 0	9 18 0	5 3 6	–	70 1 1	828 2 8	1,219	354	1,573	–	250	10	–
120 0 0	21 0 0	–	28 0 0	7 18 0	4 0 0	–	19 16 0	261 8 9	195	81	276	–	100	2	–
120 0 0	15 1 0	–	–	3 16 0	2 0 0	–	4 5 0	172 13 1	191	62	253	–	38	–	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	5 6 0	2 0 0	–	7 4 9	177 0 4	841	115	956	–	64	4	–
145 0 0	30 14 0	–	20 0 0	11 2 0	4 0 0	–	13 16 0	288 11 9	239	122	361	–	91	–	–
233 0 0	12 12 0	–	40 0 0	61 2 0	8 0 0	–	89 4 0	579 10 4	50 1,948	15 1 063	65 3,011	– –	13 457	– 8	–
120 0 0	25 7 0	–	30 0 0	9 2 0	4 0 0	–	15 2 0	262 19 0	298	202	500	–	136	–	–
858 0 0	104 14 0	–	118 0 0	98 8 0	24 0 0	–	149 6 9	1,742 9 3	3,762	1,660	5,422	–	899	14	–
120 0 0	5 6 0	–	20 0 0	7 18 0	8 0 0	–	14 5 3	202 4 8	506	137	748	–	56	2	–
99 14 0	68 19 0	–	31 7 6	5 6 0	2 0 0	–	24 10 0	299 6 4	410	154	564	–	30	–	–
120 0 0	10 11 8	–	20 0 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	–	17 11 7	106 16 9	229	119	348	–	45	–	–
140 0 0	44 2 0	30 0 0	–	23 12 0	11 10 0	–	22 2 8	391 7 10	4,468	746	5,214	2	252	2	–
70 0 0	7 7 0	–	12 0 0	2 4 0	–	–	–	103 7 2	88	42	130	–	28	–	–
140 0 0	28 7 0	–	25 0 0	4 2 0	0 10 0	–	20 12 4	262 13 2	413	129	542	–	47	1	–
120 0 0	1 1 0	–	25 0 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	–	15 4 8	196 2 10	267	141	408	–	67	–	–
120 0 0	25 4 0	–	25 0 0	8 14 0	–	–	11 2 3	218 3 10	574	199	773	–	55	2	–
929 14 0	191 17 8	30 0 0	158 7 6	63 9 0	31 0 0	–	125 8 9	1,869 4 7	7,055	1,667	8,722	2	620	7	–
125 0 0	29 4 0	–	44 5 0	5 8 0	1 18 0	–	17 16 2	278 5 3	440	210	650	–	106	–	–
125 0 0	11 11 0	–	25 0 0	5 6 0	2 17 0	–	11 5 6	232 5 6	464	161	625	–	102	–	–
167 0 0	8 8 0	–	42 0 0	3 14 0	–	–	21 16 11	261 5 2	208	149	357	–	45	–	–
125 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	7 15 0	2 18 10	–	26 19 11	228 10 11	507	153	660	–	195	–	–
125 0 0	10 10 0	–	20 10 0	4 14 0	1 15 0	–	27 2 1	228 2 1	453	147	600	–	90	–	–
125 0 0	28 9 11	–	25 0 0	6 14 0	0 10 0	–	21 4 8	239 2 7	357	127	484	–	72	4	–
792 0 0	100 14 11	–	181 15 0	33 13 0	9 18 10	–	126 5 3	1 467 12 6	2,429	947	3,376	–	610	4	–

Districts.—The figures given in column 3, and in columns 5 to 20, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts. The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF DUBLIN—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
DUBLIN, NORTH,	1. North Dublin Rural,	39,403	39,000	10	6	-	8	155 10 0	129 7 0	16 2 4
	2. North Dublin Urban,	1,802	127,887	4	8	4	-	573 3 1	46 5 0	56 3 4
		41,205	166,887	14	14	4	8	728 13 1	175 12 0	74 5 6
DUBLIN, SOUTH,	1. Clondalkin,	5,903	2,127	1	1	-	1	10 6 1	12 0 0	5 9 3
	2. Donnybrook,	2,073	26,435	2	2	1	-	147 1 3	56 0 0	25 7 3
	3. Palmerstown,	3,281	8,575	2	1	-	1	16 14 10	87 0 0	6 17 3
	4. Rathfarnham,	11,954	7,907	3	2	1	1	88 1 7	37 0 0	2 16 6
	5. Rathmines,	1,714	32,002	1	1	1	1	71 13 3	5 13 4	1 6 6
	6. South City,	1,942	132,360	4	8	4	-	495 5 2	88 18 6	59 15 7
	7. Tallaght,	21,408	2,773	1	1	-	1	38 0 3	-	1 6 3
		48,275	219,779	14	16	7	6	876 2 5	236 11 10	103 5 7
RATHDOWN, (Also in Co. Wicklow.)	1. Blackrock and Stillorgan,	4,052	12,528	2	2	-	2	71 7 2	50 0 0	7 17 6
	2. Bray No. 1,	1,061	7,424	1	1	-	1	33 4 4	5 0 0	1 16 6
	3. Bray No. 2,	4,614	1,761	1	1	-		17 2 1	11 0 0	-
	4. Delgany,	11,018	3,231	2	1	-	1	22 18 6	10 16 0	0 12 9
	5. Dundrum and Glencullen,	11,820	6,272	3	2	-	2	67 16 9	45 0 0	2 10 6
	6. Killiney,	5,047	7,108	3	1	-	1	82 10 9	44 0 0	1 6 3
	7. Kingstown,	1,463	17,592	2	2	-	2	78 1 11	39 0 0	1 13 0
	6. Powerscourt,	22,423	1,826	1	1	-	1	9 18 9	3 0 0	0 12 9
		61,468	57,742	15	11	-	10	677 16 6	212 10 0	16 0 0
COUNTY OF KILDARE.										
ATHY, (Also in Queen's Co.)	1. Athy,	30,569	6,466	1	1	1	1	92 4 3	6 0 0	-
	2. Ballylynan,	91,756	2,569	1	1	-	1	45 3 6	8 0 0	-
	3. Castledermot,	24,607	2,559	2	1	-	1	30 11 6	20 2 8	-
	4. Fontstown,	26,293	2,348	3	1	-	1	7 10 3	20 16 4	-
	5. Monasterevan,	31,702	4,819	2	1	-	1	36 13 1	17 13 6	-
	6. Stradbally,	26,264	6,394	2	1	-	1	22 16 11	11 10 0	-
		161,131	22,155	11	6	1	6	236 16 8	83 19 6	-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.										MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.			Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.								
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.					Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
737 11 5	91 16 0	-	165 13 1	52 16 0	2 0 0	114 10 8	23 12 0	1490 18 4		3,016	1,105	4,120	-	1277	4	-
1160 0 0	162 13 0	420 1 8	-	155 18 0	-	-	536 10 8	3110 12 9		32287	6,262	38549	-	4576	348	-
1897 11 5	254 9 0	420 1 8	165 13 1	208 12 0	2 0 0	114 10 6	560 2 8	4601 11 1		35302	7,367	42669	-	5852	352	-
125 0 0	10 8 4	-	50 17 0	4 14 0	1 14 3	-	8 19 9	238 8 8		443	107	610	-	61	-	-
300 0 0	33 10 5	125 7 11	-	67 16 0	24 13 7	-	80 18 8	850 11 11		8,034	1,501	9,538	-	547	-	-
150 0 0	37 10 0	-	26 0 0	18 14 0	1 19 3	-	12 6 6	306 1 10		462	247	709	-	225	-	-
300 0 0	25 0 0	80 0 0	53 18 1	16 0 0	2 16 3	-	14 13 7	620 7 0		2,611	703	3,314	-	429	-	-
150 0 0	12 10 0	62 17 6	28 0 0	23 14 0	20 7 6	-	20 3 9	383 7 10		3,481	527	4,008	-	346	-	-
1130 0 0	84 18 4	577 3 11	-	626 18 0	37 3 11	-	651 4 5	3701 6 10		35821	7,020	42841	-	4592	-	-
150 0 0	6 6 0	-	37 0 0	6 10 0	0 14 3	-	55 19 7	295 19 4		409	123	532	-	132	-	-
2305 0 0	210 3 1	835 9 4	192 15 1	654 4 0	139 8 0	-	844 3 1	6396 2 5		51261	10291	61552	-	6332	-	-
250 0 0	9 9 0	-	48 12 9	22 2 0	2 10 0	12 4 0	39 17 3	513 19 8		1,911	652	2,563	-	281	-	-
125 0 0	18 18 0	-	10 0 0	12 14 0	0 12 6	-	37 5 1	244 6 11		2,281	806	3,087	-	150	1	-
125 0 0	6 6 0	-	10 0 0	6 6 0	0 12 6	-	9 1 0	185 8 1		299	119	418	-	50	2	-
120 0 0	12 12 0	-	20 0 0	3 14 0	1 6 0	-	10 2 2	207 14 7		273	223	496	1	69	2	-
204 12 2	19 16 0	-	45 0 0	9 12 0	1 5 0	-	32 6 8	427 19 4		1,039	397	1,436	-	130	2	-
165 0 0	9 9 0	-	25 0 0	-	2 10 0	-	44 12 8	374 2 6		1,691	333	2,024	1	160	-	-
255 0 0	40 19 0	-	45 0 0	31 18 [illegible]	2 10 0	-	30 8 6	519 10 5		2,428	643	3,071	-	465	4	-
120 0 0	12 12 0	-	25 0 0	2 16 0	1 5 0	-	9 7 11	189 10 5		254	132	386	1	55	-	-
1364 12 2	130 1 0	-	228 12 9	89 2 [illegible]	12 10 0	12 4 0	219 1 7	2662 11 11		10176	3,305	13481	3	1360	11	-
130 0 0	15 16 0	26 0 0	30 0 0	14 4 [illegible]	7 18 0	-	20 15 4	342 15 7		2,167	401	2,558	-	162	2	-
120 0 0	21 11 6	-	20 0 0	3 4 0	2 8 0	-	9 19 1	230 6 1		460	194	654	-	52	2	-
120 0 0	8 8 0	-	31 18 9	6 2 0	4 18 0	163 4 5	6 8 4	391 13 10		311	142	453	-	51	3	-
120 0 0	1 1 0	-	25 0 0	7 12 0	3 5 0	-	7 11 6	195 13 1		306	99	405	-	56	2	-
104 8 8	53 11 0	-	28 0 0	8 6 0	1 12 0	-	11 18 0	264 3 3		830	207	1,037	-	88	3	-
120 0 0	12 12 0	-	28 0 0	9 18 0	1 10 0	-	13 4 4	219 8 3		612	119	631	-	75	1	-
714 8 8	112 18 6	26 0 0	162 18 9	49 8 0	24 11 0	163 4 5	69 17 7	1544 1 1		4,576	1,162	5,738	-	484	15	-

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF KILDARE—*con.*										
CELBRIDGE, . (Also in Co. Dublin.)	1. Celbridge, .	16,793	3,008	2	1	–	1	26 0 8	15 0 0	1 5 8
	2. Kilcock, .	25,755	3,078	3	1	–	1	17 13 9	26 0 0	1 5 3
	3. Lucan, . .	9,023	2,971	1	1	–	1	23 3 4	58 0 0	1 5 3
	4. Maynooth, .	11,149	3,008	2	1	–	2	38 15 11	28 0 0	4 19 1
	5. Rathcoole, .	17,214	2,162	2	1	–	1	20 18 8	26 0 0	4 15 2
		79,934	14,225	10	5	–	0	126 12 2	153 0 0	16 10 0
NAAS, . . . (Also in Co. Wicklow.)	1. Ballymore Eustace, .	9,245	1,298	1	1	–	1	22 19 0	8 0 0	10 9 6
	2. Blessington, .	51,087	3,033	1	1	–	1	30 2 1	10 0 0	4 4 6
	3. Clane & Timahoe North, .	28,672	2,765	2	1	–	1	39 13 11	10 0 0	0 7 0
	4. Kilcullen, .	27,591	4,200	1	1	–	1	13 7 11	7 0 0	3 1 11
	5. Kildare, . .	19,394	6,863	1	1	–	1	28 1 8	15 0 0	6 9 1
	6. Naas and Carragh, . .	24,459	5,632	1	1	–	1	31 8 8	10 0 0	0 6 10
	7. Newbridge, .	18,212	9,082	1	1	–	1	28 11 6	15 0 0	2 0 2
	8. Rathmore, .	19,059	1,559	2	1	–	1	1 14 10	16 0 0	3 11 4
	9. Robertstown & Kilmeague,	20,469	2,810	1	1	–	1	18 5 8	6 0 0	0 6 9
		216,188	34,042	11	9	–	9	213 19 5	97 0 0	27 17 3
COUNTY OF KILKENNY.										
CALLAN, . . (Also in Co. Tipperary, S.R.)	1. Ballingarry, .	20,379	6,100	1	1	–	–	21 6 7	12 0 0	0 5 0
	2. Callan, . .	51,839	4,618	2	1	–	1	12 14 8	16 10 0	0 10 2
	3. Kilmaganny,	30,309	3,545	2	1	–	1	19 3 5	15 10 0	0 8 10
	4. Mullinahone,	21,484	2,542	1	1	–	–	10 11 6	3 10 0	0 5 6
		104,011	13,805	6	4	–	2	63 15 2	52 10 0	1 9 6
CASTLECOMER, .	1. Ballyragget, .	18,555	2,530	1	1	–	–	11 7 3	12 0 0	–
	2. Castlecomer, .	39,265	7,584	3	2	–	1	35 14 0	37 0 0	–
		57,820	10,114	4	3	–	1	47 1 3	49 0 0	–
KILKENNY, .	1. Freshford, .	18,382	2,272	1	1	–	1	15 2 8	8 0 0	1 8 11
	2. Gowran, .	22,388	6,121	1	1	–	1	20 18 10	3 10 0	1 8 11
	3. Kilkenny, .	28,415	14,317	1	2	1	2	52 9 7	21 0 0	3 10 11
	4. Tiscoffin, . .	22,762	2,347	1	1	–	–	10 3 1	10 0 0	1 6 10
	5. Tullaroan, .	18,997	1,651	2	1	–	–	11 17 2	10 0 0	1 8 10
		110,944	26,708	6	6	1	4	110 11 4	57 10 0	9 8 5

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.																MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.						Vaccination Expenses.										Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.																						
Salaries.			Payments for temporary services.			Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.			Midwives.			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.			Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.			Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.			Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.			Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.			Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
12.			13.			14.			15.			16.			17.			18.			19.			20.			21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.							
100	0	0	4	4	[illegible]	–			32	0	0	3	16	[illegible]	1	3	6	–			0	13	4	184	2	7	142	60	202	–	78	2	–
100	0	0	9	9	[illegible]	–			30	0	0	9	6	0	1	6	0	–			11	1	2	206	1	2	690	100	490	–	58	6	–
88	0	0	15	15	0	–			31	10	0	4	16	[illegible]	1	1	0	–			5	6	4	228	18	11	846	112	958	–	74	1	–
100	0	0	24	3	0	–			41	10	11	12	4	0	1	1	0	–			0	13	4	260	7	3	772	427	1,199	–	120	1	–
100	0	[illegible]	6	6	0	–			30	0	0	3	14	0	1	6	6	–			71	6	2	264	3	8	170	100	270	–	90	3	–
488	0	0	59	17	0	–			165	0	11	33	10	0	5	15	0	–			98	2	4	1,143	13	5	2,320	799	3,119	–	420	10	–
57	5	2	75	12	0	–			20	0	0	–			1	4	[illegible]	–			3	2	6	208	12	2	676	52	428	–	24	1	–
103	6	9		–		–			20	0	0	3	6	0	2	5	0	–			4	7	6	177	12	0	208	98	306	–	59	2	–
125	0	0	6	6	0	–			25	0	0	3	0	0	3	11	0	–			6	7	6	219	5	5	164	79	243	–	53	1	–
125	0	0	6	6	0	–			36	18	4	9	0	0	2	4	0	–			12	4	1	215	2	3	315	178	493	–	87	–	–
125	0	0	6	8	0	–			31	0	0	9	12	0	9	4	0	–			2	10	0	230	2	9	433	123	556	–	124	3	–
120	9	2	12	12	0	–			26	14	3	11	14	0	4	5	6	–			5	15	0	223	0	0	1,291	327	1,618	–	177	1	–
125	0	0	6	6	0	–			30	0	0	6	10	0	8	3	0	–			14	6	2	233	16	10	316	239	555	–	135	1	1
107	8	11		–		–			24	0	0	2	16	[illegible]	1	14	0	–			4	15	0	162	0	1	357	126	483	–	27	–	–
125	0	0	21	0	0	–			31	6	0	4	12	0	4	0	0	–			4	18	8	215	8	6	144	91	235	–	63	–	–
1,023	10	0	134	8	0	–			244	18	7	50	10	0	34	10	6	–			53	0	6	1885	0	0	3,604	1,313	4,917	–	749	9	1
100	0	0		–		–				–		6	8	0	1	10	0	–			5	10	0	146	16	7	306	82	388	–	65	–	–
120	0	0	8	8	0	–			25	0	0	7	18	0	1	10	0	–			21	4	9	213	13	7	358	161	519	–	88	2	–
100	0	0		–		–			2	17	0	10	0	0	1	10	0	–			8	10	0	157	19	3	295	170	465	–	81	–	–
100	0	0		–		–				–		14	6	0	1	10	0	–			6	16	11	142	1	11	260	96	356	1	81	2	–
[illegible]	0	0	8	8	0	–			27	17	0	38	12	0	6	0	0	–			42	1	8	660	13	4	1,219	509	1,728	1	315	4	–
120	0	0		–		–				–		6	4	0		–		–			2	0	0	148	11	3	502	131	633	–	34	–	–
[illegible]	0	0	50	8	0	–			20	0	0	16	12	0	1	0	0	–				–		420	14	0	1,081	341	1,422	–	170	1	–
[illegible]	0	0	50	6	0	–			20	0	0	19	16	0	1	0	0	–			2	0	0	[illegible]	5	3	1,583	472	2,055	–	204	1	–
75	0	0	163	16	0	–			27	10	0		–			–		–			9	10	0	[illegible]00	7	7	252	102	354	–	51	–	–
[illegible]00	0	0	12	12	0	–			27	10	0	5	16	0	1	16	0	–			14	0	6	192	12	3	169	164	333	–	69	4	–
[illegible]	0	0	29	8	[illegible]	103	5	0	67	13	6	33	0	0	8	0	0	–			42	13	9	661	0	9	1,362	612	1,974	–	240	5	–
100	0	0	25	4	[illegible]	–			–			8	6	0	6	17	0	–			10	4	0	172	2	11	94	74	168	–	55	–	–
100	0	0		–		–			–			8	6	0	2	17	0	–			8	10	0	142	19	0	94	62	156	–	41	–	–
[illegible]75	0	0	231	0	0	103	5	0	122	16	6	55	8	0	19	10	0	–			84	16	3	1369	2	6	1,971	1,014	2,985	–	456	9	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF KILKENNY—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
THOMASTOWN,	1. Graigue,	28,184	3,861	2	1	–	2	8 10 11	6 10 0	1 6 11
	2. Inistioge,	25,186	2,683	1	1	–	1	24 14 1	7 0 0	0 15 11
	3. Knocktopher,	28,357	3,178	2	1	–	–	13 16 [illegible]	5 0 0	0 16 11
	4. Thomastown,	25,850	3,516	1	1	–	1	0 14 11	10 0 0	0 16 2
		107,677	13,238	0	4	–	4	47 15 [illegible]	27 10 [illegible]	3 16 11
URLINGFORD, (Also in Co. Tipperary, S.R.)	1. Balleen,	22,486	1,958	1	1	–	–	13 3 6	3 10 0	1 0 2
	2. Kilcooly,	24,644	2,766	1	1	–	1	7 10 0	7 0 0	1 6 8
	3. Urlingford,	30,513	3,933	2	1	–	1	27 12 2	10 10 0	2 19 3
		77,643	8,057	4	3	–	2	48 6 8	27 0 0	6 6 1
KING'S COUNTY.										
BIRR, (Also in Co. Tipperary.)	1. Banagher,	40,136	5,007	1	1	–	1	26 10 0	10 0 0	–
	2. Birr,	11,333	6,310	1	1	–	1	20 19 7	–	–
	3. Ferbane,	62,637	6,056	1	1	–	1	25 4 [illegible]	11 8 0	–
	4. Frankford,	28,672	2,437	1	1	–	1	6 16 1	8 0 0	–
	6. Killyon,	17,102	1,449	2	1	–	–	24 6 11	10 0 0	–
	6. Kinnitty,	33,364	1,962	1	1	–	1	28 10 6	0 0 0	–
	7. Riverstown,	27,428	2,061	1	1	–	–	13 12 [illegible]	8 0 0	–
		220,672	25,332	8	7	–	6	145 18 [illegible]	53 8 [illegible]	–
*EDENDERRY, (Also in Cos. Kildare and Meath.)	1. Ballyboggan,	21,914	2,088	1	1	–	1	22 3 [illegible]	10 0 0	2 18 6
	2. Carbury,	34,027	2,110	1	1	–	1	37 0 [illegible]	10 0 0	2 6 6
	3. Edenderry,	39,318	4,072	1	1	–	1	63 17 9	12 0 0	1 16 10
	4. Johnstown,	19,272	1,457	1	1	–	1	22 11 11	11 0 0	2 0 0
	5. Rathangan No. 1,	16,136	1,670	1	1	–	1	30 10 6	14 0 0	4 6 6
	6. Rathangan No. 2,	12,052	863							
	7. Rhode,	29,691	2,387	1	1	–	1	60 14 3	12 0 0	2 5 4
		172,410	14,653	6	6	–	6	226 18 4	69 0 0	16 11 10
TULLAMORE, (Also in Co. Westmeath.)	1. Clara,	29,628	6,419	1	1	–	1	16 14 6	9 11 0	2 12 10
	2. Kilbeggan,	16,650	2,411	1	1	–	1	10 8 2	10 0 0	2 11 6
	3. Killoughy,	42,900	4,364	2	1	–	1	24 17 10	11 10 0	1 4 8
	4. Philipstown,	33,632	3,405	2	1	–	1	50 9 10	16 10 0	7 4 7
	5. Tullamore,	32,685	7,789	1	1	–	1	44 10 6	16 0 0	1 4 10
		155,395	23,388	7	6	–	6	147 0 9	01 11 0	14 18 7

* Edenderry Union—Rathangan No. 1 and Rathangan No. 2 Dispensary

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given as Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	16 16 [illegible]	–	28 0 [illegible]	5 4 0	1 13 0	–	11 16 0	178 18 10	304	92	396	–	91	5	–
95 0 [illegible]	15 16 [illegible]	–	25 0 [illegible]	5 18 0	1 0 0	–	2 16 0	177 19 0	169	117	286	–	59	–	–
95 0 [illegible]	12 12 [illegible]	–	–	6 6 0	1 5 0	–	13 3 3	147 17 11	179	148	327	–	64	–	–
95 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	4 2 0	2 9 0	–	4 10 5	155 4 8	237	105	342	–	67	6	–
385 0 0	57 15 0	–	78 0 0	21 10 0	8 7 0	–	32 5 8	660 0 3	889	462	1,351	–	281	10	–
69 16 11	167 8 0	–	12 0 [illegible]	–	–	–	8 10 4	275 8 11	190	63	253	–	31	1	–
120 0 0	–	–	16 4 1[illegible]	7 0 0	–	–	23 16 10	182 18 4	182	64	240	–	76	–	–
81 2 4	106 19 9	–	20 0 [illegible]	11 14 0	–	–	30 18 8	297 16 2	69	154	223	–	67	1	–
270 19 3	274 7 [illegible]	–	48 4 10	18 14 0	–	–	63 5 10	756 3 5	441	281	722	–	163	2	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	25 0 0	7 10 0	3 8 7	–	13 19 0	216 2 7	548	211	759	–	96	4	–
110 0 0	9 9 0	–	32 10 0	7 16 0	1 8 7	–	10 8 11	192 12 1	379	292	671	–	109	8	2
120 0 0	–	–	30 0 0	7 12 0	2 8 7	–	10 17 10	213 11 2	134	95	229	–	101	1	–
120 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	–	2 8 7	–	10 13 2	172 19 10	157	89	246	–	70	2	–
82 10 0	22 1 [illegible]	–	–	1 10 0	1 8 6	–	10 1 7	151 17 0	70	34	104	–	14	1	–
120 0 0	65 4 7	–	25 0 0	–	1 8 7	–	71 6 4	317 10 0	158	58	216	–	30	2	–
110 0 0	13 13 0	–	–	–	2 3 7	–	12 12 1	100 1 4	169	62	231	–	30	2	–
782 10 [illegible]	119 13 7	–	137 10 0	24 14 0	14 15 0	–	146 1 11	1,424 14 0	1,615	841	2,456	–	450	18	2
120 0 0	–	–	29 17 10	5 4 0	2 0 0	–	10 1 1	202 4 8	155	87	242	–	46	–	–
120 0 0	–	–	34 0 0	5 16 0	2 8 0	–	18 8 8	229 16 10	360	121	481	–	62	–	–
120 0 0	21 0 [illegible]	–	35 0 0	14 14 0	5 19 0	15 0 0	16 4 1	295 10 8	779	240	1,025	–	92	3	–
120 0 0	–	–	34 0 0	–	–	–	3 1 6	192 13 5	169	91	260	–	27	–	–
83 13 6	12 12 0	–	30 0 0	2 8 0	3 11 0	–	3 17 3	184 13 10	476	108	584	–	65	1	–
120 0 0	11 11 0	–	36 0 [illegible]	6 4 0	4 0 0	–	28 6 10	277 0 5	1,019	493	1,512	–	59	2	–
683 13 5	45 8 [illegible]	–	198 17 10	33 6 0	17 18 0	15 0 0	77 16 6	1,382 4 10	2,958	1,146	4,104	–	351	6	–
110 0 0	15 16 0	–	25 0 [illegible]	10 18 0	3 15 0	–	54 6 10	248 12 2	462	249	711	–	130	7	–
90 0 0	12 12 [illegible]	–	25 0 [illegible]	5 10 0	1 16 8	–	22 7 2	180 6 8	148	92	240	–	71	1	–
100 0 0	16 7 [illegible]	–	25 0 [illegible]	–	2 10 0	–	46 2 8	[illegible] 12 2	113	67	180	–	85	–	–
91 14 2	32 9 [illegible]	–	25 0 [illegible]	3 14 0	3 0 0	–	9 8 0	233 7 7	488	192	680	–	53	2	–
100 0 0	16 15 0	–	31 0 [illegible]	11 16 0	2 10 0	–	21 6 0	243 2 3	880	296	1,176	–	156	8	–
491 14 2	92 18 0	–	131 0 [illegible]	31 18 0	18 11 8	–	153 7 8	1,137 19 10	2,091	896	2,987	–	495	18	–

Districts.—The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
County of Longford.										
Ballymahon, (Also in Co. Westmeath.)	1. Abbeyshrule,	30,739	3,886	1	1	–	1	24 16 8	–	–
	2. Ballymahon,	38,994	5,592	3	1	–	1	24 2 8	24 10 0	–
	3. Ballymore,	30,409	3,429	1	1	–	1	13 14 3	1 0 0	–
		100,142	12,907	5	3	–	3	62 13 7	25 10 0	–
*Granard, (Also in Cos. Cavan and Westmeath.)	1. Ballinalee,	22,146	3,871	1	1	–	–	22 8 5	9 0 0	0 15 [illegible]
	2. Coole,	11,517	1,152	1	1	–	–	9 2 11	8 8 0	0 2 [illegible]
	3. Finnea No. 1,	9888	1,031	1	1	–	–	13 18 [illegible]	11 0 0	0 2 8
	4. Finnea No. 2,	12,720	2,960							
	5. Granard,	26,853	5,246	1	1	–	1	9 19 2	2 0 0	0 2 8
	6. Scrabby No. 1,	7,561	1,939	1	1	–	–	20 1 0	10 0 0	0 2 [illegible]
	7. Scrabby No. 2,	14,496	3,415							
	8. Street No. 1,	15,058	1,519	2	1	–	1 1	41 14 0	19 0 0	2 10 8
	9. Street No. 2,	14,469	2,350							
		134,708	23,483	7	6	–	3	117 4 3	59 8 0	3 18 0
Longford,	1. Drumlish,	35,842	8,664	1	1	–	1	23 8 2	–	2 6 8
	2. Killashee,	30,928	4,269	1	1	–	1	17 9 11	10 0 0	2 5 8
	3. Longford,	34,303	9,379	2	1	–	1	34 17 2	1 0 0	3 6 8
		110,073	22,312	4	3	–	3	75 15 3	11 0 0	8 0 0
County of Louth.										
†Ardee, (Also in Co. Meath.)	1. Ardee,	27,938	5,082	2	1	–	1	32 11 6	7 6 0	–
	2. Castlebellingham,	14,200	2,630	2	1	–	1	12 2 7	28 12 0	–
	3. Collon No. 1,	6,940	948	1	1	–	–	3 19 2	12 0 0	–
	4. Collon No. 2,	8,498	656	1						
	5. Drumconrath,	23,811	2,392	2	1	–	1	8 19 6	10 5 0	–
	6. Dunleer,	16,771	2,018	2	1	–	1	7 14 0	15 5 0	–
		96,218	14,628	10	5	–	4	65 7 5	73 8 0	–
Drogheda, (Also in Co. Meath.)	1. Duleek,	20,704	2,333	2	1	–	1	33 1 4	10 0 0	2 15 0
	2. St. Mary's,	15,000	2,070	3	1	–	1	23 8 3	17 0 0	2 9 9
	3. St. Peter's,	22,635	15,788	3	3	–	1	42 2 7	25 0 0	5 17 5
	4. Stamullen,	21,444	2,280	8	1	–	1	4 13 5	8 0 0	2 2 9
	5. Termonfeckin,	10,223	8,745	3	1	–	1	10 0 1	12 0 0	2 2 9
		99,006	28,196	14	7	–	5	113 5 8	72 0 0	15 8 5

* Granard Union—Finnea No. 1 and Finnea No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—
Do. Scrabby No. 1 and Scrabby No. 2 Dispensary
Do. Street No. 1 and Street No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—
† Ardee Union—Collon No. 1 and Collon No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.										MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1873.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.		Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.															
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
100 0 0	8 11 0	–	–	7 8 0	–	–	16 5 7	156 10 3		236	118	354	1	58	1	–
100 0 0	7 7 0	–	40 0 0	8 6 0	–	–	11 5 0	215 10 8		514	226	740	1	72	6	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	30 0 0	5 2 0	–	77 12 0	12 0 0	246 3 3		286	100	386	–	61	1	–
300 0 0	22 4 0	–	70 0 0	20 14 0	–	77 12 0	39 10 7	616 13 2		1,036	444	1,480	2	181	6	–
76 16 7	44 2 0	–	2 2 0	–	–	–	8 8 7	158 14 3		397	91	488	1	38	2	–
60 0 0	8 18 3	–	–	4 14 0	–	–	1 16 10	93 4 11		95	39	134	–	17	1	–
120 0 0	–	–	2 0 0	12 14 [illegible]	–	–	3 15 8	166 11 10		152	71	223	–	68	–	–
120 0 0	14 6 6	–	32 0 0	9 3 0	–	–	6 1 9	193 15 1		347	131	478	–	108	1	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	12 12 0	–	–	23 18 3	186 13 11		89	65	154	–	121	2	–
103 3 0	123 9 0	–	20 0 0	–	–	–	4 13 7	614 15 3		212	139	351	–	124	2	–
596 19 7	190 13 0	–	56 2 0	39 8 0	–	–	50 1 8	1,113 15 3		1,292	536	1,828	1	473	6	–
100 0 0	11 11 0	–	10 0 0	10 10 0	2 0 0	–	7 13 0	167 3 10		211	58	269	–	196	–	–
92 17 1	20 16 0	–	10 0 0	16 14 6	–	–	4 15 3	174 16 5		104	71	175	–	137	1	–
100 0 0	16 18 0	–	10 0 0	7 4 0	–	–	12 15 0	185 18 10		506	224	730	–	112	12	–
292 17 1	49 2 0	–	30 0 0	34 6 6	2 0 0	–	25 6 3	528 6 1		821	353	1,174	–	445	13	–
120 0 0	1 16 0	–	30 0 0	8 2 0	2 0 0	–	8 14 8	210 10 0		677	363	1,040	–	105	2	–
120 0 0	16 13 0	–	20 0 0	5 12 0	–	–	14 11 5	214 11 0		188	147	335	–	43	2	–
115 0 0	1 16 0	–	–	1 0 0	–	–	8 0 6	141 15 8		184	87	271	–	23	–	–
120 0 0	1 1 0	–	20 0 0	4 10 0	2 0 10	–	11 16 0	178 11 4		193	84	277	–	28	2	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	20 0 0	2 4 0	2 0 0	–	2 16 6	176 8 3		113	92	210	–	48	1	–
595 0 0	24 12 0	–	90 0 0	21 6 0	3 0 10	–	45 10 11	921 13 3		1,360	773	2,133	–	250	7	–
102 8 9	15 15 0	–	26 0 0	3 16 0	4 0 0	–	63 3 1	234 2 11		312	143	455	–	39	1	–
115 0 0	6 6 0	–	30 0 0	7 0 0	3 0 0	–	0 8 1	213 10 1		204	110	314	–	44	–	–
[illegible] 0 0	10 13 0	–	40 0 0	27 12 3	4 0 0	–	23 10 4	509 7 7		1,853	835	2,688	1	245	13	–
110 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	5 16 0	1 0 0	–	28 5 10	184 13 0		113	137	253	–	90	–	2
110 0 0	6 3 0	–	26 0 0	–	2 0 0	–	0 15 0	178 3 10		412	141	553	–	112	–	–
467 3 9	39 3 0	–	147 0 0	44 4 3	14 0 0	–	107 14 4	1,320 2 5		2,897	1,366	4,263	1	530	14	2

The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.
Districts.—The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.
The figures given in columns 5 to 7, and from 0 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.
The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF LOUTH—*continued.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
DUNDALK,	1. Barronstown,	18,105	3,656	2	1	–	1	38 13 11	22 10 0	1 4 5
	2. Carlingford,	19,925	5,892	2	1	–	1	22 3 5	14 12 6	1 4 5
	3. Dromiskin,	21,186	4,210	2	1	–	1	23 1 1	17 0 0	5 0 8
	4. Dundalk,	17,269	17,688	1	2	–	2	49 11 5	12 8 0	3 15 10
	5. Ravensdale,	17,929	3,283	1	1	–	1	20 7 0	10 0 0	1 4 3
		94,414	34,729	8	6	–	6	153 16 10	76 10 6	12 9 7
COUNTY OF MEATH.										
DUNSHAUGHLIN,	1. Dunboyne,	30,850	2,699	3	1	–	1	20 12 5	12 0 0	1 11 8
	2. Killeen,	29,984	2,463	3	1	–	1	21 7 10	11 0 0	1 11 8
	3. Ratoath,	36,988	2,817	3	1	–	1	19 19 3	6 0 0	1 11 8
		106,822	7,979	9	3	–	3	61 19 0	29 0 0	4 15 0
KELLS,	1. Kells,	27,067	4,914	1	1	–	1	32 10 8	12 0 0	–
	2. Kilskeer,	25,940	2,711	1	1	–	1	26 15 3	10 0 0	–
	3. Moynalty,	20,138	2,945	2	1	–	1	32 9 0	13 0 0	–
	4. Nobber,	30,281	3,199	2	1	–	1	15 1 2	14 0 0	–
		103,426	13,769	6	4	–	4	106 16 10	49 0 0	–
NAVAN,	1. Castletown,	29,802	3,052	2	1	–	1	23 14 5	23 12 0	1 15 4
	2. Navan,	37,102	8,739	1	1	–	2	18 0 7	–	1 8 0
	3. Painestown,	27,570	2,759	3	1	–	1	19 9 5	23 10 2	6 17 3
		94,474	14,550	6	3	–	4	61 4 5	47 2 2	10 0 7
OLDCASTLE, (Also in Co. Cavan.)	1. Ballyjamesd'ff,	19,488	4,920	2	1	–	1	14 19 8	10 0 0	2 5 3
	2. Crossakeel,	19,371	1,635	1	1	–	1	10 2 5	8 0 0	0 16 7
	3. Oldcastle,	24,751	3,772	1	1	–	1	30 0 8	5 0 0	0 16 9
	4. Virginia,	22,438	4,688	1	1	–	1	18 3 9	10 0 0	1 13 1
		86,043	15,015	5	4	–	4	73 6 6	33 0 0	5 11 8

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.														MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.		Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fees and Attendances, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.			No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.												
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services			Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.				
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
115 0 0	11 11 0	–	25 6 0	6 10 0	0 7 3	–	21 14 6	242 11 1	542	143	785	–	74	4	–
100 0 0	60 18 0	–	25 0 0	12 12 0	0 7 0	–	3 16 6	240 13 10	323	125	44[illegible]	–	269	3	–
125 0 0	6 8 0	–	25 0 0	8 16 0	0 14 9	–	11 6 5	222 6 11	83	110	193	–	83	–	–
200 0 0	18 18 0	–	57 0 0	43 8 0	2 3 0	–	44 16 2	432 0 5	1,344	816	2,160	–	398	13	–
100 0 0	13 13 0	–	20 0 0	0 0 0	1 5 6	–	8 14 0	181 3 0	393	124	517	–	85	4	–
640 0 0	111 6 0	–	152 0 0	77 8 0	4 17 6	–	90 9 7	1318 18 0	2,785	1,318	4,103	–	909	24	–
140 0 0	9 9 0	–	25 0 0	4 6 0	–	–	40 15 4	253 14 5	223	146	369	–	69	4	–
140 0 0	6 8 0	–	25 0 0	3 19 0	–	–	44 9 6	253 14 0	407	275	682	–	49	–	–
140 0 0	9 9 0	–	30 0 0	6 18 0	–	–	29 4 8	243 2 7	398	87	485	–	67	1	–
420 0 0	25 4 0	–	80 0 0	15 3 0	–	–	114 9 6	750 11 0	1,028	508	1,536	–	185	5	–
120 0 0	3 3 0	–	29 1 0	9 6 0	–	–	24 0 0	230 2 8	296	227	523	–	108	6	–
120 0 0	10 10 0	–	27 2 0	5 6 0	–	–	10 14 0	210 7 3	248	74	322	–	50	–	–
105 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	9 12 0	–	–	20 5 6	205 7 3	178	117	295	–	96	1	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	28 0 0	–	–	–	12 0 7	202 2 9	50	77	127	–	44	1	–
465 0 0	26 5 0	–	109 3 0	24 5 0	–	–	67 9 1	847 19 11	772	495	1,267	–	307	5	–
125 0 0	13 13 0	–	25 0 0	4 2 0	1 0 0	–	19 8 5	237 3 2	592	205	797	–	39	2	–
130 0 0	9 9 0	–	30 0 0	13 13 0	9 9 0	–	23 6 0	235 10 7	846	356	1,202	–	140	2	2
102 13 4	18 0	–	20 16 1	5 0 0	–	–	9 11 9	224 16 0	167	95	262	–	24	–	–
357 13 4	60 0 0	–	75 18 1	23 0 0	10 9 0	–	52 4 2	697 11 9	1,605	656	2,261	–	203	4	2
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	10 7 7	11 10 0	1 10 6	–	12 17 6	189 16 6	209	135	344	–	105	3	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	10 0 0	2 12 0	1 12 2	–	10 10 0	173 2 2	225	84	309	–	26	6	–
120 0 0	27 16 8	–	37 4 7	3 16 0	0 9 6	–	18 10 0	243 14 2	438	156	594	–	75	2	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	19 3 0	6 2 0	1 19 10	–	12 4 6	197 17 2	235	132	367	–	88	6	–
480 0 0	45 17 6	–	77 0 2	26 0 0	5 12 2	–	54 2 0	804 10 0	1,107	507	1,614	–	[illegible]	14	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF MEATH—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
TRIM, . . .	1. Athboy, . .	37,048	4,538	2	1	–	1	27 15 10	22 0 0	9 5 3
	2. Innfield, . .	25,189	2,583	2	1	–	1	18 11 7	5 0 0	10 2 1
	3. Summerhill, .	30,711	2,909	2	1	–	1	11 13 8	15 0 0	11 9 7
	4. Trim, . .	26,572	3,943	2	1	–	1	28 2 5	18 0 0	9 2 1
		119,520	13,973	8	4	–	4	86 3 6	60 0 0	39 19 0
QUEEN'S COUNTY.										
ABBEYLEIX, .	1. Abbeyleix, .	13,885	3,593	1	1	–	1	20 18 0	20 0 0	1 5 2
	2. Ballinakill, .	25,801	2,068	2	1	–	2	8 12 2	14 0 0	1 5 2
	3. Ballyroan, .	20,006	2,413	2	1	–	1	13 3 2	11 10 0	1 5 3
	4. Castletown, .	18,645	2,290	1	1	–	1	8 11 10	12 0 0	4 9 3
	5. Durrow, . .	24,028	3,194	1	1	–	1	26 12 7	8 0 0	1 5 3
	6. Rathdowney,	19,877	2,392	1	1	–	1	13 3 9	13 0 0	1 5 3
		127,042	17,050	8	8	–	7	91 4 0	76 10 0	10 15 4
*MOUNTMELICK, (Also in King's Co.)	1. Clonaslee, .	36,338	3,000	1	1	–	–	23 10 4	4 10 0	3 3 7
	2. Clonygowan No. 1, . .	2,850	1,802	2	1	–	1	15 13 5	14 0 0	0 10 3
	3. Clonygowan No. 2, . .	24,548	2,797							
	4. Coolrain, .	28,965	1,467	1	1	–	–	8 12 2	8 12 0	0 10 6
	5. Emo, . .	30,725	3,797	2	1	–	1	8 8 5	15 4 4	0 10 3
	6. Maryborough,	23,758	3,106	2	1	–	1	13 1 10	14 0 0	1 1 11
	7. Mountmelick,	27,461	5,228	1	1	–	1	32 18 1	14 0 0	2 14 10
	8. Mountrath, .	25,986	4,380	1	1	–	–	6 15 11	10 10 0	0 10 6
		200,629	28,577	10	7	–	4	102 0 2	80 16 4	9 2 4
COUNTY OF WESTMEATH.										
ATHLONE, . . (Also in Co. Roscommon.)	1. Athlone No. 1,	10,990	7,904	1	2	–	1	40 6 3	–	–
	2. Athlone No. 2,	13,668	2,941		1	–	1	13 3 8	–	–
	3. Brideswell, .	38,291	4,449	1	1	–	1	21 13 3	4 0 0	3 0 3
	4. Glassan, .	24,675	3,660	1	1	–	1	32 4 11	–	1 17 3
	5. Kiltoom, .	27,752	3,311	1	1	–	1	10 2 8	8 0 0	–
	6. Moate, . .	32,649	4,999	1	1	–	1	28 9 6	10 0 0	–
		151,025	27,264	5	7	–	6	151 8 7	20 0 0	4 18 0
DELVIN, . .	1. Castlepollard,	23,522	3,360	2	1	–	1	13 13 8	13 1 0	–
	2. Clonmellon, .	23,133	2,574	3	1	–	1	14 15 3	17 10 0	–
	3. Delvin, . .	27,673	2,543	3	1	–	1	17 6 0	18 0 0	–
		74,328	8,477	8	3	–	3	45 18 0	48 11 0	–

* Mountmelick Union—Clonygowan No. 1 and Clonygowan No. 2 Dispensary

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Re-vaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Workhouse or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
120 0 0	23 12 6	–	25 0 0	10 4 0	1 5 3	–	5 18 1	245 1 2	783	221	1,004	–	94	6	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	30 0 0	7 2 0	0 16 0	–	31 0 8	229 0 4	300	93	393	3	65	3	–
120 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	2 16 0	–	–	12 17 0	198 19 6	309	168	477	–	53	3	–
120 0 0	8 6 0	–	29 0 0	7 16 0	0 4 6	–	16 2 6	233 15 6	573	228	801	–	80	2	–
480 0 0	38 3 6	–	109 0 0	27 16 0	2 6 0	–	62 18 3	906 13 3	1,965	710	2,675	6	292	11	–
110 0 0	13 13 0	–	27 0 0	9 16 0	1 0 0	–	80 10 6	281 2 5	981	142	1,123	–	118	1	–
100 0 0	34 10 0	–	37 10 0	7 4 0	1 0 0	–	40 0 10	244 2 2	172	57	229	–	49	–	–
100 0 0	18 16 0	–	12 10 0	7 10 0	1 0 0	–	14 10 6	178 7 11	[illegible]	44	104	–	44	–	–
100 0 0	23 2 0	–	24 2 4	4 11 0	1 0 0	–	10 17 1	188 13 8	1[illegible]	35	187	–	45	–	–
100 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	11 13 0	3 6 3	–	21 12 8	208 3 7	[illegible]	153	6[illegible]	–	77	1	–
100 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	7 4 0	3 6 4	–	12 0 2	175 1 6	2[illegible]	100	812	–	62	2	–
810 0 0	100 13 [illegible]	–	151 2 4	47 18 0	10 16 7	–	179 11 4	1376 11 1	2,0[illegible]	531	2,561	–	415	4	–
101 0 9	–	–	–	5 12 0	6 0 0	–	9 10 3	150 6 11	148	50	1[illegible]	–	65	–	–
120 0 0	14 11 0	–	25 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	7 19 10	206 0 9	265	172	457	–	105	2	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	2 14 0	1 0 0	–	3 19 3	126 16 11	131	65	196	–	27	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	5 16 0	–	–	6 7 7	158 6 10	162	55	217	–	45	–	–
100 0 0	4 19 0	–	25 0 0	10 0 0	0 6 3	–	9 19 9	181 6 0	767	220	967	1	106	2	–
100 13 6	16 16 0	–	30 0 0	4 14 0	1 10 0	–	3 11 11	207 1 4	770	126	896	–	141	–	–
100 0 0	2 2 0	–	–	7 14 0	1 0 0	–	3 9 11	132 2 4	79	58	137	–	61	2	–
721 17 3	44 14 0	–	105 0 0	44 16 0	8 13 6	–	46 13 6	1161 18 1	2,322	746	3,068	1	570	8	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	11 2 0	–	–	10 17 6	219 17 11	775	224	999	–	130	3	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	11 6 0	2 0 0	–	11 2 0	200 6 8	603	291	894	1	161	4	–
120 0 0	–	–	30 0 0	11 0 0	9 0 0	–	12 11 0	211 10 0	146	91	237	–	128	–	–
120 0 0	9 9 0	–	25 0 0	5 16 0	–	–	14 14 9	209 2 2	310	121	431	–	81	–	–
120 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	4 2 0	6 0 0	–	9 10 0	180 14 6	161	52	213	–	57	1	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	5 4 0	3 0 0	–	13 15 0	216 0 8	209	97	306	–	106	3	–
720 0 0	47 6 0	–	155 0 0	48 10 0	20 0 0	–	72 10 2	1239 11 9	2,204	876	3,080	1	641	11	–
100 0 0	13 2 6	–	34 16 4	7 10 0	–	–	25 6 1	207 11 5	166	104	270	–	52	2	–
100 0 0	2 2 0	–	43 9 4	4 10 0	–	–	11 7 9	193 14 7	314	162	476	–	37	1	–
100 0 0	7 4 0	–	28 0 0	4 8 0	–	–	12 16 6	187 11 6	96	105	201	–	42	5	–
300 0 0	22 6 6	–	106 7 8	18 6 0	–	–	49 4 4	588 17 8	576	371	947	–	131	8	–

Districts.—The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF WESTMEATH—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
MULLINGAR, .	1. Ballynacarigy,	34,562	3,608	1	1	-	1	18 0 3	26 13 4	-
	2. Castletown-Geoghegan,	35,223	3,417	1	1	-	1	21 13 2	1 0 0	-
	3. Killucan, .	25,977	3,302	2	1	-	1	31 10 4	4 15 0	-
	4. Milltown, .	27,492	2,374	2	1	-	1	10 9 4	1 5 0	-
	5. Mullingar, .	31,791	8,504	1	1	-	1	29 3 0	8 0 0	-
	6. Multyfarnham,	22,374	2,363	2	1	-	1	24 16 6	6 0 0	-
	7. Tyrrellspass, .	31,182	3,470	1	1	-	1	21 5 0	-	-
		208,801	27,047	10	7	-	7	157 4 4	47 13 4	-
COUNTY OF WEXFORD.										
ENNISCORTHY, .	1. Clonroche, .	35,282	4,377	2	1	-	1	22 2 4	18 0 0	1 10 7
	2. Enniscorthy,	35,783	10,781	8	1	-	1	74 11 1	12 0 0	2 10 0
	3. Ferns, . .	23,663	2,964	2	1	-	1	34 4 0	7 0 0	3 0 6
	4. Killann, . .	34,378	3,653	2	1	-	1	8 7 11	0 0 0	1 16 7
	5. Newtownbarry	27,663	4,047	1	1	-	1	18 12 0	12 0 0	1 10 6
	6. Oulart, . .	36,482	5,437	1	1	-	1	11 8 1	7 0 0	2 17 7
		193,251	31,259	11	0	-	8	169 5 5	62 0 0	14 6 9
GOREY, .	1. Camolin,	33,371	3,455	2	1	-	1	6 18 8	13 5 0	1 9 7
	2. Coolgreany, .	30,009	2,862	2	1	-	1	30 0 1	12 6 3	1 13 6
	3. Gorey, . .	31,578	6,015	1	1	-	1	48 7 0	5 0 0	1 9 7
	4. Killenagh and Wells, . .	35,073	4,131	2	1	-	1	15 7 1	13 0 0	1 9 7
		130,031	16,463	7	4	-	4	95 12 10	43 11 3	6 2 3
*NEW ROSS, . (Also in Cos. Carlow and Kilkenny.)	1. Carrickbyrne,	36,092	4,457	1	1	-	1	10 10 7	6 0 0	1 4 6
	2. Dysartmoon No. 1, . .	28,358	3,716	3	1	-	1	18 10 11	18 0 0	1 0 6
	3. Dysartmoon No. 2, . .	123	267							
	4. Fethard, .	34,361	6,633	3	2	-	2	52 10 6	21 0 0	1 7 8
	5. New Ross, .	4,400	6,289	1	1	-	1	33 8 1	6 0 0	1 4 2
	6. Old Ross, .	31,546	3,863	2	1	-	1	15 10 10	15 0 0	1 0 6
	7. St. Mullins, .	25,094	3,536	1	1	-	1	6 10 0	5 0 0	1 0 4
	8. Templeudigan,	17,218	2,034	1	1	-	1	2 0 9	9 0 0	1 0 5
		177,189	30,795	12	8	-	8	139 1 8	80 0 0	7 18 1

* New Ross Union—Dysartmoon No. 1 and Dysartmoon No. 2 Dispensary

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary House Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	28 0 0	1 5 0	–	–	15 15 1	210 5 8	249	127	376	–	50	–	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	25 0 0	3 15 0	0 13 0	38 3 0	8 2 11	224 13 1	283	122	405	–	85	2	–
130 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	3 14 0	1 3 0	–	14 7 0	210 9 4	392	91	483	–	62	4	–
110 0 0	–	–	25 0 0	2 4 3	–	–	19 3 4	168 1 11	405	127	532	–	59	4	–
130 0 0	16 16 0	–	20 5 0	11 0 0	1 12 0	–	49 1 4	265 16 1	700	208	908	–	142	24	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	25 0 0	5 10 6	–	–	13 7 5	207 6 5	227	98	325	–	62	3	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	25 0 0	6 10 0	–	–	14 4 6	190 5 6	750	184	934	–	49	2	–
850 0 0	48 6 0	–	173 5 0	30 18 9	3 6 0	38 3 0	134 1 7	1,483 0 0	3,006	957	3,963	–	509	39	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	20 0 0	6 2 0	4 7 8	–	2 6 6	161 1 1	462	164	626	–	61	–	–
150 0 0	10 10 0	–	30 0 0	34 14 0	13 7 2	–	26 4 0	354 5 3	1,442	606	2,046	–	728	3	–
100 0 0	21 0 0	–	22 9 0	5 4 0	4 0 0	–	4 16 2	201 13 8	721	204	925	1	49	2	–
120 0 0	7 4 0	–	20 0 0	4 18 0	5 16 2	–	34 18 7	209 1 3	66	57	123	–	62	1	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	30 0 0	7 6 0	2 10 0	–	1 9 6	183 5 0	300	112	412	–	86	4	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	24 0 0	18 2 0	9 0 0	–	17 19 6	196 13 2	159	116	275	–	174	4	–
670 0 0	60 15 0	–	146 9 0	76 8 0	39 1 0	–	87 14 3	1,325 19 5	3,150	1,259	4,409	1	1160	14	–
120 0 0	28 13 0	–	25 15 0	4 8 0	1 12 4	728 0 5	12 6 5	942 5 5	202	135	337	–	49	1	–
120 0 0	3 3 0	–	24 0 0	5 2 0	2 10 0	–	7 4 1	205 18 11	333	146	479	–	53	–	–
120 0 0	6 6 0	–	25 0 0	6 18 0	1 10 0	–	10 11 0	220 1 7	699	463	1,162	–	96	5	–
120 0 0	10 10 0	–	25 0 0	4 8 0	1 12 5	–	6 10 0	197 17 1	192	160	352	–	55	–	–
480 0 0	48 12 0	–	99 15 0	20 16 0	7 4 9	726 0 5	36 6 6	1,566 3 0	1,426	904	2,330	–	253	0	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	20 0 0	7 14 0	2 6 0	–	14 14 9	171 18 4	303	157	460	–	78	–	–
105 0 0	19 1 0	–	26 0 0	6 12 0	–	–	5 4 2	199 9 4	292	137	429	–	63	1	–
200 0 0	4 10 0	–	40 0 0	11 0 0	3 5 6	–	15 4 6	348 18 2	445	155	600	–	163	1	–
100 0 0	14 0 0	–	20 0 0	12 12 0	4 16 0	–	15 8 0	207 8 3	992	372	1,364	–	137	5	1
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	20 0 0	5 4 0	0 12 6	–	9 11 6	173 5 4	314	88	402	–	58	–	–
70 0 0	10 7 0	–	15 0 0	6 6 0	2 0 0	–	10 16 9	126 17 1	87	26	113	–	56	–	–
50 0 0	6 6 0	–	15 0 0	2 10 0	0 7 6	–	2 2 6	88 7 2	70	24	94	–	29	–	–
725 0 0	69 19 0	–	156 0 0	51 16 0	13 7 0	–	72 19 2	1,316 3 6	2,503	959	3,462	–	584	7	1

Districts.—The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT OF MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER—*con.*										
COUNTY OF WEXFORD—*continued.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
WEXFORD, .	1. Bannow, .	24,245	3,781	1	1	–	2	21 3 8	–	8 0 2
	2. Bridgetown, .	28,262	5,062	2	1	–	1	44 1 2	7 10 0	2 16 2
	3. Broadway, .	21,611	3,982	1	1	–	1	26 11 8	12 17 6	2 18 2
	4. Crossabeg, .	16,172	2,817	1	1	–	1	4 17 0	12 0 0	3 7 2
	5. Taghmon and Glynn, . .	25,688	3,328	2	1	–	1	13 8 6	10 0 0	1 11 4
	6. Wexford, .	10,323	13,869	1	1	1	1	49 1 7	15 0 0	3 5 0
		126,301	32,839	8	6	1	7	159 3 7	67 7 6	16 18 0
COUNTY OF WICKLOW.										
*BALTINGLASS, . (Also in Cos. Carlow and Kildare.)	1. Baltinglass No. 1, . .	17,995	2,866	2	1	-	1	26 18 0	40 0 0	-
	2. Baltinglass No. 2, . .	17,153	2,030	2						
	3. Dunlavin, .	43,834	3,815	3	1	–	1	17 6 5	30 0 0	-
	4. Kiltegan, .	41,977	3,054	3	1	–	1	17 10 11	30 0 0	-
	5. Rathvilly, .	33,393	4,486	2	1	–	1	33 13 2	45 9 0	-
		154,352	16,101	12	4	–	4	95 8 6	145 9 0	-
RATHDRUM, .	1. Aramoe, .	59,601	2,296	2	1	–	1	21 3 0	15 10 0	1 13 4
	2. Arklow, . .	17,342	6,370	1	1	–	1	27 8 10	10 10 0	0 6 5
	3. Aughrim,	24,368	1,678	2	1	–	1	15 2 6	7 10 0	1 10 5
	4. Dunganstown,	23,186	1,848	1	1	–	1	20 7 2	10 0 0	0 6 5
	5. Newbridge, .	17,767	2,259	2	1	–	1	2 19 4	0 2 0	4 3 6
	5. Newcastle, .	23,555	3,157	1	1	–	1	27 7 0	10 0 0	0 6 4
	7. Rathdrum, .	36,965	2,750	1	1	–	1	14 13 0	5 0 0	4 19 10
	8. Wicklow, .	24,704	6,322	2	1	–	2	45 14 8	17 0 0	0 6 5
		227,488	26,689	12	8	–	9	174 10 11	75 12 0	13 12 8
SHILLELAGH, .	1. Coolattin, .	42,444	5,367	3	1	–	1	16 6 3	12 0 0	1 4 5
	2. Tinahely, .	40,630	3,579	2	1	–	1	29 10 10	12 0 0	1 12 7
		83,074	8,946	5	2	–	2	45 17 1	24 0 0	2 17 0

* Baltinglass Union—Baltinglass No. 1 and Baltinglass No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.														MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.		Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.			No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.				Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.				
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	11 0 2	–	20 0 0	5 6 0	0 5 0	–	6 12 7	167 7 7	406	119	525	–	74	2	–
100 0 0	–	–	27 9 2	9 18 0	0 5 0	–	50 19 1	242 18 7	689	258	947	–	99	2	–
100 0 0	1 1 0	–	20 0 0	0 18 0	0 5 0	–	4 19 6	178 10 9	349	137	486	–	91	1	–
90 0 0	21 0 0	–	20 0 0	4 4 0	2 8 8	–	2 14 5	160 9 3	192	97	289	–	39	–	–
100 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	4 14 0	0 6 8	–	3 1 11	153 2 5	152	96	258	–	47	–	–
120 0 0	–	40 0 0	30 0 0	28 18 0	1 6 8	–	13 8 7	300 19 10	1,067	612	1,679	–	289	8	–
610 0 0	33 1 2	40 0 0	137 9 2	62 18 0	4 15 0	–	81 16 0	1,203 8 5	2,865	1,319	4,184	–	639	15	–
173 0 0	2 2 0	–	30 0 0	6 14 0	–	–	3 13 8	282 7 8	178	187	365	–	77	2	–
120 0 0	10 10 0	–	30 0 0	8 4 0	–	–	2 0 1	218 0 6	302	164	466	–	77	2	–
114 2 [illegible]	33 12 0	–	25 0 0	5 4 0	–	–	1 15 11	227 4 10	197	78	275	–	50	1	–
173 0 0	10 10 0	–	25 0 0	8 8 0	–	–	3 1 4	299 2 3	554	192	746	–	78	1	–
580 2 0	58 14 0	–	110 0 0	28 10 0	–	–	10 11 0	1026 15 3	1,231	621	1,852	–	281	6	–
103 1 7	31 10 [illegible]	–	20 0 0	3 4 0	2 0 0	–	17 5 6	220 8 2	136	52	188	–	37	–	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	17 5 0	5 5 0	25 5 0	8 16 8	227 9 9	662	389	1,051	–	205	2	–
120 0 [illegible]	–	–	4 4 2	3 0 0	–	–	9 7 3	160 14 3	47	44	91	5	34	–	–
120 0 0	–	–	24 5 0	3 14 0	2 0 0	–	12 6 0	192 18 7	105	76	181	–	35	–	–
120 0 0	22 1 0	–	18 15 6	5 18 0	–	–	37 0 1	210 19 5	94	72	166	–	51	–	–
120 0 0	1 1 [illegible]	–	20 0 0	8 0 0	1 0 0	–	8 11 0	196 6 1	451	139	590	1	84	–	–
120 0 0	3 3 0	–	4 6 7	7 6 0	–	–	7 1 11	166 9 4	188	69	257	–	41	2	–
120 0 0	–	–	30 14 2	18 16 0	–	–	15 5 9	245 17 0	397	322	719	–	153	2	–
948 1 7	70 7 [illegible]	–	122 4 5	65 4 0	10 5 0	25 5 0	115 14 0	1,621 2 7	2,080	1,163	3,243	6	640	8	–
150 0 0	6 6 [illegible]	–	31 5 0	10 14 0	4 8 0	–	15 0 0	247 3 8	192	139	331	4	119	5	–
120 0 0	9 3 0	–	–	5 10 0	1 18 0	–	94 4 4	273 18 9	157	115	272	–	64	–	–
270 0 0	15 9 [illegible]	–	31 6 0	16 4 0	8 5 0	–	109 4 4	521 2 5	349	254	603	4	183	5	–

The figures given in columns 6 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—Dispensary Districts, with the Expenses, and Amount of Medical

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apotheraries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.										
County of Galway.								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ballinasloe, . (Also in Co. Roscommon.)	1. Ahascragh, ,	17,330	1,533	1	1	–	1	2 14 2	6 0 0	2 3 6
	2. Ballinasloe, .	20,814	6,473	2	1	–	1	32 8 2	10 0 0	2 14 8
	3. Oreagh, . .	35,059	3,681	2	1	–	–	12 10 8	12 0 0	1 14 8
	4. Killaan, . .	27,600	2,702	1	1	–	1	19 4 6	5 0 0	1 14 8
	5. Kiltormer, .	27,907	2,806	1	1	–	–	19 8 4	10 0 0	1 14 8
	6. Laurencetown,	31,919	2,034	2	1	–	–	19 0 4	10 0 0	2 0 8
		160,629	10,279	9	6	–	3	105 6 2	63 0 0	12 8 10
Clifden, .	1. Clifden, . .	44,145	7,458	2	2	–	1	34 10 0	12 10 0	12 2 1
	2. Rinvyle, . .	44,884	3,843	1	1	–	1	12 19 0	13 0 0	0 10 1
	3. Roundstone, .	104,753	7,467	2	2	–	–	40 7 1	30 0 0	1 1 7
		193,782	18,768	5	5	–	2	87 16 1	55 10 0	13 13 9
Galway, . .	1. Galway, . .	32,980	18,988	2	3	1	2	124 0 10	9 10 0	6 12 0
	2. Moycullen, .	25,042	2,293	1	1	–	–	23 2 4	8 0 0	–
	3. Oranmore, .	30,370	3740	1	1	–	–	17 14 2	8 0 0	–
	4. Spiddal, . .	63,435	5,737	2	1	–	–	37 2 10	16 0 0	0 9 0
	5. Turloughmore,	46,709	5,707	2	1	–	–	10 6 9	21 0 0	–
		198,536	36,465	8	7	1	2	212 0 11	60 10 0	7 1 0
Glennamaddy,	1. Dunmore, .	17,314	2,380	1	1	–	1	2 7 0	7 10 0	0 13 4
	2. Glennamaddy,	40,206	6,483	1	1	–	1	29 4 10	–	0 13 4
	3. Williamstown,	42,751	7,705	1	1	–	–	31 11 11	13 10 0	0 13 4
		100,271	10,577	8	3	–	2	63 3 9	21 0 0	2 0 0
Gort, . .	1. Ardrahan, .	36,854	3,233	3	1	–	–	18 14 8	14 0 0	–
	2. Gort, . .	33,440	5,079	1	1	–	1	20 17 0	– *	–
	3. Kinvarra, .	36,032	3,974	1	1	–	–	20 4 6	8 0 0	–
		106,326	12,280	5	3	–	1	59 16 2	22 0 0	–
Loughrea,	1. Athenry, .	56,440	5,918	3	1	–	1	24 5 6	30 0 0	–
	2. Bullaun, . .	55,862	4,445	2	1	–	1	13 0 8	13 10 0	–
	3. Loughrea, .	29,869	4,912	2	1	–	1	25 19 9	14 17 4	–
	4. Woodford, .	56,956	4,853	3	1	–	–	9 10 6	33 0 0	–
		198,927	20,126	10	4	–	3	72 16 5	91 7 4	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.										MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Account of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.		Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.															
12.	13.	14.	15.	16	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
56 0 0	12 12 0	-	15 0 0	4 6 0	4 0 0	-	8 0 0	110 15 8		104	23	127	-	23	-	-
130 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	7 7 9	6 15 6	-	18 11 9	226 9 10		475	244	719	-	92	12	-
112 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	3 14 0	5 0 6	-	12 0 0	174 11 10		179	46	225	2	74	-	-
120 0 0	12 12 0	-	16 13 4	3 10 0	3 16 0	-	8 7 8	193 18 2		440	42	482	3	67	1	-
117 0 10	12 12 0	-	-	6 18 0	5 13 6	-	11 0 0	184 10 4		249	55	304	1	51	-	-
112 0 0	13 18 0	-	-	4 14 0	5 1 0	-	12 3 0	193 3 0		121	51	172	1	60	-	-
647 0 10	81 18 0	-	31 13 4	33 9 9	33 9 6	-	70 2 5	1,083 8 10		1,568	461	2,029	7	367	13	-
240 0 0	33 3 3	-	35 0 0	14 10 0	-	-	4 10 7	386 6 2		435	223	658	-	145	3	-
100 0 0	-	-	30 0 0	11 2 3	-	-	4 1 0	171 12 4		124	60	184	-	152	1	-
200 0 0	3 3 0	-	-	14 8 0	3 0 4	-	12 16 0	304 18 0		517	135	652	-	221	3	-
540 0 0	36 3 3	-	65 0 0	40 0 3	3 0 4	-	21 7 7	862 14 0		1,073	418	1,494	-	518	9	-
323 12 9	160 13 0	30 0 0	-	32 2 0	0 17 7	-	48 7 1	738 18 3		2,781	706	3,487	-	355	4	-
120 0 0	-	-	-	2 18 0	-	-	2 18 9	156 19 1		474	91	565	-	50	-	-
120 0 0	10 16 0	-	-	3 2 0	0 6 0	-	61 3 8	227 8 10		76	24	100	-	61	-	-
94 4 1	34 13 0	-	-	18 12 0	4 0 0	-	3 2 8	208 3 7		415	85	500	-	154	1	-
130 0 0	8 3 0	-	-	7 2 0	0 10 11	-	4 3 3	179 8 11		225	37	292	-	107	1	-
792 13 10	218 11 0	30 0 0	-	65 13 0	5 14 6	-	113 0 5	1,510 13 8		3,971	973	4,944	-	727	3	-
35 0 0	4 4 0	-	10 0 0	4 10 0	2 0 0	-	10 8 4	96 12 8		98	17	115	1	72	-	-
100 0 0	8 8 0	-	-	-	3 0 0	-	21 18 2	163 4 4		505	32	537	-	162	3	-
120 0 0	-	-	-	30 13 0	2 0 0	-	17 13 9	213 7 0		379	50	429	-	209	-	-
275 0 0	12 12 0	-	10 0 0	35 8 0	7 0 0	-	50 0 3	476 4 0		982	99	1,081	1	443	6	-
140 0 0	3 0 0	-	-	7 6 0	1 5 0	-	9 12 7	193 18 3		383	94	477	-	73	-	-
140 0 0	12 12 0	-	40 0 0	10 8 3	0 17 3	-	0 10 0	225 2 9		581	186	767	-	105	9	-
140 0 0	2 2 0	-	-	8 12 0	0 17 6	-	0 10 0	180 6 0		335	93	428	-	81	1	-
420 0 0	17 14 0	-	40 0 0	25 4 3	3 0 0	-	10 12 7	599 7 0		1,299	373	1,672	-	261	10	-
125 0 0	3 0 0	-	28 5 0	12 12 0	3 1 0	-	11 16 0	235 18 3		147	71	218	-	120	2	-
100 0 0	91 0 0	-	15 0 0	3 18 0	5 17 0	-	7 12 6	251 18 2		74	51	125	-	36	1	1
100 0 0	3 0 0	-	20 0 0	6 14 0	4 4 0	-	3 14 3	184 9 7		235	142	377	-	90	4	1
100 0 0	13 0 0	-	-	9 8 0	1 19	-	-	168 17 5		81	79	160	-	95	3	-
425 0 0	113 0 0	-	81 3 0	34 12 0	15 1 0	-	26 2 0	841 3 9		537	343	880	-	341	10	2

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*										
COUNTY OF GALWAY—*continued.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
MOUNTBELLEW,	1. Clonbrock,	29,966	4,057	1	1	–	1	4 7 4	5 0 0	0 10 0
	2. Killeroran,	31,918	0,217	1	1	–	1	16 6 2	5 0 0	0 15 0
	3. Mountbellew,	40,520	5,745	1	1	–	1	7 4 4	6 0 0	2 14 0
		102,404	15,019	3	3	–	3	27 17 10	10 0 0	4 0 0
OUGHTERARD,	1. Cloonbur,	58,366	5,209	3	2	–	1	41 16 2	30 0 0	6 17 0
	2. Lettermore,	44,555	8,030	2	1	–	–	20 11 11	13 10 0	6 3 1
	3. Oughterard,	70,085	4,493	1	1	–	–	39 3 0	–	6 17 9
		173,505	17,732	0	4	–	1	101 11 1	43 10 0	19 18 4
PORTUMNA,	1. Eyrecourt,	31,463	3,180	2	1	–	1	15 8 5	13 0 0	–
	2. Portumna,	45,801	5,874	3	2	–	1	30 0 3	11 0 0	–
		77,284	9,054	0	3	–	2	40 8 8	24 0 0	–
TUAM,	1. Abbey,	34,520	4,293	2	1	–	1	21 8 8	0 0 0	–
	2. Dunmore,	36,518	7,589	2	1	–	1	40 1 5	20 0 0	–
	3. Headford,	47,000	5,902	2	1	–	1	53 12 9	17 0 0	–
	4. Tuam,	73,220	13,140	2	2	–	1	43 1 11	25 0 0	–
		191,264	30,924	8	0	–	4	158 4 0	07 0 0	–
COUNTY OF LEITRIM.										
CARRICK-ON-SHANNON, (Also in Co. Roscommon.)	1. Aughrim,	37,518	6,241	3	1	–	1	29 13 2	23 0 0	2 2 9
	2. Drumshambo,	33,780	0,722	2	1	–	1	17 12 4	21 0 0	0 8 10
	3. Jamestown,	29,695	7,317	4	1	–	2	00 1 1	43 0 0	0 8 10
		101,002	19,280	9	3	–	4	97 6 7	87 0 0	3 0 5
MANORHAMILTON,	1. Drumshaire,	31,379	5,982	1	1	–	–	33 9 2	9 0 0	0 14 4
	2. Drumkeeran,	30,978	4,872	1	1	–	–	24 13 10	17 0 0	2 14 4
	3. Lurganboy,	45,802	4,735	2	1	–	1	07 2 7	31 0 0	1 6 0
	4. Manorhamilton	36,703	8,745	2	1	–	1	46 13 4	7 0 0	1 12 0
		144,857	22,334	0	4	–	2	161 18 11	64 0 0	6 5 8

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.														MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.						Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.		Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.															
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.								
120 0 0	12 12 0	1 16 9	26 6 6	10 2 0	1 15 [illegible]	–	5 16 6	188 14 6		158	16	174	–	96	–	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	1 16 9	25 0 0	16 2 0	3 0 10	–	8 3 0	208 18 9		354	31	385	–	169	3	–
113 13 4	49 13 6	1 18 9	25 0 [illegible]	12 10 0	3 6 9	–	7 1 5	229 4 2		209	34	243	–	131	–	–
353 13 4	74 17 6	5 16 3	76 6 6	38 14 0	6 5 0	–	21 1 2	626 17 7		721	81	802	–	396	3	–
210 0 0	24 3 0	–	–	18 4 0	0 14 4	–	2 14 2	334 9 2		693	187	880	–	149	1	–
89 10 5	91 18 1	–	–	16 6 6	2 6 [illegible]	–	56 3 6	296 11 8		208	135	343	–	159	–	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	10 12 0	2 5 8	–	1 17 6	193 7 8		239	142	381	1	122	5	–
419 10 5	128 13 1	–	–	45 4 6	5 6 0	–	60 15 1	824 6 6		1,140	464	1,604	1	423	6	–
101 19 10	15 12 0	–	–	–	–	–	5 19 6	151 12 9		226	116	342	–	85	1	–
142 9 4	16 18 0	–	6 17 0	9 14 0	–	–	7 14 6	228 13 1		258	131	389	–	100	3	–
244 2 2	34 10 0	–	8 17 0	9 14 [illegible]	–	–	13 14 0	380 5 10		484	247	731	–	185	4	–
120 0 0	3 6 0	–	40 0 0	11 2 0	–	–	26 10 10	227 4 6		161	27	188	–	103	6	6
130 0 0	12 12 0	–	[illegible] 0 0	15 6 0	6 15 6	–	21 5 2	275 0 1		980	112	1092	3	157	7	–
120 0 0	11 5 0	–	[illegible] 7 6	11 8 0	–	–	29 13 6	274 6 9		971	128	1099	–	128	2	–
240 0 0	23 2 0	–	30 0 0	30 9 8	9 0 [illegible]	–	42 4 0	435 17 9		1044	219	1,263	4	333	2	–
[illegible]10 0 0	60 2 [illegible]	–	131 7 0	[illegible] 5 3	7 15 6	–	119 13 6	1,212 6 6		3,156	486	3,642	7	721	16	3
100 0 0	19 19 0	–	2 2 [illegible]	10 0 0	–	–	–	186 17 5		308	104	412	–	84	6	–
115 0 0	6 0 0	–	20 0 [illegible]	14 14 0	–	–	–	194 15 2		187	75	262	–	139	5	–
130 0 0	12 10 0	–	38 6 [illegible]	10 4 0	–	–	1 3 6	285 12 5		914	248	1,162	–	108	13	–
[illegible]65 0 0	38 3 0	–	60 7 6	34 18 0	–	–	1 3 6	667 5 0		1,409	427	1,836	–	[illegible]31	24	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	–	[illegible] 4 0	–	–	25 13 11	198 10 5		1,068	119	1,187	–	179	1	–
100 0 0	–	–	–	10 0 [illegible]	–	–	3 0 5	157 8 7		337	40	377	–	117	6	–
100 0 0	12 12 0	–	20 0 0	13 6 [illegible]	–	–	17 15 4	253 1 11		302	59	361	–	[illegible]82	7	–
120 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	9 12 [illegible]	–	–	24 17 9	229 14 6		985	195	1,180	–	119	7	–
420 0 0	22 1 0	–	40 0 0	53 9 0	–	–	71 6 10	838 15 5		2,692	413	3,1[illegible]	–	547	21	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

Unions.	Dispensary Districts.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF LEITRIM—*continued.*										
MOHILL,	1. Carrigallen,	18,542	3,920	1	1	–	–	15 17 6	6 0 0	0 13 3
	2. Mohill,	26,232	6,512	1	1	–	–	36 0 0	–	0 13 3
	3. Rowan,	19,055	3,658	1	1	–	–	17 0 4	15 0 0	0 13 7
	4. Rynn,	29,127	5,764	2	1	–	1	51 7 2	20 15 0	1 0 0
		92,966	19,854	6	4	–	1	120 5 0	41 15 0	3 0 11
COUNTY OF MAYO.										
BALLINA,	1. Ballina,	73,811	18,480	1	1	1	1	119 9 2	–	–
	2. Crossmolina,	76,617	0,173	1	1	–	–	59 5 6	1 10 0	–
		150,428	24,653	2	2	1	1	178 14 6	1 10 0	–
BALLINROBE,	1. Ballinrobe,	73,035	11,310	2	2	–	–	87 19 2	6 0 0	1 13 0
	2. Cong,	32,304	4,593	2	1	–	–	22 10 1	10 0 0	–
	3. Hollymount,	41,205	6,335	1	1	–	–	27 0 7	8 0 0	–
		147,144	21,238	5	4	–	–	137 9 10	26 0 6	1 13 0
BELMULLET,	1. Bangor,	79,445	4,326	1	1	–	–	12 18 9	10 0 0	13 18 11
	2. Binghamstown	32,131	5,114	1	1	–	1	11 8 1	–	2 6 4
	3. Knocknalower,	67,070	4,405	1	1	–	–	30 11 5	6 0 0	20 14 1
		179,246	13,845	3	3	–	1	54 18 3	15 0 0	36 19 4
CASTLEBAR,	1. Balla,	43,071	8,970	2	1	–	–	46 17 9	14 0 0	0 13 6
	2. Castlebar,	98,122	17,546	5	2	–	1	74 16 1	24 0 0	1 7 0
		141,193	26,522	7	3	–	1	121 13 10	38 0 0	2 0 6
CLAREMORRIS,	1. Ballindine,	34,553	7,239	1	1	–	–	29 17 3	4 4 0	0 8 2
	2. Ballyhaunis,	41,323	10,879	1	1	–	–	33 0 11	12 0 0	0 3 2
	3. Claremorris,	34,914	7,702	1	1	–	–	11 14 6	–	0 8 2
		110,790	25,820	3	3	–	–	74 12 8	16 4 0	1 4 6
KILLALA,	1. Ballycastle,	79,742	4,762	2	1	–	–	28 7 0	14 0 0	–
	2. Killala,	25,418	3,492	1	1	–	–	16 19 0	–	–
		105,160	8,254	3	2	–	–	46 6 0	14 0 0	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.		Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1870.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Totals.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.														
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
100 0 0	4 4 0	–	–	11 12 0	1 0 0	–	12 15 0	152 2 2	168	90	258	–	100	–	–
110 0 0	11 14 0	–	–	13 18 0	1 16 3	–	8 3 0	132 2 11	564	105	669	–	135	5	–
100 0 0	10 10 0	–	–	10 2 [illegible]	1 0 0	–	10 16 0	165 1 11	310	37	347	–	109	–	–
120 0 0	12 12 0	–	–	12 18 0	1 18 3	–	18 18 9	237 5 2	195	62	257	–	149	3	–
430 0 0	39 0 0	–	–	48 8 0	6 12 8	–	48 10 9	736 12 2	1,237	294	1,531	–	493	8	–
120 0 0	16 16 0	30 0 0	31 13 2	49 10 0	8 10 9	–	40 10 10	416 9 11	904	434	1,338	1	509	9	–
120 0 0	–	–	–	20 2 0	3 0 0	–	2 18 1	206 15 7	278	43	321	–	158	–	–
240 0 0	16 18 0	30 0 0	31 13 2	69 12 0	11 10 9	–	43 8 11	623 6 8	1,182	477	1,659	1	667	9	–
180 19 2	47 5 0	–	–	27 2 0	1 0 0	–	31 13 7	335 11 11	1,125	242	1,367	–	263	7	–
100 0 0	13 13 0	–	–	9 2 0	–	–	26 10 10	181 15 11	390	54	444	–	87	1	–
100 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	12 0 0	1 0 0	–	21 10 7	175 17 2	736	136	872	–	126	1	–
380 19 2	67 4 0	–	–	48 4 0	2 0 0	–	79 16 0	743 6 0	2,251	432	2,683	–	476	9	–
100 0 0	38 0 4	–	–	12 12 0	2 0 0	–	12 16 8	202 8 8	84	76	160	–	94	–	–
100 0 0	2 18 0	–	–	27 0 0	6 3 0	–	7 16 8	157 12 1	255	61	316	1	[illegible]	7	–
139 18 5	41 1 7	–	–	17 0 0	8 10 0	–	118 1 9	378 15 3	138	95	233	1	189	–	–
339 16 5	81 19 11	–	–	56 12 0	16 13 0	–	138 16 1	738 14 0	477	232	709	2	[illegible]	7	–
110 0 0	21 0 0	–	–	26 13 0	3 5 4	–	19 10 4	242 0 6	161	36	197	–	483	–	–
220 0 0	31 4 0	–	20 0 0	60 5 2	1 18 10	–	71 2 3	504 13 4	899	309	1,208	87	541	33	–
330 0 0	52 4 0	–	20 0 0	86 18 8	5 4 2	–	90 12 7	746 13 9	1,060	345	1,405	87	1024	33	–
100 0 0	16 15 0	–	–	19 2 0	3 12 6	–	13 11 2	186 10 1	305	93	398	–	173	2	–
125 0 0	15 15 0	–	–	26 4 0	1 12 8	–	14 16 8	228 17 3	728	104	832	–	289	–	–
100 0 0	17 17 0	–	–	13 12 0	3 12 6	–	13 19 2	161 3 4	132	33	165	–	140	1	–
325 0 0	49 7 0	–	–	58 18 0	8 17 8	–	42 7 0	576 10 8	1,165	230	1,395	–	602	3	–
116 9 0	11 8 0	–	–	21 19 0	9 11 4	–	23 10 9	223 16 1	339	95	434	6	249	1	–
90 0 0	6 6 0	–	–	8 2 0	2 0 0	–	9 13 3	133 0 3	391	118	509	1	112	3	–
205 0 0	17 14 0	–	–	30 1 0	11 11 4	–	33 4 0	358 16 4	730	213	943	7	361	4	–

Pnnted image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF MAYO—*con.*										
SWINEFORD,	1. Foxford,	21,912	5,602	1	1	–	–	35 10 11	2 0 0	0 5 9
	2. Kilkelly,	40,263	10,876	1	1	–	1	16 6 2	–	2 14 9
	3. Kiltamagh,	22,700	7,749	1	1	–	1	11 15 11	15 0 0	5 17 2
	4. Lowpark,	35,973	9,825	1	1	–	–	30 19 8	3 7 6	2 14 10
	5. Swineford,	30,712	10,110	1	1	–	–	30 13 8	–	2 14 10
		151,560	44,162	5	5	–	2	125 12 4	20 7 6	20 7 4
WESTPORT,	1. Achill,	107,253	8,614	4	2	–	1	67 4 3	37 10 0	–
	2. Bundorragha,	81,038	275	1	1	–	–	3 5 4	–	–
	3. Islandeady,	32,656	4,659	1	1	–	–	14 12 0	9 0 0	–
	4. Lonisburgh,	70,250	6,382	2	1	–	1	40 3 1	10 0 0	–
	5. Newport,	64,218	5,508	2	1	–	1	44 5 2	5 0 0	–
	6. Westport,	42,404	9,234	1	1	–	1	75 10 5	–	–
		347,819	34,572	11	7	–	4	245 0 8	67 10 0	–
COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON.										
*BOYLE, (Also in Co. Sligo.)	1. Ballinameen,	28,759	5,107	1	1	–	–	40 1 0	5 0 0	–
	2. Ballyfarnan No. 1,	1,871	463	1	1	–	–	19 14 7	0 0 0	–
	3. Ballyfarnan No. 2,	22,892	3,344							
	4. Boyle No. 1,	32,653	6,937	1	2	1	1	57 4 3	5 0 0	–
	5. Boyle No. 2,	19,796	3,097							
	6. Gurteen,	32,837	7,316	1	1	–	–	13 0 2	2 8 6	–
	7. Keadue,	21,372	4,251	1	1	–	–	13 17 7	10 0 0	–
		160,180	30,025	5	6	1	1	144 3 7	28 8 6	–
CASTLEREA,	1. Ballaghaderreen,	45,702	12,511	2	1	–	1	–	20 0 0	–
	2. Castleplunket,	28,550	2,625	1	1	–	1	10 16 8	7 0 0	–
	3. Castlerea,	51,028	11,718	3		–	1	12 5 6	33 0 0	–
	4. Frenchpark,	38,383	6,727	1	1	–	1	–	10 0 0	–
		163,663	33,576	7	4	–	4	23 2 2	70 0 0	–
ROSCOMMON,	1. Athleague,	36,183	3,976	1	1	–	–	19 9 4	12 0 0	–
	2. Ballyleague,	41,613	5,727	1	1	–	–	22 12 2	12 0 0	–
	3. Roscommon,	36,549	5,461	1	1	–	–	15 13 2	10 10 0	–
		114,345	15,164	3	3	–	–	57 14 8	34 10 0	–

* Boyle Union—Ballyfarnan No. 1 and Ballyfarnan No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—
Do. Boyle No. 1 and Boyle No. 2 Dispensary Districts.—The figures

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Relief afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ended 31st March, 1902. | Medical Relief afforded in Year ended 31st March, 1902.

Salaries; and payments for temporary services. — Medical Officers. — Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Vaccination Expenses. — Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year. — Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 16.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
108 12 6	18 18 [illegible]	-	-	14 18 0	6 0 0	-	21 16 6	213 9 8	263	108	371	-	189	3	-
100 0 [illegible]	-	-	-	9 0 0	4 11 3	-	12 4 5	144 16 7	115	66	161	-	226	-	-
100 0 [illegible]	-	-	15 0 0	15 18 0	3 5 0	-	10 6 9	176 19 10	154	58	212	-	409	9	-
100 0 [illegible]	-	-	-	21 0 0	4 2 7	-	15 14 0	177 18 7	1,235	80	1,315	-	187	2	-
100 0 [illegible]	60 0 0	-	-	27 16 0	5 0 [illegible]	-	15 18 0	242 2 6	746	167	913	-	377	8	-
508 12 [illegible]	76 18 0	-	15 0 0	88 12 0	21 18 10	-	75 18 8	955 7 2	2,513	479	2,992	-	1388	22	-
192 9 1	15 15 0	-	30 0 0	69 17 3	-	-	14 3 4	426 16 11	505	228	733	-	710	2	-
36 0 [illegible]	6 8 0	-	-	-	-	-	1 13 4	47 4 8	68	22	90	-	6	-	-
100 0 [illegible]	-	-	-	10 8 0	0 10 0	-	7 13 4	142 3 4	70	48	118	-	122	-	-
150 0 [illegible]	-	-	30 0 0	21 0 0	1 0 0	-	19 2 4	277 5 5	368	36	404	-	203	-	-
85 4 [illegible]	47 6 0	-	31 12 11	9 18 0	1 0 0	-	2 13 4	227 0 2	353	99	452	-	119	2	-
100 0 [illegible]	15 15 0	-	30 0 0	28 0 3	1 10 0	-	6 10 10	257 6 6	183	221	404	2	207	4	-
663 13 10	85 2 0	-	121 12 11	139 8 6	4 0 0	-	51 16 6	1,377 19 0	1,547	654	2,201	2	1367	6	-
120 0 0	9 9 0	-	-	-	4 4 0	-	12 14 0	191 8 0	883	59	942	-	155	1	-
100 0 0	18 18 [illegible]	-	-	-	2 0 0	-	16 5 0	162 17 7	103	56	159	-	64	-	-
120 0 0	} 23 2 0	46 0 0	20 0 0	31 12 0	2 0 0	-	9 9 8	394 7 11	{ 635	159	794	-	98	6	-
80 0 0									{ 104	45	149	-	68	-	-
100 0 0	16 16 0	-	-	13 14 0	5 12 6	-	5 12 3	157 9 5	151	58	209	-	136	6	-
100 0 0	44 2 0	-	-	-	2 0 0	-	15 12 3	185 11 10	167	40	207	1	101	-	-
620 0 0	112 7 0	46 0 0	20 0 0	45 6 0	15 16 6	-	59 13 2	1,091 14 9	2,043	417	2,460	1	621	12	-
110 0 0	16 16 0	-	30 0 0	34 12 0	1 6 0	-	6 1 3	220 17 3	417	89	506	-	318	6	-
90 0 0	22 1 0	-	30 0 0	-	0 14 0	-	6 0 0	166 11 8	114	18	132	-	35	1	-
110 0 0	15 15 0	-	30 0 0	16 6 0	6 15 6	-	6 1 9	234 3 9	428	77	505	-	184	12	-
100 6 0	11 11 0	-	31 3 1	14 0 0	1 16 6	-	7 18 9	176 11 4	346	68	414	-	139	1	-
410 0 0	68 5 0	-	121 3 1	66 16 0	10 14 0	-	28 1 6	798 4 0	1,305	252	1,557	-	676	20	-
120 6 0	12 12 0	-	-	18 0 0	7 1 4	-	7 7 0	194 9 8	103	38	141	-	81	-	-
100 0 0	-	-	-	12 18 0	6 4 6	-	11 6 0	165 6 8	245	20	265	-	102	-	-
120 0 0	12 12 0	-	-	9 16 0	2 6 6	-	11 15 0	182 12 8	597	127	724	-	111	4	-
340 0 0	25 4 0	-	-	38 14 0	15 12 4	-	30 11 0	542 6 0	945	185	1,130	-	294	[illegible]	-

The figures given in columns 5 to 27, inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.
given in columns 5 to 11, inclusive, and in columns 13 to 20 inclusive, relate to the two Dispensary Districts.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 2.—DISPENSARY DISTRICTS, with the EXPENSES, and AMOUNT of MEDICAL

UNIONS.	DISPENSARY DISTRICTS.	Area in Statute Acres.	Population in 1901.	No. of Dispensaries, or Dispensary Stations, in each District.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	EXPENSES OF YEAR. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT—*con.*								£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
COUNTY OF ROSCOMMON—*con.*										
STROKESTOWN,	1. Elphin, . .	25,197	3,850	1	1	–	–	15 3 7	12 10 0	–
	2. Rooskey, .	33,480	5,662	3	1	–	1	34 17 7	18 0 0	–
	3. Strokestown,	31,662	6,048	1	1	–	–	15 19 10	8 0 0	–
		90,339	15,560	5	3	–	1	66 1 0	38 10 0	–
COUNTY OF SLIGO.										
DROMORE WEST,	1. Easkey, . .	64,241	9,017	4	2	–	1	18 17 5	10 0 0	–
	2. Skreen, . .	32,822	4,017	1	1	–	1	19 1 6	8 0 0	–
		97,063	13,034	5	3	–	2	37 18 11	18 0 0	–
SLIGO, . .	1. Ballymote, .	19,136	4,496	1	1	–	1	78 14 0	13 5 0	12 6 3
	2. Carney, . .	22,087	5,040	1	1	–	1	119 4 6	13 0 0	7 8 3
	3. Cliffoney, .	22,469	3,982	1	1	–	1	49 5 1	12 0 0	7 3 2
	4. Collooney, .	25,713	4,159	1	1	–	1	52 15 6	16 10 0	4 18 3
	5. Riverstown, .	23,561	4,359	1	1	–	1	68 12 7	19 0 0	4 18 3
	6. Sligo, . .	30,842	16,052	1	2	1	2	76 0 6	0 0 0	10 7 7
		143,808	38,088	6	7	1	7	444 12 2	79 15 0	47 8 9
TOBERCURRY, .	1. Aclare, . .	46,178	8,571	2	1	–	–	22 18 0	16 0 0	–
	2. Coolaney, .	34,302	3,605	1	1	–	–	56 2 11	10 0 0	–
	3. Tobercurry, .	45,329	7,028	1	1	–	1	61 15 4	–	–
		125,809	19,204	4	3	–	1	140 16 3	26 0 0	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

RELIEF afforded in the several Unions during the Year ended the 31st of March, 1902—*con.*

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.									MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
Salaries; and payments for temporary services.				Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Medical Officers.															
Salaries.	Payments for temporary services.	Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenditure for each Dispensary District for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 16.	No. of Days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24	25	26	27.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
120 0 0	2 2 0	–	–	6 14 0	2 0 0	–	10 5 0	168 14 7	227	66	293	–	70	–	2
120 0 0	10 15 0	–	–	8 2 0	0 15 10	–	16 10 0	206 0 5	571	68	639	–	81	1	–
100 0 0	35 5 0	–	–	–	–	–	8 17 7	168 2 5	234	94	328	–	102	6	–
340 0 0	48 2 0	–	–	14 16 0	2 15 10	–	32 12 7	542 17 5	1,032	228	1,260	–	253	7	2
200 0 0	15 15 0	–	–	80 12 0	2 10 0	46 19 0	16 6 10	345 2 9	500	150	650	–	220	7	–
100 0 0	–	–	20 0 0	11 4 0	2 0 0	–	6 0 0	166 5 6	199	66	265	2	96	5	–
300 0 0	15 15 0	–	20 0 0	41 16 0	4 10 0	48 19 6	24 6 10	511 6 3	699	216	915	2	316	12	–
101 6 9	6 6 0	–	25 0 0	5 16 0	5 0 8	–	103 15 10	351 12 6	546	142	688	–	76	9	–
100 0 0	12 12 0	–	20 0 0	17 0 [illegible]	9 6 0	–	17 19 5	316 10 2	1,115	111	1,226	–	161	–	–
100 0 0	16 18 0	–	20 0 0	6 12 0	3 0 6	–	16 17 0	234 0 6	565	51	616		93	1	–
100 0 0	11 9 0	–	20 0 0	12 10 0	3 0 0	–	16 19 6	238 2 3	511	106	617	–	77	2	–
100 0 0	9 9 0	–	20 0 0	5 2 [illegible]	6 14 0	–	17 1 9	247 17 7	371	32	403	–	45	1	–
200 0 0	11 11 0	90 6 3	60 3 5	22 10 0	4 16 0	–	37 1 10	516 16 7	2,170	677	2,853	–	292	14	–
701 6 9	70 5 0	90 6 3	165 3 5	69 10 0	28 16 11	–	209 15 4	1,906 19 7	5,284	1,119	6,403	–	744	27	–
101 16 6	–	–	–	16 0 0	3 10 0	–	5 10 0	168 2 6	711	87	798	1	171	–	–
101 18 6	9 9 0	–	–	8 2 [illegible]	5 10 0	–	8 8 0	199 10 5	420	121	541	–	90	1	–
101 18 6	31 16 0	–	25 0 0	5 16 [illegible]	8 10 0	–	5 15 0	240 10 10	347	75	422	4	76	1	–
305 15 6	41 5 0	–	25 0 0	32 4 0	17 10 0	–	19 13 0	608 3 9	1,478	283	1,761	5	337	2	–

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

SUMMARY OF FOREGOING

PROVINCES.	Area in Statute Acres as given in the Census Returns, 1901.	Population as given in the Census Returns, 1901.	Number of Unions.	Number of Dispensary Districts.	Number of Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations.	No. of Officers authorized. Medical Officers.	No. of Officers authorized. Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	No. of Officers authorized. Midwives.	Expenses of Year. Medicines and Medical Appliances.	Expenses of Year. Rent of Dispensary Buildings.	Expenses of Year. Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising.	Expenses of Year. Salaries; and temporary. Medical Officers. Salaries.	Expenses of Year. Salaries; and temporary. Medical Officers. Payments for temporary services.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	1.	12.	13.	14.
									£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
ULSTER, . . .	5,823,534	1,382,836	48	222	844	238	7	142	7,378 8 10	2,628 3 3	883 13 2	24,991 3 9	2,378 18 7
MUNSTER, . . .	5,835,027	1,076,186	49	218	361	232	21	184	3,428 2 4	2,407 1 1	273 13 7	25,512 16 8	2,618 1 11
LEINSTER, . . .	4,839,572	1,152,828	39	207	333	228	15	199	6,166 15 10	2,806 17 3	515 8 10	28,883 10 8	3,329 3 11
CONNAUGHT, . .	4,228,136	846,082	38	101	158	112	4	65	8,311 14 11	1,155 7 4	181 9 4	11,982 7 9	1,700 2 0
TOTAL (IRELAND), .	20,345,328*	4,458,775	159	746	1,167	810	47	580	25,182 16 11	8,998 8 6	1,858 6 11	88,819 16 10	10,328 5 5

* Exclusive of 487,419 acres under the

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

TABLES, BY PROVINCES.

ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.							MEDICAL RELIEF AFFORDED IN YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1902.						
payments for services.		Vaccination Expenses.					Number of New Cases attended and registered during the year.						
Apothecaries, or pharmaceutical chemists.	Midwives.	Amount of Fees paid to Medical Officers.	Other Expenses in carrying out the Vaccination Acts.	Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879.	Other Expenses, including Fuel and Attendance, and any Incidental Expenses not included in the foregoing Columns.	Total Expenses of Dispensary Districts for Year ended 31st March, 1902.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	TOTAL.	No. of Tickets for Medical Relief cancelled during the year.	Cases of Vaccination, including cases of Revaccination, in the year.	No. of Dangerous Lunatics certified under s. 15.	No. of days on which Attendance was given at Bridewell or House of Correction, under s. 15.
15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.							
785 6 0	2,632 11 11	3,207 15 2	445 14 5	5,055 6 7	2,847 12 7	46,736 6 3	111,099	37,876	168,972	53	33,052	616	16
838 5 5	2,468 0 8	2,347 11 6	582 10 5	61 0 0	4,299 16 11	48,143 17 5	103,679	40,874	144,635	40	23,021	554	3
1,454 13 0	4,734 3 8	2,290 9 3	505 15 4	1,179 16 4	4,410 6 5	53,731 15 6	169,900	50,098	219,998	26	29,220	715	8
202 3 6	1,064 6 5	1,421 1 2	371 16 6	48 13 6	1,591 6 6	22,780 12 11	43,933	10,841	54,824	123	15,485	616	7
3,273 7 6	10,914 7 8	9,266 15 10	1,869 13 10	3,359 2 6	13,149 6 6	174,460 6 6	428,661	159,686	588,347	642	103,775	9,198	31

larger rivers, lakes, and tideways

[GENERAL SUMMARY

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 3.—GENERAL SUMMARY of preceding TABLES, containing, 1. STATISTICAL districts formed under § 6 of the Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68; for 1901; the aggregate valuation of the unions as arranged in Provinces; the expenditure under the Medical Charities Act, the Vaccination Acts, March, 1902:—and 3. RELIEF RETURN showing the number of cases of respectively; the number of cases in which tickets for medical relief have of dangerous lunatics certified; number of days of attendance at bridewells

HEADS OF PARTICULARS in foregoing Tables.	ULSTER.		MUNSTER.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
STATISTICS of UNIONS and DISTRICTS:				
Area in Statute acres, as given in the Census Returns,	. .	5,322,534	. .	5,955,027
Population, 1901,	. .	1,582,826	. .	1,076,188
Aggregate Valuation of Unions as arranged in Provinces in Appendices E No. 1, and F No. 1,—1902,	. .	£5,119,128	. .	£3,518,355
Number of Unions,	. .	43	. .	49
" Electoral Divisions,	. .	924	. .	1,065
" Dispensary Districts,	. .	222	. .	216
" Dispensaries or Dispensary Stations therein,	. .	344	. .	361
" Medical Officers authorized to be appointed for Dispensary Districts,	. .	238	. .	232
" Apothecaries, or Pharmaceutical Chemists,	. .	7	. .	21
" Midwives,	. .	142	. .	134
EXPENDITURE in YEAR ended 31st March, 1902:—	£		£	
Medicines and Medical Appliances,	7,376	. .	6,42[illegible]	. .
Rent of Dispensary Buildings,	2,629	. .	2,407	. .
Books, Forms, Stationery, Printing, and Advertising,	380	. .	279	. .
Salaries of Medical Officers, including payments for temporary services,	27,370	. .	28,431	. .
" Apothecaries or Pharmaceutical Chemists, including payments for temporary services,	785	. .	833	. .
" Midwives, do. do. do.	2,033	. .	2,468	. .
Vaccination Expenses,	3,657	. .	2,931	. .
Expenditure from Loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879,	2,055	. .	81	. .
Fuel, Attendance, and Incidental Expenses,	2,848	. .	4,299	. .
Total Expenditure in year ended 31st March, 1902,	. .	£49,739	. .	£48,149
RELIEF RETURNS, and DUTIES of MEDICAL OFFICERS for year ended 31st March, 1902:—				
Number of cases attended on Dispensary Tickets,	111,099	. .	103,679	. .
" " on Visiting Tickets,	57,873	. .	40,874	. .
Total new cases in the year,	. .	168,972	. .	144,553
Number of cases in which Tickets for Medical Relief were cancelled in the year,	. .	53	. .	40
Number of cases of Vaccination, including cases of Re-vaccination, in the year,	. .	33,052	. .	26,021
Number of cases of dangerous Lunatics certified in the year,	. .	616	. .	554
Number of days of attendance at bridewells, or houses of correction during the year,	. .	13	. .	8

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

STATEMENT showing the number of unions, electoral divisions, and dispensary the total area and population of the Provinces according to the Census Returns the number of dispensaries, officers, &c. :—2. FINANCIAL STATEMENT showing and the Dispensary Houses Act, for the year from 31st March, 1901, to 31st medical relief afforded at the dispensaries and at the patients' homes, been cancelled ; the number of cases of vaccination performed ; number of cases or housee of correction, &c. ; during the year endod the 31st of March, 1902.

LEINSTER.		CONNAUGHT.		TOTAL FOR IRELAND.		AVERAGE. For Unions.	For Dispensary Districts.	For Medical Officers.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
. .	4,839,572	. .	4,228,195	. .	20,845,328	127,958	27,273	—
. .	1,152,829	. .	546,932	. .	4,458,775	28,043	5,977	—
. .	£4,980,249	. .	£1,386,544	. .	£15,004,276	£94,367	£20,118	—
. .	30	. .	28	. .	159	—	—	—
. .	1,002	. .	545	. .	3,536	23	5	—
. .	207	. .	101	. .	746	5	—	—
. .	835	. .	156	. .	1,197	7	—	—
. .	228	. .	112	. .	810	5	—	—
. .	15	. .	4	. .	47	—	—	—
. .	199	. .	55	. .	580	—	—	—
£		£		£		£ s.	£ s.	£ s.
6,157	. .	3,212	. .	23,183	. .	145 15	81 1	—
2,807	. .	1,156	. .	8,990	. .	55 12	12 1	—
515	. .	181	. .	1,358	. .	8 11	1 15	—
29,713	. .	13,532	. .	99,145	. .	623 11	132 18	122 8
1,455	. .	202	. .	8,275	. .	20 12	4 8	—
4,754	. .	1,064	. .	10,914	. .	68 13	14 13	—
2,796	. .	1,693	. .	11,077	. .	69 14	14 17	—
1,174	. .	49	. .	3,359	. .	21 2	4 10	—
4,411	. .	1,591	. .	13,149	. .	82 14	17 13	—
. .	£53,792	. .	£22,780	. .	£174,460	1,097 5	233 17	—
169,900	. .	48,988	. .	428,661	. .	—	—	—
50,098	. .	10,841	. .	159,685	. .	—	—	—
. .	219,998	. .	54,824	. .	588,347	—	—	—
. .	25	. .	128	. .	242	—	—	—
. .	29,220	. .	15,483	. .	103,776	—	—	—
. .	713	. .	315	. .	2,198	—	—	—
. .	8	. .	7	. .	31	—	—	—

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Yearly Expenditure on Medical Charities, &c.

No. 4.—Table showing the expenditure under the Medical Charities Act, the Vaccination Acts, and the Dispensary Houses Act, in each year ended on the 29th of September from 1890 to 1898, inclusive, for the *half-year* ended in March, 1899, and thenceforward for the year ended the 31st of March.

Year.	Ulster.	Munster.	Leinster.	Connaught.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£
1890. .	42,032	47,461	50,013	21,835	161,341
1891. .	44,570	46,673	53,038	22,049	166,330
1892. .	45,636	45,410	51,852	21,640	164,538
1893. .	43,734	47,644	51,450	21,741	164,509
1894. .	44,538	47,240	51,286	21,567	164,631
1895. .	46,756	44,435	60,668	23,069	174,928
1896. .	43,967	46,507	52,765	22,251	165,490
1897. .	43,874	47,361	52,131	21,546	164,912
1898. .	45,422	47,071	53,371	22,170	168,034
1899, *Half-year.*	24,788	24,334	27,549	14,120	90,791
1900. .	45,674	46,205	49,590	21,297	162,766
1901. .	46,979	48,433	55,820	22,350	173,582
1902. .	49,739	48,149	53,792	22,780	174,460

The following Table shows the Expenditure on Medical Charities, &c., detailed under the usual heads, for the two years ended the 31st of March, 1901 and 1902:—

—	1901.	1902.
	£	£
1. Medicines and medical appliances, ...	21,959	23,183
2. Rent of dispensary buildings, ...	8,883	8,999
3. Books, forms, stationery, printing, and advertising,	1,179	1,358
4. Salaries, and payments for temporary services of { medical officers, ...	97,543	99,146
apothecaries, ...	3,263	3,275
midwives, ...	9,787	10,914
5. Expenditure from loans obtained under the Dispensary Houses Act, 1879, ...	8,074	3,359
6. Fuel, porters, and incidental expenses, . . .	12,624	13,149
7. Vaccination fees and other expenses:—		
Fees to medical officers, ...	8,514	9,267
Other expenses, ...	1,762	1,810
Total, ...	173,582	174,460

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 5.—TABLE showing the NUMBER of CASES in which MEDICAL RELIEF was afforded under the MEDICAL CHARITIES ACT, from the year 1890 to 1902.

Period.*	Ulster			Munster			Leinster.			Connaught			Total for Ireland		
	Dispensary Tickets	Visiting Tickets	Total.	Dispensary Tickets	Visiting Tickets.	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets	Total.	Dispensary Tickets.	Visiting Tickets.	Total.
	1.	2.	3.	4	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10	11.	12.	13	14	15.
1890 . . .	109,796	63,768	173,562	99,648	47,832	147,477	148,852	61,034	209,886	52,795	15,494	68,286	411,088	188,126	366,214
1891, . . .	100,674	54,362	155,036	95,829	40,777	136,606	147,062	51,204	198,266	51,315	15,018	66,334	394,880	161,362	556,242
1892, . . .	105,021	53,411	158,432	93,523	46,752	140,275	151,164	62,582	213,606	61,160	14,805	65,965	400,858	187,500	588,358
1893, . . .	104,225	56,002	160,227	96,464	42,916	138,380	157,013	64,416	211,429	53,590	13,779	67,369	410,292	167,113	577,405
1894, . . .	105,860	62,388	168,248	93,511	46,872	140,483	162,092	57,796	218,886	53,318	13,050	66,368	414,781	182,207	596,888
1895, . . .	110,255	53,169	173,424	92,958	40,665	133,623	158,126	55,353	221,478	48,958	14,138	63,089	418,295	173,320	591,615
1896, . . .	107,515	56,728	164,243	95,252	40,156	135,408	166,351	50,325	216,676	52,050	12,926	64,876	421,168	160,135	581,303
1897, . . .	106,678	62,784	169,462	97,557	42,181	138,738	158,838	57,574	227,418	49,851	14,069	63,920	423,922	176,608	600,530
1898, . . .	109,935	59,892	169,827	104,887	43,882	148,849	170,564	57,554	228,118	51,908	14,787	66,585	437,374	176,118	613,489
1899 (half-year), .	54,693	30,970	85,663	50,179	22,705	72,884	84,978	27,050	112,800	27,778	7,296	85,089	217,812	88,501	306,418
1900, . . .	112,127	64,749	176,876	110,747	50,385	161,132	172,798	62,227	235,025	51,541	14,412	68,953	447,213	191,773	638,086
1901, . . .	106,324	56,184	161,458	102,586	40,039	143,604	163,516	62,354	218,873	47,149	12,187	59,336	419,957	159,714	679,671
1902, . . .	111,099	57,873	168,972	108,679	40,874	144,553	169,000	50,098	219,998	43,983	10,841	54,824	428,661	159,686	588,347

* In the foregoing Table the period in each case from 1890 to 1898, inclusive, is a year ended on the 30th of September, in 1899 the half year referred to ended on the 31st of March, and thenceforward the period in each case is a year ended on the 31st of March.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 6.—Vaccination:—Summary of the number of persons vaccinated in the workhouses and auxiliary establishments of the several unions by the medical officers of those institutions; and of the number vaccinated in the several dispensary districts, by the medical officers thereof, in the year ended 31st March, 1902:—abstracted from returns made by the respective medical officers.

Provinces.	No. vaccinated by medical officers in *workhouses.*			No. vaccinated by medical officers of *dispensary districts.*	Total in columns 4 and 5.	Provinces.
	Successful cases.	Unsuccessful cases.	Total.			
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
Ulster, . . .	280	0	286	33,052	33,338	Ulster.
Munster, . . .	263	6	269	26,021	26,290	Munster.
Leinster, . . .	4,010	29	4,045	29,220	33,265	Leinster.
Connaught, . .	60	–	66	15,483	15,546	Connaught.
Total, . .	4,625	41	4,666	103,776	108,442	

No. 7.—Number of cases of Scarlet Fever, Smallpox, and Fever, reported by medical officers of dispensary districts as having been attended in the Quarters ended 30th June, 1901, 30th September, 1901, 31st December, 1901, and 31st March, 1902.

Provinces.	Quarters ended	Scarlet Fever.	Smallpox.	Fever.
Ulster, . .	June 30th, 1901, . .	90	7	575
	September 30th, 1901, . .	83	–	651
	December 31st, 1901, . .	151	–	276
	March 31st, 1902, . .	119	1	113
Munster, . .	June 30th, 1901, . .	08	–	103
	September 30th, 1901, . .	87	–	108
	December 31st, 1901, . .	127	–	94
	March 31st, 1902, . .	107	1	67
Leinster, . .	June 30th, 1901, . .	80	–	78
	September 30th, 1901, . .	72	3	119
	December 31st, 1901, . .	83	–	111
	March 31st, 1902, . .	47	1	47
Connaught, .	June 30th, 1901, . .	14	–	107
	September 30th, 1901, . .	8	–	50
	December 31st, 1901, . .	11	–	55
	March 31st, 1902, . .	23	–	05
SUMMARY.				
Ireland, . .	June 30th, 1901, . .	252	7	863
	September 30th, 1901, . .	250	3	928
	December 31st, 1901, . .	372	–	536
	March 31st, 1902, . .	296	3	292
	Total, . . .	1,170	13	2,619

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 8.—The number of cases of vaccination performed by medical officers of dispensary districts since 1863, when the Compulsory Vaccination Act was passed, is shown in the following table:—

—	Number of cases of vaccination.	—	Number of cases of vaccination.
Year ended Sept. 30th, 1864,	191,810	Year ended Sept. 30th, 1884,	102,548
" " 1865,	169,142	" " 1885,	102,312
" " 1866,	137,124	" " 1886,	94,861
" " 1867,	125,741	" " 1887,	96,489
" " 1868,	131,426	" " 1888,	92,498
" " 1869,	125,672	" " 1889,	88,995
" " 1870,	140,220	" " 1890,	90,278
" " 1871,	179,889	" " 1891,	90,693
" " 1872,	282,484	" " 1892,	86,200
" " 1873,	138,873	" " 1893,	90,370
" " 1874,	139,587	" " 1894,	106,448
" " 1875,	137,340	" " 1895,	186,495
" " 1876,	114,487	" " 1896,	89,105
" " 1877,	117,679	" " 1897,	85,105
" " 1878,	133,045	" " 1898,	84,098
" " 1879,	126,911	*Half-year* ended 31st March, 1899,	88,091
" " 1880,	147,828	Year ended 31st March, 1900,	81,269
" " 1881,	113,557	" " 1901,	90,917
" " 1882,	132,825	" " 1902,	103,776
" " 1883,	106,071		

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 43214/1902, Enc.—Miscellaneous.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

No. 9.—SUGGESTED STANDARDS FOR PHARMACOPŒIAL PREPARATIONS.

August, 1902.

SCHEDULE OF STANDARDS FOR PHARMACOPŒIAL PREPARATIONS SUGGESTED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

These standards, which are supplementary to those appearing in the text of the British Pharmacopœia, have been prepared, and are now issued to Union Analysts as suggestions of the results which the preparations ought to yield on analysis, and are designed to produce uniformity of practice on the part of the Analysts when reporting upon samples of drugs for which standards have not been prescribed by the Pharmacopœia.

In framing the Schedule the Board have had the advantage of receiving suggestions from the Union Analysts, which were carefully considered, and have been generally adopted. The Board have been further assisted by the advice of an eminent expert who reviewed the figures.

It should be noted that:—

(1.) The percentages given in the *total Solids* column represent the grammes in 100 cubic centimetres which the extract should weigh after being exposed to a temperature of 100 degrees, C., until the weight is constant.

(2.) The percentages given in the *Alkaloids, &c.*, column represent the grammes in 100 cubic centimetres, *except where otherwise stated.*

(3.) The figures given for *Alcoholic Strength* of Tinctures, &c., are based upon theory and on observation of well-made preparations, but, as some loss may possibly occur from manipulation when working on a manufacturing scale, an allowance has been made for such loss, and the figures show the minimum percentages which the preparations ought to yield.

The Analyst will be so good as to note on the Certificates the standards required for each item, and in any case in which a sample falls below the minimum standard he should condemn it. In such cases the contractor will be dealt with as the circumstances require, in accordance with the provisions of the contract and bond.

Names of Drugs.	Range of Specific Gravity.	Minimum Total Solids in 100 c.c.	Minimum Alcohol by Vol.	Alkaloids, &c.
			Per Cent.	
Acetum Ipecacuanhæ, . . .	·991–·998	·7	9	Acid acetic, 3·63 per cent. by weight; alkaloids, ·1 to ·1125 per cent.
" Scillæ, ...	1·032–1·038	7	—	Acid acetic, 3·6 per cent. by weight.
Acidum Sulphuricum Aromat. .	·922–·926	—	81	H_2SO_4, 13·8 per cent. by weight.
Decoctum Aloes Compositum, . .	1·01–1·04	4·2	16	
Extractum Belladonnæ, Liquid, .	·892–·905	11	—	Alkaloids, ·75 per cent.
" Cascaræ Sagradæ, Liquid,	1·054–1·065	20	17	
" Cinchonæ, "	1·115–1·125	—	11	Alkaloids, 5 per cent.
" Ergotæ, "	1·014–1·023	12	30	
" Glycyrrhizæ, "	1·114–1·128	40	17	
" Ipecacuanhæ, "	·885–·915	—	—	Alkaloids, 2–2·25 per cent.
" Jaborandi, "	1·02–1·05	22	33	
" Nucis Vomicæ, "	—	—	—	Strychnine, 1·5 per cent.
" Opii, "	·985–·995	—	17	Alkaloid, 7–8 per cent.
" Pareiræ, "	1·03–1·05	17	21	

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Names of Drugs.	Range of Specific Gravity.	Minimum Total Solids in 100 c.c.	Minimum Alcohol by Vol.	Alkaloids, &c.
			Per Cent.	
*Linimentum Aconiti Meth.,	·860–·873	3·5	80	Camphor, 3·3 per cent.
" Ammoniæ,	·914–·919	—	—	NH_3, 2·4 per cent.
† " Belladonnæ Meth.,	·880–·890	3	74	Camphor, 5 per cent.; alkaloids, ·375 per cent.
" Camphoræ,	·925–·927	—	—	Camphor, 21·45 per cent. by weight.
" Camphoræ Ammoniat Methylatum.	·866–·873	—	60	Camphor, 12·5 per cent.; NH_3, 5·5 per cent., minimum.
" Chloroformi,	1·195–1·22	—	—	Camphor, 10 per cent.
" Saponis Methylatum,	·895–·905	5	58	Camphor, 4·4 per cent.
" Terebinthinæ,	·915–·920	—	—	Camphor, 5 per cent.
Liquor Calumbæ Concentratus,	·990–·997	3·3	18	
" Chiratæ, "	·998–1·00	4	18	
" Hamamelidis,	·985–·990	·03	16	
" Iodi Fortis,	1·017–1·023	—	70	Iodine, 11·5 per cent., minimum.
" Picis Carbonis,	·858–·872	2·75	80	
" Quassiæ Concentratus,	·976–·980	·25	18·5	
" Rhei "	1·017–1·027	10	17	
" Sarsæ Comp., "	1·02–1·04	8	19	
" Senegæ "	1·00–1·07	10	21	
" Sennæ "	1·01–1·07	11	18	
Mistura Sennæ Composita,	1·11–1·12	22	9	Mg. SO_4, 7 H_2O, 25 per cent.; Ash, 9·5 per cent.
Oxymel Scillæ,	1·32	—	—	
Pulvis Catechu Comp.,	—	—	—	Ash, 3·3 per cent.
" Cinnamoni Comp.,	—	—	—	" 4·3 per cent.
" Cretæ Aromat,	—	—	—	" 22 per cent.
" " cum Opio,	—	—	—	" 22 per cent.; Morph., ·25 per cent.
" Glycyrrhizæ Comp.,	—	—	—	" 4·5 per cent.
" Ipecacuanhæ Comp.,	—	—	—	" 81·1 per cent.; Morph., 1 per cent.
" Jalapæ Comp.,	—	—	—	" 20 per cent.
" Rhei Comp.,	—	—	—	" 68 per cent.
" Scammonii Comp.,	—	—	—	" 2 per cent.
Spiritus Camphoræ,	·840–·847	—	86	
" Chloroformi,	·864–·868	—	86	Chlorof., 8·66 per cent. by weight.
" Juniperi,	·834–·838	—	84	
" Menthæ Piperitæ,	·838–·842	—	81	
Syrupus,	1·330	—	—	
" Calcii Lactophosphatis,	1·312–1·320	—	—	H_3PO_4, 3·5 per cent.
" Cascaræ Aromaticus,	1·10–1·13	35	17·5	
" Chloral,	1·315–1·325	—	—	Chloral Hyd., 18·2 per cent.
" Ferri Phosphatis,	1·28–1·32	—	—	Ferrous Phosphate, 1·8 per cent.; H_3PO_4, 4·14 to 5·5 per cent.
" " " cum Quinina et Strychnina.	1·28–1·32	—	—	Ferrous Phosphate, 1·8 per cent.; Quinine Sulph., 1·46 per cent.; Strychnine, ·057 per cent.; H_3PO_4, 4·14 to 5·5 per cent.
" Pruni Virg.,	1·28–1·32	—	—	
" Rhei,	1·28–1·32	—	—	
" Scillæ,	1·33–1·335	—	—	
" Sennæ,	1·28–1·30	—	—	
" Tolutanus,	1·30–1·35	—	—	
" Zingiberis,	1·30–1·32	—	—	
Tinctura Aconiti,	·890–·895	1·2	65	
" Arnicæ,	·890–·895	·45	65	
" Asafetidæ,	·910–·915	10	65	
" Aurantii,	·876–·886	1·8	72	
" Belladonnæ,	·910–·916	·5	57	Alkaloids, ·048–·052.
" Benzoini Comp.,	·890–·900	16·5	73	Extract not more than 19 per cent.
" Buchu,	·925–·933	3·5	54	
" Calumbæ,	·915–·920	·8	53	
" Camphoræ Comp.,	·915–·920	·33	57	Morphine, ·05 per cent.
" Cannabis Indicæ,	·845–·850	3·5	87	
" Cantharidis,	·835–·840	·15	85·5	
" Capsici,	·890–·895	·3	66	
" Cardamomi Comp.,	·945–·950	6	54	
" Catechu,	·975–·980	15	50	

* Prepared as in B.P. using Methylated Alcohol, 90 per cent.

† Prepared by extraction of Belladonna Root with Methylated Alcohol, 90 per cent. and standardized to contain ·375 per cent. Alkaloids.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Names of Drugs.	Range of Specific Gravity.	Minimum Total Solids in 100 c.c.	Minimum Alcohol by Vol.	Alkaloids, &c.
			Per Cent.	
Tinctura Chloroformi et Morphinæ Comp.	1·010-1·015	32	44	
" Cinchonæ,	·915-·920	4·5	63	Alkaloids, ·95-1·05 per cent.
" Colchici Sem,	·950-·955	2·5	41	
" Digitalis,	·930-·935	3	53	
" Ergotæ Ammoniata,	·930-·937	3·5	51	NH_3, 1 per cent.
" Ferri Perchloridi,	1·085-1·089		22	Fe, 5·625 per cent.
" Gelsemii,	·920-·925	1	53	
" Gentianæ Comp.,	·965-·970	5	41	
" Guaiaci Ammoniata,	·895-·902	13	70	NH_3, 2·43 per cent.
" Hydrastis,	·920-·925	2	55	
" Hyoscyami,	·950-·957	2·3	42	
" Iodi,	·875-·880	—	85	Iodine, 2·5 per cent.
" Jaborandi,	·950-·955	3	41	
" Jalapæ,	·905-·910	3·5	66	Resin, 1·45-1·55 per cent.
" Kino,	·995-1·00	19	45	
" Lavandulæ Comp.,	·835-·840	·4	87	
" Lobeliæ Ætheræ,	·815-·820	1	62	(Spirit Æthereis).
" Myrrhæ,	·845-·855	4·5	83	
" Nucis Vomicæ,	·910-·915	2	62	Strychnine, ·24-·26 per cent.
" Opii,	·950-·965	3	42	Morphine, ·7-·8 per cent.
" Podophylli,	·845-·850	3·5	86	
" Quininæ,	·885-·895	3·2	72	Quininæ Hydrochl., 2 per cent.
" " Ammoniata,	·925-·930	1·8	52	NH_3, ·9466 per cent.
" Rhei Comp.,	·970-·975	14·8	48	
" Scillæ,	·960-·970	9	51	
" Senegæ,	·935-·940	6	54	
" Sennæ Comp.,	·985-·995	9	38	
" Stramonii,	·955-·962	3·8	41	
" Strophanthi,	·890-·893	·45	66	Extractive yields green coloration with H_2SO_4.
" Valerianæ Ammoniata,	·940-·948	3·5	52	
" Zingiberis,	·837-·845	·4	87	
Vinum Antimoniale,	·997-1·00	2·5	16	Tartarated antimony, ·457 per cent.
" Colchici,	·997-1·01	7	16	
" Ferri,	·993-1·01	3	16	Fe, ·11-·23 per cent.
" Ipecacuanhæ,	·990-1·01	3	16	Alkaloids, ·1-·1125 per cent.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,

DUBLIN, *August*, 1902.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

No. 10.—INDEX LIST of DISPENSARY DISTRICTS; with NAMES of UNIONS in which they are situate, and REFERENCES to PAGES in which the Districts are to be found in the Appendix.

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to: Dispensary District Statistical table; App. F. No. 1.	References to: Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F. No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Abbey,	Tuam,	-	456
Abbeyfeale,	Newcastle,	-	433
Abbeyleix,	Abbeyleix,	-	448
Abbeyshrule,	Ballymahon,	-	444
Achill,	Westport,	-	460
Aclare,	Tobercurry,	-	462
Adare,	Croom,	-	430
Aghada,	Midleton,	-	436
Aghadowey,	Coleraine,	-	414
Aghalee,	Lurgan,	-	405
Ahascragh,	Ballinasloe,	-	454
Ahoghill,	Ballymena,	-	402
Anamoe,	Rathdrum,	-	452
Annacarriga,	Scariff,	-	420
Annacotty,	Limerick,	-	430
Annahilt,	Lisburn,	-	404
Antrim,	Antrim,	-	402
Ardagh,	Newcastle,	-	430
Ardara,	Glenties,	-	408
Ardee,	Ardee,	-	444
Ardfert,	Tralee,	-	430
Ardfinnan,	Clogheen,	-	432
Ardmore,	Youghal,	-	426
Ardrahan,	Gort,	-	454
Arklow,	Rathdrum,	-	452
Armagh,	Armagh,	-	404
Articlave,	Ooleraine,	-	414
Arvagh,	Cavan,	-	406
Askeaton,	Rathkeale,	399	432
Athboy,	Trim,	-	448
Athenry,	Loughrea,	-	454
Athleague,	Roscommon,	-	460
Athlone No. 1,	Athlone,	-	448
Athlone No. 2,	Athlone,	-	448
Athy,	Athy,	-	438
Aughnacloy,	Cloghor,	-	416
Aughrim,	Carrick-on-Shannon,	400	456
Aughrim,	Rathdrum,	-	452
Awonascale,	Dingle,	-	428
Bagenalstown,	Carlow,	-	433
Ballichorough,	Ballichorough,	-	406
Balbriggan,	Balrothery,	-	436
Balla,	Castlebar,	-	453
Ballaghaderreen	Castlerea,	-	460
Balleen,	Urlingford,	-	442
Balliokmoyler and Newtown,	Carlow,	-	426
Ballina,	Ballina,	-	458
Ballinakill,	Abbeyleix,	-	448
Ballinalee,	Granard,	-	444
Ballinameen,	Boyle,	-	460
Ballinamore,	Bawnboy,	-	406
Ballinasloe,	Ballinasloe,	400	454
Ballincollig,	Cork,	-	422
Ballindine,	Claremorrie,	-	458
Ballineen,	Dunmanway,	-	424
Ballingarry,	Callan,	-	440
Ballinrobe,	Ballinrobe,	-	458
Ballintra,	Ballyshannon,	-	408
Ballybay,	Castleblayney,	-	416
Ballyboggan,	Edenderry,	-	442
Ballybot,	Newry,	-	412
Ballybunnion,	Listowel,	-	428

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to: Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F. No. 1.	References to: Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F. No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Ballycarry,	Larne,	-	404
Ballycastle,	Ballycastle,	-	402
Ballycastle,	Killala,	-	458
Ballycologh,	Mallow,	399	424
Ballyconnell,	Bawnboy,	-	406
Ballydaff,	Lismore,	-	436
Ballydaff,	Listowel,	-	428
Ballyfarnon No. 1,	Boyle,	-	460
Ballyfarnon No 2,	Boyle,	-	460
Ballyfeard,	Kinsale,	-	424
Ballygarvan,	Cork,	-	422
Ballygawley,	Clogher,	-	416
Ballyhaise,	Cavan,	-	406
Ballyhaunie,	Claremorrie,	-	458
Ballyhooly,	Fermoy,	-	424
Ballyhorgan,	Listowel,	-	428
Ballyjameaduff,	Oldcastle,	-	446
Ballykelly,	Limavady,	-	414
Ballyleague,	Roscommon,	-	460
Ballylesson,	Lisburn,	-	404
Ballylongford,	Listowel,	-	428
Ballylynan,	Athy,	-	438
Ballymacarbery,	Clonmel,	-	432
Ballymahon,	Ballymahon,	-	444
Ballymartle,	Kinsale,	-	424
Ballymena,	Ballymena,	-	402
Ballymoney,	Ballymoney,	-	404
Ballymore,	Ballymahon,	-	444
Ballymote,	Sligo,	-	462
Ballynacally,	Killadysert,	-	420
Ballynacarigy,	Mullingar,	-	450
Ballynahinch,	Downpatrick,	-	410
Ballynoe,	Fermoy,	-	424
Ballynure,	Larne,	-	404
Bellyragget,	Castlecomer,	-	440
Bellyroan,	Abbeyleix,	-	448
Ballyshannon,	Ballyshannon,	-	408
Ballyvaghan,	Ballyvaghan,	-	420
Ballyward,	Banbridge,	-	410
Baltinglass No. 1,	Baltinglass,	-	452
Baltinglass No. 2,	Baltinglass,	-	452
Banagher,	Birr,	-	442
Banbridge,	Banbridge,	-	410
Bandon	Bandon,	-	422
Bangor,	Belmullet,	-	458
Bangor,	Newtownards	-	412
Bannow,	Wexford,	-	452
Banaba,	Tipperary,	-	434
Bantry,	Bantry,	-	422
Barronstown,	Dundalk,	-	446
Belfast Rural,	Belfast,	-	404
Belfast Urban,	Belfast,	-	404
Bellagby,	Magherafelt,	-	414
Bellananagh,	Cavan,	-	406
Bellarena,	Limavady,	-	414
Belleek,	Ballyshannon,	399	408
Belturbet,	Cavan,	-	406
Benburb,	Dungannon,	-	418

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Binghamstown,	Belmullet,	-	458
Birr,	Birr,	-	442
Blackrook and Stillorgan,	Rathdown,	-	438
Blackwatertown,	Armagh,	-	404
Blarney,	Cork,	-	422
Blessington No. 1,	Naas,	-	440
Blessington No. 2,	Naas,	-	440
Boherboy,	Kanturk,	-	424
Borris,	Carlow,	-	436
Borris-in-Ossory,	Roscrea,	-	434
Borrisokane,	Borrisokane,	-	432
Borrisoleigh,	Thurles,	-	434
Bonrney,	Roscrea,	-	434
Boyle No. 1,	Boyle,	-	460
Boyle No. 2,	Boyle,	-	460
Bray No. 1,	Rathdown,	-	438
Bray No. 2,	Rathdown,	-	438
Brideswell,	Athlone,	-	448
Bridgetown,	Limerick,	-	430
Bridgetown,	Wexford,	-	452
Broadford	Newcastle,	-	430
Broadway,	Wexford,	-	452
Brookeborough,	Lisnaskea,	-	411
Broona,	Tralee,	-	430
Bronghshane,	Ballymena,	-	402
Bruff,	Kilmallock,	-	430
Bunree,	Kilmallock,	-	430
Bryansford,	Kilkeel,	-	412
Bullann,	Longhrea,	-	434
Buncrano,	Inishowen,	-	408
Bundorragha,	Westport,	-	460
Bunmahon,	Kilmacthomas,	-	436
Burt,	Londonderry,	-	414
Buttevant,	Mallow,	-	424
Caher,	Cahercirveen,	-	428
Caher,	Clogheen,	-	432
Caherconlish,	Limerick,	-	430
Caledon & Ballymagran,	Dungannon,	399	418
Callan,	Callon,	-	440
Camolin.	Gorey,	-	450
Cannaway,	Macroom,	-	424
Cappagh,	Tipperary,	-	434
Cappoquin,	Lismore,	-	430
Carbury,	Edenderry	-	442
Carlingford,	Dundalk,	-	440
Carlow No. 1,	Carlow,	-	436
Carlow No. 2,	Carlow,	-	436
Carndonagh,	Inishowen,	-	408
Carney,	Sligo,	-	462
Carrick,	Glenties,	399	408
Carrickbeg,	Carrick-on-Suir	-	432
Carrickbyrne,	New Ross,	-	450
Carrickfergus,	Larne,	-	404
Carrickmacross,	Carrickmacross,	-	410
Carrick-on-Suir,	Carrick-on-Suir,	-	432
Carrigaholt,	Kilrush,	-	420
Carrigaline,	Cork,	399	422
Carrigaline,	Kinsale,	-	424
Carrigallen	Mohill,	-	458
Carrignavar,	Cork,	-	422

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Cashel,	Cashel,	-	432
Castlebar,	Castlebar,	-	458
Castlehillinghom	Ardee,	-	444
Castleblayney,	Castleblayney,	-	416
Castlecomer,	Castlecomer,	-	410
Castlederg and Killetor,	Castlederg,	-	416
Castledermot,	Athy,	-	438
Castle Finn,	Strabone,	-	418
Castlegregory,	Dingle,	-	428
Castle Island,	Tralee,	-	430
Castlemaine,	Tralee,	-	430
Castlemartyr,	Midleton,	-	426
Castleplunket,	Castlerea,	-	460
Castlepollard,	Delvin,	-	448
Castle Quarter,	Ballymoney,	-	404
Castlerea,	Castlerea,	-	460
Castlereagh,	Belfast,	-	404
Costleshane,	Monoghan,	-	410
Castletown,	Abbeyleix,	-	448
Castletown,	Castletown,	-	422
Castletown,	Croom,	399	430
Castletown,	Navan,	-	446
Castletown Geoghegan,	Mullingar,	-	450
Covan,	Cavan,	-	406
Celbridge,	Celbridge,	-	440
Charleville,	Kilmallock,	-	430
Church Hill,	Ballyshannon,	-	408
Churchhill,	Letterkenny,	-	410
Clane and Timahoe North,	Naas,	-	440
Clara,	Tullamore,	-	442
Claromorris,	Claremorris,	-	458
Clorina,	Limerick,	-	430
Clashmore,	Youghal,	-	426
Clondy,	Londonderry,	-	414
Clifden,	Clifden,	-	454
Cliffoney,	Sligo,	-	462
Clogh,	Ballymena,	-	402
Cloghan	Stranorlor,	-	410
Clogheen,	Clogheen,	-	432
Clogher,	Clogher,	-	410
Cloghjordan,	Borrisokane,	-	432
Clonakilty,	Clonakilty,	-	422
Clonaslee,	Mountmelick,	-	448
Clonavaddy,	Dungannon,	-	418
Clonbrock,	Mount Bellew,	-	456
Clondalkin,	South Dublin,	-	438
Clonegall,	Carlow,	-	436
Clonelly,	Irvinestown,	-	412
Clonoe,	Clones,	-	416
Clonmany,	Inishowen,	-	408
Clonmel,	Clonmel,	-	432
Clonmellon,	Delvin,	-	448
Clonmoylo,	Macroom,	-	424
Clonroche,	Enniscorthy,	-	450
Clonygowan No. 1	Mountmelick,	-	448
Clonygowan No. 2,	Mountmelick,	-	448
Cloonbur,	Oughterard,	-	456
Clough,	Downpatrick,	-	410
Cloyne,	Midleton,	-	426
Coagh,	Cookstown,	-	418
Coal Island,	Dungannon,	-	418

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Coleraine,	Coleraine,	-	414
Collon No. 1,	Ardee,	-	444
Collon No. 2,	Ardee,	-	444
Collooney,	Sligo,	-	462
Cumber,	Newtownards,	-	412
Cong,	Ballinrobe,	-	458
Connor,	Antrim,	-	402
Cnoketown,	Cookstown,	-	418
Cnolucaesy,	Limerick,	-	430
Coolaney,	Tobercurry,	-	462
Coolattin,	Shillelagh,	-	452
Coole,	Granard,	-	414
Cnolgreany,	Gurey,	-	450
Coolmonntain,	Dunmanway,	-	424
Coolrain,	Monnimelick,	-	418
Coom,	Killarney,	-	428
Cootehill,	Cootehill,	399	406
Cork Rural,	Cork,	-	422
Cork Urban,	Cork,	-	422
Cornnin,	Cornnin,	-	420
Conrceya,	Kinsale,	-	424
Cragaknock,	Kilrush,	-	420
Creagh,	Ballinasloe,	-	454
Crosgh,	Ballycastle,	-	402
Croom,	Croom,	-	430
Crosgar,	Banbridge,	-	410
Crossaheg,	Wexford,	-	452
Crossakeel,	Oldcastle,	-	446
Crossbane,	Ballisborough,	-	406
Crossmaglen No. 1,	Castleblayney,	-	416
Crossmaglen No. 2,	Castleblayney,	-	416
Crossmolina,	Ballina,	-	458
Crossroads,	Dunfanaghy,	-	408
Crumlin,	Antrim,	399	402
Crusheen,	Ennis,	-	420
Cullen,	Millstreet,	-	420
Cushendall,	Ballycastle,	-	402
Darrynane,	Caherciveen,	-	428
Dawson Grove,	Cootehill,	399	400
Delgany,	Rathdown,	-	438
Delvin,	Delvin,	-	448
Derrylin,	Lisnaskea,	-	414
Dervock,	Ballymoney,	-	404
Dingle,	Dingle,	-	428
Dirraw,	Ballymoney,	-	404
Dnagh,	Antrim,	-	402
Donaghadee,	Newtownards,	-	412
Donaghmore,	Newry,	-	412
Donaghmoyne,	Carrickmacross,	-	416
Donegal,	Donegal,	-	408
Doneraile,	Mallow,	-	424
Donnybrook,	South Dublin,	-	438
Doocharry,	Glenties,	399	408
Douglas,	Cork,	-	422
Downpatrick,	Downpatrick,	-	410
Drapersstown,	Magherafelt,	-	414
Dripsey,	Cork,	-	422
Dromdaleague,	Skibbereen,	-	426
Dromiskin,	Dundalk,	-	416
Dromore,	Banbridge,	-	410
Drumore,	Omagh,	-	418
Drum No. 1,	Coolehill,	-	406
Drum No. 2,	Cootehill,	-	406
Drumahoe,	Manorhamilton,	-	416
Drumbeg,	Lisburn,	-	404
Drumenurath,	Ardee,	-	444
Drumkeeran,	Manorhamilton,	-	416
Drumliah,	Longford,	-	444
Drumquin,	Castlederg,	-	416
Drumquin,	Omagh,	-	418
Drumshambo,	Carrick-on-Shannon,	-	456
Duleek,	Drogheda,	-	444
Dunboyne,	Dunshaughlin,	-	446
Dundalk,	Dundalk,	-	416
Dundrum and Glencullen,	Rathdown,	-	438
Dunfanaghy,	Dunfanaghy,	-	408
Dungannon,	Dungannon,	-	418
Dungarstown,	Rathdrum,	-	452
Dungarvan,	Dungarvan,	-	434
Dungiven,	Limavady,	-	414
Dungloe,	Glenties,	399	408
Dunkineely,	Donegal,	-	408
Dunlavin,	Baltinglass,	-	452
Dunleer,	Ardee,	-	444
Dunmanway,	Dunmanway,	-	424
Dunmore,	Glennamaddy,	-	454
Dunmore,	Tuam,	-	456
Dunmurry,	Lisburn,	-	404
Dunnamanagh,	Strabane,	-	418
Durrow,	Abbeyleix,	-	448
Durrus and Kilcrohane,	Bantry,	-	422
Dysartmoon No. 1,	New Ross,	-	450
Dysartmoon No. 2,	New Ross,	-	450
Raskey,	Dromore West,	-	462
Edenderry,	Edenderry,	-	442
Ederney,	Irvinestown,	-	412
Eglinton,	Londonderry,	-	414
Elphin,	Strokestown,	-	462
Ely,	Enniskillen,	-	412
Emlagh,	Caherciveen,	-	428
Emly,	Tipperary,	-	434
Emo,	Mountmelick,	-	418
Emyvale,	Monaghan,	399	416
Ennis,	Ennis,	-	420
Enniscorthy,	Enniscorthy,	-	450
Enniskillen,	Enniskillen,	-	412
Ennistymon,	Ennistymon,	-	420
Eyrecourt,	Portumna,	-	456
Fannett,	Milford,	-	410
Feakle,	Scariff,	-	420
Feenagh,	Newcastle,	-	430
Feeny,	Limavady,	-	414
Fennagh and Myshall,	Carlow,	-	436
Ferbane,	Birr,	-	442
Fermoy,	Fermoy,	-	424
Ferns,	Enniscorthy,	-	450
Fethard,	Cashel,	-	432
Fethard,	New Ross,	-	450
Finnea No. 1,	Granard,	-	441
Finnea No. 2,	Granard,	-	414

[continued

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Fintona,	Omagh,	-	418
Fivemiletown,	Clogher,	-	416
Florencecourt,	Enniskillen,	-	412
Fontstown,	Athy,	-	438
Forkhill,	Newry,	-	412
Foxford,	Swinaford,	-	460
Frankford,	Birr,	-	442
Frenchpark,	Castlerea,	-	460
Freshford,	Kilkenny,	-	440
Galhally,	Mitchelstown,	-	426
Galgorm,	Ballymena,	-	402
Galway,	Galway,	400	454
Garvagh,	Coleraine,	-	414
Glanholy,	Caherciveen	399	428
Glassan,	Athlone,	-	448
Glenarm,	Larne,	-	404
Glenavy,	Lisburn,	-	404
Glengarriff,	Bantry,	-	422
Glannamaddy,	Glennamaddy	-	454
Glenties,	Glenties,	-	408
Glenwhirry,	Ballymena,	-	402
Glin,	Listowel,	-	428
Golden,	Tipperary,	-	434
Golaen,	Skull	-	426
Gorey,	Gorey	-	450
Gort,	Gort,	-	454
Gortin,	Omagh,	-	418
Gowran,	Kilkenny,	-	440
Graigue,	Thomastown,	-	442
Granard,	Granard,	-	444
Grean,	Tipperary,	-	434
Grey Abbey,	Newtownards,	-	412
Gurtsen,	Boyle,	-	460
Headford,	Tuam,	-	456
Hillsborough,	Lisburn	-	404
Hollymount	Ballinrobe,	-	458
Holmpatrick,	Balrothery,	-	436
Holycross,	Thurles,	-	434
Holywell No. 1,	Enniskillen,	-	412
Holywell No. 2,	Enniskillen,	-	412
Hospital,	Kilmallock,	-	430
Inchigaelagh,	Macroom,	-	424
Inishannon,	Bandon,	-	422
Inistioge,	Thomastown,	-	442
Innfield,	Trim,	-	448
Irvinestown,	Irvinestown,	-	412
Islandeady,	Westport,	-	460
Jamestown,	Car-on-Shannon	-	450
Johnstown,	Edenderry,	-	442
Kanturk,	Kanturk,	-	424
Keadoe,	Boyle,	-	460
Keady,	Armagh,	-	404
Kealkill,	Bantry,	-	422
Kells,	Kells,	-	446
Kenmare,	Kenmare,	-	428
Kilheggan,	Tullamore,	-	442
Kilbrittain,	Bandon,	-	422
Kilcatherinn,	Castletown,	-	422
Kilcock,	Celbridge,	-	440
Kilcooly,	Urlingford,	-	442
Kiloullen,	Naas,	-	440
Kildare,	Naas,	-	440
Kilderry,	Londondarry,	-	414
Kildorrery,	Mitchelstown,	-	426
Kilfinnane,	Kilmallock,	-	430

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Kilgarvan,	Kenmare,	-	428
Kilgobban,	Tralee,	-	420
Kilkea,	Kilrush,	-	420
Kilkeel,	Kilkeel,	-	412
Kilkelly,	Swineford,	400	460
Kilkenny,	Kilkenny,	-	440
Kilkishen,	Tulla,	-	422
Killaan,	Ballinasloe,	-	454
Killala,	Killala,	-	458
Killann,	Enniscorthy,	-	450
Killanniv,	Ennis,	-	420
Killarney,	Killarney,	-	428
Killashee,	Longford,	-	444
Killea,	Londonderry,	-	414
Killeagh,	Yonghal,	-	426
Killeen,	Donshanghlin,	-	448
Killenagh & Wells	Gorey,	-	450
Killenaule,	Cashel,	-	432
Killeroran,	Monnt Bellew,	-	456
Killoshandra,	Cavan,	-	406
Killiney,	Rathdown,	-	438
Killorglin,	Killarney,	-	428
Killough,	Downpatrick,	-	410
Killoughy,	Tullamore,	-	442
Killncan,	Mullingar,	-	450
Killyhegs	Glenties,	-	408
Killygordon,	Stranorlar,	-	410
Killylagh,	Downpatrick,	-	410
Killyon,	Birr,	-	442
Kilmacrenan and Milford,	Milford,	-	410
Kilmacthnmas,	Kilmacthomas,	-	436
Kilmaganny,	Callan,	-	440
Kilmakevoge,	Waterford,	-	436
Kilmallock,	Kilmallock,	-	430
Kilmeadon,	Waterford,	-	436
Kilmihil,	Kilrush,	-	420
Kilmood,	Newtownards,	-	412
Kilmore,	Monaghan,	-	416
Kilnaleck,	Cavan,	-	406
Kilpatrick,	Cashel,	-	432
Kilrea,	Ballymoney,	-	414
Kilrush,	Kilrush,	-	420
Kilsallaghan,	Balrothery,	-	436
Kilabannig,	Mallow,	-	424
Kilsheelan No. 1,	Clonmel,	-	432
Kilsheelan No. 2,	Clonmel,	-	432
Kilskeer,	Kells,	-	446
Kiltamagh,	Swineford,	-	460
Kiltegan,	Baltinglass,	-	452
Kiltinan,	Clonmel,	-	432
Kiltoom,	Athlone,	-	448
Kiltormer,	Ballinasloe,	-	454
Kilworth,	Fermoy,	-	424
Kingscourt	Bailiehorough,	-	406
Kingstown,	Rathdown,	-	438
Kinlough,	Ballyshannon,	-	408
Kinnitty,	Birr,	-	442
Kinsale,	Kinsale,	-	424
Kinvarra,	Gort,	-	454
Knocknadona,	Liebnrn	-	404
Knocknalower,	Belmullet	-	458
Knocktopher,	Thomastown,	-	442
Lahasheeda,	Killadysert,	-	420
Lahy,	Donegal,	-	408
Larne,	Larne,	-	404
Laurencetown,	Ballinasloe,	-	454
Leighlinbridge,	Carlow,	-	438

[*continued.*

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Letterkenny,	Letterkenny	–	410
Lettermore,	Oughterard,	–	456
Limavady,	Limavady,	–	414
Limerick Rural,	Limerick,	–	430
Limerick Urban,	Limerick,	–	430
Lisheliaw,	Enniskillen,	–	412
Lisburn,	Lisburn,	–	404
Lismore,	Lismore,	–	436
Lisnaskea,	Lisnaskea,	–	414
Listowel,	Listowel,	–	428
Littleton,	Thurles,	–	434
Londonderry Rural,	Londonderry,	–	414
Londonderry Urban,	Londonderry,	–	414
Longford,	Longford,	–	441
Loughbrickland,	Banbridge,	–	410
Loughgall,	Armagh,	–	404
Loughrea,	Loughrea,	–	454
Louisburgh,	Westport,	–	460
Lowpark,	Swineford,	–	460
Lucan,	Celbridge,	–	440
Lurgan,	Lurgan,	–	406
Lurganboy,	Manorhamilton,	–	456
Lusk,	Balrothery,	–	436
Macroom,	Macroom,	–	424
Meghers,	Megherafelt,	–	414
Magherafelt,	Magherafelt,	–	414
Magulreshridge,	Lisnaskea,	–	414
Malahide,	Balrothery,	–	436
Malin,	Inishowen,	399	408
Mallow,	Mallow,	–	424
Manorcunningham,	Letterkenny,	–	410
Manorhamilton,	Manorhamilton,	–	456
Markethill,	Armagh,	–	404
Marifield,	Clonmel,	–	432
Maryborough,	Mountmelick,	–	448
Maynooth,	Celbridge,	–	440
Meigh,	Newry,	–	407
Midleton,	Midleton,	–	426
Milford,	Kenturk,	–	424
Millstreet,	Millstreet,	–	426
Milltown,	Killarney,	–	428
Milltown,	Mullingar,	–	450
Miltown Malbay,	Ennistymon,	–	420
Mitchelstown No. 1,	Mitchelstown,	–	426
Mitchelstown No. 2,	Mitchelstown,	–	426
Moate,	Athlone,	–	448
Mohill,	Mohill,	–	458
Moira,	Lurgan,	–	406
Molahiffe,	Killarney,	–	428
Monaghan,	Monaghan,	–	416
Monasterevan,	Athy,	–	438
Moneymore,	Magherafelt,	–	414
Mount Bellew,	Mount Bellew,	–	456
Mountcharlea,	Donegal,	–	408
Mountmelick,	Mountmelick,	–	448
Mountnorrie,	Newry,	–	412
Mountrath,	Mountmelick,	–	448
Mountshannon,	Scariff,	–	420
Moville,	Inishowen,	–	408

Dispensary Districts.	Unions. in which situate.	References to Dispensary Districts Statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Moycullen,	Galway,	–	454
Moynalty,	Kells,	–	446
Moyne,	Thurles,	–	434
Mullaghgloes,	Newry,	–	412
Mullinahone,	Callan,	–	440
Mullingar,	Mullingar,	–	450
Multyfarnham,	Mullingar,	–	450
Murragh,	Bandon,	–	422
Murroe,	Limerick,	–	430
Naas & Carragh,	Naas,	–	440
Navan,	Navan,	–	446
Nenagh,	Nenagh,	–	434
Newbridge,	Rathdrum,	–	452
Newbridge,	Naas,	–	440
Newcastle,	Newcastle,	–	430
Newcastle,	Rathdrum,	–	452
Newmarket,	Ennis,	–	420
Newmarket,	Kanturk,	–	424
Newport,	Nenagh,	–	434
Newport,	Westport,	–	460
New Ross,	New Ross,	–	450
Newry,	Newry,	–	412
Newtownards,	Newtownards,	–	412
Newtownbarry,	Enniscorthy,	–	459
Newtownbutler,	Clones,	–	416
Newtowngore No. 1,	Bawnboy,	–	400
Newtowngore No. 2,	Bawnboy,	–	406
Newtownhamilton No. 1,	Castleblayney,	–	416
Newtownhamilton No. 2,	Castleblayney,	–	416
Newtown Stewart	Strabane,	–	418
Nobber,	Kells,	–	446
North Dublin Rural,	North Dublin,	–	438
North Dublin Urban,	North Dublin,	–	438
Oldcastle,	Oldcastle,	–	446
Old Ross,	New Ross,	–	450
Omagh,	Omagh,	–	418
Oranmore,	Galway,	–	454
Oughterard,	Oughterard,	–	456
Oulart,	Enniscorthy,	–	450
Painestown,	Navan,	–	446
Pallaskenry,	Rathkeale,	399	432
Palmerstown,	South Dublin,	–	438
Pettigoe,	Donegal,	–	408
Philipstown,	Tullamore,	–	442
Piltown,	Carrick-on-Suir	–	432
Plumb Bridge,	Strabane,	–	418
Pointzpass,	Newry,	–	412
Pomeroy,	Cookstown,	–	418
Portadown,	Lurgan,	–	406
Portaferry,	Downpatrick,	–	410
Portglenone,	Ballymena,	–	402
Portlaw,	Carrick-on-Suir,	–	432
Portroe,	Nenagh,	–	434
Portumna,	Portumna,	–	456
Portrush and Bushmills,	Ballymoney,	–	404
Portstewart,	Coleraine,	–	414
Powerscourt,	Rathdown,	–	438
Queenstown,	Cork,	–	422

[continued.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Dispensary Districts.	Unions in which situate.	References to: Dispensary Districts statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to: Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Quin,	Tulla,	–	422
Raferagh,	Carrickmacross,	–	416
Rahan,	Mallow,	399	424
Randalstown,	Antrim,	–	402
Raphoe,	Strabane,	–	418
Rathangan No. 1,	Edenderry,	–	442
Rathangan No. 2,	Edenderry,	–	442
Rathcoole,	Celbridge,	–	440
Rathcormack,	Fermoy,	–	424
Rathdowney,	Abbeyleix,	–	448
Rathdrum,	Rathdrum,	–	452
Rathfarnham,	South Dublin,	–	438
Rathfriland,	Newry,	–	412
Rathgormuck,	Carrick on-Suir,	–	432
Rathkeale,	Rathkeale,	–	432
Rathmelton,	Milford,	–	410
Rathmines,	South Dublin,	–	438
Rathmore,	Naas,	–	440
Rathmullan,	Milford,	–	410
Rathvilly,	Baltinglass,	–	452
Ratoath,	Dunshaughlin,	–	446
Ravensdale,	Dundalk,	–	446
Rhode,	Edenderry,	–	442
Rich Hill,	Armagh,	–	404
Ringville,	Dungarvan,	–	434
Rinvyle,	Clifden,	–	454
Riverstown,	Cork,	–	422
Riverstown,	Birr,	–	442
Riverstown,	Sligo,	–	462
Roadford,	Enniskymon,	–	420
Robertstown and Kilmeague,	Naas,	–	440
Rooskey,	Strokestown,	–	462
Roscommon,	Roscommon,	–	460
Roscrea No. 1,	Roscrea,	–	434
Roscrea No. 2,	Roscrea,	–	434
Rossguill,	Milford,	–	410
Roscarbery,	Clonakilty,	–	422
Roselea,	Clones,	–	416
Rostrevor,	Kilkeel,	–	412
Roundstone,	Clifden,	–	454
Rowan,	Mohill,	–	458
Rynn,	Mohill,	–	458
Saintfield,	Lisburn,	–	404
St. Mary's,	Clonmel,	–	432
St. Mary's,	Drogheda,	–	444
St. Mullin's,	New Ross,	–	450
St. Peter's,	Drogheda,	–	444
Scotstown,	Monaghan,	–	416
Scrabby No. 1,	Granard,	–	444
Scrabby No. 2,	Granard,	–	444
Seskinane,	Dungarvan,	–	434
Shanagolden,	Rathkeale,	–	432
Shercock,	Bailieborough,	–	406
Shinrone,	Roscrea,	–	434
Silvermines,	Nenagh,	–	434
Six Mile Cross,	Omagh,	–	418
Skibbereen,	Skibbereen,	–	426
Skreen,	Dromore West,	–	462
Skull,	Skull,	–	426
Slievereagh,	Macroom,	–	424
Sligo,	Sligo,	–	462
Sneem,	Kenmare,	–	428
South City,	South Dublin,	–	438
Spiddal,	Galway,	–	454
Stamullen,	Drogheda,	–	444
Stewartstown,	Cookstown,	–	418
Strabane,	Strabane,	–	418
Stradbally,	Athy,	–	438
Stradone,	Cavan,	–	406

Dispensary District.	Unions in which situate.	References to: Dispensary Districts statistical table; App. F, No. 1.	References to: Dispensaries financial and relief table; App. F, No. 2.
		Page.	Page.
Strangford,	Downpatrick,	–	410
Stranorlar,	Stranorlar,	–	410
Street No. 1,	Granard,	–	444
Street No. 2,	Granard,	–	444
Strokestown	Strokestown,	–	462
Summerhill,	Trim,	–	448
Swanlinbar,	Bawnboy,	–	406
Swineford,	Swineford,	–	460
Swords,	Balrothery,	–	436
Taghmon and Glynn,	Wexford,	–	452
Tallaght,	South Dublin,	–	438
Tallow,	Lismore,	–	436
Tanderageo,	Banbridge,	–	410
Tarbert,	Listowel,	–	428
Tartaraghan,	Lurgan,	–	406
Templemartin,	Bandon,	–	422
Templemore,	Thurles,	–	434
Templepatrick,	Antrim,	–	402
Templeudigan,	New Ross,	–	450
Tempo,	Enniskillen,	–	412
Termon,	Ballieborough,	390	406
Termonfeckin,	Drogheda,	–	444
Terryglass,	Borrisokane,	–	432
Thomastown,	Thomastown,	–	442
Thurles,	Thurles,	–	434
Timoleague,	Clonakilty,	–	422
Tinahely,	Shillelagh,	–	452
Tipperary,	Tipperary,	–	434
Tiacoffin,	Kilkenny,	–	440
Tobercurry,	Tobercurry,	–	462
Toome,	Ballymena,	–	402
Toomevara,	Nenagh,	–	434
Tralee,	Tralee,	–	430
Tramore,	Waterford,	–	436
Trillick,	Irvinestown,	–	412
Trim,	Trim,	–	448
Tuam,	Tuam,	–	456
Tulla,	Tulla,	–	422
Tullagh,	Skibbereen,	–	426
Tullamaine,	Cashel,	–	430
Tullamore,	Tullamore,	–	442
Tullaroan,	Kilkenny,	–	446
Tullow,	Carlow,	–	436
Tullyvin,	Cootehill,	–	406
Tuosist,	Kenmare,	–	428
Turloughmore,	Galway,	–	454
Tynan,	Armagh,	–	404
Tyrrellspass,	Mullingar,	–	450
Ullid,	Waterford,	–	436
Union Hall,	Skibbereen,	–	426
Urlingford,	Urlingford,	–	442
Valencia,	Cahersiveen,	–	428
Ventry,	Dingle,	–	428
Virginia,	Oldcastle,	–	440
Walshtownmore, East,	Midleton,	–	426
Waringstown,	Lurgan,	–	406
Warrenpoint,	Newry,	–	412
Waterford Rural,	Waterford,	–	436
Waterford Urban,	Waterford,	–	436
Westport,	Westport,	–	460
Wexford,	Wexford,	–	452
Whitechurch,	Cork,	–	422
Whitechurch,	Dungarvan,	–	434
Wicklow,	Rathdrum,	309	452
Williamstown,	Glennamaddy,	–	454
Woodford,	Loughrea,	–	454
Woodstown,	Waterford,	–	436
Yonghal,	Yonghal,	–	426

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

DUBLIN CASTLE,

8th May, 1903.

SIR,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th instant, forwarding, for submission to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the Annual Report of the Local Government Board for Ireland for the year ended March, 1902.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. B. DOUGHERTY.

The Secretary,

Local Government Board,

Custom House.

DUBLIN: Printed for His Majesty's Stationery Office,
By ALEX. THOM & Co (Limited), 87, 88, & 89, Abbey-street.

Printed image digitised by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit